

CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - UNITED BOOK HOUSE

TECHNO INDIA GROUP ACADEMIA, SOUTH KOLKATA QUESTION PAPER

Exercise

1. The correct set of quantum numbers for the 19th electron of $a_{24}Cr$ atom is:

A.,
$$2, 0, +1/2$$

B.
$$4, 1, -1, +1/2$$

C.
$$3, 1, -1, \pm 1/2$$

D.
$$4, 0, 0, \pm 1/2$$

Answer:



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2. The number and type of bonds between two carbon atoms in CaC_2 are :

A. one sigma (σ) and one $\operatorname{pi}(\pi)$ bonds

B. one sigma (σ) and two pi (π) bonds

C. one sigma (σ) and one and a half $(\pi)bonds$

D. one sigma (σ) bond.

Answer:



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3. The ONO angle is maximum in :

A. NO_3^-

 $\mathsf{B.}\,NO_2$

C. NO_2^{-1}

D. NO_2^+

Answer:

4. Select the correct answer :A bottle of dry NH_3 and a bottle of dry HCL connected through a long tube are opened simultaneously at both ends, the white ring of NH_4CI first formed will be:

A. at the centreof the tube

B. near the HCl bottle

C. near the NH_3 bottle

D. throughout the length of the tube

Answer:



5. Which of the following is true for a reaction $H_2O(I)mH_2O(g)at100^{\circ}C1atm \ {\rm Pressure}:$

A.
$$\Delta H = \Delta U$$

B.
$$\Delta U = 0$$

$$C. \Delta H = 0$$

D.
$$\Delta H = T\Delta S$$

Answer:



6.

$$A
ightarrow B, \Delta H=4kcalmol^{-1}, \Delta S=10calmol^{-1}K^{-1}.$$

Reaction Is spontaneous when temperature is:

- A. 400k
- B. 300k
- C. 500k
- D. none

Answer:



7. The salt hydrolysis of the salt of strong acid and weak base is called:

A. Anionic hydrolysis

B. Cationic hydrolysis

C. Amphoteric hydrolysfs

D. none

Answer:



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8. The raw materials used in the manufacture of Na_2CO_3 by Solvay process are:

- A. NH_3 and CO_2
- B. NaCl and CO_2
- C. NaCl limestone and CO_2
- D. NH_3 brine and CO_2

Answer:



- **9.** Which of the following hydroxides is weakest base?
 - A. $Mg(OH)_2$
 - B. $Ca(OH)_2$
 - C. NaOH

D. KOH

Answer:



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10. Homolytic fission of C — C bond is ethane gives an intermediate in which carbon is :

- A. sp^3 hybridised
- B. sp^2 hybridised
- C. sp hybridised
- D. sp^3d hybridised

Answer:



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11. Which of the following is an electrophile?

A.
$$H_2O$$

B. NH_3

 $\mathsf{C}.\,AICI_3$

D. $C_2H_5NH_2$

Answer:



12. Electrolytic decarboxylation of sodium propionate
produces:
A. propane
B. ethane
C. methane
D. hutana
D. butane
Answer:
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13. Most common reactions of benzene and its derivatives are:

- A. electrophilic addition reactions
- B. Electrophilic substitution reactions
- C. Nucleophilic addition reactions
- D. Nucleophilic substitution reactions

Answer:



- **14.** Ozone in the stratosphere is depleted by:
 - A. C_6F_6
 - B. $C_6H_4CI_2$
 - C. CCI_2F_2

D. C_6H_6

Answer:



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15. Calculate the molarity of water if its density,is $1000kg/m^3$.



16. Na^+ and:Ne have the same number of electrons but the ionization potential of Na is 47.3 eV arid that of Ne only `21.6 eV. Why?

17. Write the general outer electronic configuration of f block elements.



18. The enthalpy of fusion of a compond is $5.6kJmol^{-1}$. Suggest the type of solid and nature of forces between its particle.



19. How are ΔH and ΔU are related? What is the difference between ΔH and ΔU in a fusion process?



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20. What is the product obtained when hydrogen Bromide reacts with propene in presence of benzoyl peroxide?



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21. A bride presents a 10 carat diamond ring to her groom during engagement. Calculate how many carbon

atoms actually she gifted? [1 carat = 200mg]



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22. When solutions containing 2.00 g Na_2SO_4 and 3. 00 gm $BaCl_2$ are mixed, what mass of $BaSO_4$ is produced? [Formula mass



 $Na_2SO_4 = 142\&BaCl_2 = 208$

23. $_{26}Fe^{3+}$ is more stable than Fe^{2+} . Explain why? Which is more paramagnetic?



24. Does the electron remain static while it is in a stationary orbit? Explain. What is the difference in the angular momentum of an electron present in 2p and that present in 5 p. orbital?



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25. Explain why atomic radius of Ga is less than that of Al? $AlCI_3$ forms .dimer but BCl_3 does not - Explain? What is corrundum?



26. What is Zeolites and write one use of it.



27. Write the IUPAC name of the following organic molecules: $CH_3CH(OH)CH_2CHO$.



28. Write the IUPAC name of the following organic molecules: $CH_3CH = CHCHCI_2$.



29. Define BOD and COD? How are these determined? Mention their units.



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30. What is meant by the statement that .an electron has dual character?



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31. What will be the maximum number of electrons of same spin present in an atom having n + 1 = 4?



32. How many orbitals do you expect to be present in the 5th shell?



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33. Give the difference between orbit and orbital.



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34. Write the electronic configuration of the following ions. $_{16}S^{2-}$ and $_{20}Ca^{2+}$.



35. Why the radius of an anion is greater than that of an atom of the element?'



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36. Which Carbocation has highest stability —



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37. Although ethanoic acid and ethanol are covalent compounds they are soluble in polar solvent water. Why?



38. Indicate the nature of bonds in the compound $NH_4Cl.$



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39. Give example of a molecule in which central atom'contains more than octet.



40. Which one is more polar NF_3 or NH_3 ? Explain



41. Oxygen gas is present,in a 1.0 L flask at a pressure of $7.6 \times 10^{-10} mm$ Hg at $27^{\circ}C$. Calculate the number of oxygen atoms in the "flask



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42. How compressibility factor help in understanding the deviation of real gas from ideal behaviour?



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43. Deduce the relationship between partial pressure, mole fraction and total pressure for the mixture of ideal

gases.



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44. Write the Vander Walls equation for n'mole of the real gas.



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45. Assuming the reactant and product gases of chemical reaction as ideal, show that for a gaseous reaction $\Delta H = \Delta U + \Delta nRT$ where ΔH and ΔU indicate the changes of enthalpy and internal energy, in the reaction.

46. Give example of a reaction where $\Delta H = \Delta U$.



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47. Calculate the resonance energy of N_2O from the following data $\Delta_1H^0ofN_2O=82kJmol^{-1}$ for the reaction $N_2(g)+\frac{1}{2}O_2(g)\to N_2O(g)$ Bond energy of $N=N,\,N=N,\,O=O$ and N=0 bonds are 946,418,498 and $607kJmol^{-1}$ respectively.



48. Balance the following equation by ion electron method:

$$Cr_2O_7^{2-} + H^{+} + C_2O_4^2
ightarrow \ + Cr^{3+}CO_2 + H_2O.$$



49. $KMnO_4$ oxidises oxalic acid in acid medium. Calculate the number of CO_2 molecules produced as per the balanced equation.



50. Explain why Hydrated barium peroxide is used in the preparation of hydrogen peroxide by barium peroxide

and sulphuric, acid?What does mean by 20 volume hydrogen peroxide.



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51. Why is Li_2CO_3 decomposed at a lower temperature whereas, Na_2CO_3 at higher temperature?



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52. Why are lithium salts are commonly hydrated and those of the other alkali ions are usually anhydrous?



53. Why aqueous solution of Na_2CO_3 is alkaline.



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54. Write the balance equations for reactions between water and potassium superoxide.



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55. How would you explain BaO is soluble but $BaSO_4$ is insoluble is water.



56. Give chemical identity of plaster of paris.



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57. What are electrophiles, nucleophiles and free radicals? Explain with examples.



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58. Express the equilibrium constant of the reaction in the forms of K_p and K_c - for the reaction, $N_2(g)+3H_2(g) o 2NH_3(g).$



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60. When 1 mole of ethyl alcohol and 1 mole of acetic acid arc heated in a closed vessel even for adong time 1 mole of ester and 1 mole of water are never produced. Explain why?



61. The solubility of magnesium hydroxide in water is $8.35 \times 10^{-3} gm/L$ at 298 K. Calculate its solubility product at this temperature. (Molar mass of Mg is 24 gm)



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62. Deduce the expression for the degree of ionization of a dilute aqueous acetic acid solution at a given temperature. Discuss the effect of addition sodium acetate solution separately to this solution.



63. Write the resonance structure of CO_3^{2-} ion. **Watch Video Solution 64.** Explain what happens when boric acid (H_3BO_3) is heated? **Watch Video Solution** 65. What is carbogen and what its use? **Watch Video Solution 66.** Draw the structure of inorganic Benzene.

67. Explain why 1-butyne produces white precipitate with ammoniacal $AgNO_3$ solution but 2 butyne does not respond to this reaction.



68. Ozonolysis of an alkene A yields two moles of me,thanol and one mole of ethane-1, 2 di al. Give the structure of A and IUPAC name.



69. Write the geometrical isomer of but-2-ene and which have greater dipole moment value.



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70. Write the chemical reaction occurred at anode in Kolbe's electrolytic preparation of alkane.



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71. Identify the compounds A, B, C and D in the following transformation :

$$A \stackrel{Na}{\longrightarrow} B \stackrel{CH_3I}{\longrightarrow} C \stackrel{Hg^{2+}}{\longrightarrow} D \stackrel{RedP+HI}{\longrightarrow} Propa
eq$$

•

72. Write structural formulas of A and B in the following two reactions.

$$CH_3CH = CH_2 \xrightarrow{HBr} A$$

$$Br_2 \xrightarrow{Br_2} B$$



73. Covert 'benzene → ethyl benzene'.

