

MATHS

BOOKS - NAGEEN PRAKASHAN ENGLISH

APPLICATIONS OF INTEGRALS

Solved Example

1. Find the area of the region bounded by the line y = 2x, X - axis

and ordinate x = 2.



2. Find the area of the circle $x^2+y^2=a^2$ with radius a



3. Find the area of the region bounded by $x^2=4y$, y=2, y=4

and the y-axis in the first quadrant.

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4. Find the area bounded by the curve y = x(x-1)(x-2) and

the x-axis.

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5. Find the area of the region bounded by the curve y = |x + 1|,

lines x = -4, x = 2 and X-axis.

6. Find the area of the region included between the parabolas

$$y^2=4axandx^2=4ay, wherea>0.$$

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- 7. Find the area bounded by the parabola $y^2=4ax$ and the line
- y = 2ax.

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8. Find by integration the area of the region bounded by the

curve $y = 2x - x^2$ and the x-axis.

9. Find the area of the region in the first quadrant enclosed by the x-axis, the line y = x , and the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 32$.



11. In the adjoining, OABO is the region of the ellips $9x^2 + y^2 = 36$ which lies in first quadrant. If OA = 2, OB = 6,

then find the area of the region bounded by chord AB and arc AB.



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12. Using integration find the area of region bounded by the

triangle whose vertices are (1, 0), (2, 2) and (3, 1).



Exercise 8 A

1. Using intergration, find the area of the region bounded by the

line y = mx, X-axis and x = 2.



4. Find the area of the region bounded by the ellipse $rac{x^2}{a^2}+rac{y^2}{b^2}=1.$

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5. Find the area of the portion of an ellipse $4x^2 + 9y^2 = 36$, which is surrounding by the positive direction of x and y-axes.

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6. Using integration, find the area of the region bounded by the

curve $y^2 = 9x$ and lines x = 1 and x = 4.

7. Using intergration, find the area of the region bounded by the

curve $y^2 = x, x = 1, x = 4$ and X-axis.



9. Area of the regionbounded by the curve $y = \cos x$ between

x=0 and $x=\pi$ is

10. Find the area of that region of the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ which

lies between X-axis, x = 2a and the latus rectum.



13. Find the area of the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ bounded by its latus

rectum.



15. Find the area enclosed by the parabola $4y = 3x^2$ and the line

2y = 3x + 12.

A. 27 sq. units.

B. 17 sq. units.

C. 26 sq. units.

D. 28 sq. units.

Answer: A

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16. The area between $x = y^2$ and x = 4 is divided into two equal parts by the line x = a, find the value of a.

A.
$$a = 4^{4/3}$$

B. $a = 4^{3/2}$
C. $a = 4^{1/3}$
D. $a = 4^{2/3}$

Answer: D

17. Find the area of the region bounded by: the parabola $y=x^2$

and the line y = x



19. Using the method of integration find the area of the triangle

ABC, coordinates of whose vertices are A(2, 0), B (4, 5) and C (6, 3).

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20. Using integration, find the area of the triangle whose vertices
are (1, 0), (4, 0) and (4, 4).
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21. Using integration find the area of the triangular region whose

sides have equations $y=2x+1, \ y=3x+1$ and x=4

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23. Find the area of the region bounded by the curves $y^2=x+1$ and $y^2=-x+1.$

A.
$$\frac{5}{3}$$
 sq. units.
B. $\frac{7}{3}$ sq. units.
C. $\frac{8}{3}$ sq. units.
D. $\frac{10}{3}$ sq. units.

Answer: C

24. Find the area of the region bounded by the curves $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and $(x-2)^2 + y^2 = 4$.

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25. Find the smaller area enclosed between linex, if $y=\{x, ext{ if } x\geq 0 ext{ and } -x, ext{ if } x< 0 ext{ and } ext{ curve}$ $4x^2+9y^2=36$

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26. Find the equation of common tangent of $y^2 = 4ax$ and $x^2 = 4by$.

27. Using definite integration, find the area of the smaller region

bounded by the ellipse $9x^2 + 16y^2 = 144$ and x = 2.

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28. The circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4a^2$ is divided into two parts by the line $x = \frac{3a}{2}$. Find the ratio of areas of these two parts.

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Exercise 8 B Multiple Choice Questions

1. Find the area bounded by the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ and the line

y = 2ax.

A. 3a sq. units

B.
$$\frac{1}{3a}$$
 sq. units
C. $\frac{2}{3a}$ sq. units

D. None of these

Answer: B



2. Find the area bounded by the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ and its latus rectum.

A.
$$\frac{8a^2}{3}$$
 sq. units
B. $2a^2$ sq. units
C. $\frac{4a^2}{3}$ sq. units

D. None of these

Answer: A



3. Find the area of the region included between the parabolas

$$y^2=4axandx^2=4ay, wherea>0.$$

A.
$$\frac{16a^2}{3}$$
 sq. units
B. $\frac{8a^2}{3}$ sq. units
C. $\frac{4a^2}{3}$ sq. units

D. None of these

Answer: A

4. Find the area enclosed by the ellipse $rac{x^2}{a^2}+rac{y^2}{b^2}=1.$

A.
$$rac{1}{4}\pi ab$$
 sq. units
B. $rac{1}{2}\pi ab$ sq. units

C. πab sq. units

D. None of these

Answer: C

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5. The vertices of a triangle are (1, 0), (4, 0) and (4, 4). Its area is :

A. 4 sq. units

B. 6 sq. units

C. 8 sq. units

D. None of these

Answer: B

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6. The area of the region bounded by the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ and

the line x + y = 1 is :

A.
$$\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\right)$$
 sq. units
B. $\frac{\pi}{4}$ sq. units
C. $\frac{1}{2}$ sq. units

D. None of these

Answer: A



7. Find the area of the region bounded by the curve $y^2=4x$ and

the line x = 3.

A. $4\sqrt{3}$ sq. units

B. $8\sqrt{3}$ sq. units

C. $10\sqrt{3}$ sq. units

D. None of these

Answer: B



8. Find the area of the region bounded by the parabola $y = x^2$ and y = |x|.

A. 1 sq. unit

B.
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 sq. unit
C. $\frac{1}{4}$ sq. unit

D. None of these

Answer: B



9. Find the area of the region bounded by: the parabola $y = x^2$ and the line y = x

A.
$$\frac{9}{2}$$
 sq. units
B. $\frac{9}{4}$ sq. units
C. $\frac{9}{8}$ sq. units

D. 9 sq. units



10. Find the area enclosed by the parabola $4y=3x^2$ and the line

2y = 3x + 12.

A. 18 sq. units

B. 24 sq. units

C. 27 sq. units

D. None of these

Answer: C

1. Find the area of the region bounded by the curve $y^2 = 2y - x$ and the y-axis.

A.
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 sq. units
B. $\frac{4}{3}$ sq. units

C. 2 sq. units

D. None of these

Answer: B



2. Find the area of the region bounded by y $=x^2+1$,y=x ,x=0

and y=2

A.
$$\frac{21}{2}$$
 sq. units
B. $\frac{15}{2}$ sq. units

- C. 9 sq. units
- D. None of these

Answer: A



3. Find the area of the region enclosed between the two circles

$$x^{2} + y^{2} = 1 \ and \ (x - 1)^{2} + y^{2} = 1.$$

A.
$$\frac{2\pi}{3}$$
 sq. units
B. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ sq. units
C. $\left(\frac{2\pi}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$ sq. units

D. None of these

Answer: C Watch Video Solution

- **4.** The area of the region bounded by the curve y=|x-1| and
- y = 1 is:
 - A. 1 sq. unit
 - B. 2 sq. units
 - C. 3 sq. units
 - D. None of these
- Answer: A



5. The area bounded by the curves $y=xe^{x}, y=xe^{-x}$ and the

A.
$$\frac{1}{e}$$
 sq. units
B. $\frac{2}{e}$ sq. units
C. $\left(1 - \frac{1}{e}\right)$ sq. units

D. None of these

Answer: B



6. The area bounded by the x-axis and the curve $y=4x-y^2-3$

id

A.
$$rac{125}{6}$$
 sq. units

B.
$$\frac{125}{3}$$
 sq. units
C. $\frac{125}{4}$ sq. units
D. $\frac{125}{2}$ sq. units

Answer: A



7. The area of the region bounded by the curve $y = x {
m sin} x, \,$ x-axis,

x=0 and $x=2\pi$ is :

A. 2π sq. units

B. 3π sq. units

C. 4π sq. units

D. 5π sq. units

Answer: C



8. The area of the loop of the curve $ay^2 = x^2(a-x)$ is

A.
$$\frac{4a^2}{15}$$
 sq. units
B. $\frac{7a^2}{15}$ sq. units
C. $\frac{8a^2}{15}$ sq. units

D. None of these

Answer: C



9. The area of the region bounded by the curve $y = \sin 2x$, y-axis

and y = 1 is :

A. 1 sq. unit

B.
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 sq. unit
C. $\frac{1}{4}$ sq. unit
D. $\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{1}{2}\right)$ sq. uint

Answer: D



10. find the area common to the circle $x^2y^2 = 16a^2$ and the parabola $y^2 = 6ax$. Or Find the area of the region $\{(x,y): y^2 \le 6a \}$ and $\{(x,y): x^2 + y^2 \ge 16a^2\}$.

A.
$$rac{a^2}{3}ig(4\pi+\sqrt{3}ig)$$
 sq. units
B. $rac{4a^2}{3}ig(4\pi+\sqrt{3}ig)$ sq. units
C. $rac{2a^2}{3}ig(4\pi+\sqrt{3}ig)$ sq. units

D. None of the above

Answer: B



the lines x = 1, x = 4and the x-axis.



2. Find the area of the region bounded by $y^2=9x, x=2, x=4$

and the x-axis in the first quadrant.



5. Find area enclosed by ellipse
$$rac{x^2}{16}+rac{y^2}{9}=1$$

6. Prove that the area in the first quadrant enclosed by the axis,

the line $x=\sqrt{3}y$ and the circle $x^2+y^2=4\,is\,\pi/3.$

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7. Find the area of the smaller part of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ cut

off by the line $x = \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}$.

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8. The area between $x = y^2$ and x = 4 is divided into two equal

parts by the line x = a, find the value of a.

9. Find the area of the region bounded by the parabola $y=x^2$ and y=|x| .



10. Find the area bounded by the curve $x^2 = 4y$ and the straight

line x = 4y - 2.



11. Find the area of the region bounded by the curve $y^2=4x$ and

the line x = 3.

12. Area lying in the first quadrant and bounded by the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and the lines x = 0 and x = 2 is (A) π (B) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ (C) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ (D) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ A. π B. $\frac{\pi}{2}$ C. $\frac{\pi}{3}$ D. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

Answer: A

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13. Area of the region bounded by the curve $y^2 = 4x$, y-axis and the line y = 3 is 2 b. $\frac{9}{4}$ c. $\frac{9}{3}$ d. $\frac{9}{2}$

A. 2

B.
$$\frac{9}{4}$$

C. $\frac{9}{3}$
D. $\frac{9}{2}$

Answer: B



1. Find the area of circle $4x^2 + 4y^2 = 9$ which is interior to the

parabola $x^2=4y$







- **3.** Find the area of the region bounded by the curves $y=x^2+2$,
- y = x, x = 0andx = 3.

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4. Find the area region bounded by the triangle whose vertices

are (-1, 1), (0, 5) and (3, 2), using integration.

5. Using integration find the area of the triangular region whose sides have equations y = 2x + 1, y = 3x + 1 and x = 4

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- 6. Smaller area enclosed by the circle $x^2+y^2=4$ and the line
- x + y = 2 is:
 - A. $2(\pi-2)$
 - $\mathsf{B.}\,\pi-2$
 - $\mathsf{C.}\,2\pi-1$
 - D. $2(\pi + 2)$

Answer: B

7. Area lying between the curves $y^2 = 4x$ and y = 2x is:

A.
$$\frac{2}{3}$$

B. $\frac{1}{3}$
C. $\frac{1}{4}$
D. $\frac{3}{4}$

Answer:



Miscellaneous Exercise

1. Find the area under the given curves and given lines:(i) $y = x^2, x = 1, x = 2$ and x-axis(ii) $y = x^4, x = 1, x = 5$ and x-axis



3. Find the area of the region lying in the first quadrant and

bounded by $y = 4x^2$, x = 0, y = 1 and y = 4.

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4. Sketch the graph y=|x+3| · Evaluate $\int_{-6}^{0}|x+3|dx$ · What

does the value of this integral represent on the graph?



5. Find the area between the x-axis and the curve $y = \sin x$ from





7. Find the area enclosed by the parabola $4y = 3x^2$ and the line

2y = 3x + 12.

8. Find the area of the smaller region bounded by the ellipse

$$rac{x^2}{9}+rac{y^2}{4}=1$$
 and the line $rac{x}{3}+rac{y}{2}=1.$

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9. Find the area of the smaller region bounded by the ellipse

$$rac{x^2}{a^2}+rac{y^2}{b^2}=1$$
 and the straight line $rac{x}{a}+rac{y}{b}=1.$

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10. Find the area of the region enclosed by the parabola $x^2=y$,

the line y = x + 2 and the x-axis.





13. Using the method of integration find the area of the triangle

ABC, coordinates of whose vertices are A(2, 0), B (4, 5) and C (6, 3).

14. Using the method of integration find the area of the region

bounded by lines:2x + y = 4, 3x - 2y = 6and x - 3y + 5 = 0

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15. Find the area of the region $ig\{(x,y)\!:\!y^2\leq 4x, 4x^2+4y^2\leq 9ig\}$

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16. Area bounded by the curve $y = x^3$, the *x*-axis and the ordinates x = -2 and x = 1 is:

$$\mathsf{A}.-9$$

 $\mathsf{B}.\,\frac{-15}{4}$

C.
$$\frac{15}{4}$$

D. $\frac{17}{4}$

Answer: D

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17. The area bounded by the curve y=xert xert, $x ext{-axis}$ and the

ordinates x = -1 & x = 1 is:

A. 0

B.
$$\frac{1}{3}$$

C. $\frac{2}{3}$
D. $\frac{4}{3}$

Answer: C



18. The area of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 16$ exterior to the parabola $y^2 = 6x$ is(A) $\frac{4}{3} (4\pi - \sqrt{3})$ (B) $\frac{4}{3} (4\pi + \sqrt{3})$ (C) $\frac{4}{3} (8\pi - \sqrt{3})$ (D) $\frac{4}{3} (8\pi + \sqrt{3})$

A.
$$rac{4}{3}(4\pi-\sqrt{3})$$

B. $rac{4}{3}(4\pi+\sqrt{3})$
C. $rac{4}{3}(8\pi-\sqrt{3})$
D. $rac{4}{3}(8\pi+\sqrt{3})$

Answer: C



19. Find the area bounded by the y-axis, $y = \cos x, andy = \sin x when 0 \le x \le rac{\pi}{2}.$

A.
$$2\left(\sqrt{2-1}
ight)$$

B. $\sqrt{2}-1$
C. $\sqrt{2}+1$
D. $\sqrt{2}$

Answer: B