



# CHEMISTRY

## AAKASH INSTITUTE ENGLISH

### MOCK TEST 38

#### Example

1. The e.m.f and the standard e.m.f of a cell in the following reaction is 5 V and 5.06 V at room temperature,



. What is the concentration of  $Ag^+$  ions?

A. 0.0125 M

B. 0.0314 M

C. 0.0625 M

D. 0.0174 M

**Answer: D**



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2. Product obtained when benzaldehyde and acetophenone undergo cross aldol condensation is

A. 1, 4 – Diphenylprop -2- en -1- one

B. 1,3 - Diphenylprop -2- en -1- one

C. 1,3- Diphenylprop -1- ene -2- one

D. 1, 4 – Diphenylprop -1- ene -2- one

**Answer: B**



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3. Calculate the electrode potential of the given electrode. Pt,  $Cl_2(2 \text{ bar}) | 2Cl^- (0.02M)$ ;

$$E^\circ(Cl_2 | 2Cl^-) = 3.4 \text{ V}$$

A. 3.51 V

B. 3.55 V

C. 1.26 V

D. 2.95 V

**Answer: C**



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4. A zinc rod dipped in  $n$  molar solution of  $ZnSO_4$  has an electrode potential of  $-0.56$  V.

The salt is 98 percent dissociated at room temperature. What is the molarity of the

solution?  $\left( E^\circ \left( Z \frac{n+2}{Z} n \right) = -0.5V \right)$

A.  $8.44 \times 10^{-3}$  M

B.  $9.44 \times 10^{-4}$  M

C.  $8.44 \times 10^{-4}$  M

D.  $9.44 \times 10^{-3}$  M

**Answer: C**



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5. Cannizzaro reaction is an example of

A. Disproportionation reaction

B. Decomposition reaction

C. Condensation reaction

D. Displacement reaction

**Answer: A**



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6. What is the pH of HCl solution when the hydrogen gas electrode shows a potential of  $-0.22$  V at standard temperature and pressure?

A. 2.17

B. 2.98

C. 3.73

D. 3.14

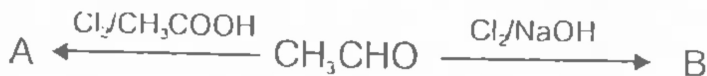
**Answer: B**



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7. Identify products A and B in the following

reaction



A. 

B. 

C. 

D. 

**Answer: A**



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8. Although the H-bonding in hydrogen fluoride is much stronger than that in water, yet water has a much higher boiling point than hydrogen fluoride. Why?



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9. IUPAC name of the following compound is 

A. 2-Methylcyclohex-5- enoic acid

B. 6-Methylcyclohex-2- enoic acid

C. 6-Methylcyclohex-2- enecarboxylic acid

D. 2-Methylcyclohex-5- enecarboxylic acid

**Answer: C**



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**10.** What is the number of electrons transferred in an equation if the Nernst equation is

$$E(\text{cell}) = E^\circ(\text{cell}) - 9.83 \times 10^{-3} \times \log_{10}$$

(Anode / Cathode)?

A. 2

B. 4

C. 6

D. 1

**Answer: C**



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**11.** Acidic hydrolysis of 2-methylbenzamide followed by heating with alkaline potassium permanganate and acidic work up produces

A. Benzoic acid

B. Glutaric acid

C. Oxalic acid

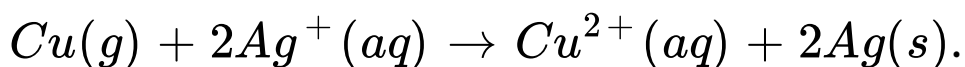
D. Phthalic acid

**Answer: D**



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**12.** Find the number of electrons transferred in  
the \_\_\_\_\_ equation



A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 4

**Answer: D**



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**13.** What is the time taken to complete 75 percent of the reaction if the rate of the first-order reaction is  $0.023 \text{ min}^{-1}$ ?

A. 60.28 minutes

B. 69.28 minutes

C. 50.37 minutes

D. 65.97 minutes

**Answer: B**



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**14.** The rate constant of a reaction is  $k=3.28 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}^{-1}$ . Find the order of the reaction.

- A. Zero order
- B. First order
- C. Second order
- D. Third order

**Answer: D**



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**15.** Product obtained when cyclohexene is oxidised with acidic potassium dichromate will be

A. Succinic acid

B. Adipic acid

C. Benzoic acid

D. Terephthalic acid

**Answer: B**



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**16.** Incorrect statement with respect to physical properties of carboxylic acids is



- A. Carboxylic acids have higher boiling point than alcohols of comparable molecular masses
- B. Most carboxylic acids exist as dimer in the vapour phase
- C. Solubility of carboxylic acids in water increases with increasing number of carbon atoms
- D. Carboxylic acids are also soluble in less polar organic solvents like benzene,

ether, chloroform etc.

**Answer: C**



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**17.** For a reaction  $A + B \rightarrow C$ , the experimental rate law is found to be  $R = k[A]^1[B]^{\frac{1}{2}}$ . Find the rate of the reaction when  $[A] = 0.5 \text{ M}$ ,  $[B] = 0.1 \text{ M}$  and  $k=0.03$ .

A.  $4.74 \times 10^{-2} (\text{Lmol}^{-1})^{\frac{1}{2}} \text{s}^{-1}$

B.  $5.38 \times 10^{-2} (Lmol^{-1})^{\frac{1}{2}} s^{-1}$

C.  $5.748 \times 10^{-2} (Lmol^{-1})^{\frac{1}{2}} s^{-1}$

D.  $4.86 \times 10^{-2} (Lmol^{-1})^{\frac{1}{2}} s^{-1}$

**Answer: C**



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**18.** pK, value of trifluoroacetic acid, benzoic acid and acetic acid are respectively

A. 4.76, 4:19 and 0:23

B. 4-19, 4-76 and 0-23

C. 0-23, 4-76 and 4-19

D. 0:23, 4-19 and 4.76

**Answer: D**



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**19.** For the reaction  $A + H_2O \rightarrow \text{products}$ , find the rate of the reaction when  $[A] = 0.75 \text{ M}$ ,  $k = 0.02$ .

A.  $0.077S^{-1}$

B.  $0.085S^{-1}$

C.  $0.015S^{-1}$

D.  $0.045S^{-1}$

**Answer: B**



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**20.** What is the concentration of the reactant in a first order reaction when the rate of the

reaction is  $0.6 \text{ s}^{-1}$  and the rate constant is  $0.035$ ?

A.  $26.667 \text{ M}$

B.  $17.143 \text{ M}$

C.  $26.183 \text{ M}$

D.  $17.667 \text{ M}$

**Answer: B**



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21. How many times will the rate of the elementary reaction  $3X + Y \rightarrow X_2Y$  change if the concentration of the substance X is doubled and that of Y is halved?

A.  $r_2 = 4.5r_1$

B.  $r_2 = 5r_1$

C.  $r_2 = 4r_1$

D.  $r_2 = 2r_1$

**Answer: B**



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22. The rate constant of a reaction is  $0.01S^{-1}$ , how much time does it take for  $2.4molL^{-1}$  concentration of reactant reduced to  $0.3molL^{-1}$ ?

A.  $108.3S^{-1}$

B.  $207.9S^{-1}$

C.  $248.2S^{-1}$

D.  $164.3S^{-1}$



**Answer: D**



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**23.** What time does it take for reactants to reduce to  $3/4$  of initial concentration if the rate constant is  $7.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ ?

A. 38.4s

B. 40.2s

C. 39.3s

D. 36.8s

**Answer: B**



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24. One of the product formed in the electrolysis of sodium salt of succinic acid is

A. Ethane

B. Butene

C. Ethylene

D. Acetylene

**Answer: C**



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**25.** Carboxylic acid in which Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction cannot be carried out?

A. 

B. 

C. 

D. 

**Answer: B**



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**26.** Write the IUPAC name of the following compound :



A. N-Methyl-N-ethylaniline

B. N-Ethyl-N-methylaniline

C. N-Ethyl-N-methylbenzenamine

D. N-Methyl-N-ethylbenzenamine

**Answer: C**



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**27.** A zero-order reaction is 25% complete in 30seconds. What time does it take for 50% completion?

A. 40s

B. 70s

C. 50s

D. 60s

**Answer: B**



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**28.** Amine produced by the Hoffmann degradation of benzamide is

A. Secondary amine

B. Aliphatic amine

C. Tertiary amine

D. Aromatic amine

**Answer: D**



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29. Identify the amine which cannot be prepared by Gabriel phthalimide synthesis

A. 

B. 

C. 

D.  

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**30.** For a certain reaction the values of Arrhenius factor and Activation energy are  $4 \times 10^{13}$  collision/sec and  $98.6 \text{ kJ/mol}$  at  $303 \text{ K}$ . Calculate the rate constant if reaction is 1st order? (

$$R = 8.341 \text{ mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$$



A.  $6.07 \times 10^{-3}$

B.  $3.02 \times 10^{-5}$

C.  $4.07 \times 10^{-4}$

D.  $7.42 \times 10^{-3}$

**Answer: D**



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