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## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - UNITED BOOK HOUSE

## MODEL QUESTION PAPER 1

## Exercise

1. The relationship between energy $E$, of the radiation with a wavelength $8000 \AA$ and the energy of the radiation with a wavelength $16000 \AA$ is
A. $E_{1}=6 E_{2}$
B. $E_{1}=\frac{1}{2} E_{2}$
C. $E_{1}=4 E_{2}$
D. $E_{1}=2 E_{2}$
2. Which pair does not contain species with similar shape?
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{4}, B F_{4}$
B. $I_{3}^{+}, I_{3}^{-1}$
C. $H C N$. C_2H_2'
D. Both A and B

## Answer:

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3. Which of the following is para magnetic and also has a bond order equal to 0.5 ?
A. $O_{2}$
B. $N_{2}$
C. $H e_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{H}_{2}^{+}$

## Answer:

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4. For the reaction
$\mathrm{N}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+\mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightleftarrows 2 \mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{g})$
the equilibrium constant is $K_{1}$. The equilibrium constant is $K_{2}$ for the reaction,
$2 \mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{g})+\mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightleftarrows 2 \mathrm{NO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$.
What is K for the reaction,

$$
\mathrm{NO}_{2}(g) \rightleftarrows \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~N}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+\mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})-
$$

A. $\frac{1}{2 k_{1} k_{2}}$
B. $\frac{1}{4 k_{1} k_{2}}$
C. $\left[\frac{1}{k_{1} k_{2}}\right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$
D. $\frac{1}{k_{1} k_{2}}$

Answer:

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5. Which curve does not represent Boyle's law?
A.

B.

C.

D.

## Answer:

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6. The difference between $\Delta H$ and $\Delta U$ at constant volume is equal to
A. R
B. $P \Delta V$
C. $V \Delta P$
D. $3 / 2 R$

## Answer:

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7. What is entropy? What are the units of entropy?
A. $J K^{-1} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
B. $\mathrm{Jg}^{-1} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
C. $\mathrm{Jmol}^{-1}$
D. $K^{-1} \mathrm{~mol}$

## Answer:

8. Which of the following compound has the lowest melting point?
A. $\mathrm{CaF}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{CaBr}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{Cal}_{2}$

## Answer:

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9. Which pair of the following chlorides do not impart colour to the flame?
A. $\mathrm{BeCl}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{SrCl}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{BeCl}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{BaCl}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$

## Answer:

10. For which of the following compounds will Lassaigne's test for nitrogen fail?
A. $\mathrm{NH}_{2} \mathrm{CONH}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CONH}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{NH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$

## Answer:

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11. The number of $\sigma$ and $\pi$ bonds present in 1-Buten-3-yne are
A. $5 \sigma$ and $5 \pi$
B. $7 \sigma$ and $3 \pi$
C. $8 \sigma$ and $2 \pi$
D. $6 \sigma$ and $4 \pi$

Answer:

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12. The reagents for the following conversion

A. alcoholic KOH
B. alcoholic KOH followed by $\mathrm{NaNH}_{2}$
C. aqueous KOH followed by $\mathrm{NaNH}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{Zn} / \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}$

## Answer:

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13. In any sample of water it is always found that
A. $\mathrm{BOD}>\mathrm{COD}$
B. $B O D<C O D$
C. $B O D=C O D$
D. None of these

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

14. From 400 mg of $C 0_{2}, 10^{21}$ molecules are removed.. How many moles of $C 0_{2}$ are left behind?

## D Watch Video Solution

15. $2.49 \times 10^{-18} g$ of an element. A contains $2.0 \times 10^{4}$ atoms. What is, the atomic mass of the element $A$ ?
16. In which block element lanthanoid Contraction observe?

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17. Name the element having highest electron affinity.

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18. Which type of property internal energy is?

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19. Baeyer's reagent is -
20. A compound composed of carbon,hydrogen and chlorine contains $\mathrm{C}=$ $10.04 \%$ and $\mathrm{Cl}=89.12 \%$. The vapour density of the compound is 59.75 . Determine its molecular formula.

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21. State Paulils exclusion principle. Give an example of an ion which obeys Bohr's theory.

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22. Explain, why 3 f orbital does not exist. Far how many electrons of Cl atom, $n+1=3$ ?
23. Suggest reasons why the $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{F}$ bond length in $B F_{3}(130 \mathrm{Pm})$ and $B F_{4}^{-}$ (143 Pm) are different.

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24. How will you convert a mixture of CO and $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ completely into CO ?

## - Watch Video Solution

25. How will you convert a mixture of CO and $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ completely into CO ?

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26. $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Cl}$, is unreactive, towards $S_{N}^{2}$ reaction.Why?

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27. Write one effect of depletion of ozone layer and one measure for the prevention of ozone layer depletion.

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28. Give the electronic configuration of $-24 \mathrm{Cr}^{3+}$. Find the number of unpaired electrons present in it. Is it paramagnetic or diamagnetic?

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29. Why ionisation enthalpy of nitrogen is greater than that of oxygen atom?

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30. Which one of the following elements has the least electron affinity? B, C, N, O.
31. Which one is more basic and why-mGo \& $\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ ?

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32. The general electronic configuration of d-block elements is

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33. According to VSEPR theory explain the shape of $\mathrm{ClF}_{3}$.

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34. " $\mathbb{C I}_{4}$ does not have any hydrolysis lent $\mathrm{SiCl}_{4}$ suffers hydrolysisWhy?
35. Explain the formation and difference between a sigma bond and a pibond. Which has more bond strength?

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36. At 273 K and 76 cm pressure, the volume of 0.64 g of any gas is 224 mL .

At what temperature 1 g of that gas at 1 atm pressure will occupy a volume of 1 litre?

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37. Calculate the difference between heat of reaction at constant pressure and at constant volume for the following reaction at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $2 \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{6}(\mathrm{I})+15 \mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow 12 \mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{I})$.

## - Watch Video Solution

38. Density is an intensive property.Explain.

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39. An 'ideal gas enclosed in a cylinder fitted with a piston of volume ZiL is compressed isothermally to $1 / 3 \mathrm{rd}$ of its initial volume, under the influence of 3 atm constant external pressure. Calculate $\mathrm{q} . \mathrm{w}$ and $\Delta \mathrm{U}$.

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40. What is the oxidation number of Fe in $\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CO}) \mathrm{s}$ ?

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41. Balance the following chemical equation by ion electron method.
$\mathrm{IO}_{3}^{-}+\mathrm{I}^{-}+\mathrm{H}^{+} \rightarrow \mathrm{I}^{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$.
42. Balance the following chemical equation by oxidation number method $: \mathrm{KMnO}_{4}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{~K}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}+\mathrm{MnSO}_{4}+\mathrm{O}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$.

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43. Mention the oxidation number of two nitrogen atom in $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ molecule.

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44. State one method to remove permanent hardness of water.

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45. In the laboratory preparation of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ a paste of $\mathrm{BaO}_{2}$ is used instead of anhydrous $\mathrm{BaO}_{2}$. Explain.
46. $\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ decomposes on heating to give $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ but $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ does not decompose .Explain why?

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47. What is the action of heat on plaster of paris?

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48. What is the hybrid state of $\mathrm{BeCl}_{2}$ in solid and vapour state?

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49. Why are alkali metals not found in nature?
50. Benzyl chloride is much reactive in $S_{N} 1$ reaction, even though it is a primary substrate - why?

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51. Draw the canonicals of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COO}^{-}$In which case resonance is more important? Answer with reason.

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52. Which of the following compounds exhibit teuetomerism? $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{COCH}_{3}, \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{CHO}, \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{COC}_{6} \mathrm{H} 5, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COCH}_{3}$.

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53. The dissociation equilibrium of $A B_{2}$ gas is : $2 A B_{2}(g) \rightleftarrows$ $2 A B(g)+B_{2}(g)$.the degree of dissociation of $A B_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ is x and $\mathrm{x} \ll 1$.

Establish the relation among the degree of dissociation (x), equilibrium constant (K_p) and'total pressure (P).

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54. Explain the effect of pressure on the position of equilibrium of the following reaction. $\mathrm{H}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+\mathrm{I}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ ovetset $(\rightarrow)(\leftarrow) 2 \mathrm{HI}$ (g).

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55. The solubility product of $\mathrm{BaSO}_{4}$ is $1.1 \times 10^{-10}$ at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Determine the solubility in 0.1 (M) $B a C I_{2}$ solution at that temperature

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56. Aqueous solution of $\mathrm{FeCl}_{3}$ is acidic .Explain.
57. Between two aqueous solutions of HA of strengths $0.1(\mathrm{M})$ and $0.01(\mathrm{M})$ respectively, which one has higher degree of.ionisation of HA?

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58. Write down the formula of the monomer of silicone. How are silicone prepared? Write its two uses.

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59. $B F_{3}$ behaves as a Lewis acid.Explain.

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60. What is the role of Zn in ozonolysis reaction.
61. Distinguish by a chemical test : bute-l-yne and bute-2-yne.

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62. Do the following conversions :Benzene $\rightarrow$ Acetophenone

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63. Do the following conversions :Benzene $\rightarrow$ Benzaldehyde

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64. Which one is disobeyed in Bohr theory-
A. Uncertainty principle
B. exclusion principle
C. Aufbau principle
D. Hund rule

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

65. Which one isisoelectronic with CO-
A. $N_{2}^{O+}$
B. $C N^{-}$
C. $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$
D. $O_{2}^{O+}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

66. Which one is not linear-
A. $\mathrm{SnCl}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{HgCl}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$

## Answer:

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67. If thesolubility of $A g_{2} C_{2} O_{4}$ is water be's' its solubility product.
A. $4 S^{3}$
B. $2 S^{5}$
C. $2 S^{3}$
D. $8 S^{3}$

## Answer:

68. In which case temperature drops down-
A. Isothermal compression
B. Isothermal expansion
C. Adeabatic compression
D. Adiabetic expansion

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

69. For an gaseous reaction if $\Delta \mathrm{n}=0$ then which one is correct :

$$
\text { A. } \Delta H+U>O
$$

B. $\Delta H>\Delta U$
C. $\Delta H<\Delta U$
D. $\Delta H=\Delta U$

## Answer:

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70. Which one is correct for equilibrium constant of a revessible reaction
A. It depends on initial concentration of reactant
B. It is characteristic index of a reaction
C. depends on the concentration of product at equilibrum
D. Depends on the nature of reactant

## Answer:

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71. Which one can't be indetifled by flame test:
A. $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}$
B. $S r^{++}$
C. $\mathrm{Mg}^{++}$
D. $B a^{++}$

## Answer:

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72. In which of the following molecules is hydrogen bridge bond present?
A. $\mathrm{CaH}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{BeH}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{MgH}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{Sr}_{2}$.

## Answer:

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73. Which one is least basic:
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$
B. $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{NH}$
C. $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{~N}$
D. $\mathrm{CF}_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$

## Answer:

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74. Hybridsation of Carbocationic Carbon atom-
A. NF
B. $S P^{2}$
C. SP
D. HI

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

75. Which one does not show peroxide effect:
A. HF
B. HCl
C. HBr
D. HI

## Answer:

76. TheMurcury compound use in oxymercuration reaction-
A. $\mathrm{Hg}\left(\mathrm{OCOCH}_{3}\right)_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{Hg}(\mathrm{OCOH})_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{HgCl}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{HgSO}_{4}$

## Answer:

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77. Pyrolysis is a disease of:
A. Heart
B. kidney
C. Lungs
D. skin.

## Answer:

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78. No of significant,figure in 0.080200 is?

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79. The emperical formula of glucose is $\qquad$ .

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80. Give an example of nictogen element.

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81. What is transitional element.
82. What is the change of entropy in irreversible adiabatic change?

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83. What are the product of ozonolysis of o-xylene?

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84. If 1 kg sugar Costs Rs. 32 find the cost of 1 mole sugar.

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85. Show that normal density $=0.089 \times$ Vapourdensity.
86. Calculate the energy of emr having wave'length $3000 \AA$.

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87. If the positional uncertainty of an electron like particle be $5.6 \times 10^{-7} \mathrm{~cm}$. find its uncertianty in velocity.

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88. Which one of the following conditions will favour maximum formation of product in the reaction

$$
A_{2}(g)+B_{2}(g) \Leftrightarrow X_{2}(g), \triangle_{r} \triangle H=x^{\prime} k J-
$$

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89. Give example of homogeneous \& hetrogeneous equilibrium.
90. Is HCl cause hardness to water? What is the meaning 'Hardness is 300 ppm'?

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91. What is smog? State one harmful effect of $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$.

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92. What are isodiaphers, Isotone \& nuclear isomerism? Give example.

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93. Which one has the highest paramanetic property and which one has least paramagnetic property give reason $\mathrm{Cu}^{2+}, \mathrm{Fe}^{2+} \& \mathrm{Cr}^{5+}$.

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94. Find the position of the element having atomic number 24 . In which block the element comes? State whether its metal or non metal?

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95. What do you mean by Stair step diagonal? State its significance.

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96. If the dipole moment and bond length of HF be 2.0 D and $\odot C .2 A^{\circ}$ then find its percent ionic character. Which one has higher boiling point $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ Or $\mathrm{PH}_{3}$ ?

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97. Explain why the viscosity and boiling point of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ is too high.Write the Caharacteistics of hydrogen bonding.
98. What do you mean by surface tension? What is PI ? How it is related with Poise?

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99. What do you mean by enthalpy? Show that $\Delta H=\Delta U+\Delta n R T$.

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100. Define free energy. Comment for its change in a sponttaneous reaction.

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101. 

Identify
ABCD:
$A \xrightarrow[L i q N H_{3}]{\mathrm{Na}} B \xrightarrow{\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{I}} C \xrightarrow[\text { pd } / \mathrm{BaSO}_{4}]{\mathrm{H}_{2}} D \xrightarrow[Z n / \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}]{\mathrm{O}_{2}} \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHO}+\mathrm{CHO}$.

Name the alkene ozonalysis of which gives Glyoxal and formal dehyde.

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102. If $4 \mathrm{ml} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ is obtained at 1.5 atm pressure and $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ from $1 \mathrm{ml} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ solution. Then find the volume strength of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ solution.

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103. How would you differch mically $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3} \& \mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ which alkali metal form nitordedirectly?

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104. State the conditions of $S N^{2}$ reaction? What is l-effect?

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105. What type of equilibrium 'is this $3 \mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{s})+(\mathrm{g}) \mathrm{fFe}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4}(\mathrm{~S}) 4 \mathrm{H}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ Discuss the effect of incorporation of inert gas at the homeogeneous equlibrium at constant temperature and pressure.

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106. Shall phenolpthalein be used in neutralisation of $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3} b y \mathrm{HC1}$ ?

Why the solubility of AgCN be increased by addition of KCN . What is the sum of PH \& POH of a solution.

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107. Why CO Can't be dried using comes $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ ? Give an example of a reaction in which the product formed is a liquid by the reaction for Mond process for thp extraction of it.

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108. State reason:Why the radius of Ga is less than that of Al .

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109. State reason:The melting point of Boron is top high.What is Corundum? State one use of it.

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110. How would you differ Chemically between ethane and ethene. What will happen if Benzene is Ozonolysed? What is used in atnimarkownikopt reaction.

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111. How would you Convert. State one demerits Fredel craft alkylation reaction.:


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112. How would you Convert. State one demerits Fredel craft alkylation reaction.:


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113. Which one among the following disobeys Bohr theory
A. H
B. $\mathrm{He}{ }^{\oplus}$
C. $L i_{2+}$
D. $H^{\oplus}$

## Answer:

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114. Type of bond expected between two atoms having electronegetivities 1.0 \& 3.8
A. Mejalic
B. Covalent
C. Co-ordinateCovalency
D. electroyalent.

## Answer:

115. Structure of $\mathrm{NH}_{3}-$
A. Tetrahedral
B. Pyramidal
C. Linear
D. Trianguler

## Answer:

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116. Value of R in $\mathrm{Cal} / k$. Mole-
A. 8.31
B. $8.31 \times 10^{7}$
C. 0.082
D. 1.987. 5

## Answer:

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117. Relation between $\Delta H \& \Delta U$
A. $\Delta H=\Delta U+\Delta n R T$
B. $\Delta H=\Delta U-P \Delta V$
C. $\Delta H=\Delta U-P \Delta V \mathrm{~s}$
D. $\Delta U=\Delta H+P \Delta V$

## Answer:

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118. Changeof enthalpy in exothermic reaction
A. Positive
B. Negative
C. Zero
D. infinity.

## Answer:

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119. Velocity Constant for a reaction at $290 . \mathrm{K}$ is given by $3.2 \times 10^{-3} S^{-1}$. What will be its value at $300 \mathrm{~K}-$
A. $6.4 \times 10^{-3}$
B. $3.2 \times 10^{-4}$
C. $9.6 \times 10^{-3}$
D. $1.28 \times 10^{-2}$

## Answer:

120. Which one of the follownig cation has highest polerising Power
A. $C s^{\oplus}$
B. $L i^{\oplus}$
C. $K^{\oplus}$
D. $N a^{\oplus}$

## Answer:

121. Water glass is
A. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
B. $N a_{2} S_{2} O_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SiO}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{CaSiO}_{3}$

## Answer:

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122. Which one of the following shows acidic nature-
A. $C H_{3}-C \equiv C_{H}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{C} \equiv \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$
C.

D. ${ }^{`} \mathrm{CH} 2=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{Cl}$.

## Answer:

123. Largest C -.C bond preetn in-
A. propane
B. ethene
C. Acetylene
D. Benzene.

## Answer:

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124. The reaction between $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{2}$ is
A. oxidation
B. Reduction
C. Acidbase
D. Substitution.

## Answer:

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125. Which one is found in Bayers reagent-
A. $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$
B. Pd
C. $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$
D. $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}$

## Answer:

126. The lung diseae caused by silica is-
A. Minamata
B. Etai - Etai
C. Silicosis
D. Black foot

## Answer:

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127. Calculate the mass of 2.24 liter $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ at N.T.P

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128. No of $C a^{2+}$ ion present in 1 gm-iorn $C a^{2+}$ is?

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129. Give an example of actionid.
130. What is state function?

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131. What type of function entropy is?

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132. Give an example of Metamerism

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133. State laws of reciprocal proportion.
134. Why law of reciprocal proportion is called equivalent ratio rule?

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135. Explain with proper-example pauli exclusion principle.

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136. State two postulates of Bohr atom model

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137. Slate with equation effect of temperature on Boric Acid.

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138. Why $B F_{6}^{3-}$ does not exist, explain.
139. Which one is weak acid and why?
$\mathrm{ICH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}, \mathrm{BrCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}, \mathrm{ClCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}$.

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140. Which is most basic and why? $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{2},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{NH},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{~N}$

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141. What is particulate mater? Give two example'

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142. Write two defects.of Bohr atom model. Concept of which quantum number comes form Sommerfield theory?
143. Derive the equation for radius of n th shell form Bohr theory.

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144. What is d-block element? Give two example

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145. Why the S-block element does not respond to flame test? State two properties of element which are not peiodic.

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146. State reason:- Bond angle of $\mathrm{PF}_{3}$ is greater than $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
147. State reason:- $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ is linear but not $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$

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148. Write two differences between $\sigma \& \pi$ bond. What is antibonding moleculer orbital?

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149. State Daltons partial pressure laws and derive partial pressure and total pressure realtion.

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150. Calculate the partial pressure of $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ in a mixture with $60 \% \mathrm{CO}_{2}$ and total pressure being 4 atm.
151. What,do you mean by enthalpy of a system? Write two characteristic of it.

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152. Calculate, $\Delta U, W$ and $Q$ when an ideal gas is compressed at 5 atm pressure from 25 litre to 5 litre at a constant temp of $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

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153. Balance the equation by oxydation no. method :$\mathrm{AL}+\mathrm{NaOH}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow \mathrm{NaAlO}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2}$

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155. Balance the equation by oxydation no. method :-
$\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}+\mathrm{I}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{6}+2 \mathrm{NaI}$

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156. Write with balanced equation what happens when:- $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ is passed through acidified $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$ soln

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157. Write with balanced equation what happens when:- $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ is passed through acidified $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$ soln
158. Which one is moresoluble in water and why $\mathrm{MgCO}_{3} \& \mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$. What is hydrolith?

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159. Write the IUPAC name of the following compound:-

## $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}=\underset{\mathrm{Br}}{\mathrm{C}}-\mathrm{CHO}$

160. Write the IUPAC name of the following compound:-


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161. .Write the IUPAC name of the following compound:$\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$

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162. $a A+b B=\mathbb{C}+d D$ if the equilibrium Constant for the reaction be K. get the equlibrium constant for the reaction $X a A+x b B+x \mathbb{C}+x d D$.
163. Write La Chatterlicr principle. Applying this Discuss the effect of heat on the equilibrium of an exothermic reaction.

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164. How would you prepare:- Boric Acid from Borax.

## - Watch Video Solution

165. How would you prepare:- Borax from Colemanite

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166. State one use of Boric acid
167. What happens when:-CO is passed through ammbniacal Silver nitrate solution

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168. what happens when -CO is passed through Cuprous Chloride solution.

## - Watch Video Solution

169. State one use of CO

## - Watch Video Solution

170. Write short note on:- Ozonolysis reaction.

## - Watch Video Solution

171. Write short note on:-Wurtz reaction

## - Watch Video Solution

172. How would you convest:-Acetylene $\rightarrow 2$-Chloro propene

## - Watch Video Solution

173. How would you convest:-Ethylene $\rightarrow$ Glyoxal

## - Watch Video Solution

174. What is Lindler's Catalyst.

## - Watch Video Solution

175. Hunds Rule obeyed in
A.
$2 \mathrm{~s} \quad 2 \mathrm{p}$

| 12 | $\uparrow$ | $\uparrow$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

B.

C.

D.


## Answer:

176. Which Compound does not exist theoritically
A. $S F_{4}$
B. $O F_{4}$
C. $O F_{2}$
D. $O_{2} F_{2}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

177. Which one is least ionic
A. AgCl
B. $\mathrm{CaCI}_{2}$
C. KCI
D. $B a C I_{2}$

## Answer:

178. 1-Centipoise equal to.
A. $10^{-2}$ poise
B. $10^{-1}$ poise
C. $10^{-3}$ poise
D. $10^{-6}$ poise

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

179. Heat of nutraiization for stronge acid and Stronge base -
A. 14.0KCal
B. 4.3 KCal
C. 17.4 KCal
D. 14.9 KCal

Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

180. Internal energy is -
A. Kinetice energy
B. Potential energy
C. Kinetic + potential energy
D. Heat energy

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

181. For the equilibrium $N_{2}(g)+O_{2}(g)=2 N O(g)$
A. No effect of pressure
B. No effect of volume
C. No effect of Catalyst
D. No effect of heat

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

182. Which one is the lightest -
A. Ca
B. Cu
C. Hg
D. Fe

## Answer:

183. Which one is alkaline earth element?
A. Na
B. Cs
C. Mg
D. Rb

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

184. Which one shows dynamic isomerism
A. Metamer
B. Positional
C. Tantomerism
D. Geometric isomerism

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

185. The reagent used for demercuration process.
A. $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4} / \mathrm{NaOH}$
B. $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$
C. $\mathrm{Na} / \mathrm{NH}_{3}+\mathrm{OH}^{-}$
D. $\mathrm{Zn} / \mathrm{ACOH}$.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

A. Pyridine
B. Thiophen
C. Anthracene
D. Cyclooctatetraene

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

187. Which Carbocation has highest stability -
A. $1^{\circ}$
B. $2^{\circ}$
C. $3^{\circ}$
D. Benzylic

## Answer:

188. Hallons damages -
A. Soil
B. Atmosphere
C. water
D. Agricuture

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

189. Equivalent weight of an element having atomic weight 30 and valency 3 is?

- Watch Video Solution

190. In which block element lanthanoid Contraction observe?

## - Watch Video Solution

191. Name the element having highest electron affinity.

## - Watch Video Solution

192. Which type of propcsty internal energy is ?

## - Watch Video Solution

193. Which one is the correct unit of entropy?

## - Watch Video Solution

194. Write the equation for the determination of Nitrogen in Lassign test.
195. If the atomic weight of the Metal M be m in $\mathrm{M}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ find its equivalent weight.

## - Watch Video Solution

196. Illustrate with example law of multiple proportion.

## - Watch Video Solution

197. Give the difference between orbit and orbital.

## - Watch Video Solution

198. Calculate the frequency of the light emitted when an electron Jumps form $\mathrm{n}=3$ to $\mathrm{n}=1\left[\mathrm{R}=1096789 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right]$
199. How would you synthesise Borax form coletnanite.

## - Watch Video Solution

200. Compare the acidic nature of the oxides of Group 13 elements.

## - Watch Video Solution

201. Which one is less basic methylamine and aniline.

## - Watch Video Solution

202. What is particulate matter give example.
203. If the wave length and energy of an electron be $\lambda$ and E then show that $\mathrm{E}=h^{2} / 2 m \lambda^{2}$

## - Watch Video Solution

204. Write one differences between-particle and wave.

## - Watch Video Solution

205. Derive de Broglies wave particle dnality eqn. Which quantum number is independent form others?

## - Watch Video Solution

206. Arrange with proper expiation in ascending order of Basisity of the following oxides. $\mathrm{MgO}, \mathrm{ZnO}, \mathrm{CaO}, \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
207. Find the position of the element having atomic number 21 in the periodic table (modern) Indicate the block in which it comes?

## - Watch Video Solution

208. What is $\sigma$ and $\pi$ bond? Which one is stronger among them?

## - Watch Video Solution

209. The bond length and dipole moment of the covalent compound $A B$ is
$1.2 \AA$ and 1.24D. Find the covalent character of the compound.

## - Watch Video Solution

210. Write the Vander Walls equation for n'mole of the real gas.
211. For the following reaction at 298 K
$2 X+Y \rightarrow Z$
$\Delta H=300 \mathrm{kj} \mathrm{mol}(-1)$ and $\Delta S=0.2 \mathrm{kj} K^{-1} \mathrm{~mol}^{\wedge}(-1)$ At what tempreature will the reaction become spontaneous considering $\Delta H$ and 'DeltaS to be constnt over the temperature range?

## - Watch Video Solution

212. What is state function? Give example what do you mean by intrernal energy?

## - Watch Video Solution

213. Balance the equation by oxidation number method.
$\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}+\mathrm{FeSO}_{4}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{~K}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}+\mathrm{Cr}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3}+\mathrm{Fe}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3}$

## - Watch Video Solution

214. What is the oxidation sate of Cr in $\mathrm{CrO} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ ?

## - Watch Video Solution

215. What is volume strength? Which one is more powerful 10 volume and $10 \% \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ solution.

## - Watch Video Solution

216. Classify the hydrides into Covalent, Interstital, electron deficient ,electorn rich ionic. $\mathrm{FeH} . \mathrm{CuH}, \mathrm{B}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6}, \mathrm{CaH}_{2}$

## - Watch Video Solution

217. State two reason for abnormal behaviour of Be .

## - Watch Video Solution

218. Why $B e F_{2}$ is highly soluble in water.

## - Watch Video Solution

219. Given IUPAC name of the following Compound.


## - Watch Video Solution

220. Given IUPAC name of the following Compound.
$\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)-\mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{Br})-\mathrm{COOH}$
221. How would you determine the presence of sulphur in organic compound.

## - Watch Video Solution

222. When $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{SCN}$ is added to the aquous solution of $\mathrm{FeCl}_{3}$ the solution turns red but with addition of $\mathrm{NH}_{4}$ CIfedds the red Coluration. Explain. Shall it give same result if $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$ is heated in a open and closed Container separately?

## - Watch Video Solution

223. State the nature of $\mathrm{CO}, \mathrm{Geo} . \mathrm{SnO}, \& \mathrm{PbO}$. Which allotrope of carbon isured to make super conductor. Why Co can't be dried using Concentrated $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$.
224. What is per halosilanes? How would you prepare per halosilanes. Write one use of silica gel?

## Watch Video Solution

225. Identify the Compound which on Ozonolysis gives Methanal and propanal. Write with example Markonikov's rule.

## - Watch Video Solution

226. The possible $m$ values for ' $2 p$ ' orbital are
A. $+2,0,-2$
B. $-2,0,+1$
C. $+1,0,-1$
D. $+1,0,-3$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

227. Which one has highest bond angle-
A. $P C I I_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{BH}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$
D. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$

## Answer:

228. In which Compound the Central atom is $s p_{2}$ hybridised-

## A. $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

B. CO
C. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

229. Spreadibility increases for the liquid when-
A. Viscosity increases
B. Surface tension decreases
C. Surface tension increases
D. Viscosity decreases

## Answer:

230. For Adiabetic Expansion of an ideal gas-
A. Temperature decreases
B. $w=0$
C. $q=0$
D. $\mathrm{H}=0$.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

231. Internal energy does not include
A. Atomic energy
B. Rotational energy
C. Combustion energy
D. Vibrational energy

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

232. If the $t \frac{1}{2}$ for any reaction be inversely proportion at to the initial Concentration of the reactant then the order of reaction is-
A. Zero
B. one
C. Two
D. or more.

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

233. Which one does not react with NaOH
A. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
B. $\mathrm{SiO}_{2}$
C. BeO
D. $P_{2} O_{5}$.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

234. Gypsum is
A. $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{CaSO}_{4}$
C. MgO
D. $\mathrm{MgCO}_{3}$

## Answer:

235. The General name of $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ is
A. Neohexane
B. Isopentane
C. 2, 2 - dimethyl butane
D. Isopentane.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

236. Whic one show geometric isomerism
A. 2 -Butene
B. 2- Butyne
C. 2-Butanol
D. I-Butene.

Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

237. $\mathrm{CnH} \mathrm{H}_{2 n}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \xrightarrow[\Delta]{\mathrm{Ni} / 300^{\circ} \mathrm{c}} C n H_{2 n}+2$ this is known as
A. Sabettier \& sandaren
B. Friedel Craft
C. Kolbe
D. Wurtz-reaction.

## Answer:

A. $-\mathrm{SO}_{3} \mathrm{H}$
B. $-\mathrm{NO}_{2}$
C. $-\mathrm{NH}_{2}$
D. $-C N$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

239. Which gas evolyes in maximum in Volcanic erruption
A. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$
C. $H_{2} S$
D. $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$

## Answer:

240. 1 Amu =how much gm?

## D Watch Video Solution

241. The reagent which consumed'whole in a reaction is called?

## - Watch Video Solution

242. Name a 'd' block element which is not transitional.

## - Watch Video Solution

243. In which block inner transition metal is.included?

## - Watch Video Solution

244. What type of property entorpy is?

## - Watch Video Solution

245. Name one anti aromatic Compound.

## - Watch Video Solution

246. Show that $\mathrm{E}=A / v$ where $\mathrm{E}, \mathrm{A}, \mathrm{V}$ used are in usual meaning?

## - Watch Video Solution

247. Establish the relation between .vapour density and moleculer weight of gas.

## - Watch Video Solution

248. Prove that in 'n'th shell $2 n^{2}$ number of electron,can be accomodated.

## - Watch Video Solution

249. Give the difference between orbit and orbital.

## - Watch Video Solution

250. Write with Condition \& balanced equation the preparation of CO from oxalic acid.

## - Watch Video Solution

251. Illustrate with example metamerism.

## - Watch Video Solution

252. Illusttrate with example tautomerism.

## - Watch Video Solution

253. Write full form of TLV. How Taj Mahal is effected by atmosphere?

## - Watch Video Solution

254. If the uncertainty of position of a particle of mass $1 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{gm}$ be $1.56 \times 16^{-3} \mathrm{~cm}$ then find the uncertainty of its velocity?

## - Watch Video Solution

255. Write the electronic configurration of $C r_{3+}$ ion and find no of unpaired electron in it.

## ( Watch Video Solution

256. Define lonisation potential. How it changes form left,to right in 2nd period?

## - Watch Video Solution

257. Define electorn affinity. State its changes down a group.

## - Watch Video Solution

258. Illustrate with example Sizweek maximum valency theory.

## - Watch Video Solution

259. Give an example of Compression of octate. Which one is more soluble in alcohol KI or KCl .

## - Watch Video Solution

260. In which Condition real gas behalves ideally? Why real gas diviates from ideal behaviour.

## - Watch Video Solution

261. What do you mean by surface tension? State dimension of surface tension. Why the viscosity of a liquid decreases with increase of temperature.

## - Watch Video Solution

262. Write twodifferences between reversible and irreversible process.What is open system?

## - Watch Video Solution

263. Calculate, $\Delta U, W$ and $Q$ when an ideal gas is compressed at 5 atm pressure from 25 litre to 5 litre at a constant temp of $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
264. What is oxidaiton number? Explain that oxidation and reduction Occurs simultaneously.

## - Watch Video Solution

265. Why Li can't be stored in Kerosene like Na ? Give an example of super oxide.

## - Watch Video Solution

266. Calculate the hardness of water in ppm when $2.56 \mathrm{gmMgCO}_{3}$ dissolved in 1 litre water.

## - Watch Video Solution

267. Write the structural formula of the following organic Compound:-2, 3- dimethyl -1, 3-pentadiene.

## - Watch Video Solution

268. Write the structural formula of the following organic Compound:-

Butane -1, 2, 3 - tri Carbaldehyde.

## - Watch Video Solution

269. Write the structural formula of the following organic Compound:-3-Chloro- 3, 4-dimethylpentanal.

## - Watch Video Solution

270. Explain why atomic radius of Ga is less than that of Al ? $A l C I_{3}$ forms .dimer but $\mathrm{BCl}_{3}$ does not - Explain? What is corrundum?
271. Give an example of poly nuclear aromatice compound. Write one merit and onedimesti of wurtz reaction. Shall methane can be synthesie using kolbe electrolyris process?

## - Watch Video Solution

272. How would you convert:Ethene $\rightarrow$ Acetylene.

## - Watch Video Solution

273. How would you convert:Acetylene $\rightarrow$ Methane.

## - Watch Video Solution

274. What reagent is used for synthesis of alkane by Corey- house synthen's.

## Watch Video Solution

275. No of Subshell under principle quantum no ' $n$ ':
A. $n^{2}$
B. $\mathrm{n}-1$
C. $2 n$
D. $n$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

276. Covalency is maximum when a bond is formed between-
A. Atoms of same clement
B. Size of the atoms are almost equal
C. Maximum differences of elctro positivity
D. Having same electronic Configuration.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

277. Reversible process is that process in Which
A. Surroundings transformed into system
B. System Spontaneously converts to surronundings
C. There is no boundary between system and surroundings
D. Always there.exist equilibrium between system and surroundings.

## Answer:

278. The value of compressibility factor of an ideal gas:
A. 1
B. -1
C. 2
D. 0.7

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

279. For the reaction $3 A \rightarrow 2 B$ the rate $D \frac{B}{d} A$ is equal to
A. $-\frac{2}{3} \frac{d A}{d t}$
B. $\frac{3}{2} \frac{d A}{d t}$
C. $-\frac{1}{3} \frac{d A}{d t}$
D. $3 \frac{d A}{d t}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

280. Which pair shows diagonal property
A. AI\& Be
B. Li \&'Na
C. $\mathrm{Na} \& \mathrm{Mg}$
D. Al\& Mg.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

281. Which among the following having highest ionic Conductivity
A. $L i^{\oplus}$
B. $N a^{\oplus}$
C. $K^{\oplus}$
D. $C s^{\oplus}$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

282. Which pair shows geometrical isomerism—
A. d \& I lactic acid
B. Maleic \& fumeric acid
C. Active \& meso tartasic acid
D. Acetone \& 2-propanol.

## Answer:

283. Which functional group has least priority-
A. - OH
B. - CHO
C. -O-
D. -COOH .

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

284. Correct order of halogenation reaction of hydrocarbon-
A. Chlorination $>$ Bromination $>$ Idoination
B. Bromination $>$ Chlorination $>$ Iodination
C. Chlorination $>$ lodination $>$ Bromination
D. Bromination $>$ Iodination $>$ Chlorination.

Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

285. Find $A$ in the figure:

A. $\mathrm{LiAIH}_{4}$
B. $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{ConcH}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
C. Na-ether
D. $\mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3} / \mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$

## Answer:

286. Which one is non biodegradable
A. Green vegetables
B. Gamaxine
C. Cow-dunk
D. Dead-body.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

287. How many significant figure in 0.013200 ?

## - Watch Video Solution

288. What is lanthanide?
289. What is stair step diagonal?

## - Watch Video Solution

290. WHat is thermodynamic equilibrium?

## Watch Video Solution

291. What is octane number?

## - Watch Video Solution

292. Give an example of antiknock compound

## - Watch Video Solution

293. Calculate the number of $\mathrm{H} \& \mathrm{O}$ atoms in 90 gm waterat $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
294. State with example law of Reciprocal proportion.

## - Watch Video Solution

295. Calculate the wave length of photon having energy 2 'ev.

## - Watch Video Solution

296. Find the first ionization energy of hydorgen atom given $E_{1}=-13.38 e v$

## - Watch Video Solution

297. Why the 1st lonisation potential of $N_{2}$ is higher than $O_{2}$ ?
298. Electron affinity of inert elements are positive. Why?

## - Watch Video Solution

299. Give-IUPAC name of the following organic Compound


## - Watch Video Solution

300. Give-IUPAC name of the following organic Compound

$$
\begin{gathered}
\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{C} \\
: \mathrm{C} \equiv \mathrm{CH} \\
\cdot \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}
\end{gathered}
$$

301. Write two Causes of air pollution on State one. remidy of it.

## - Watch Video Solution

302. Write de Broglie equation for wave,particle duality.

## - Watch Video Solution

303. Show that P orbital can accomodate at least 6 electrons.

## - Watch Video Solution

304. What do you mean by lanthanoid Contraction?

## - Watch Video Solution

305. Arrange $\mathrm{mg}, \mathrm{A} 1, \mathrm{Si}$ and Na in the increasing order of their lonisation potentials.

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306. What is electronegetivity? State with reason its change accross a period.

## ( Watch Video Solution

307. Which one shows higher Covalent Character LiCl or Lil? and why?

## - Watch Video Solution

308. What is hybridisation? Explain with example $s p^{2}$ hybridisation.

## ( Watch Video Solution

309. Write Graham's law of diffusion. Write the S.I'unit of viscosity?

## - Watch Video Solution

310. What is Capillery action? Give molecular interpretation of surface tension

## - Watch Video Solution

311. Calculate the final pressure when 2 molesof He at N..T.P. is compressed to 10 lit. Given $\gamma=1.61$

## - Watch Video Solution

312. Bond dissociation energy ofC-C, C = C, H-H\&C-Hare 300, 550,350, 400
$\mathrm{Kj} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ Calculate heat of hydorgenation of ethylene.
313. Find the oxidation number of * marked element in the following Compound:- $\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{6}\right] \mathrm{Cl}_{3}$

## - Watch Video Solution

314. Calculate the oxidation no of * marked atom:*Fe (CO)_5

## - Watch Video Solution

315. Balance the euqation by oxidation no method:$\mathrm{SnCl}_{2}+\mathrm{HCl}+\mathrm{O}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{SnCI}_{4}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

## - Watch Video Solution

316. What is 'syn gas'? Why it is called syn gas?
317. Can $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ Solution be concentrated by heating?

## - Watch Video Solution

318. What is volume strength? Which one is more powerful 10 volume and $10 \% \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ solution.

## - Watch Video Solution

319. Write the drawbacks of solveyprocess for synthesis of $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$

## - Watch Video Solution

320. Write the IUPAC name of :-


Watch Video Solution
321. Write the IUPAC name of :-


## - Watch Video Solution

322. What is stereoganic Centere?

## - Watch Video Solution

323. Express the equilibrium constant of the reaction in the forms of $K_{p}$ and $K_{c}$ - for the reaction, $\mathrm{N}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+3 \mathrm{H}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{NH}_{3}(\mathrm{~g})$.
324. State two differences between physical \& Chemical equlibrium state the effect of temperature for the equilibrium.ICe $\rightarrow$ water

## - Watch Video Solution

325. Discuss the effect of heat on the equilibrium $N_{2}(g)+O_{2}(g)=2 N O(g)-44 K C a l$.

## - Watch Video Solution

326. Why Boron has hight melting point? How would you -synthesis diborane? What is Zir Con?

## - Watch Video Solution

327. Explain why $\mathbb{C l}_{4}$ is not hydrolysed while $\mathrm{SiCl}_{4}$ is hydroglysed
328. What happens when:- HCOOH is treated with Conc. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$

## - Watch Video Solution

329. What is flint glass?

## - Watch Video Solution

330. How would you Carry out the following Conversion:Isopropyl bromide $\rightarrow$ 2,3-dimethyl butane

## - Watch Video Solution

331. Do the following conversions:

Acetelene from Methane
332. What is Marsh gas.

## - Watch Video Solution

333. Hiesenberg uncertainty pinciplestate two parameters for an elctron which can't be measured simultaneously,
A. Momentum \& kinetic energy
B. Position \& potential energy
C. Kinetic \& potential energy
D. Position on and momentum.

## Answer:

- Watch Video Solution

334. Which one is non polar
A. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{BCl}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{CCl}_{4}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

335. Which one does not form Hydorgen bonding
A. Liq. $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
B. Phenol
C. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
D. Liq. HCl

## Answer:

336. Why the smell of body spray spreads
A. Diffusion
B. Surface tension
C. Viscosity
D. Density

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

337. $\Delta \mathrm{G}=\mathrm{O}$ at equilibrium is satisfied under condition
A. Constant temp. \& pressure
B. Constant temp \& volume
C. Constant pressure \& volume
D. Constant pressure \& Density.

Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

338. For endothermic reaction $\Delta \mathrm{H}$ value is-
A. Positive
B. Negative
C. Zero
D. Constant.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

339. The efficiency of a catalyst depends on-
A. Mass of particle
B. Size of particle
C. Magnetice nature of particle
D. Structure of particle.

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

340. Which one hasleast melting point
A. $C a C l_{2}$
B. $C a B r_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{Cal}_{2}$
D. $C a F_{2}$.

## Answer:

341. Which one undergoes thermal decomposition
A. $\mathrm{MgCO}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{NA}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

342. 1-Chlorobutane on treatment with alcholic KOH gives
A. But-1-ene
B. Butan -1-al
C. But-2-ene
D. Butan -2- ol.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

343. Which one has highest boiling point-
A. n-hexane
B. n-pentane
C. 2, 2-dimethyl propane
D. 2-Methyl Butane.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

344. Which one is not isomeric with diethylether
A. n - propylmethyl ether
B. 1-butanol
C. 2 - Methyl -2-propanol
D. Butanone

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

345. No. of isomer possible for $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{14}-$
A. 4
B. 6
C. 5
D. 7

## Answer:

346. Which one causes Minamata
A. Cu
B. Fe
C. Hg
D. Pb .

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

347. Write one defect of law of constant proportion:

## - Watch Video Solution

348. Give on example of inner transition metal.
349. What is an open system?.

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350. Write one' intensive property.

## - Watch Video Solution

351. State one limitation of Wartz reaction.

## - Watch Video Solution

352. What is 90 's benzol?
353. Establish the relation between normal \& vapour density of gas.

## - Watch Video Solution

354. State two postulates of Bohr atom model

## - Watch Video Solution

355. State with example aufbau principle.

## - Watch Video Solution

356. Arrange the lewis acids as per increasing order $B C l_{3}, B F_{3}, B B r_{3}, B I_{3}$
357. Write the structural formula of I, 3 -dimethyl Cyelopentane.

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358. Write IUPAC name of


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359. What is Chemilumisence? State one of its harmful effect.

## Watch Video Solution

360. Write two defects of Bohr Model. What is Quantum number?.

## - Watch Video Solution

361. State the drawbacks of Rutherford Model. What is the nature of atomic spectra as per Bohr model.

## - Watch Video Solution

362. Why all the 'd' - block elements are not transitional?- explain with proper example.

## - Watch Video Solution

363. Write two Characteristics of S block emement. Write general electronic configuration of 'd' block element.
364. What is dipole moment? if the dipole moment of $\mathrm{CS}_{2}$ be Zero then predict its structure.

## - Watch Video Solution

365. Why the boiling point of ethyl alcohol is higher than diethyl ether?

## - Watch Video Solution

366. Classify the following intensive and extensive properties:-Internal Energy

## - Watch Video Solution

367. Classify the following intensive and extensive properties:-heat Capacity
368. Classify the following intensive and extensive properties:-enthalpy

## - Watch Video Solution

369. Classify the following intensive and extensive properties:-Entorpy.

## - Watch Video Solution

370. WHat is thermodynamic equilibrium?

## - Watch Video Solution

371. Calculate the work done when $56 \mathrm{gm} N_{2}$ gas (ideal) at $28^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ expands from 10 atm pressure to 2 atm pressure.
372. What is the oxidation number of * market element in $\mathrm{Ca}\left(\mathrm{O}^{*} \mathrm{Cl}\right) \mathrm{Cl}$ ?

## - Watch Video Solution

373. Balance the reaction by ion-electron method
$\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}+\mathrm{FeSO}_{4}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{~K}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}+\mathrm{MnSO}_{4}+\mathrm{Fe}_{2}\left(\mathrm{So}_{4}\right)_{3}$

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374. Calculate the hardness of Water When 1 gm FeCl 3 dissolved in 1 liter water.

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375. What is the magneitude of Compresibility factor for real gas at very low pressure. Plot long PVS log V for an ideal gas. Write the unit of vanderwall's constant 'a'
376. What is Boyl's temperature? Define Critical temperature and pressure

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377. What happens when lithium hybride is neated with Aluminium Chloride?

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378. Write unit of hardness?

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379. Write the IUPAC name for the following Compounds :- `CH_3$\mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{2} 2\right)-\mathrm{CH}_{-} 2-\mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{-}\right)-\mathrm{COOH}$

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380. Write the IUPAC name for the following Compounds :-
$\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\stackrel{\sim}{\mathrm{CH}}-\mathrm{CH}=\stackrel{-}{\mathrm{CH}} \mathrm{CH}_{2}$

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381. Write the IUPAC name for the following Compounds :-

$$
\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\underset{\mathrm{O}}{\mathrm{C}}-\underset{\mathrm{Br}}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}
$$

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383. State La-Chatelier priciple for equilibrium of a chemical reaction.

## - Watch Video Solution

384. Explain why $\mathbb{C l}_{4}$ is not hydrolysed while $\mathrm{SiCl}_{4}$ is hydroglysed

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385. State with equation effect of temperature on Boric acid. Why CO can't be dried using concentrated $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$. Wht is diborane?
386. How would you carryout the following Conversion :-


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387. How would you Carryout the following Conversion :- $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow$ Ethylene'.

## - Watch Video Solution

388. How would you Carryout the following Conversion :- $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow$ Diethylether.
389. Which one is correct for planck theory
A. $E=\frac{h \gamma}{C}$
B. $E=\frac{h c}{E=\frac{h \gamma}{C}}$
C. $E=\frac{h C}{\lambda}$
D. $E=\frac{H}{Y c}$

## Answer:

390. Which one is least lonic
A. AgCl
B. $\mathrm{BaCl}_{2}$
C. KCl
D. $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$

Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

391. Which one is not hydrolysed
A. $\mathrm{SbCl}_{3}$
B. $P F_{3}$
C. $A S C l_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{NF}_{3}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

392. The relationship between r.m.s velocity and density is
A. $C r m s \alpha \frac{2}{d^{2}}$
B. $C r m s \alpha \frac{1}{d}$
C. $C r m s \alpha \frac{1}{\sqrt{d}}$
D. $C r m s \alpha \sqrt{d}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

393. Which one is correct for isothermal expansion of an ideal gas
A. Enthalpyclereases
B. Enthalpyremain unchange
C. entropy changes
D. Entopy remain Constant

## Answer:

394. Which one is the correct unit of entropy?
A. $C a l$ or $i e m o l-1$
B. Cal or iedeg ${ }^{-1} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
C. Caldeg ${ }^{-1}$
D. 7 mll

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

395. $K p / K c$ for $C O+\frac{1}{2} O_{2}=\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
A. $1: \sqrt{R} T$
B. $1: \sqrt{R} T: 1$
C. $R T: 1$
D. 1:1

Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

396. Asbestos the ore of:
A. Zn
B. Mg
C. Na
D. Ca

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

397. Baking salt is:
A. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
B. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$
C. NaCl
D. $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

398. Ocresol and Benzyl Alcohol are isomer of type
A. Metamerism
B. fanchenal
C. Positional
D. Chain.

## Answer:

399. Which one is optically active
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C1}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{BrC1}$
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Cl}$
D. CHBrFCl

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

400. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ is used for nitration of Benzene for
A. as solvent
B. for generation of nitronium ion
C. for dehydrating agent
D. sulphenating agent.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

401. The main product formed when $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CHBrCH}_{3}$ is treated with
alcholic KOH.
A. Butene
B. 1- butyne
C. 2-butene
D. 1-butinotd.

## Answer:

402. Which one damages ozonosphere
A. Chlorfluro methane
B. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$
D. $S O_{2}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

403. State Dulong-Petits rule.

## - Watch Video Solution

404. Name the most electronegetive element?
405. What do you mean by extensive property of system?

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406. Write the definition of entropy.

## - Watch Video Solution

407. State Huckells-rule for aromaticity.

## - Watch Video Solution

408. How much quantity of water will be produced when electric spark is made in a mixture of $20 \mathrm{gm} \mathrm{H}_{2}$ and $200 \mathrm{gm} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ ? State the composition of products obtained.
409. Weight of 0.1 mole of ' $X_{-} 2 Y$ is 4.4 gm and 0.05 mole of $X Y \_2$ is 2.3 gm . find the atomic weight ' $x$ '.

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410. Give the difference between orbit and orbital.

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411. Dimond is non conductor of electricity but Graphatite is a conductor of electricity explain.

## - Watch Video Solution

412. What happen when boran is strongly heated with Concentrated nitric acid. Give balanced Chemical reaction.
413. What is TEL? State one of its harmful effects.

## - Watch Video Solution

414. Show from Hiickell rule of aromaticity that cyclo propenye cation is aromatic.

## - Watch Video Solution

415. Explain that $F e^{3}+$ is more stable than $F e^{2}+$. State Atifbau principle. What is the meaning of Aufban?

## - Watch Video Solution

416. How many orbitals are possible for $n=3$, State the notations used for them? How many fold degenerate they are?
417. Why is the Electron affinity of Be and Mg endothermic in nature?

## - Watch Video Solution

418. State three Characteristics of 'd' block element.

## - Watch Video Solution

419. Write the Lewis dot structures for the following compounds: NaCN , $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CO}, \mathrm{COCl}_{2}$

## - Watch Video Solution

420. Which one is more stronger and why between $\sigma$ and $\pi$ bond? State the process hybridisation in ethene.
421. What do you mean by partial pressure of gas? State Daltors partial pressure of gases refer the conditions

## - Watch Video Solution

422. What do you mean by surfactant? Give example. Wjiat is the magnitude of surface tension at critical temperature?

## - Watch Video Solution

423. Write two differences between reversible and irreversible process?

Why enthalpy gets move tnportance than internal energy in the discussion of thermodynamics.

## - Watch Video Solution

424. It the free energy change for a reaction at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ be 5.4 Kj Calculate the equilibrium constant for the reaction. State wheather the vaporisation of water at $110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 1 atm pressure is a spontaneous or non spontaneous process.

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425. Why di1 $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ is more convenient than syrapic $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}$ for the preparation of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ ? What is Marc's perhydrol.

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426. How $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ is recovered in solvey process? State one use of sodium amalgum.

## - Watch Video Solution

427. What do you mean by homolytic and heterolyic fission. Give the IUPAC name of

## - Watch Video Solution

428. $\mathrm{Kp} / \mathrm{Kc}$ for $\mathrm{CO}+\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}=\mathrm{CO}_{2}$

## - Watch Video Solution

429. What happens.when (Give balanced Chemical eqn) BoricAcid is heated with methanol and the Vapour produced is held to the flame of abunsenbumer.
430. What happens.when (Give balanced Chemical eqn)Boran trifluride is treated with $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$ ? What is. the formula of silicones.

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431. What will happens if CO is treated with NaOH at high temp.Why $B F_{3}$ acts as lewis acid? What is glass?

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432. How would you convert

433. Indentify C
$---5---4+1$
$\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2} \xrightarrow{\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{HBi}\right.} \mathrm{C}$

## - Watch Video Solution

434. Indentify E


## - Watch Video Solution

435. Aufbau principle violated in-
A. $2 s^{2} 2 P x^{1} 2 P y^{2}$
B. $2 s^{2} 2 P x^{2} 2 P z^{1}$
C. $2 s^{2} 2 P x^{1} 2 P y^{1} 2 P z^{1}$
D. $2 s^{1} 2 P x^{1} 2 P y^{1} 2 P z^{2}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

436. $d s p^{2}$ hybridisation has geometry
A. Trigonal
B. planner square
C. Tetrahedral
D. Octahedral

## Answer:

437. Which one is not linear
A. $H_{2} C_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
C. HCN
D. $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

438. Pressure of 44.8 litre of 2 moles of an ideal gas at 546 K is:
A. 3 atm
B. 1 atm
C. 4 atm
D. 2 atm

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

439. Which one is the correct unit of entropy?
A. $\mathrm{JK}^{-1} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
B. $\mathrm{Jmol}^{-1}$
C. $J^{-1} k^{-1} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
D. $J-\mathrm{kmol}^{-1}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

440. Which relation for $\Delta H$ for the reaction $N_{2}+3 H_{2}=2 \mathrm{NH}_{3}$ is correct
A. $\Delta H=$ DeltaU-2RT ${ }^{`}$
B. $\Delta H=$ DeltaU+RT ${ }^{`}$
C. $\Delta H=$ DeltaRT $^{`}$
D. $\Delta H=$ DeltaU $+2 \mathrm{RT}{ }^{`}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

441. $\mathrm{aA}+\mathrm{bB}=$ Product for the above reaction $: \frac{d A}{d T}: \frac{d B}{d T}$
A. 1:1
B. $\frac{b}{d}$
C. $\frac{a}{b}$
D. $\frac{b}{a}$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

442. Which carbonates has the highest thermal stability
A. $\mathrm{CS}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{Rb}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$

## Answer:

443. Which one has least Coyalent Character-
A. $B e C l_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{SrCl}_{2}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

444. Which one is used to identify nitrogen in Lassign test -
A. $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$ soln
B. $\mathrm{FeSO}_{4}$ soln
C. Sodium Nitroprunide soln
D. $\mathrm{BaCl}_{2}$ Soln

## Answer:

445. Whic one show geometric isomerism
A. Acetone - oximes
B. Benzo phenon'e oxime
C. Isobujen
D. acetophnone oxime

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

446. Which one is produced when quarternary ethyl ammonium hydroxide is strongly heated
A. Ethane
B. Ethene
C. Ethyne
D. Ethanol

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

447. $\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}+\mathrm{PdCI}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow \mathrm{A}+\mathrm{Pd}+\mathrm{HClA}$ is
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHO}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}$
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$
D. $H C \equiv C H$

## Answer:

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448. Hypothermia is a disease for
A. Cow
B. Man
C. Bird
D. Fish

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

449. Which law of Chemical Combination does not obey Dalton's atomic theory?

## - Watch Video Solution

450. Find the mass of Nitrogen atom equal to the number of Carbon atoms in $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
451. State modern periodic law.

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452. State two non periodic properties of element.

## - Watch Video Solution

453. Prove that $p V^{\gamma}=$ constant in adiabatic process .

## - Watch Video Solution

454. What is the use of Kjeldahl process?

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455. State equivalent ration law with example.
456. Establish the relation between normal \& Vapour density of real gass.

## - Watch Video Solution

457. Find the magnetic and azimuthat quantum number possible in $\mathrm{N}=3$.

## - Watch Video Solution

458. Show that 3d subshell can accommodate at most 10 electrons.

## - Watch Video Solution

459. Explain why $\mathbb{C l}_{4}$ is not hydrolysed while $\mathrm{SiCl}_{4}$ is hydroglysed
460. Why $\mathrm{Pb}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COO}\right)_{2}$ do not causes black Precipitation when mixed with charcoal and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$.

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461. Which one is more basic and why? $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$ \&


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462. What is biomagnification?
463. Calculate the 2nd ionisation enthealpy of $\mathrm{Li}^{\wedge}(2+)$ given for hydrogem $\mathrm{En}=-\frac{13.6}{n^{2}}$ e.v.

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464. If the value of Rydberg constant of hydrogen is $109737 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ determine the longest and shortest wavelengths of the Balmer series.

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465. Define Covalent and vanderwal radium. Comment which is higher?

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466. When F does not give precipitation with $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$ soln? Which one has higher-lattice energy KF \& KI.

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467. Dipole moment and bond length of a molecule A - B type are 7.42 D and 2.04 A respectively. Calculate \% lonic Character. What is H -bonding?

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468. Find the ratio of molecular weight of two gaes when rate of diffusion is 16 times more for the 2nd one. State Grahams law diffusion.

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469. Calculate the entropy change for 100 gm water at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ [latent heat vaporisation is $40.4 \mathrm{Kjmol}^{-1}$ ] what type of change is observed for entropy for end other reaction.

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470. State two characteristics of spontaneous process. State 2nd law of Thermodynamics.

## D Watch Video Solution

471. Balance the following reaction by ion-electron by ion-electron method- $\mathrm{HNO}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S} \rightarrow \mathrm{NO}+\mathrm{S}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

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472. Balance the following reaction by ion-electron by ion-electron method $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}+\mathrm{SO}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{~S}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

## - Watch Video Solution

473. Why $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ Can't be use for the preparation of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ by $\mathrm{BaO}_{2}$ ? What is Marshall acid?
474. State Similents of $\mathrm{Li} \& \mathrm{Mg}$ in chemical property. What is magnetic moment.

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475. Which one is more acidic $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{COOH}$ \& $\mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{COOH}$ Give an example of +I effect.

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476. Why $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}$ shows acidic nature? Give IUPAC name of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CN}$.

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477. Kp for the reaction $\mathrm{PCl}_{5} f P \mathrm{Pl}_{3}+\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ is 1.6 atm. Calculate the equilibrium pressure for $50 \%$ dissociation. Discuss the effect of temperature and promise for the reaction. $N_{2}(g)+O_{2}(g)=2 N O(g) \Delta H>O$

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478. Calculate the PH of $1(M)$ Monobasic acid soln. in which degree of dissociation is $1.42 \%$ State with example the activities of alkaline buffer solution

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479. What happens when mixture of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ gas is passed through a slurry of powdered gypsum in water?

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480. What happens when Borax is strongly heated. What is Oil dag?

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481. What happens Mixture of sand and $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ is strongly heated.

What is Oil dag?

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482. How would you Converst


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483. What is the percentage of Benzene in 90s benzol.
484. No. of unpaired electron in $\mathrm{Ni}^{2+}$ ion-
A. 0
B. 2
C. 8
D. 4

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

485. Hybridisation of xe in xe $F_{2}$ :
A. $S p^{3}$
B. Sp
C. $S p^{3} d^{2}$
D. $S p^{3} d$

Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

486. Which one has least bond angle:
A. $B e F_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$
C. $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{PH}_{3}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

487. Real gas behalves ideally at:
A. High temp \& low pressure
B. Low temperature \& high pressure
C. high temperature \& high pressure
D. Low temperature and low pressure

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

488. Heat of
formation
of
$\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{O}_{11}(\mathrm{~S}), \mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \& \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{I})$ are $-530,-94.3 \&-68.3 \mathrm{KCal} / \mathrm{mol}$ respectively how much quantity of $C_{12} H_{22} O_{11}(S)$ can be burnt to get 2700 K Cal of heat:
A. 684 gm
B. 692.6 gm
C. 832.74 gm
D. 463.9 gm

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

489. Enthalpy Change for exothermic process-
A. O
B. $-v e$
C. $+v e$
D. $\alpha$

## Answer:

490. Solution of the compound having highest pH value:
B. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$
D. $\mathrm{NaNO}_{3}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

491. Which one does not yield $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ on thermal decomposition:
A. $\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{KNO}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{Pb}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$

## Answer:

492. Initial input for solvely process-
A. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
B. Camalite
C. Brine solution
D. None of these.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

493. Which one has highest acidic nature:
A.

## $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$

0
B.

C.
D.


Answer:

## O <br> Watch Video Solution

494. Which one shows tautomerism:
A. 2-pentanone
B. phenol
C. lacticacid
D. 2-butene

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

495. Major product obtained vvheh $C l_{2}$ is passed through boiling toluene:
A.
B.

C.

D.


Answer:
496. Reagent which converts 2 - hexyne to 2 - hexene :
A. $\mathrm{Pb} / \mathrm{BaSO}_{4}$
B. Pt/ $H_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$
D. $\mathrm{Li} / \mathrm{NH}_{3}$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

497. CFC- 11 is:

A. $\mathrm{CFCI}_{3}$<br>B. $\mathrm{CHCI}_{3}$

C. $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CI}_{2}$
D. $C C I_{4}$

Answer:

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498.1 (N) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ solution contains how many moles $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ :

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499. Determine the emperical formula of benzene.

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500. Write the name of highest electronegative element.
501. Name two element which shows diagonal relationship.

## - Watch Video Solution

502. What type of property heat capacity is?

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503. What is octane number?

## - Watch Video Solution

504. State whether Daltons atomic theory can explain Gay Lussac's gas volume law explain.

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505. Express 0.0004362 by significant notation. How many significant figure are there in the above number?

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506. State two limitations of Rutherford's atom model.

## - Watch Video Solution

507. What is isober? Write the magnitude' of Rydberg's Constant.

## - Watch Video Solution

508. How would you prepare:Boric acid form Colemanite.

## - Watch Video Solution

509. How would you prepare:Carbon monoxide from formic acid.

## - Watch Video Solution

510. How would-you establish the presences of special element in organic Compound: $N_{2}$. Write only the process name and concerned chemical reaction)

## - Watch Video Solution

511. How would-you establish the presences of special element in organic Compound:S.(Write only the process name and concerned chemical reaction)

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512. What dp you mean by BOD \& COD?
513. Calculate the de Broglie Wavelength of an electron having kinetic energy 3.6 MeV .

## - Watch Video Solution

514. Calculate the frequency of the highest wavelength of balmer series.

## - Watch Video Solution

515. What do you mean by electronegetivity? Write its change across a period.
516. Find the position of ${ }_{17} A^{35}$ in periodic table indicate whether the element concerned is a metal or non metal.

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517. Illustrate with example: Sp-hybridisation.

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518. Find the hybridisation of the * marked element in the following compound. $\dot{\mathrm{P}} \mathrm{Cl}_{5}, \dot{\mathrm{C} O C l} l_{2}, \dot{\mathrm{SO}}{ }_{3}^{2-} \& \dot{\mathrm{~N}} \mathrm{H}_{4}{ }^{\oplus}$.

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519. What is the dipole moment of $\mathbb{C} I_{4}$ ?

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520. Write the Vanderwall's equation for real gas. Explain the term involved.Write the units for Vanderwall's constant 'a'.

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521. What do you mean by surface tension? Write its dimension. Write the S.I. unit of it.

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522. Calculate the entropy change of melting- of 5 gm ice. What type of function entropy is?

## - Watch Video Solution

523. $\Delta H$ and $\Delta S$ for a reaction at $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ are $-24 \mathrm{kcalmol}^{-1}$ \& $24 \mathrm{cal} . \mathrm{mol}^{-1} / \mathrm{K}$ respetively predict about the spontainty of the process.
524. Balance the euqation by oxidation no method:$\mathrm{SnCl}_{2}+\mathrm{HCl}+\mathrm{O}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{SnCI}_{4}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

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525. 

Balance
by
oxidation
number
method
$\mathrm{Cu}+\mathrm{HNO}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}+\mathrm{NO}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$.

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526. Balance the following reaction by oxidation number method:
$\mathrm{MnO}_{2}+\mathrm{HCI} \rightarrow \mathrm{MnCl}_{2}+\mathrm{CI}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$.

## - Watch Video Solution

527. How would you prepare $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ by electrolysis method? Is $\mathrm{MnO}_{2}$ a peroxide?

## - Watch Video Solution

528. Why alkaline earth metal are respondant to flame test?

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529. 2.4 gm of silver salt of a monobasic organic acid when heated 1.24 gm silver is obtained. Determine the molecular weight of the acid.

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530. What type of equilibrium 'is this $3 \mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{s})+(\mathrm{g}) f \mathrm{fe}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4}(\mathrm{~S}) 4 \mathrm{H}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ Discuss the effect of incorporation of inert gas at the homeogeneous equlibrium at constant temperature and pressure.
531. Why black precipital is formed when $H_{2} S$ is passed through $\mathrm{Pb}^{2+}$ \& $C u^{2+}$ soln in 0.3 (M) HC1 solution. What is common ion effect? Give example.

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532. State the reason: $\mathrm{PbI}_{4}$ does not exist but $P b F_{4}$ fairly stable.

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533. Explains why $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ is gaseous while $\mathrm{SiO}_{2}$ is a Solid?

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534. How would you carry out the following Conversion:


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535. Name one heterocyclic aromatic compound.

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536. Correct ground state electronic configuraton of Cr is:
A. $[A r] 3 d^{4} 4 s^{2}$
B. $[A r] 3 d^{5} 4 s^{1}$
C. $[N e] 3 d^{5} 4 s^{1}$
D. $[N e] 3 d^{24} 4 s^{2}$.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

537. Which one is coloured :
A. $M g F_{2}$
B. $C u F_{2}$
C. $A g_{2} S O_{4}$
D. CuCl

## Answer:

538. Which one is tetrahedral:
A. $\mathrm{SO}_{4}^{2-}$
B. $\mathrm{SO}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{SO}_{3}^{2-}$
D. $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

539. Which one is not applicable for reversible process:
A. It is slow
B. It occurs all at a sudden
C. Maintain thermodynamic equlibrium
D. Can be reversed to the initial stage properly

## Answer:

540. Spontaneous process is:
A. Irrevasible
B. Free energy change negative
C. entropy increases
D. all applicable

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

541. Which one, of the following equilibrium is independent of pressure:
A. $2 \mathrm{SO}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{2}=2 \mathrm{SO}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{N}_{2}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2}=2 \mathrm{NH}_{3}$
C. $N_{2}+O_{2}=2 N O$
D. $P C l_{3}+C l_{2}=P C I_{5}$

## Answer:

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542. Correct order of basisity of the oxides:
A. $\mathrm{BeO}<\mathrm{Mgo}<\mathrm{CaO}<\mathrm{SrO}$
B. $\mathrm{BeO}>\mathrm{MgO}>\mathrm{CaO}>\mathrm{SrO}$
C. $\mathrm{BCO}>\mathrm{CaO}>\mathrm{MgO}>\mathrm{SrO}$
D. $\mathrm{CaO}>\mathrm{MgO}>\mathrm{BCO}>\mathrm{SrO}$

## Answer:

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543. Which one is a component of sorel Cement:
A. $\mathrm{ZnCl}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$
D. CaO

## Answer:

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544. Sulphonation is easier for:
A.

B.

C.
D.

## $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$

## Answer:

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545. Chiral Carbon refers to:
A. Isomer having mirror image relationship
B. Having Centre of symmetry
C. Having plane of Symmetry
D. Having geometrc isomer

## Answer:

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546. NO of possible isomer for the compound $\mathrm{C}_{7} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}$ :
A. 2
B. 5
C. 3
D. 4

## Answer:

547. Boiling point of branched alkaneas compare to normal alkane-
A. Higher
B. lower
C. equal
D. not related

## Answer:

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548. Beagon contains Compounds which is-
A. Chlorinated
B. Fluorinated
C. Phosphate
D. Carbamate group

## Answer:

549. What is accuracy?

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550. What do you mean by reliability?

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551. In which block element lanthanoid Contraction observe?

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552. Give an example of inert pair effect?

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553. What is the change of free energy in irrevsisible process?
554. What is light Oil?

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555. 1.25 gm of a metal process $62.4 \mathrm{ml} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{H}_{2}$ at NTP, Calculate the equivalent. weight of the metal.

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556. Give the difference between orbit and orbital.

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557. What happens when:CuO is heated with $\mathrm{B}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ in (Oxidation flame)
558. $\mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ is heated with $\mathrm{B}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ in (reducing flame)

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559. Write the structural formula for the following compound:1, 2, 3 trimethyl Cyclopentane.

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560. Write the structural formula for the following compound:4-Chtoro -

2 - Pentanone.

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561. What is stone Cancer.
562. Calculate the energy of 1 Millimole of photon having wavelength 405nm

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563. Calculate the radius of the $3^{\text {rd }}$ orbit in which electron has the velocity $1 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{sec}$.

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564. Arrange the following oxides as per their increasing order of acidic nature. $\mathrm{B}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}, \mathrm{CO}_{2}, \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{O} \& \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ State modern periodic law.

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565. Arrange the element as per increasing electronegativity $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{Te}, \mathrm{Se}, \mathrm{S}$.
'Name a coinage metal.

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566. Why the boiling point of $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ is higher than that of $\mathrm{PH}_{3}$ ? Give an example-of interamoleculer hydogen bonding?

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567. Why the bond length of $B F_{3}$ is less than that of $B F_{4}$ ? Find the hybridi, sation of Cl in $\mathrm{CIO}_{4}^{+}$.

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568. Calculate th r.m.s. velocities of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ at $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Show that $C_{r m s}=$ $\sqrt{2 \frac{E}{M}}$
569. Why the rain drops are spherical? Why the surface-tension of pb is higher than that of water.-

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570. Calculate the enthalpy for the reaction at $27^{0} C$. $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{Cl}(\mathrm{s}) \rightarrow \mathrm{CH}_{4}(\mathrm{~g})+\mathrm{HCl}(\mathrm{g})$,
$\Delta H^{0}(C-C)=350 \mathrm{kjmol}^{-1} H^{0}(C-H)=410 \mathrm{Kjmol}^{-}$1, Delta $\mathrm{H}(\mathrm{C}=$ C) $=600 \mathrm{kjmol}^{\wedge}(-1)$-Delta $\mathrm{H}^{\wedge} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Cl})=340^{\wedge} 0 \mathrm{kjmol}{ }^{\wedge}(-1)$, Delta $\mathrm{H}^{\wedge} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{Cl})=$ 430 kjmol $^{\wedge}(-1)^{\wedge}$.

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571. Calculate $\Delta H-\Delta U$ at $25^{\circ} C$ for the reaction: $\mathrm{H}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})=\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{l})$.
572. What is the oxidation number of Mn in $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{MnO}_{4}$ ?

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573. Calculate the oxidation no of * marked atom:* ${ }^{*} \mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CO})$ _5

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574. Balance the equation by oxidation no method : $\mathrm{AI}+\mathrm{NaOH}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow \mathrm{NaAlO}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2}$

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575. Balance by oxidation number method
$\mathrm{P}_{4}+\mathrm{NaOH}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow \mathrm{NaH}_{2} \mathrm{PO}_{2}+\mathrm{PH}_{3}$.

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576. What do you mean by Interstitial and non stoichiometric hydrides? Give example.

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577. Why $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ can't be prepared by solvey process? What is backing soda?

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578. What is carbene? How many types of carbene present? Give example.

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579. $2 A B_{2}(g)=2 A B(g)+B_{2}(g)$ if the degree of dissociation and total pressure be x and P respectively them establish the equation for Kp . Discuss the effect of temperature and pressure for the physical

## equilibrium.

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580. Calculate the pH 0.01 (m) ch_ 3 COOH at $25^{\wedge} @ \mathrm{C}$
. (Givendissociationcons $\tan$ tofC $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}=1.75 \times 10^{-5}$

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581. Write the, equation what happen when:Borax is' heated with ethanol and cone $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and the vapour comes out is held to the flame of bunsen burner.

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582. Write the, equation what happen when:Mixture of diborane and Ammonia is strongly heated.
583. State reason :Why born nitrides is called inorganic graphite..

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584. State reason : $B H_{3}$ forms dimer.

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585. Give example of 3-centre-2-electron bond.

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586. How would you differ chemically:Ethene \& Ethyne.
587. How would you differ chemically:1 - Butene \& 2 - butene.

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588. Write short note on:Friedel Craft alkylation reaction.

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589. Write short note on:Aromaticity.
