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## MATHS

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## ALGEBRA

## Exercise

1. For any complex number $z$, show that the minimum value of $|z|+\mid z-1$
| is 1.

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2. If $a=\cos \alpha+i \sin \alpha$ and $\quad 1+\sqrt{1-b^{2}}=n b$,show that

$$
\frac{b}{2 n}(1+n a)\left(1+\frac{n}{a}\right)=1+b \cos \alpha
$$

3. 

$$
\text { If } x=a+b w+c w^{2}
$$

$x^{3}-3 a x^{2}+3\left(a^{2}-b c\right) x=a^{3}+b^{3}+c^{3}-3 a b c$.when w be the an imaginarry cube root of unity.

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4. If one of the root of the equation $(2+3 i) x^{2}-b x+(3-i)=0$ is (2
$-i)$, find the other root and also find the value of $b$.

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5. If $w$ is an imaginary cube root of unity, show that $\frac{w}{9}\left[(1-w)\left(1-w^{2}\right)\left(1-w^{4}\right)\left(1-w^{8}\right) \ldots . .9\left(\frac{c+a w+b w^{2}}{a w^{2}+b+c w}\right)^{2}\right]+1=0$

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6. If $\mathrm{p}+\mathrm{q}=\mathrm{m}+\mathrm{n}$ and $p^{2}+q^{2}=m^{2}+n^{2}$, then by using mathematical induction prove that $P^{r}+q^{r}=m^{r}+n^{r}$.

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7. If a. b, c are in G.P. and $\log _{c} a, \log _{b} c, \log _{a} \mathrm{~b}$ are in AP show that the common difference of the AP is $1(1 / 2)$

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8. If $A$ and $G$ are the A.M.and G.M. of two unequal positive numbers $a$ and
b, show that $A>G>\frac{G^{2}}{A}$

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9. In a G.P. 1st term and common ratio are a and $r$ resp. and if th sum of 1st p term is $S_{p}$ then show that $s_{1}+s_{2}+s_{3}+\ldots+s_{n}=\left[\operatorname{ar}\left(\mathrm{r}^{\wedge} \mathrm{n}-1\right)\right) /(\mathrm{r}-1)^{\wedge} 2$

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10. If the sides of a triangle are three consecutive termsof a G.P. then show that ' 1

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11. Show that : $\left(\wedge(4 n) C_{-}(2 n)\right) /\left(\wedge(2 n) C_{-} n\right)=(1.3 .5 . . .(4 n-1)) /\{1.3 .5 . . .(2 n-1)\}^{\wedge} 2$

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12. For $a \leq 0$, determine all the roots of the equation $x^{2}-2 a|x-a|-3 a^{2}=0$

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13. Prove that $n C_{r}+3 . n C_{r-1}+3 n C_{r-2}+n C_{r-3}=(n+3) C_{r}$

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14. If $\left(1+x+x^{2}\right)^{n}=a_{0}+a_{1} x+a_{2} x^{2}+\ldots .+a_{2 n} X^{2 n}$,show that $a_{0}+a_{3}+a_{6}+\ldots . .=a_{1}+a_{4}+a_{7}+\ldots=a_{2}+a_{5}+a_{8}+\ldots=3^{n-1}$

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15. The coefficient of the term independent of $x$ in the expansion of $\left[\frac{(x+1)}{x^{2 / 3}-x^{1 / 3}+1}-\frac{(x-1)}{x-x^{1 / 2}}\right]^{10}$ is

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16. Prove that the inequations $\frac{2 x+1}{7 x-1}>5$ and $\frac{x+7}{x-8}>2$ have no solutions
17. How many five -digit numbers divisible by 3 can be formed using the digits $0,1,2,3.4$ and 5 when ho digit is repeated?

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18. In how many cases there will be 3 Sundays when 20 dates are named at'random?

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