



# MATHS

## NCERT - NCERT Maths(KANNADA)

### COORDINATE GEOMETRY

#### Example

1. What is the distance between A (4,0) and B (8, 0).



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2. A and B are two points given by  $(8, 3)$ ,  $(-4, 3)$ .

Find the distance between A and B.



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3. find the distance between two points  $A(4, 3)$   
and  $B(8, 6)$



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4. Show that the points A (4, 2), B (7, 5) and C (9, 7) are three points lying on a same line.



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5. Do the points (3, 2), (-2, -3) and (2, 3) form a triangle?



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6. Find the relation between  $x$  and  $y$  such that the point  $(x, y)$  is equidistant from the points  $(7, 1)$  and  $(3, 5)$ .



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7. Find a point on the Y-axis which is equidistant from both the points  $A(6, 5)$  and  $B(-4, 3)$ .



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8. Find the co - ordinates of points which divides the line segment joining the points A  $(4, - 3)$  and B  $(8,5)$  in the ratio 3: 1 internally



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9. Find the mid point of the line segment joining the points  $(3, 0)$  and  $(-1, 4)$



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**10.** Find the centroid of the triangle whose vertices are  $(3, -5)$ ,  $(-7, 4)$  and  $(10, -2)$ .



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**11.** In what ratio does the point  $(-4, 6)$  divide the line segment joining the points  $A(-6, 10)$  and  $B(3, -8)$ ?



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**12.** Show that the points  $A(7, 3)$ ,  $B(6, 1)$ ,  $C(8, 2)$  and  $D(9, 4)$  taken in that order are vertices of a parallelogram.



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**13.** If the points  $A(6, 1)$ ,  $B(8, 2)$ ,  $C(9, 4)$  and  $D(p, 3)$  are the vertices of a parallelogram, taken in order, find the value of  $p$ .



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**14.** Find the value of  $K$  if the points  $A(2, 3)$   $B(4, k)$  and  $C(6, -3)$  are collinear.

OR

Find the area of a triangle whose vertices are  $(1, -1)$   $(-4, 6)$  and  $(-3, -5)$



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**15.** Find the area of a triangle formed by the points  $A(5, 2)$ ,  $B(4, 7)$  and  $C(7, -4)$ .



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**16.** If  $A(-5, 7)$ ,  $B(-4, -5)$ ,  $C(-1, -6)$  and  $D(4, 5)$  are the vertices of a quadrilateral, then, find the area of the quadrilateral ABCD.



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**17.** The points  $(3, -2)$ ,  $(-2, 8)$  and  $(0, 4)$  are three points in a plane. Show that these points are collinear.



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**18.** The end points of a line segment are  $(2, 3)$ ,  $(4, 5)$ . Find the slope of the line segment.



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**19.** Determine  $x$  so that 2 is the slope of the line passing through  $P(2, 5)$  and  $Q(x, 3)$ .



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**Exercise 7 1**

1. Find the distance between the following pairs of points :

$(2,3), (4, 1)$



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2. Find the distance between the following pairs of points :

$(-5, 7), (-1, 3)$



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**3.** Find the distance between the pair of points

$(-2, -3)$  and  $(3, 2)$



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**4.** Find the distance between the following

pairs of points :

$(a, b), (-a, -b)$



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5. Find the distance between the points  $(0, 0)$  and  $(36, 15)$ .



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6. Determine if the points  $(1, 5)$ ,  $(2, 3)$  and  $(-2, -11)$  are collinear.



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7. Check whether  $(5, -2)$ ,  $(6, 4)$  and  $(7, 2)$  are the vertices of an isosceles triangle.



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8. Show that the following points form an equilateral triangle  $A(a, 0)$ ,  $B(-a, 0)$ ,  $C(0, a\sqrt{3})$



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**9.** Prove that the points  $(-7, -3)$ ,  $(5, 10)$ ,  $(15, 8)$  and  $(3, -5)$  taken in order are the corners of a parallelogram.



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**10.** Show that the points  $(-4, -7)$ ,  $(-1, 2)$ ,  $(8, 5)$  and  $(5, -4)$  taken in order are the vertices of a rhombus. Find its area.

(Hint : Area of rhombus  $= \frac{1}{2} \times$  product of its diagonals)





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**11.** Name the type of quadrilateral formed, if any by the following points, and give reasons for your answer :

$(-1, -2), (1, 0), (-1, 2), (-3, 0)$



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**12.** Name the type of quadrilateral formed, if any by the following points, and give reasons



for your answer :

$(-3, 5), (3, 1), (0, 3), (-1, -4)$



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**13.** Name the type of quadrilateral formed, if any by the following points, and give reasons

for your answer :

$(4, 5), (7, 6), (4, 3), (1, 2)$



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**14.** Find the point on the x-axis which is equidistant from  $(2, -5)$  and  $(-2, 9)$ .



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**15.** If the distance between two points  $(x, 7)$  and  $(1, 15)$  is 10, find the value of  $x$



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**16.** Find the values of  $y$  for which the distance between the points  $P(2, -3)$  and  $Q(10, y)$  is 10 units.



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**17.** Find the radius of the circle whose centre is  $(3, 2)$  and passes through  $(-5, 6)$ .



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**18.** Can you draw a triangle with vertices  $(1, 5)$ ,  $(5, 8)$  and  $(13, 14)$  ? Give reason



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**19.** Find a relation between  $x$  and  $y$  such that the point  $(x, y)$  is equidistant from the points  $(-2, 8)$  and  $(-3, -5)$



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1. Find the coordinates of the point which divides the line segment joining the points  $(-1, 7)$  and  $(4, -3)$  in the ratio  $2:3$  .



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2. Find the coordinates of the points of trisection of the line segment joining  $(4, -1)$  and  $(-2, -3)$ .



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3. Find the ratio in which the line segment joining the points  $(-3, 10)$  and  $(6, -8)$  is divided by  $(-1, 6)$ .



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4. If  $(1, 2)$ ,  $(4, y)$ ,  $(x, 6)$  and  $(3, 5)$  are the vertices of a parallelogram taken in order, find  $x$  and  $y$ .



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5. Find the coordinates of a point A, where AB is the diameter of a circle whose centre is (2, -3) and B is (1, 4).



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6. If A and B are (-2, -2) and (2, -4), respectively, find the coordinates of P such that  $AP = \frac{3}{7}AB$  and P lies on the line segment AB.



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7. Find the coordinates of points which divide the line segment joining  $A(-4, 0)$  and  $B(0, 6)$  into four equal parts.



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8. Find the coordinates of the points which divide the line segment joining  $A(-2, 2)$  and  $B(2, 8)$  into four equal parts.



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**9.** Find the coordinates of centroid of the triangle with vertices:

$(-1, 3)$ ,  $(6, -3)$  and  $(-3, 6)$



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**10.** Find the coordinates of centroid of the triangle with vertices:

$(6, 2)$ ,  $(0, 0)$  and  $(4, -7)$



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**11.** Find the coordinates of centroid of the triangle with vertices:

$(1, -1)$ ,  $(0, 6)$  and  $(-3, 0)$



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### Exercise 7 3

**1.** Find the area of the triangle vertices are

$(2, 3)$   $(-1, 0)$ ,  $(2, -4)$



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2. Find the area of the triangle vertices are

$(-5, -1), (3, -5), (5, 2)$



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3. Find the area of the triangle vertices are

$(0, 0), (3, 0)$  and  $(0, 2)$



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4. Find the value of 'K' for which the points are collinear

$(7, -2)$   $(5, 1)$   $(3, K)$



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5. In each of the following find the value of 'k' for which the points are collinear .

$(8, 1)$ ,  $(k, -4)$ ,  $(2, -5)$



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6. Find the value of 'K' for which the points are collinear

$(K, K)$   $(2, 3)$  and  $(4, -1)$ .



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7. Find the area of the triangle formed by joining the mid-points of the sides of the triangle whose vertices are  $(0, -1)$ ,  $(2, 1)$  and  $(0, 3)$ . Find the ratio of this area to the area of the given triangle.



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8. Find the area of the quadrilateral whose vertices, taken in order, are  $(-4, -2)$ ,  $(-3, -5)$ ,  $(3, -2)$  and  $(2, 3)$ .



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9. Find the area of the triangle formed by the points  $(2, 3)$ ,  $(6, 3)$  and  $(2, 6)$  by using Heron's formula



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## Exercise 7 4

1. Find the slope of the line passing through the given two point

$(4, -8)$  and  $(5, -2)$



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2. Find the slope of the line passing through the given two point

$(0, 0)$  and  $(\sqrt{3}, 3)$



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**3.** Find the slope of the line passing through the given two point

$(2a, 3b)$  and  $(a, -b)$



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**4.** Find the slope of the line passing through the given two point

$(a, 0)$  and  $(0, b)$







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5. Find the slope of the line passing through the given two point

A(-1.4, -3.7), B(-2.4, 1.3)



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6. Find the slope of the line passing through the given two point

A(3, -2), B(-6, -2)



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7. Find the slope of the line passing through the given two point

$$A\left(-3\frac{1}{2}, 3\right), B\left(-7, 2\frac{1}{2}\right)$$



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8. Find the slope of the line passing through the given two point

$$A(0, 4), B(4, 0)$$



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## Optional Exercise

1. Centre of a circle  $Q$  is on the  $Y$ -axis. The circle passes through the points  $(0, 7)$  and  $(0, -1)$ . If it intersects the positive  $X$ -axis at  $(P, 0)$ , what is the value of 'P'?



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2. A triangle ABC is formed by the points A(2, 3), B(-2, -3), C(4, -3). What is the point of intersection of the side BC and the bisector of angle A?



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3. The side BC of an equilateral triangle DABC is parallel to X-axis. Find the slopes of the lines along sides BC, CA and AB.



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4. Find the centroid of the triangle formed by the line  $2x + 3y - 6 = 0$ , with the coordinate axes.



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**Try This**

1. Where do these following points lie  $(0, -3)$ ,  $(0, -8)$ ,  $(0, 6)$  and  $(0, 4)$  on coordinate plane?



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2. What is the distance between  $(0, -3)$ ,  $(0, -8)$  and justify that the distance between two points on Y-axis is  $|y^2 - y^1|$  on coordinate plane?



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3. Find the distance between points 'O' (origin) and 'A'  $(7, 4)$ .



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4. Find the distance between  $A(1, -3)$  and  $B(-4, 4)$  and rounded to two decimal



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5.  $AD$  is the median on  $BC$ . Find the coordinates of the point  $D$



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6. Let  $A(4, 2)$ ,  $B(6, 5)$  and  $C(1, 4)$  be the vertices of  $\triangle ABC$ .

Find the coordinates of points  $Q$  and  $R$  on medians  $BE$  and  $CF$  respectively such that  $BQ : QE = 2 : 1$  and  $CR : RF = 2 : 1$ .



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7. Let  $A(4, 2)$ ,  $B(6, 5)$  and  $C(1, 4)$  be the vertices of  $\triangle ABC$ . The median from  $A$  meets  $BC$  at  $D$



Find the points which divide the line segment BE in the ratio 2 : 1 and also that divide the line segment CF in the ratio 2 : 1.



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8. What do you observe? Justify that the point that divides each median in the ratio 2 : 1 is the centroid of a triangle.



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**9.** Take a point A on X-axis and B on Y-axis and find area of the triangle AOB. Discuss with your friends how they do it?



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**10.** Find the area of the square formed by  $(0, -1)$ ,  $(2, 1)$ ,  $(0, 3)$  and  $(-2, 1)$  as vertices.



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11. Find the slope of  $\overline{AB}$ , where

A(2, 1), B(2, 6)



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12. Find the slope of  $\overline{AB}$ , where

A(-4, 2), B(-4, -2)



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13. Find the slope of  $\overline{AB}$ , where

A(-2, 8), B(-2, -2)



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14. Find the slope of line AB with the points lying on

1. A(2, 1), B(2, 6) 2. A(-4, 2), B(-4, -2) 3. A(-2, 8), B(-2, -2).

Justify that the line  $\overline{AB}$  line segment formed by points given in the above three examples is

parallel to Y-axis. What can you say about their slope? Why?



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