

BIOLOGY

BOOKS - BAL BHARTI

EXCRETION AND OSMOREGULATION

Can You Recall

1. Why are various waste products produced in the body of an organism?



2. How are these wastes eliminated?



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Have You Ever Observed

1. When does urine appear deeply coloured?



2. If we consume onion and garlic, we get bad breath. Why?



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Think About It

1. Do organisms differ in type of metabolic wastes they produce?



2. During summer, we tend to produce less urine, why is it so?



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3. How much blood is supplied to kidney?



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4. What would happen if ADH secretion decrease due to any reason?



Use Your Brain Power

1. Why ammonia is highly toxic?



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2. What would happen if human being has no option but to drink sea water?



3. Creatinine is considered as index of kidney function. Give reason?



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4. In which regions of nephrons the filtrate will be isotonic to blood?



5. If a person is undergoing kidney transplant, immunosuppressants are administered. Justify



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Find Out

1. You will study about a type of arthritis called gouty arthritis caused due to accumulation of uric acid in joints. Where does uric acid comes from in case of ureotelic human beings?

2. How do freshwater fishes and marine fishes carry out osmoregulation?



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Can You Tell

1. Why are kidneys called 'retroperitoneal'?



2. Why urinary tract infections are more common in females than males?



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3. What is nephron? Which are it's main parts? Why are they important?



4. Explain the mechanism of urine formation in detail.



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5. How do skin and lungs help in Excretion?

OR

Explain role of lungs and skin in excretion?



6. What is the composition of sweat?



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7. When does kidney produce renin? Where is it produced in kidney?



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8. How do skin and lungs help in Excretion?

OR

Explain role of lungs and skin in excretion?



9. Explain how electrolyte balance of blood plasma maintained.



Exercise Choose Correct Option

1. Which one of the following organisms would spend maximum energy in production of nitrogenous waste?

A. Polar bear

B. Flamingo

C. Frog

D. Shark

Answer:



2. In huma	n beings	uric	acid	is	formed	due	to
metabolisn	n of	••••••	•				

- A. amino acids
- B. fatty acids
- C. creatinine
- D. nucleic acids



3. Visceral layer: Podocytes :: PCT :		
A. Cilliated cells		
B. Squamous cells		
C. Columnar cells		
D. Cells with brush border		
Answer:		
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4. Deproteinised plasma is found in		

- A. Bowman's capsule
- B. Descending limb
- C. Glomerular capillaries
- D. Ascending limb



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5. Specific gravity of urine would.....if level of

ADH increases.

A. remain unaffected		
B. increases		
C. decreases		
D. stabilise		
Answer:		
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Watch Video Solution		
Watch Video Solution 6. Define Micturition.		

- B. Urine formation
- C. Uremia
- D. Urolithiasis



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7. Which one of the following organisms excrete waste through nephridia? cockroach, earthworm, crab, liver fluke.

- A. Cockroach
- B. Earthworm
- C. Crab
- D. Liver Fluke



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8. Person suffering from kidney stone is advised not to have tomatoes as it has _____.

A. seeds		
B. lycopene		
C. oxalic acid		
D. sour taste		
Answer:		
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9. Tubular secretion does not take place in		

B. PCT		
C. collecting duct		
D. Henle's loop		
Answer:		
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10. The minor calyx		
A. collects urine		

A. DCT

- B. connects pelvis to ureter
- C. is present in the cortex
- D. receives column of Bertini



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11. Which one of the followings is not a part of human kidney?

A. Malpighian body

C. Glomerulus		
D. Loop of Henle		
Answer:		
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12. The yellow colour of the urine is due to presence of		
A. uric acid		

B. Malpighian tubule

B. cholesterol		
C. urochrome		
D. urea		
Answer:		
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13. Hypotonic filtrate is formed in		
A. PCT		
B. DCT		

C. LoH

D. CT

Answer:



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14. In reptiles, uric acid is stored in

A. cloaca

B. fat bodies

C. liver

D. anus

Answer:



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15. The part of nephron which absorbs glucose and amino add is

A. collecting tubule

B. proximal tubule

C. Henle's loop

\Box	DCT
υ.	



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16. Bowman's capsule is located in kidney in the

A. cortex

B. medulla

C. pelvis

D. pyramids

Answer:



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17. The snakes living in desert are mainly

A. aminotelic

B. ureotelic

C. ammonotelic

D. uricotelic



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- 18. Urea is a product of breakdown of
 - A. fatty acids
 - B. amino acids
 - C. glucose
 - D. fats

Answer:

19. Volume of the urine is regulated by

A. aldosterone

B. ADH

C. both a and b

D. none

Answer:



Exercise Answer The Following Questions

1. Doctors say Mr. Shaikh is suffering from urolithiasis. How it could be explained in simple words?



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2. Anitaji needs to micturate several times and feels very thirsty. This is an indication of

change in permeability of certain part of nephron. Which is this part?



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3. Effective filtration pressure was calculated to be 20 mmHg, where glomerular hydrostatic pressure was 70 mmHg. Which other pressure is affecting the filtration process? How much is it?



4. Name any one guanotelic organism.



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5. Why are kidneys called 'retroperitoneal'?



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6. State role of liver in urea production.



7. Why do we get bad breath after eating garlic or raw onion?



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8. John has two options as treatment for his renal problem: Dialysis or kidney transplants. Which option should he choose? Why?



9. Amphibian tadpole can afford to be ammonotelic. Justify.



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10. Birds are uricotelic in nature. Give reason.



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Exercise

1. Prove that mammalian urine contains urea.

