



India's Number 1 Education App

## MATHS

**BOOKS - KC SINHA ENGLISH**

**LOGARITHM - FOR BOARDS**

### Solved Examples

1. Find the value of b satisfying  $\log_{\sqrt{8}} b = 3\frac{1}{3}$



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2. Find the value of  $\log_b a \cdot \log_c b \cdot \log_a c$ .



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**3.** Prove that:  $\log_3 \log_2 \log_{\sqrt{5}}(625) = 1$



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**4.** If  $a^2 + b^2 = 23ab$ , show that :

$$\log \frac{a+b}{5} = \frac{1}{2}(\log a + \log b).$$



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**5.** Find the value of  $\log \tan 1^\circ \log \tan 2^\circ \log \tan 89^\circ$



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**6.** Simplify:  $2^{(\log)_3 5} - 5^{(\log)_3 2}$



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7. If  $\frac{\log x}{y-z} = \frac{\log y}{z-x} = \frac{\log z}{x-y}$ , then prove that:  $x^x y^y z^z = 1$



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8. The value of  $(yz)^{\log y - \log z} \times (zx)^{\log z - \log x} \times (xy)^{\log x - \log y}$  is



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9.

Prove

that:

$$\frac{1}{\log_2 N} + \frac{1}{\log_3 N} + \frac{1}{\log_4 N} + \dots + \frac{1}{\log_{2011} N} = \frac{1}{\log_{2011!} N}$$



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10.

If

$0 < x < 1$ ,

prove

that:

$$\log(1+x) + \log(1+x^2) + \log(1+x^4) + \dots \infty = -\log(1-x)$$



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**11.** If  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  are respectively, the  $p$ th,  $q$ th , and  $r$ th terms of a G.P., show that  $(q - r)\log a + (r - p)\log b + (p - q)\log c = 0$ .

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**12.** If  $a,b,c$  are in G.P., prove that:  $\log_a x, \log_b x, \log_c x$  are in H.P.

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**13.** If  $(\log)_7(\log)_5(\sqrt{x+5} + \sqrt{x}) = 0$ , what is the value o  $x$ ? a. 3 b. 4 c. 2 d. 5

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**14.** If  $\log_5\left(5^{\frac{1}{x}} + 125\right) = \log_5 6 + 1 + \frac{1}{2x}$ , then  $x =$

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15. if  $\frac{1+3+5+\dots \text{up to } n \text{ terms}}{4+7+10+\dots \text{up to } n \text{ terms}} = \frac{20}{7 \log_{10} X}$  and  
 $n = \log_{10} x + \frac{\log_{10} X^1}{2} + \frac{\log_{10} X^1}{4} + \dots + \infty$ , then  $x$  is equal to



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16. If  $(4)^{\log_9 3} + (9)^{\log_2 4} = (10)^{\log_x 83}$ , then  $x$  is equal to



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17. If  $(4)^{\log_9 3} + (9)^{\log_2 4} = (10)^{\log_x 83}$ , then  $x$  is equal to



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18. If  $\frac{6}{5}a^A - 3^B = 9^C$  where  $A = \log_a x \cdot \log_{10} a \log_a 5$ ,  $B = \log_{10}\left(\frac{x}{10}\right)$   
and  $C = \log_{100} x + \log_4 2$ . Find  $x$



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**19.** Solve for  $x$ :  $(5 + 2\sqrt{6})^{x^2 - 3} + (5 - 2\sqrt{6})^{x^2 - 3} = 10$



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**20.** solve for  $x$ :  $2 \log_{10} x - \log_x(0.01) = 5$



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**21.** For what values of  $x$ ,  $\log_{0.3}(x^2 + 8) > \log_{0.3}(9x)$



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**22.** Solve the inequality:  $\log_2(2x - 3) > \log_2(24 - 6x)$



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23. Prove that  $\log_{10} 2$  lies between  $\frac{1}{3}$  and  $\frac{1}{4}$ .



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24. Which one is greater:  $\cos(\log_e \theta)$  or  $\log_e(\cos \theta)$  if  $-\frac{\pi}{2} < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$



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25. If  $\log_2 x + \log_2 y \geq 6$  prove that the smallest possible value of  $x+y$  is 16.



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## Exercise

1. Evaluate:  $\log_9 \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)$



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2. Evaluate:  $\log_{a^2} b \div \log_{\sqrt{a}} (b)^2$



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3. Evaluate:  $\log_{\sqrt{5}} .008$



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4. Evaluate:  $\log_{2\sqrt{3}} 144$



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5. Prove that  $\log_3 \log_2 \log_{\sqrt{3}} 81 = 1$



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6. Prove that:  $\log_a x \times \log_b y = \log_b x \times \log_a y$



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7. Prove that  $\log_2 \log_2 \log_2 16 = 1$



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8. Prove that:  $\log_a x = \log_b x \times \log_c b \times \dots \times \log_n m \times \log_a n$



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9. Prove that:  $a^x = 10^{x \log_{10} a}$



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10. If  $a^2 + b^2 = 7ab$ , prove that  $\log\left(\frac{a+b}{3}\right) = \frac{1}{2}(\log a + \log b)$ .



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11. Prove that:  $\frac{\log_a(\log_b a)}{\log_b(\log_a b)} = -\log_a b$



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12. Prove that  $\log(1 + 2 + 3) = \log 1 + \log 2 + \log 3$



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13. Prove that:

$$2 \log(1 + 2 + 4 + 7 + 14) = \log 1 + \log 2 + \log 4 + \log 7 + \log 14$$



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14. prove that  $\log 2 + 16 \log\left(\frac{16}{15}\right) + 12 \log\left(\frac{25}{24}\right) + 7 \log\left(\frac{81}{80}\right) = 1$



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15. Prove that:  $\frac{\log_9 11}{\log_5 3} = \frac{\log_3 11}{\log_{\sqrt{5}} 3}$ .



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16. If  $\log_{10} 343 = 2.5353$  then the least positive integer 'n' such that  $7^n > 10^5$  is



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17. If a,b,c are in G.P., prove that:  $\log_a x, \log_b x, \log_c x$  are in H.P.



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18. Prove that:  $\log \sin 8x = 3 \log 2 + \log \sin x + \log \cos 2x + \log \cos 4x$



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19. If  $\log_4 10 = x$ ,  $\log_2 20 = y$  and  $\log_5 8 = z$ . prove that

$$\frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{y+1} + \frac{1}{z+1} = 1.$$



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20. if  $x = \log_a(bc)$ ,  $y = \log_b(ca)$  and  $z = \log_c(ab)$  then

$$\frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{y+1} + \frac{1}{z+1}$$



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21.  $\frac{1}{1 + \log_b a + \log_b c} + \frac{1}{1 + \log_c a + \log_c b} + \frac{1}{1 + \log_a b + \log_a c}$



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22. prove that  $x^{\log y - \log z} \cdot y^{\log z - \log x} \cdot z^{\log x - \log y} = 1$



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23.  $\frac{\log a}{y-z} = \frac{\log b}{z-x} = \frac{\log c}{x-y}$ , then  $a^x b^y c^z$  is equal to

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24.

If  $\frac{x(y+z-x)}{\log x} = \frac{y(z+x-y)}{\log y} = \frac{z(x+y-z)}{\log z}$ , prove that  $x^y y^x = z^y y^z$

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25. If  $\frac{\log a}{b-c} = \frac{\log b}{c-a} = \frac{\log c}{a-b}$ , then  $a^{b+c} \cdot b^{c+a} \cdot c^{a+b} =$

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26. If  $\frac{\log x}{q-r} = \frac{\log y}{r-p} = \frac{\log z}{p-q}$  prove that  $x^{q+r} \cdot y^{r+p} \cdot z^{p+q} = x^p \cdot y^q \cdot z^r$

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27. Show that:  $\frac{1}{\log_2 n} + \frac{1}{\log_3 n} + \frac{1}{\log_4 n} + \dots + \frac{1}{\log_{43} n} = \frac{1}{\log_{43!} n}$



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28.  $2(\log a + \log a^2 + \log a^3 + \log a^4 + \dots + \log a^n)$  is equal to



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29. How many zeroes are there between the decimal point and first significant digits in  $(0.0504)^{10}$ . Given

$$\log 2 = 0.301, \log 3 = 0.477 \text{ and } \log 7 = 0.845$$



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30. Find the number of digits in  $(72)^{15}$  without actual computation. Given  
 $\log 2 = 0.301, \log 3 = 0.477$ .



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31. How many positive integers have characteristics 2 when base is 5.



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32. If  $\log 2 = 0.301$  and  $\log 3 = 0.477$ , find the number of digits in:  
 $(3^{15} \times 2^{10})$



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33. If  $\log 2 = 0.30101$ ,  $\log 3 = 0.47712$ , then the number of digits in  $6^{20}$   
is 15 b. 16 c. 17 d. 18



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34. Find the number of digits  $5^{25}$



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35. Solve the equation:  $\log_2 x + \log_4(x + 2) = 2$

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36.  $\log_X(X + 2) + \log_{X+2} X = \frac{5}{2}$

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37. Solve the equation:  $\frac{\log(x + 1)}{\log x} = 2$

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38. The number of solution (s) for the equation  $2 \log_x a + \log_{ax} a + 3 \log_{a^2x} a = 0$ , is

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39. The number of positive integers satisfying

$$x + \log_{10}(2^x + 1) = x \log_{10} 5 + \log_{10} 6 \text{ is } \underline{\hspace{2cm}}.$$



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40. Solve for  $x :: x^{\frac{3}{4}} (\log_2(x)) - \left(\frac{5}{4}\right) = \sqrt{2}.$



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41. The number  $\log_{20} 3$  lies in



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42. Prove that  $\log_{10} 2$  lies between  $\frac{1}{3}$  and  $\frac{1}{4}$ .



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43. Find the values of  $x$  satisfying the inequalities :

$$\log_{0.1}(4x^2 - 1) > \log_{0.1} 3x$$



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44. Find the values of  $x$  satisfying the inequalities :

$$\log_2(x^2 - 24) > \log_2(5x)$$



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45. The value of  $\frac{1}{\log_3 \pi} + \frac{1}{\log_4 \pi}$  is



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46. For what value of  $x$   $\log_3(x^2 + 10) > \log_3(7x)$



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**47.** Solve the inequality :  $x^{\log x} > 10$ .

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**48.**  $\log_x 2 > 1$

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**49.** If  $\log_{30} 3 = x$ ,  $\log_{30} 5 = y$ , then  $\log_{30} 8 =$

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**50.** If  $\log_{12} 18 = \alpha$  and  $\log_{24} 54 = \beta$ . Prove that  $\alpha\beta + 5(\alpha - \beta) = 1$

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**51.** If  $a, b, c$  are in G.P., prove that:  $\log_a x, \log_b x, \log_c x$  are in H.P.



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52. If  $\log_a x, \log_b x, \log_c x$  are in A.P then  $c^2 =$



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53. If  $a, b, c$  are distinct positive real numbers each different from unity such that

$(\log_b a \cdot \log_c a - \log_a a) + (\log_a b \cdot \log_c b - \log_b b) + (\log_a c \cdot \log_b c - \log_c c) =$   
then prove that  $abc = 1$ .



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54. If  $\log 2, \log(2^x - 1)$  and  $\log 2 \log(2^x + 3)$  are in A.P., write the value of  $x$ .



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**55.** If  $a \neq 0$  and  $\log_x(a^2 + 1) < 0$  then  $x$  lies in the interval

- (A)  $(0, \infty)$
- (B)  $(0, 1)$
- (C)  $(0, a)$
- (D) none of these



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**56.** The number  $(\log)_2 7$  is (1990, 2M) (a) an integer (b) a rational number

- (c) an irrational number (d) a prime number



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**57.** If  $\log_{0.5}(x - 2) < \log_{0.25}(x - 2)$  then  $x$  lies in the interval (A)

- (-3, -2) (B) (2,3) (C) (3,oo) (D) none of these



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58. The number of solution (s) for the equation

$$2 \log_x a + \log_{ax} a + 3 \log_{a^2x} a = 0, \text{ is}$$



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59.

Solve:

$$(\log)_{(2x+3)} (6x^2 + 23 + 21) + (\log)_{(3x+7)} (4x^2 + 12x + 9) = 4$$



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60. If  $\log_{10} 343 = 2.5353$  then the least positive integer 'n' such that

$$7^n > 10^5 \text{ is}$$



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61. Show that:  $\frac{1}{(\log_2 n)} + \frac{1}{(\log_3 n)} + \frac{1}{(\log_4 n)} + \dots$

$$+ \frac{1}{(\log_4 3n)} = \frac{1}{(\log_4 3n)}$$



62. Solve :  $\log_7 \log_5 (\sqrt{x+5} + \sqrt{x}) = 0$



63. For  $x > 1$ , show that:  $2 \log_{10} x - \log_x 0.01 \geq 4$



64. The least value of the expression  $2(\log)_{10}x - (\log)_x(0.01)$ , for  $x > 1$ , is a. 10 b. 2 c. -0.01 d. none of these



65. Show that:  $|\log_b a + \log_a b| \geq 2$





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66. If  $\log_{0.3}(x - 1) < \log_{0.09}(x - 1)$ , then x lies in the interval :



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67. The equation  $x^{\frac{3}{4}}(\log_2 x)^2 + \log_2 x - \frac{5}{4} = \sqrt{2}$  has :



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68. If  $\log_3 2$ ,  $\log_3(2^x - 5)$  and  $\log_3\left(2^x - \frac{7}{2}\right)$  are in A.P., then x is equal to



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69. The number  $(\log)_2 7$  is (1990, 2M) ,  
(a) an integer (b) a rational number  
(c) an irrational number (d) a prime number



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**70.** The number of solution of  $\log_4(x - 1) = \log_2(x - 3)$  is :



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**71.** If  $1, \log_9(3^{1-x} + 2)$  and  $\log_3(4 \cdot 3^x - 1)$  are A.P. then  $x$  is



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