



MATHS

BOOKS - VGS PUBLICATION-BRILLIANT

MATHEMATICS -I(A) MODEL PAPER 4

Section A

1. Find the domain of the real function $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 25}$



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2. IF $f: R \rightarrow R, g: R \rightarrow R$ are defined by $f(x) = 3x - 1$ and $g(x) = x^2 + 1$, then find $(f \circ g)(2)$

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3. Define a symmetric matrix. Give one example of order 3×3

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4. Find the inverse of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -3 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$.

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5. If vectors $-3\bar{i} + 4\bar{j} + \lambda\bar{k}$, $\mu\bar{i} + 8\bar{j} + 6\bar{k}$ are collinear vectors then find λ & μ .

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6. Find the vector equation of plane passing through Points $(0,0,0)$, $(0,5,0)$ and $(2,0,1)$

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7. Find the angle between the vectors $\bar{i} + 2\bar{j} + 3\bar{k}$ and $3\bar{i} - \bar{j} + 2\bar{k}$.

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8. Find $\sin 330^\circ \cdot \cos 120^\circ + \cos 210^\circ \cdot \sin 300^\circ$

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9. Find the extreme values of $\cos 2x + \cos^2 x$

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Section B

1. IF $A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -2 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -1 \\ 4 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ then find AB' and

BA'

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2. $\bar{a}, \bar{b}, \bar{c}$ are non coplanar vectors. Prove that the four points $-\bar{a} + 4\bar{b} - 3\bar{c}$, $3\bar{a} + 2\bar{b} - 5\bar{c}$, $-3\bar{a} + 8\bar{b} - 5\bar{c}$, $-3\bar{a} + 2\bar{b} + \bar{c}$ are co-planar.

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3. Let \bar{a} and \bar{b} be vectors, satisfying $|\bar{a}| = |\bar{b}| = 5$ and $(\bar{a}, \bar{b}) = 45^\circ$. Find the area of the triangle having $\bar{a} - 2\bar{b}$ and $3\bar{a} + 2\bar{b}$ as two of its sides.

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4. If A is not an integral multiple of $\frac{\pi}{2}$, prove that

(i) $\tan A + \cot A = 2 \operatorname{cosec} 2A$

(ii) $\cot A - \tan A = 2\cot 2A$

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5. Solve the following equations

$$\sqrt{3} \sin \theta - \cos \theta = \sqrt{2}$$

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6. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{5}\right) + \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{13}\right) + \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{16}{65}\right) =$

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7. If $a = (b - c)\sec\theta$, then prove that $\tan \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{bc} \sin A}{b - c - 2}$.

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Section C

1. If $f: A \rightarrow B$, $g: B \rightarrow C$ are two bijective functions then prove that $g \circ f: A \rightarrow C$ is also a bijective function.

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2.

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \frac{1}{1.3} + \frac{1}{3.5} + \frac{1}{5.7} + \dots + \frac{1}{(2n-1)(2n+1)} \right\} =$$

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3. Show that

$$\begin{vmatrix} a + b + 2c & a & b \\ c & b + c + 2a & b \\ c & a & c + a + 2b \end{vmatrix} = 2(a + b + c)^3$$

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4. solve the following system of equations by using Matrix inversion method.

$$2x - y + 3z = 9, x + y + z = 6, x - y + z = 2.$$

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5. Show that

i) $\bar{a} \times (\bar{a} \times (\bar{a} \times \bar{b})) = (\bar{a} \cdot \bar{a})(\bar{b} \times \bar{a})$

ii) $\{(\bar{a} \times \bar{b}) \times (\bar{a} \times \bar{c})\} \cdot \bar{d} = (\bar{a} \cdot \bar{d}) [\bar{a}\bar{b}\bar{c}]$



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6. If A, B, C are angles in a triangle, then prove that

$$\cos A + \cos B + \cos C = 1 + 4 \sin \frac{A}{2} \sin \frac{B}{2} \sin \frac{C}{2}$$



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7. Show that $r + r_3 + r_1 - r_2 = 4R \cos B$.



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