



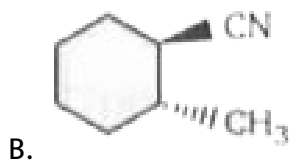
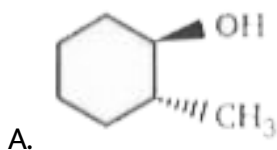
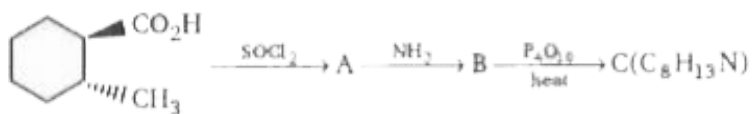
CHEMISTRY

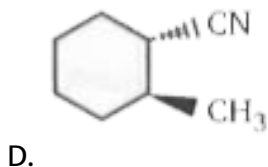
BOOKS - MS CHOUHAN

CARBOXYLIC ACID AND THEIR DERIVATIVES

Level 1

1. Identify C in the following sequence of reactions

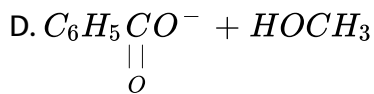
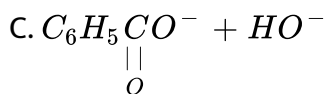
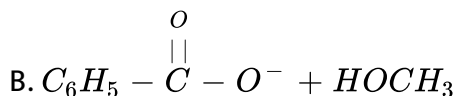
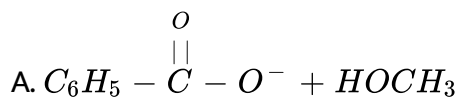




Answer: B

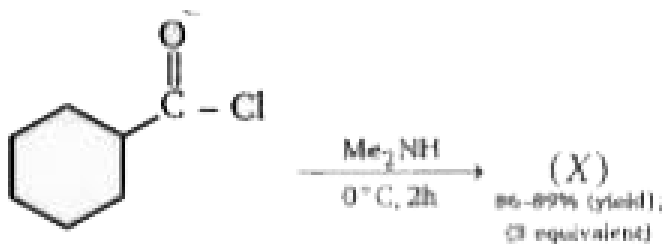
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2. Saponification (basic hydrolysis) of $C_6H_5\overset{\overset{O}{||}}{C}OCH_3$ will yield : [O= mass- 18 isotope of oxygen]



Answer: B

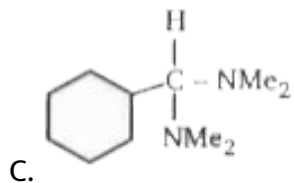
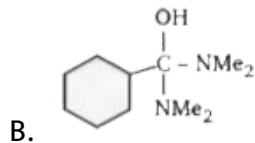
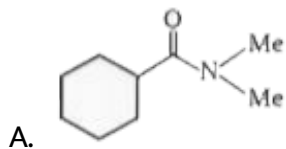
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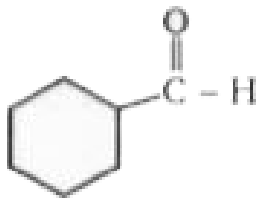
3.

Product (X)

of the reaction is:



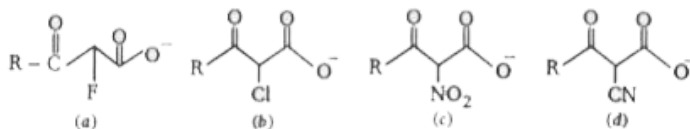
D.



Answer: A

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4. Which of the following is the correct order of decarboxylation of β -keto carboxylate anion ?



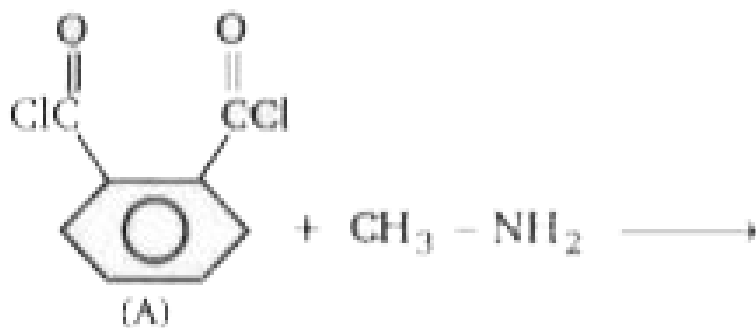
A. $a > b > c > d$

B. $c > d > a > b$

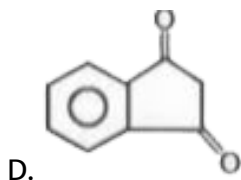
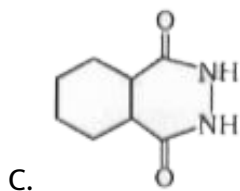
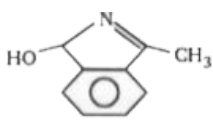
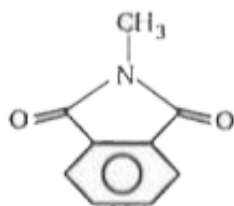
C. $c > d > b > a$

D. $d > c > a > b$

Answer: C



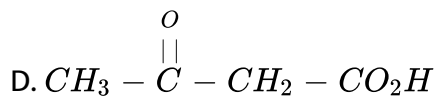
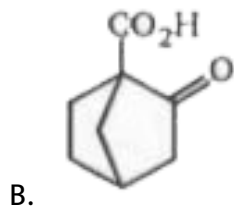
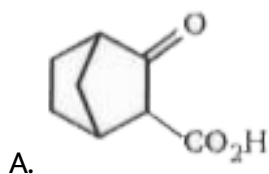
5. Product of the reaction is:



Answer: A

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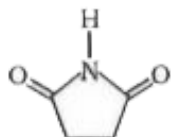
6. Which β -keto acid shown will not undergo decarboxylation ?



Answer: B

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7. Choose the response that matches the correct functional group classification with the following group of structural formulas.

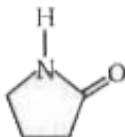


(a) Anhydride

(b) Lactam

(c) Imide

(d) Imide



Lactam

Imide

Lactone

Lactam



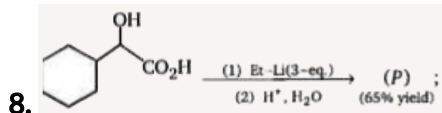
Lactone

Lactone

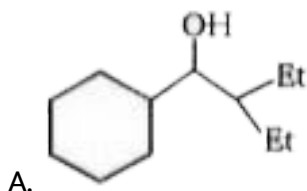
Anhydride

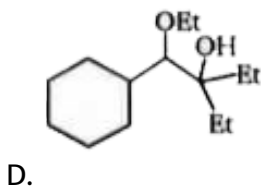
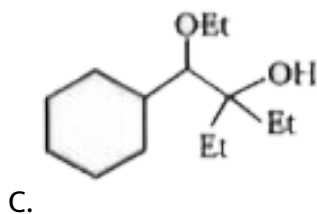
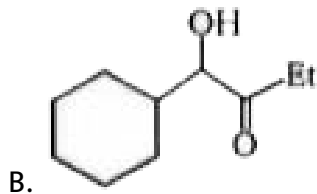
Lactone

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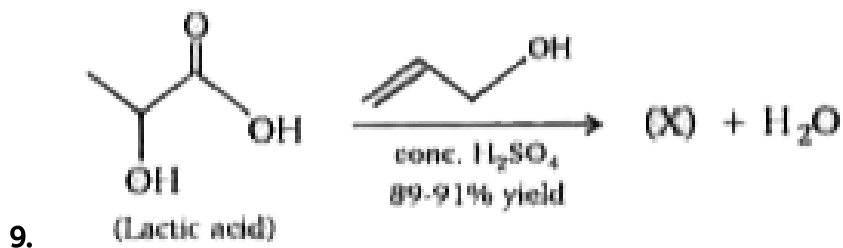
, Product (P) of the reaction is :



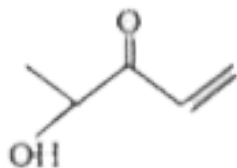
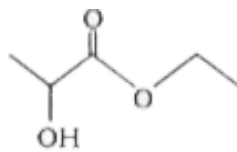
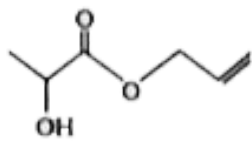
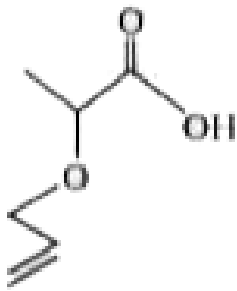


Answer: B

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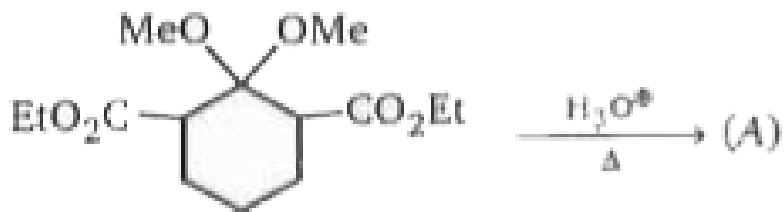
Product (X) of the reaction is :



Answer: B

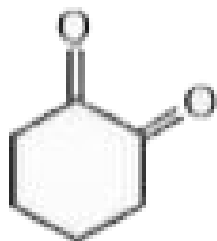


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Product

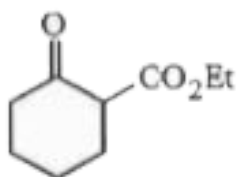
(A) of the reaction is :



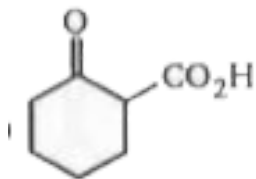
A.



B.



C.

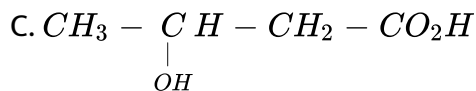
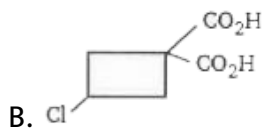
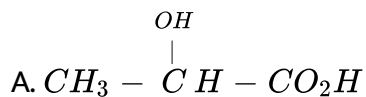


D.

Answer: B

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11. Which of the following acid on heating gives geometrical isomers as a product ?

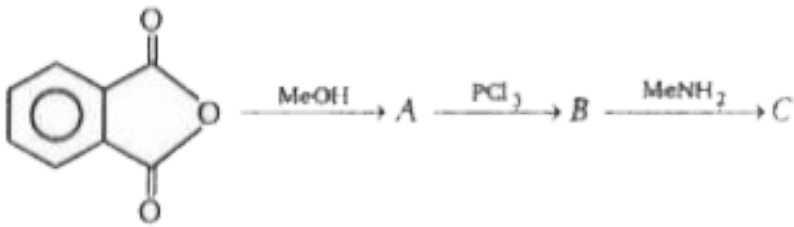


D. All of these

Answer: D



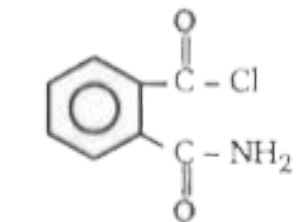
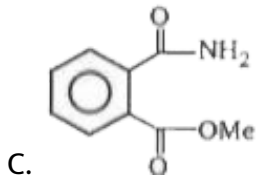
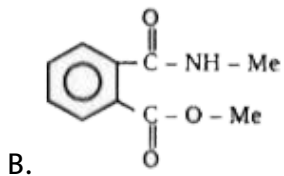
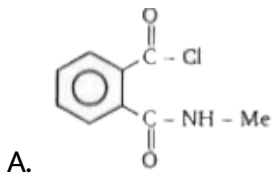
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12.

, Product

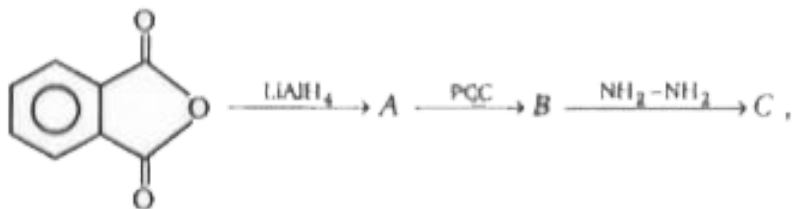
(C) of the reaction is :



D.

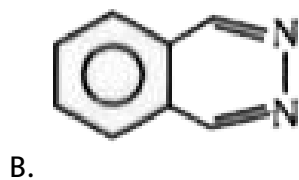
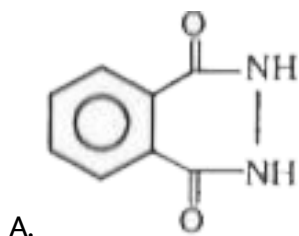
Answer: B

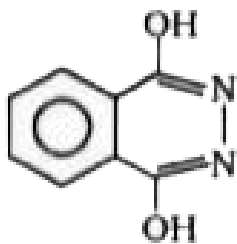
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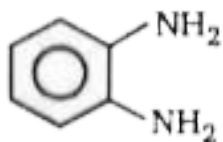
13. _____, Product

(C) is :





C.

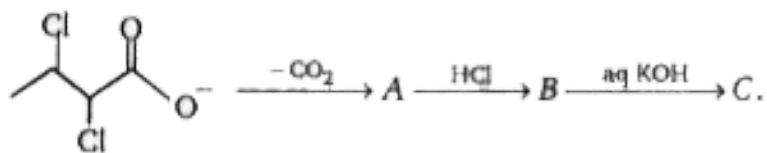


D.

Answer: B

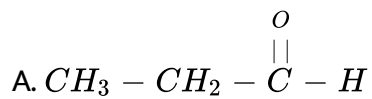
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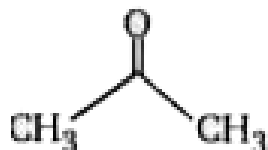
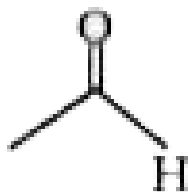
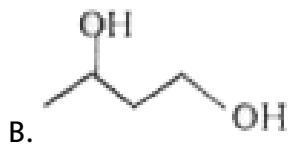
14.



, Product

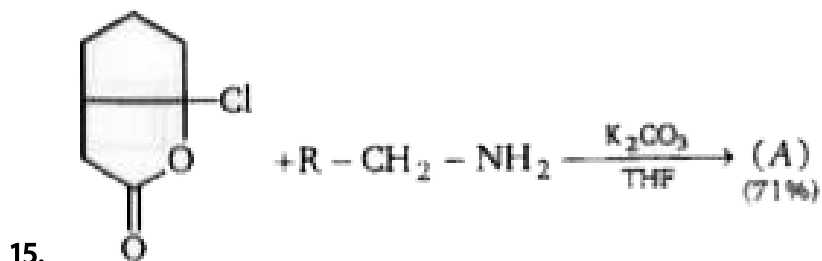
(C) is :



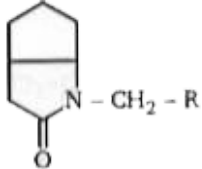


Answer: A

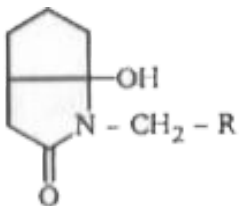
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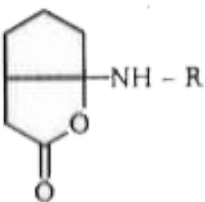
In above reaction identify major product (A) of the reaction:



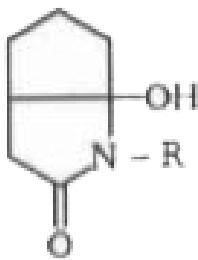
A.



B.



C.

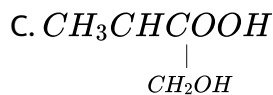
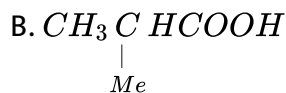
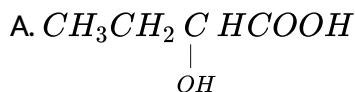


D.

Answer: B

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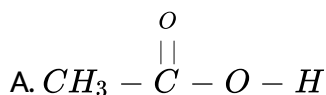
16. An optically active compound 'X' has molecular formula $C_4H_8O_3$. It evolves CO_2 with $NaHCO_3$. 'X' reacts with $LiAlH_4$ to give an achiral compound. 'X' is :

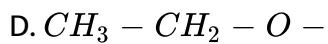
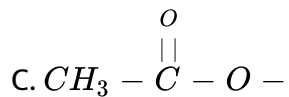


Answer: C

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17. $CH_3 - \overset{\overset{O}{||}}{C} - O - CH_2 - CH_3 + H - O^- \rightarrow (O = O^{18})$ One of the product of the reaction is :

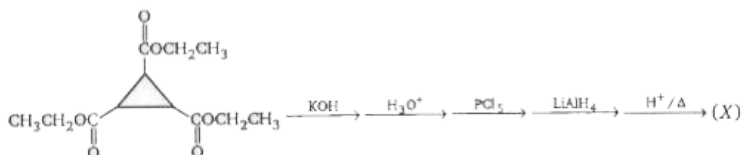




Answer: C

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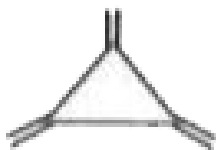
18.

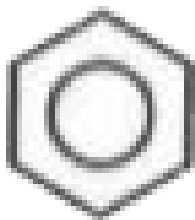


Product

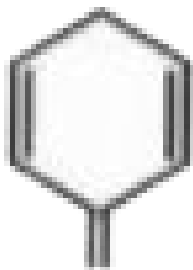
(X) is :

A.





B.



C.

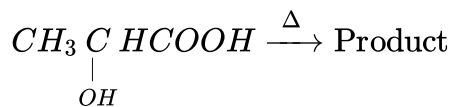


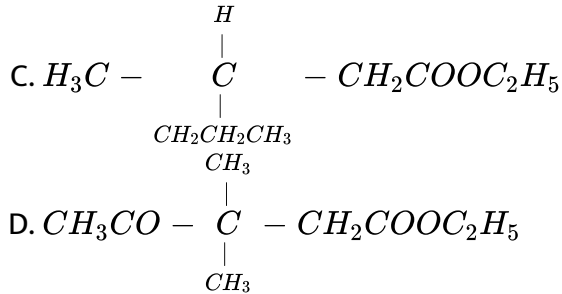
D.

Answer: B

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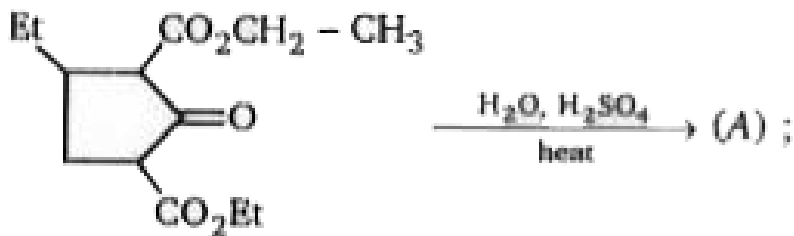
19. Identify final product in the following reaction,





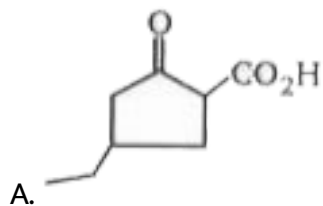
Answer: A

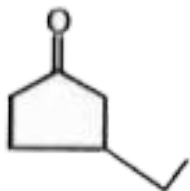
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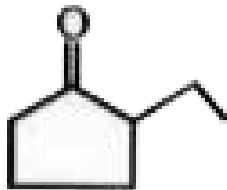
, Product

(A) will be:





B.



C.

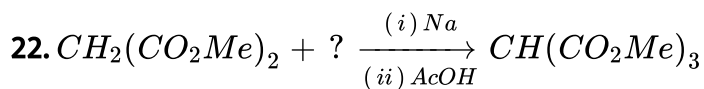


D.

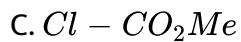
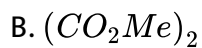
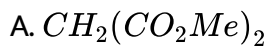
Answer: B



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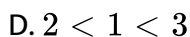
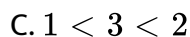
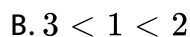
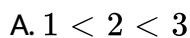
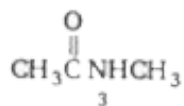
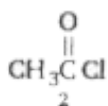
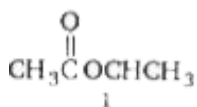
Which of the following reactants will complete the above reaction ?



Answer: C

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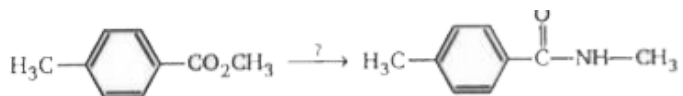
23. Arrange the following in order of increasing reactivity (least to most) towards nucleophile



Answer: B

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24. Choose the best sequence of reactions for transformation given. Semicolons indicate separate reaction steps to be used in the order shown

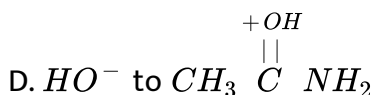
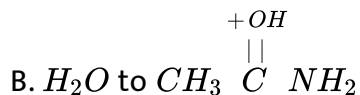


- A. H_3O^+ , $SOCl_2$, CH_3NH_2
- B. HO^- / H_2O , PBr_3 , Mg , CO_2 , H_3O^+ , $SOCl_2$, CH_3NH_2
- C. $LiAlH_4$, H_2O , HBr , Mg , CO_2 , H_3O^+ , $SOCl_2$, CH_3NH_2
- D. None of these would yield the desired product.

Answer: A

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25. A key step in the hydrolysis of acetamide in aqueous acid proceeds by nucleophilic addition of :



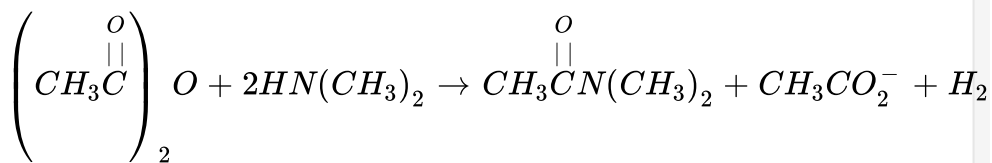
Answer: B



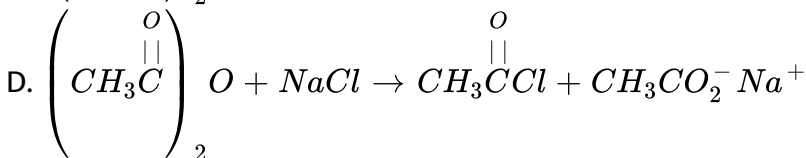
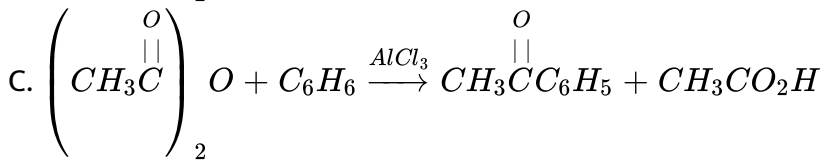
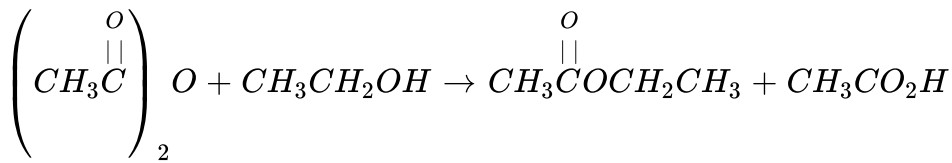
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26. Which reaction is not possible for acetic anhydride ?

A.



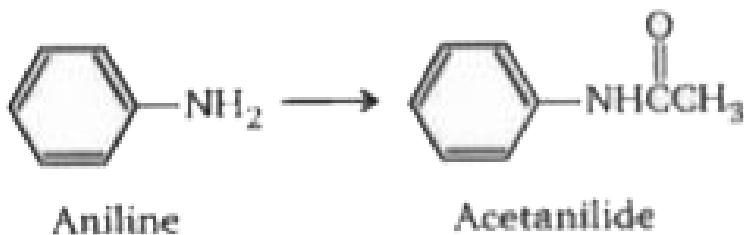
B.

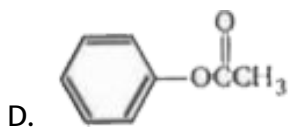
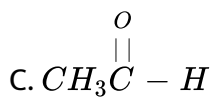
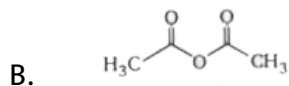
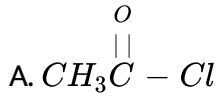


Answer: D

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27. All but one of the following compounds react with aniline to give acetanilide. Which of does not?

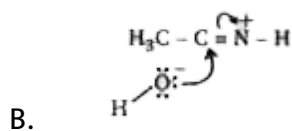
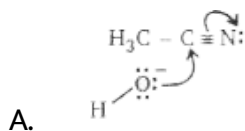


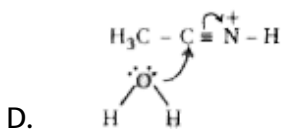
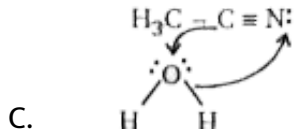


Answer: C

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28. Which of the following best describes the nucleophilic addition step in the acid catalyzed hydrolysis of acetonitrile (CH_3CN) ?

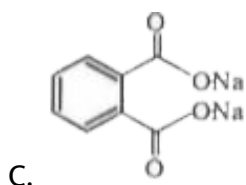
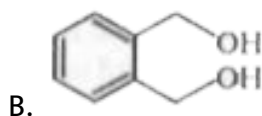
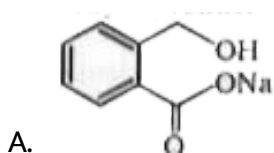


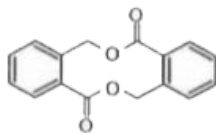


Answer: D

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29. The major product expected, when phthalamide is treated with NaOH, is :





D.

Answer: C

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30. Which of following acid remains unaffected on heating ?

A. malonic acid

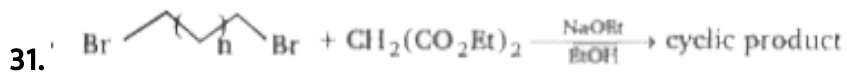
B. maleic acid

C. Fumaric acid

D. Succinic acid

Answer: C

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At which value of n the formation of six membered ring takes place ?

A. n=2

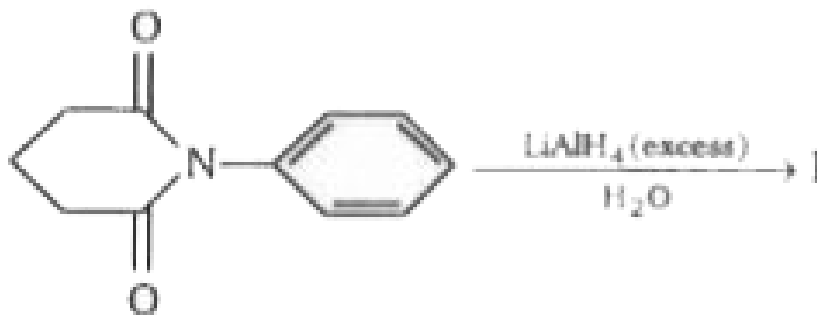
B. n=3

C. n=5

D. n=6

Answer: B

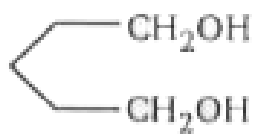
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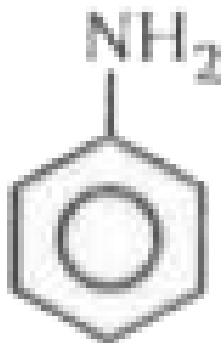
32.

Product of

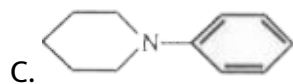
the reaction is :



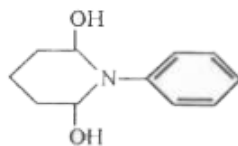
A.



B.



C.

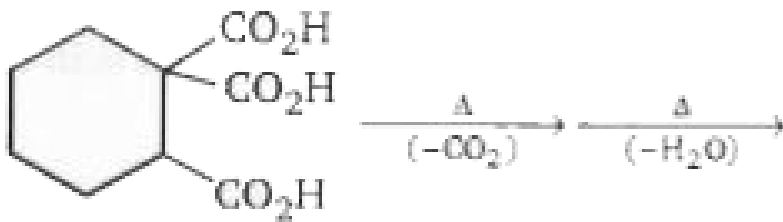


D.

Answer: C



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33.

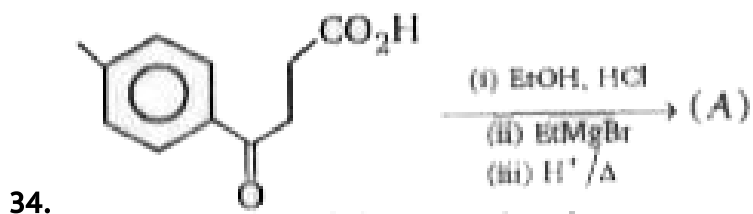
Product of

the reaction is :

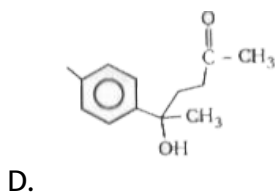
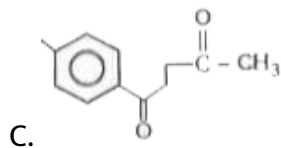
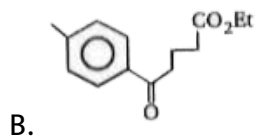
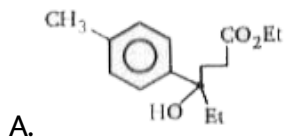
- A. cis-anhydride
- B. trans-anhydride
- C. both (a) and (b)
- D. mono basic acid

Answer: A

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Product (A) of the reaction is:

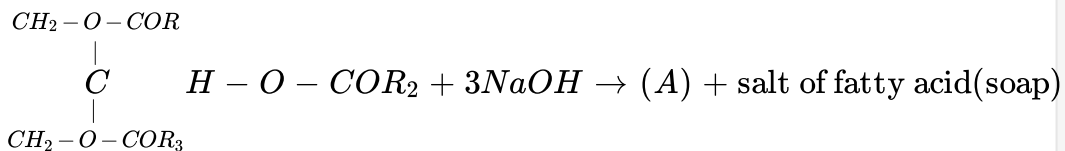


Answer: A



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35.



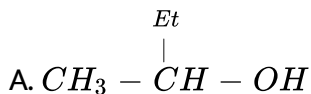
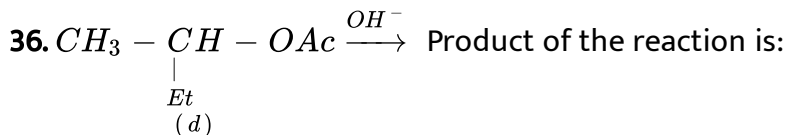
Product (A) of the reaction is:

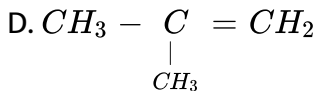
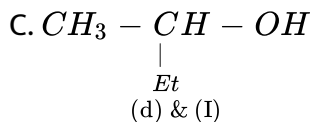
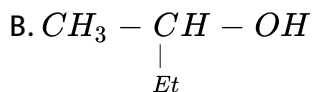
- A. Ethylene glycol
- B. Glycerol
- C. Glyceryltrinitrate (explosive)
- D. cumene hydrogen peroxide

Answer: B



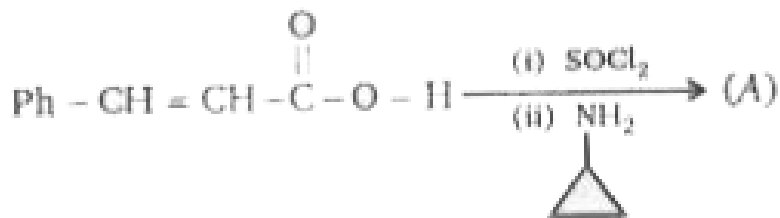
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Answer: A

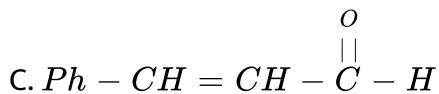
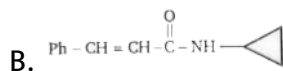
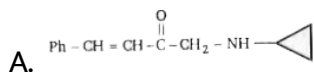
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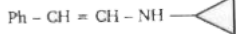


37.

, Product

(A) of the reaction is :

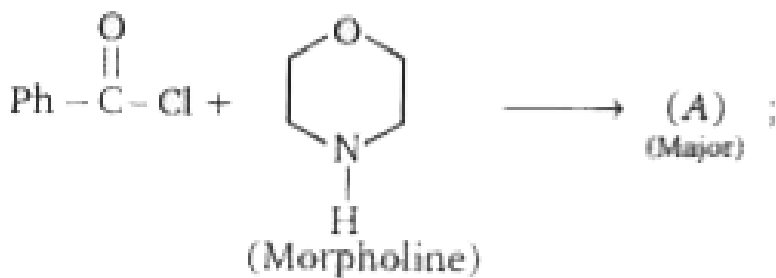




D.

Answer: B

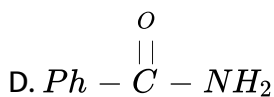
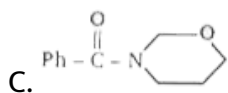
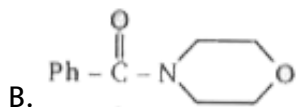
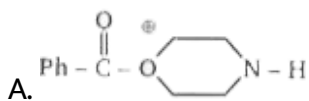
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38.

, Identify

the product (A)



Answer: B

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39.



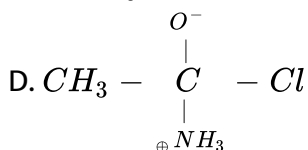
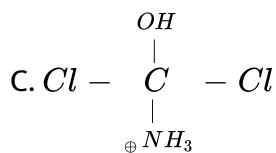
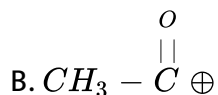
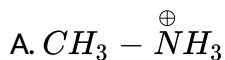
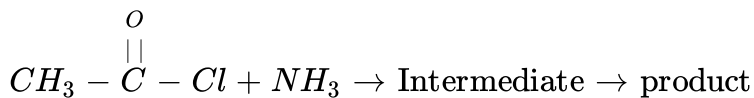
Above reaction is an example of :

- A. Esterification
- B. Saponification
- C. Hydrolysis
- D. Trans Esterification

Answer: D

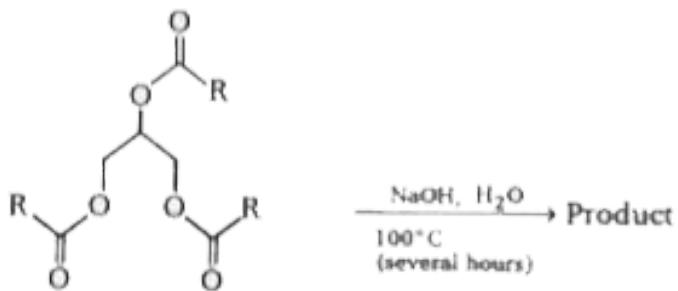
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40. Which of the following is an intermediate formed in the reaction shown below ?



Answer: D

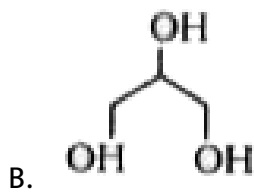
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Product is

obtained in the above reaction is:

A. $R - CO_2Na$



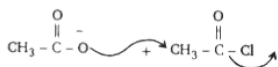
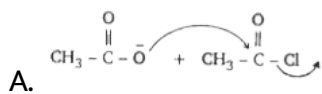
C. both (a) and (b)

D. None of these

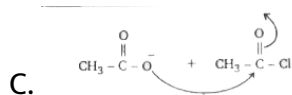
Answer: C

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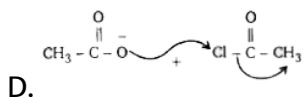
42. The reaction of sodium acetate with acetyl chloride proceeds through which of the following mechanisms ?



B.



C.



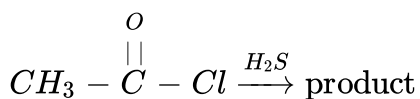
D.

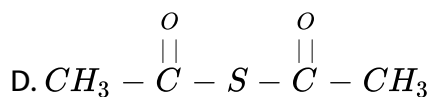
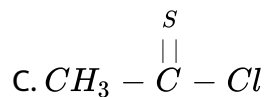
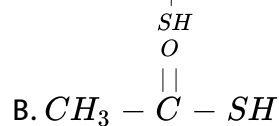
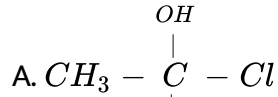
Answer: C



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43. Which is the major product of the following reaction ?

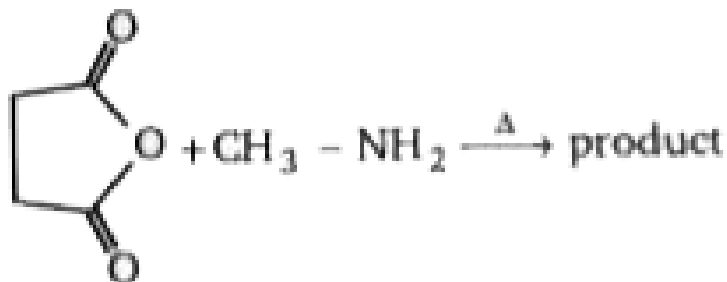


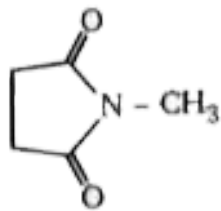


Answer: B

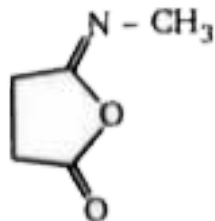
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44. Which is the major product of the following reaction ?

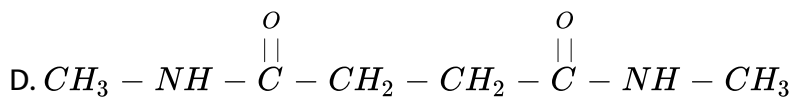
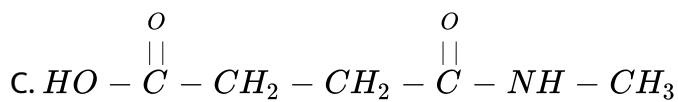




A.



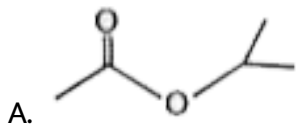
B.

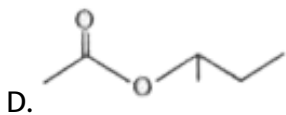
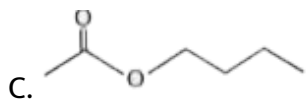
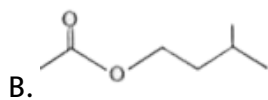


Answer: C

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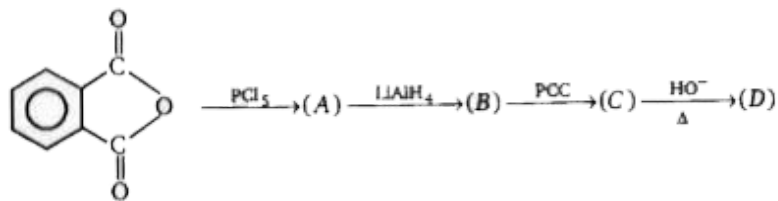
45. Ethanoic acid + 3 methyl-1-butanol $\xrightleftharpoons{\text{traces } H_2SO_4}$ (A), Compound (A) is :



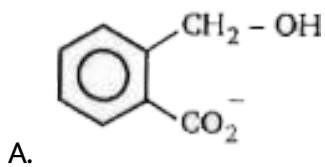


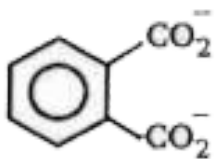
Answer: B

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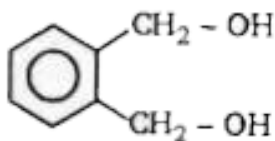


46.

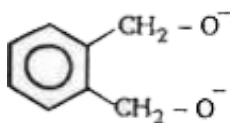




B.



C.

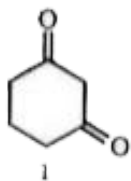


D.

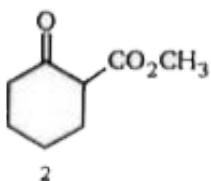
Answer: A

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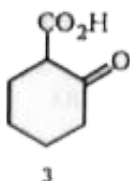
47. Which of the following compounds will undergo decarboxylation on heating ?



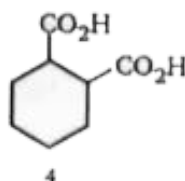
1



2



3



4

A. 2 and 3

B. 3 and 4

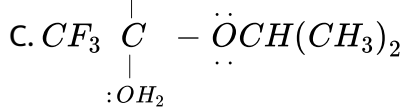
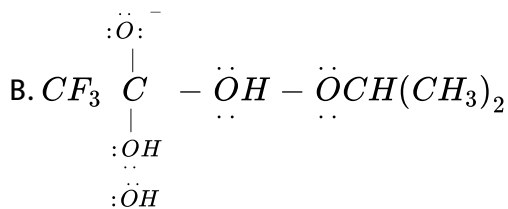
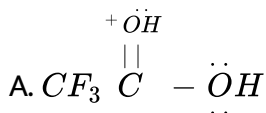
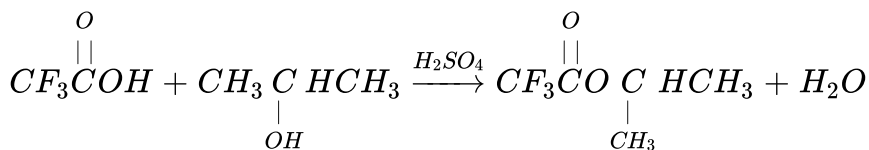
C. 3 only

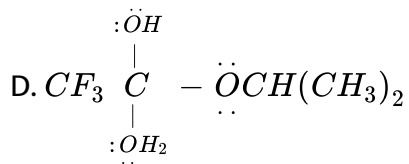
D. 1 and 4

Answer: C

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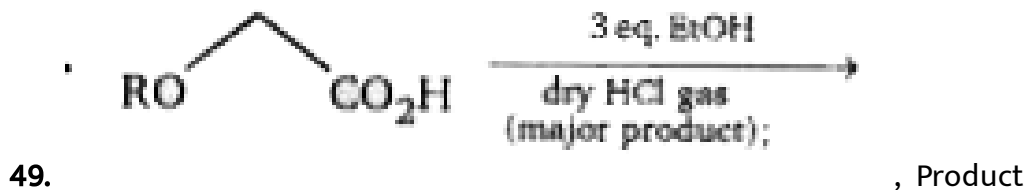
48. Which one of the following is not an intermediate in the generally accepted mechanism for the reaction shown below ?



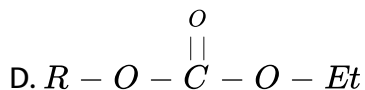
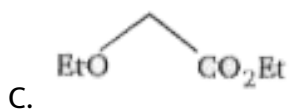
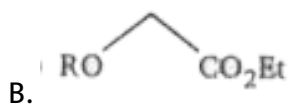
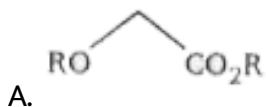


Answer: B

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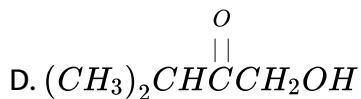
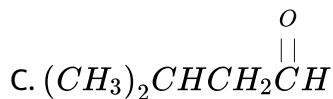
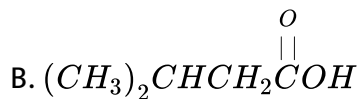
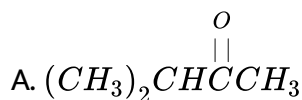
A is :



Answer: B

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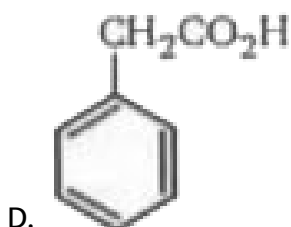
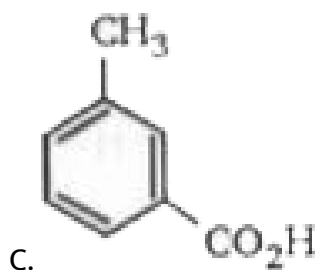
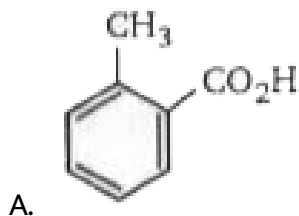
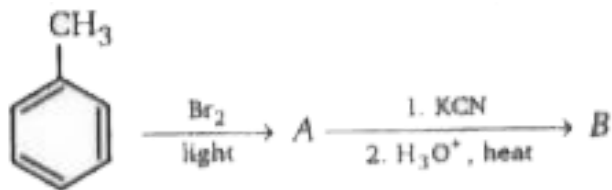
50. Identify the compound C in the following sequence:



Answer: C

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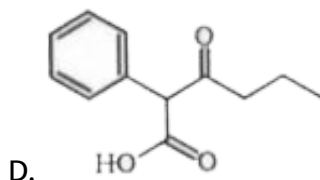
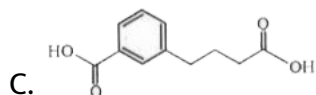
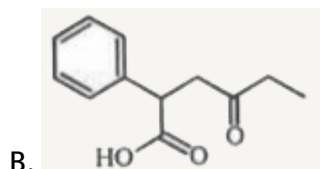
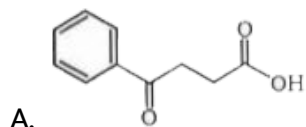
51. What is the final product (B) of this sequence ?



Answer: D

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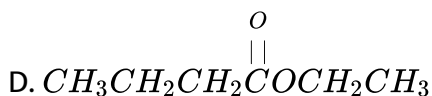
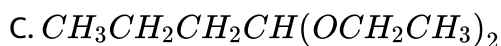
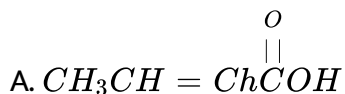
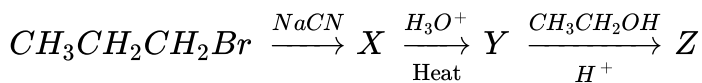
52. Which of the following undergoes decarboxylation most readily on being heated?



Answer: D

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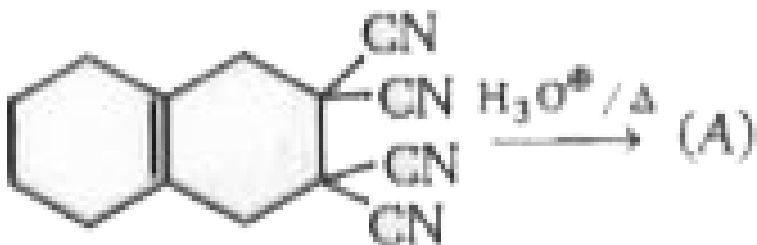
53. What is compound Z ?



Answer: D



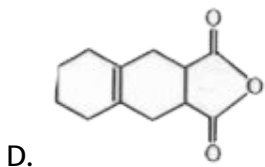
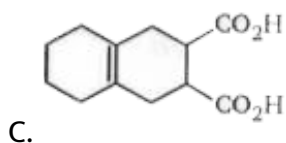
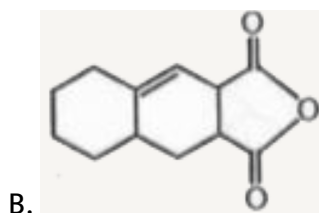
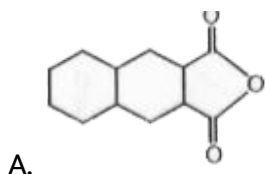
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54.

, Product

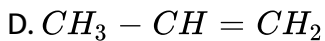
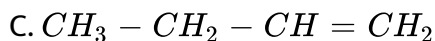
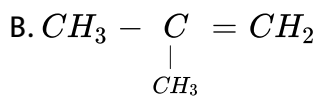
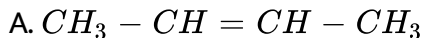
(A) of the reaction is :



Answer: D



55. $CH_3 - CH = CH - CH_2 - CO_2H \xrightarrow{\Delta} (X)$ (major), Product (X) is :



Answer: C

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56. $H - O - \overset{\overset{O}{||}}{C} - (CH_2)_n - \overset{\overset{O}{||}}{C} - O - H \xrightarrow{\Delta}$ At what value of (n) given compound will not evolve CO_2 gas ?

A. n=5

B. n=4

C. $n=2$

D. $n=1$

Answer: C

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57. $\begin{array}{c} \text{CO}_2\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{CO}_2\text{H}_n \end{array}$, If ($n=4$) then di-carboxylic acid would be known as :

A. malonic acid

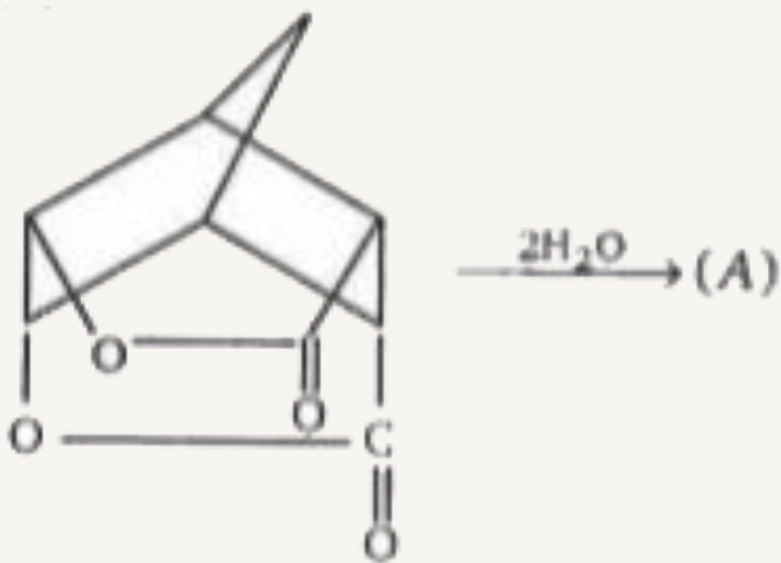
B. Succinic acid

C. Adipic acid

D. Oxalic acid

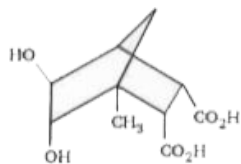
Answer: C

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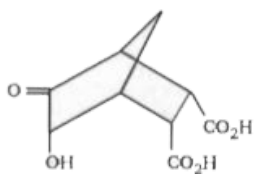


58.

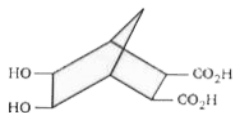
Product (A) of the above reaction is:



A.



B.



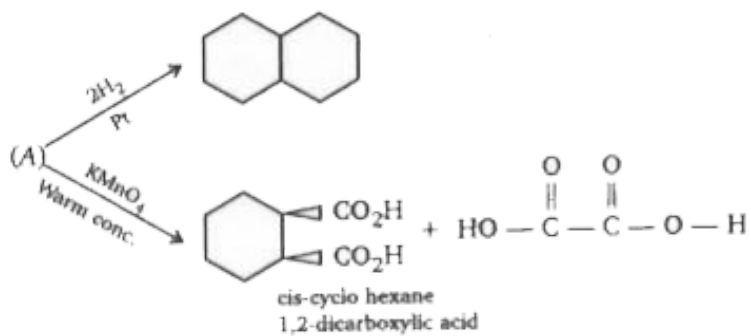
C.



D.

Answer: C

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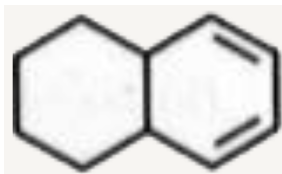


59.

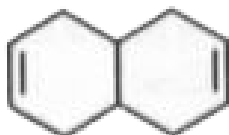
Identify (A).



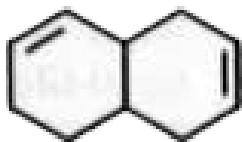
A.



B.



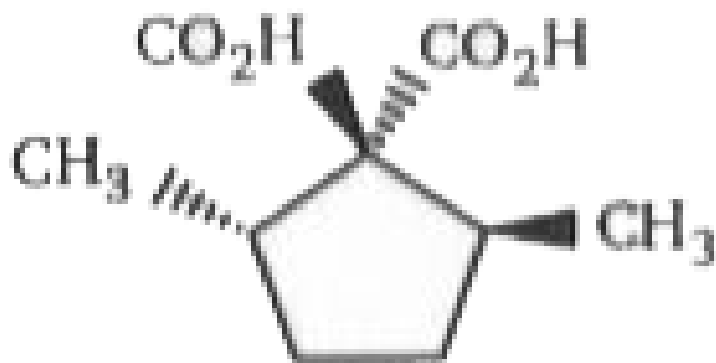
C.



D.

Answer: B

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60.

How many

product will be formed when above compound undergo de-carboxylation

?

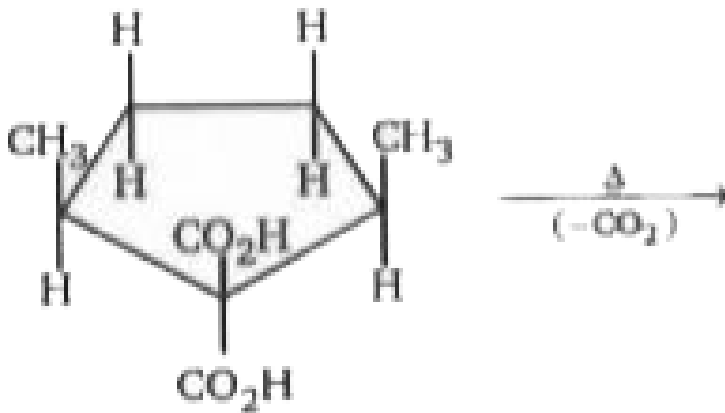
A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

Answer: B

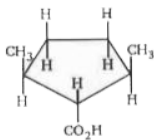
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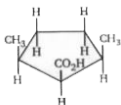
61.

Product of

the reaction is :



A.



B.

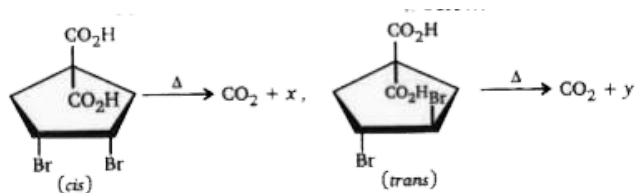
C. both (a) and (b)

D. none of these

Answer: C

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62. Products obtained in the given reactions are shown below



The number of possible products for x and y are :

A. 1,1

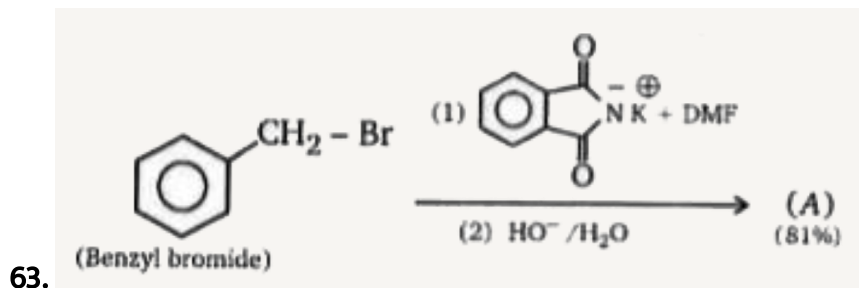
B. 1,2

C. 2,1

D. 2,2

Answer: C

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Product (A) of the above reaction is :

- A. $\text{Ph} - \text{NH}_2$
- B. $\text{Ph} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{NH}_2$
- C. $\text{Ph} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{NH} - \text{CO}_2\text{H}$
- D. $\text{Ph} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{NH} - \text{CHO}$

Answer: B

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64. Which of the following pair is C_2 epimer ?

A. D-Glucose, D-Maltose

B. D-Glucose, D-Mannose

C. D-Allose D-Ribose

D. D-Glucose, D-Arabinose

Answer: B



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65. Total number of enol possible for the compound formed during given reaction will be (including stereoisomer):



A. 2

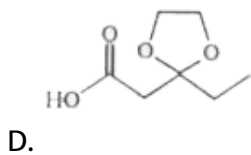
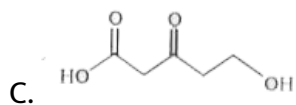
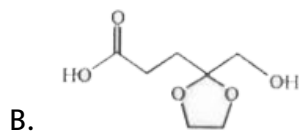
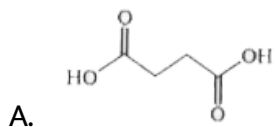
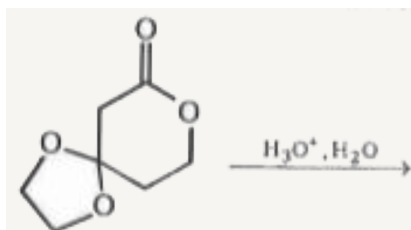
B. 3

C. 4

Answer: B

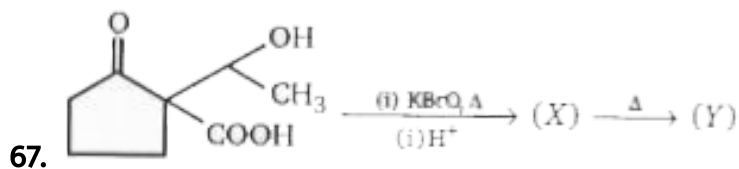
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66. Which of the product of the following reaction?

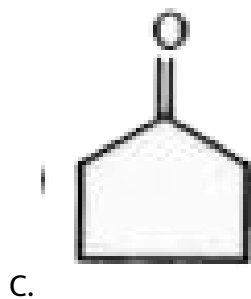
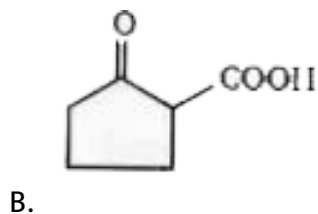
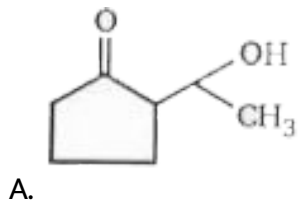


Answer: C

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Hence the product(Y) in the above sequence of reactions is :

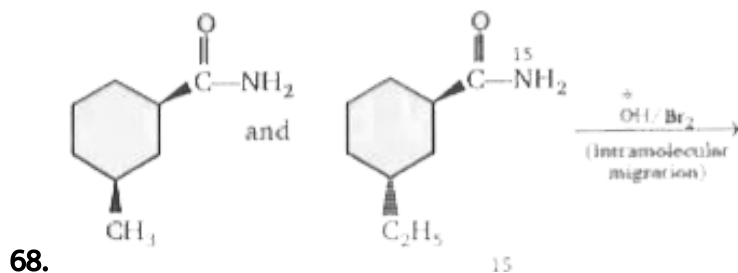




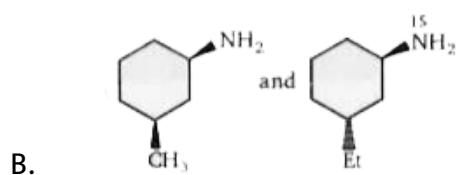
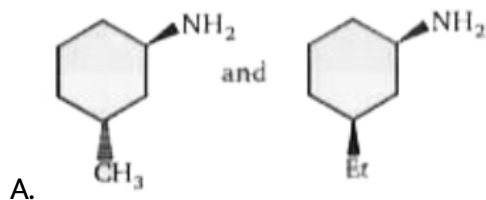
D.

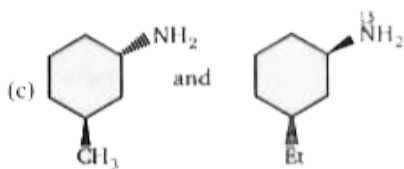
Answer: C

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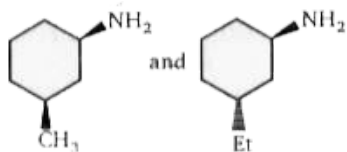


Product are :





C.

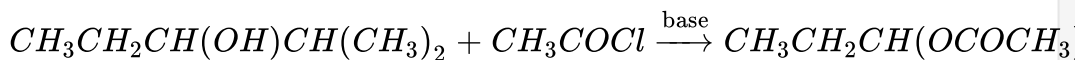


D.

Answer: B

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69.



In the above reaction, if the reactant alcohol is a pure R-isomer the product would.

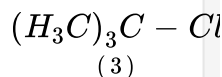
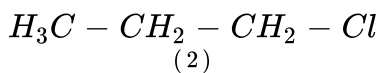
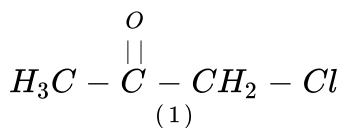
- A. have configuration inverted at the chiral atom
- B. be a racemic mixture
- C. have the same configuration at the chiral atom

D. be optically inactive

Answer: C

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70. The order of S_N1 reactivity in aqueous acetic acid solution for the compounds



A. $1 > 2 > 3$

B. $1 > 3 > 2$

C. $3 > 2 > 1$

D. $3 > 1 > 2$

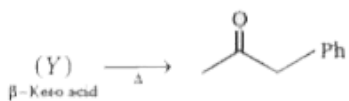
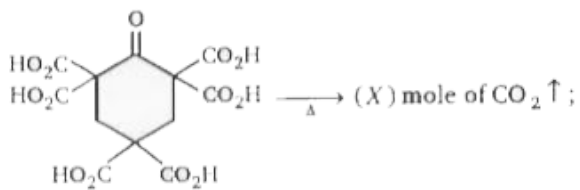
Answer: C

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1. Match the column (I) and (II) (Matrix)

Column (I)		Column (II)	
	Reaction		Products formed
(a)		(p)	Diastereomers
(b)		(q)	Racemic mixture
(e)		(r)	Meso compound
(d)		(s)	CO ₂ gas will evolve


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1. (Y) is including stereoisomers. Value of (X+Y) will be

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