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## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - UNITED BOOK HOUSE

## MODEL QUESTION PAPER 2

Exercise

1. If uncertainty in the position of electron is
zero, the uncertainty in its momentum would

## be

A. zero
B. $\geq \frac{h}{4 \pi}$
C. $<\frac{h}{4 \pi}$
D. Infinite

Answer:

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2. Which of the following has highest dipole moment?
A. $H_{2} S$
B. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
C. $\mathbb{C} l_{4}$
D. $B F_{3}$

Answer:

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3. In a chemical change from ${ }^{\mathrm{PCl}} 3$ rarr $\mathrm{PCl}_{-} 5$
the hybrid, state of $P$ changes from
A. $s p^{2} \rightarrow s p^{3} d$
B. $s p^{3} \rightarrow s p^{2}$
C. $s p^{3} \rightarrow s p^{3} d$
D. $s p^{3} \rightarrow d s p^{2}$

Answer:

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4. For the reaction $2 \mathrm{NH}_{3}(\mathrm{~g})$ overset(rarr) (larr)
$N_{2}(g)+3 H_{2}(g)$ the unit of the $K_{p}$ will be
A. atm
B. $(\mathrm{atm})^{3}$
C. $(a t m)^{-2}$
D. $(\mathrm{atm})^{2}$

## Answer:

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5. The ratio of most probable velocity, average velocity and root mean square velocity is
A. $\sqrt{2}: \sqrt{8} / \pi: \sqrt{3}$
B. $1: \sqrt{2}: \sqrt{3}$
C. $\sqrt{2}: \sqrt{3}: \sqrt{8}$
D. $1: \sqrt{8} \pi: \sqrt{3}$

## Answer:

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6. The heat absorbed in a reaction at constant temperature and constant volume is
A. $\Delta \mathrm{E}$
B. $\Delta \mathrm{H}$
C. $-\Delta \mathrm{G}$
D. $\Delta \mathrm{G}$

Answer:

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7. 

For
the
reaction,
$2 \mathrm{NH}_{3}(g) \rightarrow \mathrm{N}_{2}(g)+3 \mathrm{H}_{2}(g)$, which of the following statement is correct?
A. $\Delta \mathrm{H}=\Delta \mathrm{E}$
B. $\Delta H \geq \Delta E$
C. $\Delta H>\Delta E$
D. $\Delta \mathrm{H}=0$

Answer:

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8. Which of the following oxides is not expected to react with NaOH ?
A. $C a O$
B. $\mathrm{SiO}_{2}$
C. BeO
D. $\mathrm{B}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$

Answer:

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9. Which has the maximum lattice energy?
A. RbF
B. CsF
C. NaF
D. KF

## Answer:

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10. The IUPAC name of the compound,
$C H \equiv C-C H=C H_{2}$ is
A. 1-Butyne-3-ene
B. But-1-yne-3-ene
C. 1-Butene-3-yne
D. 3-butene-1-yne

## Answer:

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11. The molecule in which $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ bond length is maximum is
A. $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{2}$
B. $C_{2} H_{4}$
C. $C_{2} H_{6}$
D. $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{HBr}$

## Answer:

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12.
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3} \xrightarrow{\text { catalyst }} \mathrm{CH}_{3}-\underset{\substack{\mathrm{C} \\ \mathrm{CH}_{3}}}{\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}}$
The
catalyst used in the above conversion is
A. $\mathrm{ZnCl}_{2} / \mathrm{HCl}$
B. $A l C l_{3}$
C. $P d C \frac{l_{2}}{H} C l$
D. $\mathrm{CuCl} / \mathrm{HCl}$

## Answer:

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13. Benzene reacts with $I_{2}$ in presence of which of the following to give iodobenzene?
A. $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$
B. $H I$
C. $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

Answer:

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14. Hypothermia is a disease for
A. Cow

B. Man

C. Fish
D. Bird

## Answer:

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15. The atomic weight and equivalent weight of an element are 27 and 9 respectively. What is the formula of it's chloride?
16. Which block contains inner transition elements.

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17. Which element has highest oxidising property?
18. Is entropy increases for-the following change? Explain :C(diamond) $\rightarrow \mathrm{C}$ (graphite)

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19. According to first law, for a cyclic process
$q+w=. . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.

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# 20. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{6}+\mathrm{CO}+\mathrm{HCl} \xrightarrow{\text { Anhydrous } \mathrm{AlCl}_{3}}$ $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ 

Identify 'A'.

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21. How many neutrons are present in
$5 \times 10^{-1}$ moles of $C_{6}^{14} ?$
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22. Write two difference between orbit anoorbital. What difference will be found jn $2 p$ \& 3p orbital.

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23. Write two limitations of Bohr's theory.

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24. $\left[\mathrm{SiF}_{6}\right]^{2-}$ is known but $\left[\mathrm{SiCI}_{6}\right]^{2-}$ is not.

Give reasons.

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25. Complete the following reactions :
$B_{2} H_{6}+3 O_{2} \rightarrow$

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26. Complete the following reactions :
$\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~B}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{7}+7 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow$

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27. Write the structural formula of $3,4,4,5-$ tetramethylheptane.

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28. Arrange the following in decreasing order of -I effect: $-I,-B r,-C l,-F$

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29. Why $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \stackrel{(+)}{C}$ is more stable than $\stackrel{(+)}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{H}_{3}$
?

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30. Briefly mention the role of ozone present in stratosphere in protecting the living world.

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31. Calculate the uncertainty in velocity of a moving object of mass 25 g , if the uncertainty in- its position be $10^{\wedge}-5$.

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32. Which series of lines of the hydrogen spectrum lies in the visible region?

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33. Nitrogen has positive electron gain enthalpy.Explain.

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34. Arrange Mg , $\mathrm{Al}, \mathrm{Si}$ and Na in the increasing order of their ionisation potentials.

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35. What are the characteristics of the transition elements and why are they called transition elements ? Which of the d - block elements may not be regarded as the transition elements ?
36. Between $F e^{2}+$ and $F e^{3}+$ which is smaller in size?

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37. ortho-nitrophenol is less soluble is water than p - and m-nitrophenols because-

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38. Determine the number of $\sigma$ and $\pi$ bonds in sulphuric acid.

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39. In case of $\mathrm{CO}_{3}^{2-}$ ion, all the $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O}$ bond lengths are equal explain.

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40. Define co-ordination number.

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41. Density of a gas is founded to be $5.46 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{dm}^{3}$ at $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and at 2 bar pressure. What will be its density at STP.

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42. Critical temperature of $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ are 405.5 K and 304.10 K respectively. Which of these gases will liquiefy first when you start
cooling from 500 K to their critical temperature.

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43. Calculate the standard enthalpy of reaction at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ temperature for the following reaction

$$
: C_{6} H_{6}(I)+\frac{15}{/} 2 O_{2}(\mathrm{~g})
$$

$6 \mathrm{CO}_{2}(g)+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{I})$. Given: The standard enthalpy of formation of $C_{6} H_{6}(I), . \mathrm{CO}_{2}(g)$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{I})$ are $49.0 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1},-393.5 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ and $-285.8 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ respectively.

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44. Calculate the entropy change, at $0^{\circ} C$ for the process $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(s) \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(I)$. Given : At $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{s}) \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{g}), \Delta \mathrm{H}=51885 \mathrm{~J} . \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{I}) \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{g}), \Delta \mathrm{H}=45860 \mathrm{~J} . \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$.

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45. State the mathematical definition of enthalpy.
46. Mention the oxidation number of carbon atom in $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}$ molecule.

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47. Balance the equations
$\mathrm{Cl}_{2}+\mathrm{OH}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{Cl}^{-}+\mathrm{ClO}_{3}^{-}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

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48. What is the oxidation number .of oxygen in
$\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ ?

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49. Balance . the following equation by

> oxidation number $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}+\mathrm{Cl}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow \mathrm{HCl}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$

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50. What do you mean by 'Non-stoichiometric hydrides'? Do you expect .this type of hydrides to be-formed by alkali metals? Justify your answer.

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51. Which out of $\mathrm{MgCO}_{3}, \mathrm{SrCO}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{BaCO}_{3}$ possesses highest thermal stability?

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52. $B e$ and $M g$ do not give colour to flame whereas other alkaline earth metals do so. Why?
( Watch Video Solution
53. why are alkali metals stored in kerosene?

D Watch Video Solution
54. What happens when calcium nitrate is
heated.

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55. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Cl}$ is unreactive towards. $S_{N}^{1}$ reaction.Why?

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56. Dipole moment of nitrobenzene is greater than that of nitroethane.Why?

## D Watch Video Solution

57. Give example of a non-nucleophilic anion.

## D Watch Video Solution

58. Explain the orders of acidity of carboxylic acids. $\mathrm{Cl}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{CHCOOH}>$

## $\mathrm{ClCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}$

## - Watch Video Solution

59. State Le Chatelier's principle. Discuss the effect of pressure, concentration and temperature on the following reaction.
$N_{2(g)}+O_{2(g)} \Leftrightarrow 2 N O_{(g)}$

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60. Two moles of HI were heated in a scaled tube at $440^{\circ} \mathrm{Cuntil}$ the equilibrium was reached. HI was found to be $22 \%$ dissociated.

Calculate equilibrium constant for the reaction $2 \mathrm{HI}(g) \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2}(g)+I_{2}(g)$.

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> 61. Find out $\quad K_{p} / K_{c} \quad$ for:
> $\mathrm{CO}(g)+\frac{1}{/} 2 \mathrm{O}_{2}(g) \rightleftarrows \mathrm{CO}_{2}(g)$
62. What will be pH of the solution obtained by mixing 50 ml 0.1 (N) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}$ to 25 ml $0.1(N) N a O H$ solution?'Given $p K_{a}=4.74$.

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63. What will happen when a solution of potassium chloride is added to a saturated solution of Lead chloride? Give reason.

## D Watch Video Solution

64. Explain : Boric acid is a weak acid.

## D Watch Video Solution

65. Explain :Tin (II) is reducing agent but Pb (II)
is not.

## D Watch Video Solution

66. Complete the following reaction : $B F_{3}+\mathrm{LiH}$

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67. Carry out of.the following transformation : $\mathrm{HC} \equiv \mathrm{CH} \rightarrow$ Oxalic acid

## - Watch Video Solution

68. Carry out of.the following transformation

$$
: \mathrm{HC} \equiv \mathrm{CH} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{C} \equiv \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}
$$

69. 



# : Identify 

'X'.

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70. Mention two polyhalogen compounds which, when heated with silver powder, produce acetylene.

# 71. Explain why nitrobenzene $\left(C_{6} H_{5}-N O_{2}\right)$ 

is used as a solvent in the Friedel-Crafts
reaction.

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72. Identify $A$. $B, C$ and $D$ in the following reaction sequence.

$$
\mathrm{A} \xrightarrow[\text { liq: } \mathrm{NH}_{3}]{\mathrm{Na}} \mathrm{~B} \xrightarrow[.]{\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{I}} \mathrm{C} \xrightarrow[\text { Pd-BaSO}]{\mathrm{H}_{4}} \mathrm{D} \xrightarrow[\substack{\text { (ii) } \mathrm{Zn} / \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \\ \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHO}+\mathrm{HCHO}:}]{\substack{\text { (i) } \mathrm{O}_{3}}}
$$

73. If the energy of an elctromin ground State of hydrogen atom be 13.6 ev then its ionisation potential is-
A. 27.2 ev
B. -13.6 ev
C. 13.6ev
D. $-27.2 e v$

Answer:

## 74. Exceptional Octate found in-

A. $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$
B. CO
C. $C_{2} H_{6}$
D. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$.

Answer:

D Watch Video Solution

## 75. Unpaired electron exist in-

A. $K O_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$
D. Ca

Answer:
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76. Moleculer weight of gas whose diffusion rate is half of methane:
A. 32
B. 64
C. 48
D. 16

Answer:

D Watch Video Solution

## 77. For spontaneous process-

A. $\Delta S T$ Total $=$ positive
B. $\Delta$ Ssys $=$ positive
C. $\Delta$ STotal $=$ Negative
D. $\Delta S s y s=$ Negative

## Answer:

- Watch Video Solution


# 78. $\Delta H-\Delta U$ for the reaction $C_{3} H_{8}(g)+S O_{2}(g)=3 \mathrm{CO}_{2}(g)+4 \mathrm{H}_{2} O(g)$. 

A. $+4 R T$
B. $-3 R T$
C. 2 RT
D. 5 RT

Answer:

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79. Active mass refers to:
A. Specific Gravity
B. Equivalent wt
C. Moleculer wt
D. Moler Concentration

Answer:

- Watch Video Solution

80. Which one is formed in the reaction between NaH and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$.
A. $\mathrm{NaO}{ }^{-}$
B. $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$
C. $H^{O+}$
D. $N a^{+}$

Answer:

D Watch Video Solution
81. Thermalstability is highest for the

Compound:
A. $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{BaCO}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$

Answer:

D Watch Video Solution
82. NO of double bond possible for $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{8}$.
A. 2
B. 4
C. 3
D. 5

Answer:

D Watch Video Solution
83. Which one can show functional isomerism :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } \mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \\
& \text { B. } \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}_{2} \\
& \text { C. } \mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{3} \\
& \text { D. } \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Answer:

84. HBr antimarcowni koff deoes not observed
in:
A. $C_{4} H_{8}$
B. pent - 2 ene
C. but-2-ene
D. propene

Answer:
(D) Watch Video Solution

## 85. Chlorosis is caused by -

A. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
B. $S o_{x}$
C. $N o_{x}$
D. $\mathrm{CHCI}_{3}$

Answer:

- Watch Video Solution

86. Which of the following reacts with ammoniacal $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$ solution:
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$
B. $C_{2} H_{6}$
C. $C_{2} H_{4}$
D. $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{2}$

Answer:
(D) Watch Video Solution
87. What is emperical formula?

D Watch Video Solution
88. What is the mass of 1 millimole $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ ?

## D Watch Video Solution

89. Give four defects of 'Mendeleev's periodic table.

D Watch Video Solution

## 90. What is internal energy?

## - Watch Video Solution

91. What do you mean by adeabetic process?

D Watch Video Solution
92. State one demerit of wurtz reaction?
93. State Dulong-petits law 1 write one limitation of it.

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94. If the equivalent weight of the mental $M$ be
x in MmOn . Find its atomic weight in terms of
$\mathrm{n}, \mathrm{m}$ and x .

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## 95. What is Quantum Numbers?

## D Watch Video Solution

96. Calculate the kinetic energy of an electron
having potential energy 1.5 ev . in SI unit.

## - Watch Video Solution

97. Why graphaite is sleepary? What is aquadag?

## - Watch Video Solution

98. Which one is weak acid and why? $\mathrm{ICH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}, \mathrm{BrCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}, \mathrm{ClCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}$

## - Watch Video Solution

99. Give the IUPACname of the following:

$$
\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\stackrel{\substack{\mathrm{CH}_{3} \\ \mathrm{CH} \\-\\ \underset{\mathrm{CH}}{\mathrm{C}} \\ \mathrm{C} \\ \mathrm{C} \\ \hline}}{\mathrm{CH}}-\mathrm{NH}_{2}
$$

100. What is acid rain?

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101. Write three defects of Bohr theory?

D Watch Video Solution
102. What is magnetic quantum numbe'r?'.If
the principle quantum number be 4 find the azimithal quntum numbers for the same.

## D Watch Video Solution

103. What do you mean by electron affinity?

State its change down a group.

## D Watch Video Solution

104. Arrange the Cations as per increasing radius ${ }^{`} \mathrm{Mg}_{-}(2+), \mathrm{Na}^{\wedge}(\mathrm{o}+) \& \mathrm{II}^{\wedge}(3+)$ Whatdo yoy mean by covalent radius.

## D Watch Video Solution

105. What is polesing power? What Shall be
the increasing order of polesising power of

$$
M g^{2+}, N a^{\oplus} \wedge 2 \& A I^{3+} ?
$$

## D Watch Video Solution

106. Find the increasing order of covalent nature of $\mathrm{AlCl}_{3}, M g C l_{2}$ and NaCl . What is Ionisation potential.

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107. Define Co-efficient of Viscosity of a liquid.

Write its S.I Unit.

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108. Calculate $q, w$ \& $\Delta u$ when a gas is Compressed from 15 lit to 5 lit at 5 atmospheric pressure in iso thermal irreversible process.

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109. Write Hess's law of constant heat summation. Write the mathematical expression-for entropy.
110. Balance the following reaction by oxidation no method
$\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{HNO}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$.

## D Watch Video Solution

111. Balance the following reaction by oxidation no method $\mathrm{Cu}+\mathrm{NO}--->\mathrm{CuO}+\mathrm{N} 2$

- Watch Video Solution

112. Balance the following reaction by oxidation no method
$\mathrm{FeCl}_{3}+\mathrm{SnCl}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{FeCl}_{2}+\mathrm{SnCl}_{4}$.

## D Watch Video Solution

113. State one method to remove permanent hardnessof water. Why $H_{2} S$ is a gas at ordinary room temperature?

## D Watch Video Solution

114. Why Csl is lesssoluble in water? Whatis used as anode in the extraction of Na in Down process?

## D Watch Video Solution

115. How $N_{2}$ is estimated in Duma's process.

## D Watch Video Solution

116. What is self Catalysis? Write Arrheneous equ for the specific rate constant of a reaction.Find $d \frac{A}{d t}: d B / d t$ for the reaction $2 A \rightarrow 3 B$

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117. Write ostwald dilution law 1 what is buffer solution? State with example, the activity of an acidic buffer- solution.
118. Boric acid is a weak acid, but in presence of Glycerol, it acts as a strong acid why?

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119. State reasons : $C F_{6}^{2-}$ does not form but SiF ${ }_{6}^{2-}$ forms write Chemical for rule of 'Borax.

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120. What happens when: $L i B H_{4}$ is reacted with $B F_{3}$ in dry ether medium.What is inorganic Graphaite?

## D Watch Video Solution

121. What happens when: $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ gas is passed
through $\mathrm{BaO}_{2}$ Suspension in water.What is inorganic Graphaite?
122. What is Ziegler natta Catalyst? State one use of it. State with example Markownikoffs rule.

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123. How would you differ,Chemically ethane \& ethylene.

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124. How would you differ,Propyne \& acetylene.

## D Watch Video Solution

125. What is P-2 Catalyst?

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