





# **CHEMISTRY**

# **BOOKS - MS CHOUHAN**

# AMINES



# 1. In which of the following reaction cyanide will be

obtained as a major product ?

A. 
$$Ph - \overset{O}{\overset{||}{C}} - CH_3 \xrightarrow{(i) LiAH_4} \overset{(i) LiAH_4}{\overset{(ii) H_3O^+}}$$



#### Answer: C





Product (A) is :



Α.



Β.



D.

## **Answer: A**



3. Which of the following alkene cannot be prepared by de-amination of  $n - Bu - NH_2$  with n-Butyl  $NaNO_2/HCl$ ?

A. 1-butene

B. cis-2-butene

C. trans-2-butene

D. Iso-butene

Answer: D

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**4.** Predict the major product P in the following reaction.













# Answer: A





 $\stackrel{NaNO_2}{\longrightarrow}_{H_2SO_4}(A)$  , Product of this reaction is









## Answer: B







A will be









# Answer: B



# 7. Which of the following isomers of $C_8H_9NO$ is

the weakest base ?

A. o-Aminacetophenone

B. p-Aminoacetophenone

C. o-Aminoacetophenone

# D. Acetanilide

## Answer: D







A. 4 < 2 < 1 < 3

B. 4 < 3 < 1 < 2

 ${\sf C.}\,4 < 1 < 3 < 2$ 

D. 
$$2 < 1 < 3 < 4$$

#### **Answer: B**



**9.** Which of the following arylamines will not form a diazoniuum salt on reaction with sodium nitrite in hydrochloric acid ?

A. m-Ethylanilie

- B. p-Aminoacetophenone
- C. 4-Chloro-2-nitroaniline
- D. N-Ethyl-2-methylaniline

Answer: D

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**10.** Identify product D in the following reaction

sequence :

[Math Processing Error]



Answer: B



11. Which one of the following is best catalyst for

the reaction shown below?

 $CH_3(CH_2)_8CH_2Br \xrightarrow[kenzene]{KCN} CH_3(CH_2)_8CH_2CN$ 









### Answer: C



**12.** The major products obtained from the following sequence of reactions are :  $(CH_3)_2CHCH_2N(CH_2CH_3)_2 \xrightarrow{CH_3I} \xrightarrow{Ag_2O} \xrightarrow{Heat} \xrightarrow{H_2O} \xrightarrow{Products}$ 

A.  $(CH_3)_2 CHCH_2 NH_2 + H_2 C = CH_2$ B.  $(CH_3)_2 NCH_2 CH_3 + H_2 C = C(CH_3)_2$ C.  $CH_3 + H_2 C = C(CH_3)_2$ D.  $(CH_3)_2 CHCH_2 N CH_2 CH_3 + H_2 C = CH_2$ 

#### Answer: C







#### **Answer: D**







A. cyclopentane carboxyaldehyde

B. cyclohexane -1, 2-diol

C. 2-aminocyclohexene

D. cyclohex-2-enol

## Answer: A



**15.** Choose the appropriate product for this reaction.





## Answer: B



**16.** Which of the following product will be obtained in the given (consider minor product

also) Beckmann-type rearrangement?



 $(1) NH_2OH, HCl$  $(2) PCl_5, \Delta \qquad \mathsf{product}$ 







D. all of these

### Answer: D



17.	Deamination	(or)	diazotization	of
n -	$Bu-NH_2$	with	$NaNO_2/I$	HCl

gives.....isomeric butene.

A. 2

B. 3

C. 4

D. 5

# Answer: B





P and Q respectively are :









#### Answer: D



**19.** A nitrile X is treated with  $LiAIH_4$  to obtain compound Y ( $C_2H_7N$ ). In a separate reaction X is hydrolyzed in an acid medium to obtain Z. The product obtained after mixing Y and Z will be

A.  $CH_3CONHCH_2CH_3$ 

B.  $CH_3CH_2CONHCH_2CH_3$ 

 $\mathsf{C.}\left(CH_{3}COO^{-}\right)\left(CH_{3}CH_{2}NH_{3}^{+}\right)$ 

D.  $\left(CH_{3}CH_{2}COO^{-}
ight)\left(CH_{3}NH_{2}^{+}
ight)$ 

Answer: C

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**20.** The compound  $X(C_7H_9N)$  reacts with benzensulfonyl chloride to give  $Y(C_{13}H_{13}NO_2S)$ which is insoluble in alkali. The compound X is





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# Level 2

**1.** Five amine syntheses are outlined below. In each reaction box enter a single letter designating the best reagent and conditions selected from the list at the bottom of the page.

-				
А.	CH2 - Br	First Step	CH <sub>2</sub> - CH <sub>2</sub> - NH <sub>2</sub>	
в.	C H	First Step→ Second Step→ Third Step	CH <sub>2</sub> -N CH <sub>2</sub> -CH <sub>3</sub>	
C.	○N <sup>−</sup> H	First Step	0-0	
D.	NO <sub>2</sub>	First Step	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	
E.	₩Br	First Step		
(a)	(i) LiAlH <sub>4</sub> in ether	(ii) H <sub>2</sub> O & base		
(b)	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NH <sub>2</sub> (cat. H <sup>(+)</sup> )			
(c)	NaCN in alcohol			
(d)	H <sub>2</sub> & Ni catalyst or H <sub>2</sub> &	Pd catalyst	All design and the	
(e)	NaN <sub>3</sub> in alcohol			
(f)	(CH <sub>3</sub> CO) <sub>2</sub> O & pyridine	A ANTINA SA	and the second s	
(g)	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Br	1		

(h)	, н <sup>®</sup>	
(i)	2CH <sub>3</sub> 1 & pyridine	and the second sec
(j)	KOH in H <sub>2</sub> O	where enough

# **O** Watch Video Solution