

BIOLOGY

BOOKS - SRIJAN BIOLOGY (ENGLISH)

SELF ASSESSMENT PAPER 3

Part I

1. What is genotype?



2. DNA and RNA contain four bases each. Which of the following bases is not present in RNA?



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3. What are flocs? Discuss their role in sewage treatment.



4. What is biological significance of golden rice production?



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5. What is bioprospecting?



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6. Define Mycorrhiza



7. Name a rod-shaped virus



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8. What is DNA polymorphism?



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9. The hormone that is released form the testes is:

B. Semen
C. Testosterone
D. Vasopressin
Answer:
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10. The first genetic material could be
A. Protein

A. Progesterone

- B. Carbohydrates
- C. DNA
- D. RNA

Answer:



- **11.** Antivenom against snake poison contains
 - A. Antigens
 - B. Antigen-antibody complex

- C. Antibodies
- D. Enzymes

Answer:



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12. Which of these processes does not give off CO_2 ?

- A. Lactate fermentation
- B. Aerobic respiration

C. Alcoholic fermentation

D. Photosynthesis

Answer:



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13. Give one significant contribution of each of the following scientists

(i) Gregor Mendel (ii) Hargobind Khurana (iii)

Kary mullis (iv) Hrshey & Chase



14. Define the following terms:

Tubectomy



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15. Give Reasons:

Mother.s first milk is required for immunity



16. 'Artificial insemination helps overcome several problems of normal mating in cattle". Do you agree ? Support you answer with any three reasons.



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Part li Section A

1. What is colostrum? How the milk production is normally regulated

2. Males in whom testes fail to descend to the scrotum are generally infertile. Why?



3. With the help of one example, explain the phenomena of-codominance and multiple allelism in human population.



4. Why do sports persons often fall a victim to cocaine addiction?



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5. How are .sticky ends. formed on a DNA strand? Why are they so called?



6. Despite having the great biodiversity why Amazon rain forest is under the risk of desertification.



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7. Describe broad-spectrum antibiotic. Give example



8. Describe sexually transmitting diseases.

Name some important STDs



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9. Why is ZIFT a boon to childless couples?

Explain



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Part Ii Section B

1. Define an operon, giving an example, explain an inducible operon.



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2. State the function of histones in DNA packaging



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3. What are intra uterine devices?

4. Explain how the act as contraceptive:

Saheli



5. Explain the effects of drug addiction on family, society and the addicts.



6. Draw and explain a logistic curve for a population of density (N) at the (t) whose intrinsic rate of natural increase is (r) and carrying capacity is (K)



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7. Why is there a need to conserve biodiversity? Name and explain any two ways that are responsible for the loss of biodiversity



8. Define immunity. Describe different ways to develop immunity. Write two differences between active and passive immunity.



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9. Draw a well labeled diagram of a section of a megasporangium of an angiosperm and label funiculus, micropyle, embryo sac and nucellus.



10. Starting with the zygote, draw the diagrams of the different stages of embryo development in a dicot.



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Part li Section C

1. What is a plasmid?



2. What is meant by ADA deficiency? How is gene therapy a solution to this problem? Why is it not a permanent cure?



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3. Give a brief account of genetic engineering.



4. How is insertional inactivation of an enzyme used as a selectable marker to differentiate recombinants from non-recombinants?



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5. Describe the double helix model of DNA with well labelled diagram



6. Briefly describe the technique employed in DNA fingerprinting



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7. A cross between a red flower bearing plant and a white flower bearing plant of Antirrhinum produced all plants having pink flowers. Work out a cross to explain how this is possible.



8. Give an account of artificial chromosomes in transfer of genetic material.

