



MATHS

BOOKS - KC SINHA ENGLISH

SPECIAL SERIES - FOR BOARDS

Solved Examples

1. Find the sum of n terms of the series whose n th term is $12n^2 - 6n + 5$.

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2. Find the sum to n term of the series whose n th term is $n(n + 1)(n + 4)$

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3. Find the sum of n terms of the series whose n th term is: $n^2 + 2^n$

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4. If S_1, S_2, S_3 are the sum of first n natural numbers, their squares and their cubes, respectively, show that $9S_2^2 = S_3(1 + 8S_1)$.

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5. Find the sum of the series $1^2 + 3^2 + 5^2 + \dots \rightarrow n$ terms.

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6. Find the sum to n terms of the series : $5^2 + 6^2 + 7^2 + \dots + 20^2$

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7. Find the sum to n terms of the series $(1.2.3) + (2.3.4) + (3.4.5) \dots$



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8. Find the sum of the series:

$$1. n + 2. (n - 1) + 3. (n - 2) + \dots + (n - 1). 2 + n. 1.$$



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9. Find the sum to n terms of the series

$$1 + (1 + 2) + (1 + 2 + 3) + \dots$$



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10. Find the sum to n terms of the series

$$1 + (1 + 2) + (1 + 2 + 3) + \dots$$



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11. Find the sum to n terms of the series :

$$1^2 + (1^2 + 2^2) + (1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2) + \dots$$

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12. Find the sum of the series $\frac{1^3}{1} + \frac{1^3 + 2^3}{1 + 3} + \frac{1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3}{1 + 3 + 5} + \dots$ up to n terms.

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13. Find the sum of series $(3^3 - 2^3) + (5^3 - 4^3) + (7^3 - 6^3) + \dots$ n terms.

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14. $\frac{1}{1.2} + \frac{1}{2.3} + \frac{1}{3.4} + \dots$ to n terms



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15. Find the sum of infinite terms of the series

$$\frac{1}{1.2.3} + \frac{1}{2.3.4} + \frac{1}{3.4.5} \dots$$

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16. Find the sum to n terms of the series : $5 + 11 + 19 + 29 + 41 \dots$

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17. Natural numbers are written as 1, (2,3), (4,5,6)..

Show that the sum of number in the nth group is $\frac{n}{2}(n + 1)$.

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18. Sum to n terms the series $1 + 3 + 7 + 15 + 31 + \dots$

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19. Find the sum of the following series to n terms

$$5 + 7 + 13 + 31 + 85 +$$

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20. The sum to n terms of the G.P. $1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \dots$ is

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21. Find the sum of the following series:

$$(\sqrt{2} + 1) + 1(\sqrt{2} - 1) + \dots + \infty$$

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22. Find the sum of the series

$$x(x + y) + x^2(x^2 + y^2) + x^3(x^3 + y^3) + \dots \rightarrow \text{infinity where}$$

$$|x| < 1 \text{ and } |y| < 1.$$



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23. about to only mathematics



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24. Prove that: $3^{\frac{1}{2}} \times 3^{\frac{1}{4}} \times 3^{\frac{1}{8}} \times \dots = 3$



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25. If $S = 1 + a + a^2 + a^3 + a^4 + \dots \rightarrow \infty$ and $|a| < 1$ then

prove that $a = \frac{S - 1}{S}$



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26.

If

$x = 2 + a + a^2 + \infty$, where $|a| < 1$ and $y = 1 + b + b^2 + \infty$, where $|b| < 1$

prove that: $1 + ab + a^2b^2 + \infty = \frac{xy}{x + y - 1}$



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27. If $S_1, S_2, S_3, \dots, S_p$ are the sums of infinite geometric series whose

first terms are $1, 2, 3, \dots, p$ and whose common ratios are $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \dots, \frac{1}{p+1}$

respectively, prove that

$$S_1 + S_2 + S_3 + \dots + S_p = \frac{1}{2}p(p+3).$$



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28. The sum of an infinite geometric series is 15 and the sum of the squares of these terms is 45. Find the series.



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29. Prove that in an infinite G.P. whose common ratio r is numerically less than one, the ratio of any term to the sum of all the succeeding terms is

$$\frac{1 - r}{r}$$



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30. The sum of first two terms of an infinite geometric series is 15 and each term is equal to the sum of all the terms following it, find the series.



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31. Find the rational number having $0.4\overline{23}$ as its expansion.



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32. Find a rational number, which when expressed as a decimal will have 0.6 as its expansion.



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Exercise

1. Find the sum of n terms of the series whose n th term is:

$$n(n - 1)(n + 1)$$

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2. Find the sum of n terms of the series whose n th term is: $n(n^2 + 1)$

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3. Find the sum to n terms of the series whose n^{th} term is $n(n + 3)$.

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4. Find the sum of n terms of the series whose n th term is: $n^3 - 3^n$



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5. Find the sum of the following series to n term: $1^3 + 3^3 + 5^3 + 7^3 + \dots$



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6. Find the - sum of n terms of the series $1^2 + 4^2 + 7^2 + \dots$



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7. Find the sum of the following series to n term:

$$1^2 - 2^2 + 3^2 - 4^2 + \dots$$



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8. Find the sum of the following series to n term:

$$1.23. + 2.3.5 + 3.4.5 + \dots$$



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9. Find the sum of the following series to n term:

$$1 + (1 + 3) + (1 + 3 + 5) + \dots\dots\dots$$



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10. Find the sum of n terms of the series $1. 2^2 = 2. 3^2 + 3. 4^2 +$



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11. Find the sum of the following series to n term:

$$(n^2 - 1^2) + 2(n^2 - 2^2) + 3(n^2 - 3^2) + \dots\dots\dots$$



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12. Find the sum of the following series to n term:

$$3 \times 1^2 + 5 \times 2^2 + 7 \times 3^2 +$$

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13. Find the n th term of the series $3.8 + 6.11 + 9.14 + 12.17 + \dots$ (A)

$3n(3n + 5)$ (B) $3n(n + 5)$ (C) $n(3n + 5)$ (D) $n(n + 5)$

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14. The sum of the series $1.2 + 2.3 + 3.4 + \dots$ up to 20 terms is

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15. Find the n th term and hence the 20th term of series $2.4 + 4.6 + 6.8 + \dots$

Also find the sum of its 20 terms.

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16. Show that $\frac{1 \times 2^2 + 2 \times 3^2 + \dots + n \times (n1)^2}{1^2 \times 2 + 2^2 \times 3 + \dots + n^2 \times (n + 1)} = \frac{3n + 5}{3n + 1}$.

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17. Find the sum $1 + \frac{1}{1 + 2} + \frac{1}{1 + 2 + 3} + \dots + \frac{1}{1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n}$.

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18. Find the sum to n terms of the series: $\frac{1}{1.3} + \frac{1}{3.5} + \frac{1}{5.7} + \dots$

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19. Find the sum to n terms of the series:

$$\frac{1}{1 + 1^2 + 1^4} + \frac{1}{1 + 2^2 + 2^4} + \frac{1}{1 + 3^2 + 3^4} + \dots$$

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20. Find sum of the series to n terms $\frac{1}{2.4} + \frac{1}{4.6} + \frac{1}{6.8} + \dots$

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21. Find the n th term and sum to n terms of the following series:

$2+6+12+20+\dots$

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22. Find the n th term and sum to n terms of the following series:

$3+6+11+18+\dots$

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23. Find the sum to n terms of the series: $3 + 15 + 35 + 63 + \dots$

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24. Find the sum of n terms of the series

$$1 + 9 + 24 + 46 + 75 \dots$$

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25. Find the n th term and sum of n terms of the series,

$$1 + 5 + 12 + 22 + 35 + \dots$$

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26. Find the n th term and sum to n terms of the following series:

$$2 + 6 + 12 + 20 + \dots$$

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27. Find the sum to 10 terms of the series $1 + 3 + 6 + 10 + \dots$

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28. Natural numbers have been divided into groups in the following way: (1, 3), (5, 7, 9, 11), (13, 15, ..., 23), Show that the sum of numbers in the n th group is $4n^3$

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29. Find the sum of the series $2 + 5 + 14 + 41 + 122 + \dots$ up to n terms and hence evaluate S_8 .

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30. Find the n th term and deduce the sum to n terms of the series $1+5+13+29+\dots$

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31. Sum the following series to n terms: $1 + 4 + 13 + 40 + 121 +$



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32. Find the sum to n terms of the series : $5 + 11 + 19 + 29 + 41 \dots$



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33. Find the sum of the given series $3+5+9+17+33 + ..$



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34. Find the sum to infinity of the following Geometric Progression:

$$1, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{9}, \dots$$



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35. Find the sum to infinity of the following geometric progression:

$$3, -1, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{9}, \dots$$



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36. Find the sum to infinity of the following geometric progression:

$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \frac{1}{7^2} + \dots$$



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37. Find the sum of the infinite geometric series

$$1 + 3x + 9x^2 + 27x^3 + \dots$$



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38. The value of $9^{1/3} \times 9^{1/9} \times 9^{1/27} \times \dots \infty$ is



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39. Prove that: $a^{1/2} \cdot a^{1/4} \cdot a^{1/8}, \dots \rightarrow \infty = a$.



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40. If $y = x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots \dots \dots \infty$, prove that $x = \frac{y}{1 + y}$



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41. The first term of as G.P. is 3 and the sum to infinity is 12. Find the common ratio.



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42. The sum of intinite number of terms of a decreasing G.P.is 4 and the sum of the squares of its terms to infinity is $\frac{16}{3}$ find the G.P.



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43. The sum of an infinite G.P. whose common ratio is numerically less than 1 is 32 and the sum of the first two terms is 24. Find the terms of G.P.

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44. If $A = 1 + r^a + r^{2a} + \dots$ to ∞ and $B = 1 + r^b + r^{2b} + \dots$ to ∞ , prove that

$$r = \left(\frac{A - 1}{A} \right)^{1/a} = \left(\frac{B - 1}{B} \right)^{1/b}$$

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45. Express $0.\overline{54}$ as a rational number.

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46. Find the value of the recurring decimal $1.\overline{15}$ considering it as a geometric series.

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