



CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - VIKRAM PUBLICATION (ANDHRA PUBLICATION)

THE P-BLOCK ELEMENTS GROUP-14

Solved Problems

1. Select the member (s) of group 14 that:-
(i) forms the most acidic dioxide , (ii) is

commonly found in +2 oxidation state,
(iii) used as semiconductor.



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2. $[SiF_6]^{2-}$ is known whereas $[SiCl_6]^{2-}$ does not exist because

I) Six large chloride ions cannot be accommodated around Si^{4+}

II) Interaction between lone pair of chloride ion and Si^{4+} is not very strong

III) Silicon is less electronegative than chlorine

IV) Si^{4+} and Cl^{-} ions have same size



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3. Diamond is covalent. Yet it has high melting point Why?



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4. What are silicones ?



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Important Question

1. Are BCl_3 and $SiCl_4$ electron deficient compounds explain.



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2. Give the hybridization of carbon I a) CO_3^{-2}
b) diamond c) graphite d) fullerene



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3. What is allotropy ? Give the crystalline allotropes of carbon.



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4. Classify the following oxides as neutral, acidic, basic or amphoteric.

a) CO b) B_2O_3 c) SiO_2 d) CO_2 e) Al_2O_3 f) PbO_2 g) Tl_2O_3



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5. Graphite is a good conductor - explain.



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6. What is 'synthesis gas' ?



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7. Diamond has high melting point - Explain.



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8. How does CO_2 increase the greenhouse effect ?



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9. What is 'producer gas' ?



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10. What are silicones ?



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11. Give the uses of silicones.



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12. SiO_2 is a solid while CO_2 is a gas - explain.



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13. Write the use of ZSM-5.



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14. What is the use of dry ice ?



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15. How is water gas prepared ?



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16. How is producer gas prepared ?



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17. Producer gas is less efficient fuel than water gas - explain.



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18. SiF_6^{2-} is known while $SiCl_6^{2-}$ is not - explain.



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19. Explain the differences in properties of diamond and graphite on the basis of their structures.



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20. Explain the following .a) $PbCl_2$ reacts with Cl_2 to give $PbCl_4$ b) $PbCl_4$ is unstable to heat .c) Lead to not known to form PbI_4



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21. Explain the following.

Silicon is heated with methyl chloride at high temperature in the presence of copper.



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22. What is inert pair effect ?



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23. Write a short note on zeolites.





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24. Write a short note on silicates.



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25. What are silicones ? How are they obtained?



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26. Write a short note on fullerene.



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27. Why is diamond hard ?



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28. What happens when the following are heated ?

$CaCO_3$ and SiO_2



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29. What happen when

CaC_2 is heated with N_2 .



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30. Write a note on the allotropy of carbon.



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31. Write a note on
Silicates.



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Very Short Answer Questions

1. Discuss the variation of oxidation states in
the group - 14 elements.



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2. How the following compounds behave with water ?



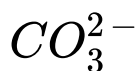
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3. Are BCl_3 and $SiCl_4$ electron deficient compounds ? Explain.



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4. Give the hybridization of carbon in



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5. Why is carbon monoxide poisonous ?



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6. What is allotropy ? Give the crystalline allotropes of carbon.



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7. Classify the following oxides as neutral, acidic, basic or amphoteric.

CO , B_2O_3 , SiO_2 , CO_2 , Al_2O_3 , PbO_2 , Tl_2O_3



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8. Name any two man-made silicates.



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9. Write the outer electron configuration of group - 14 elements.



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10. How does graphite function as a lubricant ?



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11. Graphite is a good conductor - explain.



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12. Explain the structure of silica.



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13. What is 'synthesis gas' ?



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14. What is 'producer gas' ?



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15. Diamond has high melting point - Explain.



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16. Give the use of CO_2 in photosynthesis.



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17. How does CO_2 increase the green house effect ?





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18. What are silicones ?



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19. Give the uses of silicones.



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20. What is the effect of water on tin ?





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21. Write an account of $SiCl_4$



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22. SiO_2 , is a solid while CO_2 is a gas -explain.



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23. Write the use of ZSM-5.





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24. What is the use of dry ice ?



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25. How is water gas prepared ?



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26. How is producer gas prepared ?





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27. C - C bond length in graphite is shorter than C - C bond length in diamond - Explain.



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28. Diamond is used as precious stone - explain.



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29. Carbon never shows coordination number greater than four while other members of carbon family show coordination number as high as six - explain.



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30. Producer gas is less efficient fuel than water gas - explain.



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31. SiF_6^{2-} is known while $SiCl_6^{2-}$ is not - explain.



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Short Answer Questions

1. Explain the differences in properties of diamond and graphite on the basis of their structures.



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2. Explain the following .a) $PbCl_2$ reacts with Cl_2 to give $PbCl_4$ b) $PbCl_4$ is unstable to heat .c) Lead to not known to form PbI_4



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3. Explain the following.

Silicon is heated with methyl chloride at high temperature in the presence of copper.



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4. What do you understand by

(a) Allotropy

(b) Inert pair effect ?



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5. If the starting material for the manufacture of silicones is $RSiSCl_3$, write the structure of the product formed.



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6. Write a short note on zeolites.



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7. Write a short note on silicates.



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8. What are silicones ? How are they obtained?



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9. Write a short note on fullerene.



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10. Why SiO_2 does not dissolve in water.



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11. Why is diamond hard ?



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12. What happens when the following are heated ?

$CaCO_3$ and SiO_2



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13. Why does Na_2CO_3 solution turn into a suspension, when saturated with CO_2 gas ?



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14. What happen when

CO_2 is passed through slaked lime



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15. Write a note on the anomalous behaviour of carbon in the group-14.



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Long Answer Questions

1. Choose the correct statement

i) Silicones are the organo Silicon polymers containing $R_2\text{SiO}$ -repeating unit.

ii) these are synthetic compounds containing Si-O-Si preparation : These are formed by the hydrolysis of chlorosilanes.

iii) Methyl chloride reacts with Silicon at high temperature in presence of copper catalyst to form various types of methyl substituted chlorosilane of formula MeSiCl_2 , Me_2SiCl_2 , Me_3SiCl With small amount Me_4Si .



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2. Explain the structure of silica. How does it react with NaOH .



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3. Write a note on the allotropy of carbon.



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4. Write a brief note on Zeolites & silicates



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