

BIOLOGY

BOOKS - MBD

Cell Cycle and Cell Division

Example

1. Define cell reproduction.



2. Name two processes involved in cell cycle.



3. What is interphase?



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4. Name three phases of interphase.



5. Give the phase of DNA replication in interphase.



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6. What is G_0 ?



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7. Name the two parts of cell cycle.



8. List any two events which occur during G_2 - phase.



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9. During which phase of interphase duplication of mitochondria and plastids occur?



10. Give the term for nuclear division and cytoplasmic division.



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11. Give an example of anastral type of mitosis.



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12. What is amphiastral mitosis?



13. In which phase of cell dicision the chromosomes are set free in the cytoplasm?



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14. Name the phase of cell division in which the centromeres line up at the equator of the spindle.



15. Why is mitosis called equational division?
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16. Who gave the term mitosis?
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17. What is kinetochore? What is its function?
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18. Name the phase of mitosis of longest and shortest duration.



19. Name two types of spindle fibres.



20. What is peculiar about metaphase of mitosis?



21. Where do mitosis and meiosis occur in animals and plants?



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22. Name the stage of meiosis in which the paired homologous chromosomes get shortened and thickened.



23. What is a diplosome?



24. What is nature of daughter cell produced by meiosis?



25. Who gave the term meiosis?



26. Give the site of occurrence of meiosis.



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27. Define crossing over. What is its sigificance?



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28. What is peculiar about Metaphase -I of meosis?



29. Why is Meiosis-I called heterotypical division?



30. What is the role of asters in cell division?



31. Mention the relationship between cell plate and middle lamella in plant cells.



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32. What is interkinesis?



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33. Give difference in the attachment of chromosomes to the spindle fibres in mitosis

and meiosis-L **Watch Video Solution 34.** What is a synaptonemal complex? **Watch Video Solution** 35. Define synapsis

36. Define synaptonemal complex.



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37. When does nucleolus reappear during mitosis?



 G_1 phase is follwed byphase.



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39. Fill in the blanks:

Cell division that occurs without the formation of spindle is called



Anastral mitosis occurs in



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41. Fill in the blanks:

Metaphase plate is formed by



A chromosome with equal arms is called



43. Fill in the blanks:

.....is the failure of the two sister chromatides to separate in mitosis.

Pairing of homologous chromosomes is



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45. True or False

Meiosis occurs in all kinds of cell.



The cells that undergo meiosis are called meiocytes.



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47. True or False

The regions of attachment of chromosome to spinle fibre is called centromere.



In meiosis hapliod condition is achieved by anaphase I stage.



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49. True or False

Mitosis results in cells having half the number of chromosomes.



The second division of meiosis is described as equational.



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51. True or False

DNA synthesis occurs during S-phase.



Chiasmata are first observed in pachytene.



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53. Coin one word for each of following statements:

Process of inducing mitosis in a cell.



54. Coin one word for each of following statements:

A stage in the early prophase I when leptotene chromosomes converge towards the centrioles in many animals.



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55. Coin one word for the following statement:

Period between two successive division.



56. Coin one word for the following statement: Interphase stage when cell grows and prepares for division.



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57. Coin one word for each of following statements:

The type of sepration during nuclear division.



58. Coin one word for each of following statements:

Disc like structure present around centrome.



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59. What is the average cell cycle span for a mammalian cell?



60. Distinguish cytokinesis from karyokinesis.



61. Describe the events taking place during interphase.



62. What is G_0 (qiescent phase) of cell cycle?



63. Why is mitosis called equational division?



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64. Name the stage of cycle at which one of the following events occur:

Chromosomes are moved to spindle equator.



65. Name the stage of cell cycle at which one of the following events occur: Centromere splits and chromatids separate.



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66. Name the stage of cell cycle at which one of the following events occur: Pairing between homologous chromosomes takes place.



67. Name the stage of cell cycle at which one of the following events occur: Crossing over between homologous chromosomes takes place.



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68. Describe the following : Draw a diagram to illustrate your answer: synapsis



69. Describe the following briefly

bivalent

Draw a diagram to illustrate your answer.



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70. Describe the following briefly

chiasmata

Draw a diagram to illustrate your answer.



71. How does cytokinesis in plant cells differ from that in animal cells?



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72. Find out where the four daughter cells from meiosis are equal in size and where they are found unequal in size.



73. Distinguish anaphase of mitosis from anaphase I of meiosis.



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74. List the main differences between mitosis and meiosis.



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75. What is the significance of meiosis?



76. Discuss with your teacher about: haploid insects and lower plants where cell-division occurs.



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77. Discuss with your teacher about: some haploid cells in higher plants where cell-divison does not occur.





78. Can there be mitosis without DNA replication in 'S' phase?



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79. Can there be DNA replication without cell division?



80. Analyse the events during every stage of cell cycle and notice how the followign two parameters change: number of chromosomes (N) per cell



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81. Anaylse the events during every stage of cell cycle and notice how the followign two parameters change: amounth of DNA content (C) per cell



82. Between a prokaryote and a eukaryote, which cell has a shorter cell division time?



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83. Which of the phases of cell cycle is of longest duration?



84. Name a stain commonly used to colour chromosomes.



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85. Which tissue of animals and plants exhibits meiosis?



86. Given that the average duplication time of E.coli is 20 minutes. How much time will two E.coli cells take to become 32 cells?



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87. Which part of the human body should one use to demonstrate stages in mitosis?



88. What attributes does a chromatid require to be classified as a chromosome?



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89. The diagram hows a bivalent at prophase -I of meiosis. Which of the four chromatids can cross over?



90. If a tissue has at a given time 1024 cells, how many cycles of mitosis had the original parental single cell undergone?



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91. An anther has 1200 pollen grains. How many pollen mother cells must have been there to produce them?



92. At what stage of cell cycle does DNA synthesis take place?



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93. It is said that the one cycle of cell division in human cells (eukaryotic cells) takes 24 hours. Which phase of the cycle, do you think occupies the maximum part of cell cycle?



94. It is observed that heart cells do not exhibit cell division. Such cells do cot divide further and exitphase to enter an inactive stage calledof cell cycle. Fill in the blanks.



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95. In which phase of meiosis are the following formed

Synaptonemal complex



96. In which phase of meiosis are the following formed? Choose the answers form hint points given:

Recombination nodules.....



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97. In which phase of meiosis are the following formed? Choose the answers form hint points given:

Appearance/ activation of enzyme

recombinase.....



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98. In which phase of meiosis are the following formed? Choose the answers form hint points given:

Termination of chiasmata



99. In which phase of meiosis are the following formed? Choose the answers form hint points given:

interkinesis



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100. In which phase of meiosis are the following formed? Choose the answers form hint points given:

Formation of dyad of cells



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101. State the role of centriole other than spindle formation.



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102. Mitochondia and plastide have their own DNA (genetic material). What is known about their fate during nuclear division like mitosis?



103. A cell has 32 chromosomes. It undergoes mitotic division. What will be the chromosome number (N) during metaphase? What would be the DNA content (C) during anaphase?



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104. While examining the mitotic stage in a tissue, one finds some cells with 16 chromosomes and some with 32 chromosomes. What possible reasons could

you assign to this difference in chromosome number. Do you think cells with 16 chromosomes could have arisen from cells with 32 chromosomes or vice versa?



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105. The following events occur during the various phases of the cell cycle. Name the phase against each of the events.

Disintegration of nuclear membrane.....



106. The following events occur during the various phases of the cell cycle. Name the phase against each of the events.

Apperance of nucleolus



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107. The following events occur during the various phases of the cell cycle. Name the phase against each of the events.

Division of centromere

108. The following events occur during the various phases of the cell cycle. Name the phase against each of the events.

Replication of DNA



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109. Mitosis results in producing two cells which are similar to each other. What would

be the consequence if each of the following irregularties occur during mitosis?



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Nuclear membrane fails to disintegrate

110. Mitosis results in producing two cells which are similar to each other. What would be the consequence if each of the following irregularties occur during mitosis?

Duplication of DNA does not occur



111. Mitosis results in producing two cells which are similar to each other. What would be the consequence if each of the following irregularities occur during mitosis?



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Centromeres do not divide

112. Mitosis results in producing two cells which are similar to each other. What would be the consequence if each of the following

irregularties occur during mitosis?

Cytokinesis does not occur.



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113. Both unicellular and multicellular organisms unergo mitosis. What are the differences, if any, observed in the process between the two?



114. Name the pathological condition when uncontrolled cell division occurs.



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115. Two events take place, During S-phase in animal cells. DNA replication and duplication of centriole. In which parts of the cell do events occurs?



116. Comment of the statement Meiosis enables the conservation of specific chromosome number of each species even though the process per se, results in reduction of chromosome number.



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117. How does cytokinesis in plant cells differ from that in animal cells?



118. Comment on the statement 'Telophase is reverse of prophase'.



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119. What are the various stages of meiotic prophase-I? Enumerate the chromosomal events during each stage?



120. Differentiate between events of mitosis and meiosis.



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121. Write briefly the significance of mitosis and meiosis in multicellular organism.



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122. Name the phases of cell cycle.



123. What is the G_1 phase of the interphase?



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124. Name the following scientists who: studied the equational cell division in animal cell and introduced the term mitosis.



125. Name the following scientists who:

First described mitosis.



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126. Name the following scientists who:

Coined the term meiosis.



127. Which phase follows the S-phase in the cell cycle?



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128. In which phase the centromeres split and chromstids move apart?



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129. In which phase crossing over occurs?



130. What term is used for a full set of DNA instructions in a cell?



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131. In which phase of cell dicision the chromosomes are set free in the cytoplasm?



132. By which method cytokinesis occurs in animal cell?



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133. Write an example of amphias-tral spindle and an anastral spindle.



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134. What is polyteny?





135. What is the significance of pachytene?



136. How many chromosomes are present in the nucleus of the human cell?



137. At what stage of mitosis, chromosomes arrange themselves around the equator?



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138. What a karyokinesis?



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139. What is cytokinesis?



140. Name the parts of flowering plant where meiosis occurs.



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141. Define chiasmata.



142. In which phase of interphase, DNA replication occurs?



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143. Which type of cell division occurs in meristematic cells of root apex?



144. What is Genome? How many genomes are there in the haploid and in a diploid cell?



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145. What initiates cell division?



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146. Define the cell cycle and illustrate with sketch only.



147. What is S-phase?



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148. Show the centrosome cycle with the help of diagrams only.



149. Explain the impotance of cell cycle.



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150. Describe the unusual method of somatic cell division.



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151. What is Mitosis?



152. Give the sequence of the events occuring during prophase of mitosis.



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153. Give the key features of meiosis.



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154. Give a brief account of meiosis.



155. What is cytokinesis?



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156. Write a note on crossing over.



157. Differentiate between

Karyokinesis and cytokinesis.



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158. Differentiate between

Interphase and prophase.



159. Distinguish between metaphase of mitosis and metaphase I of meiosis.



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160. Draw diagram to show the sequence of changes occurring in a cell during meiosis II.



161. Explain cytokinesis with the help of sketches only.



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162. Why is meiosis called the reductional division, whereas mitosis is called equational division?



163. Name the forces which help in chromosomal movement during cell division.



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Exercise

1. What is the average cell cycle span for a mammalian cell?



2. Name three phases of interphase.



3. Which part of the human body should one use to demonstrate stages in mitosis?



4. Which phase of cell cycle is longest duration?

5. Name a stain commonly used to colour chromosomes.



6. Distinguish anaphase of mitosis from anaphase I of meiosis.



7. Draw a diagrammatic view to show cell cycle.
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8. What is importance of cell cycle?
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9. Write significance of mitosis.
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10. Differentiate cytokinesis in plants and animals?



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11. Explain mitosis briefly.



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12. What is meiosis? Write significance of meiosis.



13. Differentiate mitosis and meiosis.

