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## MATHS

## BOOKS - CENGAGE

## GETTING STARTED WITH GRAPHS

## Illustrations

1. Does the following graph represent a function or a relation?

2. Find the angle between $\vec{a}$ and $\vec{b}$, when $\vec{a}=\hat{i}+3 \hat{j}+\hat{k}$ and $\vec{b}=2 \hat{i}-\hat{j}-\hat{k}$

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3. Does the following graph pass the vertical or horizontal line test?


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4. In how many points graph of $y=x^{3}-3 x 2+5 x-3$ interest the x axis?
5. Find the sum of the vectors $\vec{a}=\hat{i}-2 \hat{j}+\hat{k}, \vec{b}=2 \hat{i}+4 \hat{j}+5 \hat{k}$ and $\vec{c}=2 \hat{i}-6 \hat{j}-7 \hat{k}$

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6. Which of the following pair of graphs intersect? $y=x^{2}-x a n d y=1$ $y=x^{2}-2 x+3$ and $y=\sin x y=x^{2}-x+1$ and $y=x-4$

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7. The graph of $y=f(x)$ is shown, find the number of solution of $f(f(x))=2$.


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8. Does the fraph of the function $f(x)=x^{2}-3$ have y -axis symmetry?

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9. Does the graph of the function $f(x)=1 / x^{3}$ have origin symmetry?

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10. Which of the following functions has (have) $y$-symmetry or origin symmetry?
(i) $f(x)=x^{2} \sin x$
(ii) $f(x)=\log \left(x+\sqrt{1+x^{2}}\right)$
(iii)
$f(x)=\frac{e^{x}+e^{-x}}{2}$

$$
(i v) f(x)= \begin{cases}0, & \text { If } \mathrm{x} \text { is rational } \\ 1, & \text { If } \mathrm{x} \text { is irrational }\end{cases}
$$

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11. Let $f: R \rightarrow R$ be a continuous onto function satisfying
$f(x)+f(-x)=0 \forall x \in R . \quad$ If $\quad f(-3)=2 a n d f(5)=4 \in[-5,5]$, then the minimum number of roots of the equation $f(x)=0$ is

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13. If the lines $x-2 y-6=0,3 x+y-4=0$ and $\lambda x+4 y+\lambda^{2}=0$ can be concurrent , then

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$$
\left.\begin{array}{l}
\text { 14. } \\
f(x)=\{(x-2 n,
\end{array} \quad \text { the } \quad 2 n \leq x<2 n+1\right),\left(\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Draw } & \text { graph }
\end{array}\right.
$$

periodic? If yes, what is its period?

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15. If $f: R^{+} \rightarrow R^{+}$and $g: R^{+} \rightarrow R^{+}$, defined as $f(x)=x^{2}, g(x)=\sqrt{x}$, then find gof and fog whether are they equivalent?

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16. The graph of $y=f(x)$ is as shown in the following figure.
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Identify the points of discontinuity and give the reason for the same.

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17. The graph of $f(x)$ is given. State with reasons the number at which the function is non-differentiable.


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18. For each of the following graphs, comment whether $f(x)$ is increasing or decreasing or neither increasing nor decreasing at $\mathrm{x}=\mathrm{a}$.
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19. The graph of a function is shown in the following figure.


Determine the intervals on which the function is concave up and the
intervals on which it is concave down. Find the x - coordinates of any inflection points.

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20. For the function $g$ whose graph is given. Arrange the following numbers in increasing order and explain your reasoning.
$g(0), g^{\prime}(-2), g^{\prime}(0), g^{\prime}(2), g^{\prime}(4)$


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21. The diagram shows the graph of the derivative of a functin $f(x)$ for $0 \leq x \leq 4$ with $\mathrm{f}(0)=0$. Which of the following could be correct statements for $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})$ ?

(a) Tangent line to $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})$ at $\mathrm{x}=0$ makes an angle of $\sec ^{-1} \sqrt{5}$ with the $\mathrm{x}-$ axis.
(b) f is increasing in $(0,3)$.
(c) $x=1$ is both an inflection point and the point of local extremum.
(d) Number of critical point on $y=f(x)$ is two.
22. In the following graph, state the absolute and local maximum and minimum values of the function.


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23. Evaluate $\int(2 x-5)^{2} d x$

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24. The graph of the second derivation $f^{\prime \prime}(x)$ is given in the following figure. State the x - coordinate of the point of inflection of f . Given reasons for your answer. `(\#\#CEN_GRA_C01_S01_024_Q01.png" width="80\%">

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25. If $P(E)=0.10$, what is the probability of not $E$ ?

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26. Following is the graph of $y=f^{\prime}(x)$, given that $f(c)=0$. Analyse the graph and answer the following questions.
(a) How many times the graph of $y=f(x)$ will intersect the $x$ - axis?
(b) Discuss the type of roots of the equation $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=0, a \leq x \leq b$.
(c) How many points of inflection the graph of $y=f(x), a \leq x \leq b$, has?
(d) Find the points of local maxima/minima of $y=f(x), a<x b$.
(e) How many roots equation $f^{\prime \prime}(x)=0$ has?


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27. Find the asymptote of the function $y=\frac{2 x^{2}+3 x+1}{x}$ if any.

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28. Find the horizontal, vertical and oblique asymptotes of each of the curves.
(a) $y=\frac{x}{x+4}$
(b) $y=\frac{x^{2}+4}{x^{2}-1}$
(c) $y=\frac{x^{3}}{x^{2}+3 x-10}$
(d) $y=\frac{x^{3}+1}{x^{3}+x}$
(e) $y=\frac{x}{\sqrt[4]{x^{4}+1}}$
(f) $y=\frac{x-9}{\sqrt{4 x^{2}+3 x+2}}$
(g) $y=\frac{1}{2^{x}-1}$
(h) $y=\frac{1}{\log _{e} x}$
(i) $y=\frac{1}{2^{x}-1}$

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## Exercise

1. Does the following graph pass the vertical or horizontal line test ?

2. Consider the graph of $y=f(x)$ as shown in the following figure.

(i) Find the sum of the roots of the equation $f(x)=0$.
(ii) Find the product of the roots of the equation $f(x)=4$.
(iii) Find the absolute value of the difference of the roots of the equation $f(x)=x+2$.

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3. Which of the following functions has (have) $y$-symmetry or origin symmetry?
(i) $f(x)=x^{2} \sin x$
(ii) $f(x)=\log \left(\frac{1-x}{1+x}\right)$
(iii) $f(x)=\frac{x}{e^{x}-1}+\frac{x}{2}+1$

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4. The graph of functions are given in the following fingure. Discuss the symmetry.
(a)

(b)


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5. Check weather the following function/functions is/are periodic or not?

Find the period in case the function is periodic.
(1)

(b)

(c)


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6. Suppose that $f$ is even, periodic function with period 2 , and that $f(x)=x$ for all x in the interval $[0,1]$. Then draw the graph of $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})$.

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7. The graph of $y=f(x)$ is as shown in the following figure.


Find the following values
(i) $f(-3)$
(ii) $f(-2)$
(iii)f(0)
(iv) $f(2)$
$(v) f(3)$
(vi) $\lim _{x \rightarrow-3} f(x)$
(vii) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$
(viii) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 2} f(x)$
(ix) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 3} f(x)$
$(x) \lim _{x \rightarrow 2^{-}} f(x)$
$x \rightarrow 2^{-}$
(छ) $\lim _{x \rightarrow-2^{+}} f(x)$
(xii) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0^{-}} f(x)$
(x iii) $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0^{+}} f(x)$

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8. The graph of $f$ is shown. State, with reason, the numbers at which $f$ is not differentiable.


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9. If $f: R \rightarrow R, g: R \rightarrow R$ are given by $f(x)=(x+1)^{2}$ and $g(x)=x^{2}+1$, then write the value of $f o g(-3)$.

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10. (a) Can the graph of the function intersect the horizontal asymptote?
(b) Can the graph of the function intersect the vertical asymptote?

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11. The graph of $y=f(x)$ is given with six labelled points. Anser the following questions.
(a) At which point $\mathrm{f}^{\prime}(\mathrm{x})$ has the greatest value?
(b) At which point $f(x)$ and $f^{\prime}(x)$ both are zero?
(c) At how many point $\mathrm{f}^{\prime}(\mathrm{x})$ is negative ?
(d) Which is the point of infection?


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12. Graph of functions are given in the following figure. Check the functions for absolute extremum.
(b)


(c)

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13. In the following graph, state the absolute and local maximum and minimum values of the function.


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14. Prove : $\left(\frac{1+\cot ^{2} A}{1+\tan ^{2} A}\right)=\left(\frac{1-\cot A}{1-\tan A}\right)^{2}=\tan ^{2} A$

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15. Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}}\left(\frac{\sin x}{\cos x+\sin x}\right) d x$

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16. The figure shows the graphs of $f, f^{\prime}$ and $f$ ". Indentify each curve and explain your choices.


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17. Match the graph of $y=f(x)$ in Column I with the corresponding graph of $y=f^{\prime}(x)$ in Column II.

Column II
(a)

(p)

(q)

(c)

(r)

(d)

(s)


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18. If $f(x)$ is an even function, then $f^{\prime}(x)$. If in a $\triangle A B C, a \tan A+b \tan B=(a+b) \tan \left(\frac{A+B}{2}\right)$ then

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