

India's Number 1 Education App

MATHS

BOOKS - SHRI BALAJI MATHS (ENGLISH)

LOGARITHMS

Exercise 1 Single Choice Problems

1. Solution set of the in equality

 $\log_{10^2} x - 3(\log_{10} x)(\log_{10} (x-2)) + 2\log_{10^2} (x-2) < 0$, is :

A.(0,4)

B. $(-\infty, 1)$

 $C.(4,\infty)$

D.(2,4)

Answer: C

2. The number of real solution(s) of the equation
$$9^{\log_3(\log_e x)} = \log_e x - (\log_e x)^2 + 1$$
 is equal to

B. 1

C. 2

D. 3

Answer: B



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3. If a, b, c are positive numbers such that $a^{\log_3 7} = 27, b^{\log_7 11} = 49, c^{\log_{11} 25} = \sqrt{11}$, then the sum of digits of $S = a^{\left(\log_3 7\right)^2} + b^{\left(\log_7 11\right)^2} + c^{\left(\log_{11} 25\right)^2}$ is :

Answer: C
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4. Least positive integral value of 'a' for
$$\log_{\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)}\left(a^2-3a+3\right)>0, (x>0)$$
:

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 4

Answer: C

which

A. 15

B. 17

C. 19

D. 21

5. Let
$$P=rac{5}{rac{1}{\log_2 x}+rac{1}{\log_3 x}+rac{1}{\log_4 x}+rac{1}{\log_5 x}}$$
 and $(120)^P=32$, then the value of x be :

D. 4

Answer: B



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6. Let x,y,z be positive real numbers such that $\log_{2x}z=3,\log_{5y}z=6$ and $\log_{xy}z=rac{2}{3}$ then the value of z is

$$\frac{1}{5}$$

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 $\log_x(\log_3(\log_x y)) = 0$ and $\log_y 27 = 1$ is :

 $\mathsf{C.}\,\frac{3}{5}$

D. $\frac{4}{9}$

Answer: B

7.

Sum

A. 27

of values of x and y satisfying

Answer: B

8.
$$\log_{0.01} 1000 + \log_{0.1} 0.0001$$
 is equal to :

$$C. - 5/2$$

$$\mathsf{D.}\,5/2$$

Answer: D



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9. If $(\log)_{12}27=a, ext{ then find } (\log)_616 \int\!\!ermsofa$

A.
$$2\left(\frac{3-a}{3+a}\right)$$

$$\mathsf{B.}\, 3\bigg(\frac{3-a}{3+a}\bigg)$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,4\bigg(\frac{3-a}{3+a}\bigg)$$

D. None of these



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- **10.** If $\log_2(\log_2(\log_3 x)) = \log_2(\log_3(\log_2 y)) = 0$, then the value of (x+y) is
 - A. 17
 - B. 9
 - C. 21
 - D. 19

Answer: A



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11. Suppose that a and b are positive real number such that $\log_{27} a + \log_9 b = 7/2$ and $\log_{27} b + \log_9 a = 2/3$. Then find the value

of ab. A. 81 B. 243 C. 27 D. 729 **Answer: B** Watch Video Solution **12.** If $2^a=5, 5^b=8, 8^c=11$ and $11^d=14$, then the value of 2^{abcd} is : A. 1 B. 2 C. 7 D. 14 **Answer: D**

13. Which of the following conditions necessarily imply that the real number x is rational, I x^2 is rational II x^3 and x^5 are rational III x^2 and x^3 are rational

A. I and II only

B. I and III only

C. II and III only

D. III only

Answer: C



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14. The value of $\frac{\log_8 17}{\log_9 23} - \frac{\log_{2\sqrt{2}} 17}{\log_3 23}$ is equal to

A. -1

B. 0

 $\mathsf{C.}\ \frac{\log_2 17}{\log_3 23}$

 $\mathsf{D.} \; \frac{4(\log_2 17)}{3(\log_3 23)}$

Answer: B



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15. The true solution set of inequality $\log_{(2x-3)}(3x-4)>0$ is equal to :

A. $\left(\frac{4}{3}, \frac{5}{3}\right) \cup (2, \infty)$

B. $\left(\frac{3}{2},\frac{5}{3}\right)\cup(2,\infty)$

 $\mathsf{C.}\left(\frac{4}{3},\frac{3}{2}\right)\cup(2,\infty)$

D. $\left(rac{2}{3},rac{4}{3}
ight)\cup(2,\infty)$

Answer: B



16. If P is the number of natural number whose logarithms to the base 10 have the characteristic p and Q is the number of natural numbers logarithms of whose reciprocals to the base 10 have the characteristic -q, then find the value of $\log_{10}P-\log_{10}Q$.

A.
$$p-q+1$$

$$B. p - q$$

C.
$$p + q - 1$$

D.
$$p - q - 1$$

Answer: A



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17. If $2^{2010}=a_n10^n+a_{n-1}10^{n-1}+\ldots\ldots+a_210^2+a_1\cdot 10+a_0$, where $a_i\in\{0,1,2,\ldots,9\}$ for all $i=0,1,2,3,\ldots,n$, then n=

A. 603 B. 604 C. 605 D. 606 **Answer: C** Watch Video Solution 18. The number of zeros after decimal before the start of any significant digit in the number $N=\left(0.15\right)^{20}$ are : A. 15 B. 16 C. 17 D. 18 **Answer: B**

19. $\log_2 \bigl[\log_4 \bigl(\log_{10} 16^4 + \log_{10} 25^8 \bigr) \bigr]$ simplifies to :

A. an irrational

B. an odd prime

C. a composite

D. unity

Answer: D



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20. The sum of all the solutions to the equations

 $2\log_{10}x - \log_{10}(2x - 75) = 2$

A. 30

B. 350

D. 200

Answer: D



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21. $x^{(\log_x)\log_a y\log_y z}$ is equal to

A. x

В. у

C. z

D. x^x

Answer: C



22. Number of solution(s) of the equation
$$x^{x\sqrt{x}} = \left(x\sqrt{x}\right)^x$$
 is/are :

A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

D. 3



23. The difference of roots of the equation $\left((\log)_{27}x^3\right)^2=(\log)_{27}x^6$ is

- A. $\frac{2}{3}$
 - B. 1
 - C. 9
 - D. 8

Answer: D



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24. If $\log_{10} x + \log_{10} y = 2, x - y = 15$ then :

A. (x,y) lies on the line y=4x+3

B. (x, y) lies on $y^2 = 4x$

C. (x, y) lies on x = 4y

D. (x, y) lies on 4x = y

Answer: C



25.
$$\sqrt{2^x \left(4^x (0.\ 125)^{rac{1}{x}}
ight)^{rac{1}{3}}} = 4.\left(2^{rac{1}{3}}
ight)$$

A.
$$\frac{14}{5}$$

$$\mathsf{C.} - \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\mathsf{D.}-\frac{3}{5}$$

Answer: D



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- Sum of all values of x satisfying the equation 26. $25^{ig(2x-x^2+1ig)}\,+9^{ig(2x-x^2+1ig)}\,=34\Big(15^{ig(2x-x^2ig)}\Big)$ is :
 - A. 1
 - B. 2
 - C. 3
 - D. 4

Answer: D



27. If
$$a^x=b^y=c^z=d^w$$
, show that $\log_a(bcd)=x\Big(rac{1}{y}+rac{1}{z}+rac{1}{w}\Big).$

A.
$$z\left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{w}\right)$$

$$\mathsf{B.}\, y \bigg(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{z} + \frac{1}{w} \bigg)$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,x\bigg(\frac{1}{y}+\frac{1}{z}+\frac{1}{w}\bigg)$$

D.
$$\frac{xyz}{w}$$



28. If
$$x=\dfrac{4}{\left(\sqrt{5}+1\right)\left(\sqrt[4]{5}+1\right)\left(\sqrt[8]{5}+1\right)\left(\sqrt[16]{5}+1\right)}$$
 . Then the value of

$$(1+x)^{48}$$
 is:

C. 125

D. 625

Answer: C



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- **29.** If $\log_x \log_{18} \left(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{8} \right) = rac{1}{3}$, then the value of 32x =
 - A. 2

B. 4

C. 6

D. 8

Answer: B



30. Let $n \in N, f(n) = \left\{ egin{array}{ll} \log_8 n & ext{is integer} \\ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{array}
ight.$, then the valud of

$$\sum_{n=1}^{2011} f(n)$$
 is :

A. 2011

B. 2011×1006

C. 6

 $D. 2^{2011}$

Answer: C



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31. If the equation $\frac{\log_{12}(\log_8(\log_4 x))}{\log_5\Big(\log_4\Big(\log_y(\log_2 x)\Big)\Big)}=0$ has a solution for 'x'

when $c < y < b, y \neq a$, where 'b' is as large as possible, then the value of (a+b+c) is equals to :

A. 18

B. 19

C. 20

D. 21

Answer: B



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32. If $\log_{0.3}(x-1) < \log_{0.09}(x-1)$, then x lies in the interval

 $A.(2,\infty)$

B.(1,2)

C. (-2, -1)

D. $\left(1, \frac{3}{2}\right)$

Answer: A



33. Number of solutions of equation $\sqrt{7^{2x^{2-5x-6}}} = \left(\sqrt{2}\right)^{3\log_2 49}$

A. 2

B. 1

C. 4

D. 5

Answer: C



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34. Let $1 \le x \le 256$ and M be the maximum value of $(\log_2 x)^4 + 16(\log_2 x)^2 \log_2 \left(\frac{16}{x}\right)$. The sum of the digits of M is :

A. 9

B. 11

C. 13

D. 15



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35. The number of real solution(s) of the equation $9^{\log_3(\log_e x)} = \log_e x - (\log_e x)^2 + 1$ is equal to

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

Answer: c



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36. The number of real values of the parameter k for which $(\log_{16} x)^2 = \log_{16} x + \log_{16} k = 0$ with real coefficients will have exactly

one solution is
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
Answer: A
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37. A rational number which is 50 times its own logarithm to the base 10,
is
A. 1
B. 10
C. 100
D. 1000



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38. If $x = \log_5(1000)$ and $y = \log_7(2058)$,then

A. x > y

B. x < y

 $\mathsf{C}.\,x=y$

D. none of these

Answer: A



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39. Find the value of 7 $\log\!\left(\frac{16}{15}\right) + 5\log\!\left(\frac{25}{24}\right) + 3\log\!\left(\frac{81}{80}\right)$.

A. 0

B. 1

C. log 2

D. log 3

Answer: C



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40. $\log_{10} \tan 1^\circ + \log_{10} \tan 2^\circ + \ldots + \log_{10} \tan 89^\circ$ is equal to :

A. 0

B. 1

C. 27

D. 81

Answer: A



41.
$$\log_7 \log_7 \sqrt{7\left(\sqrt{7\sqrt{7}}\right)} =$$

A. $3\log_2 7$

 $\mathsf{B.}\, 3\log_7 2$

C. $1-3\log_7 2$

D. $1-3\log_2 7$

Answer: C



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42. If $2x^{\log_4 3} + 3^{\log_4 x} = 27$, then x is equal to

A. 2

B. 3

C. 10

D. 30



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- **43.** $x^{\log_{10}\left(\frac{y}{z}\right)}$. $y^{\log_{10}\left(\frac{z}{x}\right)}$. $z^{\log_{10}\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)}$ is equal to :
 - A. 0
 - B. 1
 - C. -1
 - D. 2

Answer: B



- **44.** Solve $(\log)_x 2(\log)_{2x} 2 = (\log)_{4x} 2$.
 - A. $\left\{2^{-\sqrt{2}},2^{\sqrt{2}}
 ight\}$

B. 4 C. 6 D. 8 **Watch Video Solution**

B. $\{1/2, 2\}$

C. $\{1/4, 2^2\}$

Answer: A

A. 2

D. None of these

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 $x>1, \ {
m is} \ {
m 10} \ {
m (b)} \ {
m 2} \ {
m (c)} -0. \ 01 \ {
m (d)} \ {
m 4}$

45. The least value of the expression $2(\log)_{10}x-(\log)_x(0,01)$. for



46. If $\sqrt{(\log)_2 x} - 0.5 = (\log)_2 \sqrt{x}$, then x equals odd integer (b) prime number composite number (d) irrational

A. odd integer

B. prime number

C. composite number

D. irrational

Answer: B



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47. If x_1 and x_2 are the roots of the equation $e^2 \cdot x^{Inx} = x^3$ with $x_1 > x_2,$ then

A.
$$x_1=2x_2$$

B.
$$x_1 = x_2^2$$

C.
$$2x_1=x_2^2$$

D.
$$x_1^2=x_2^2$$

Answer: B



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- **48.** Let M denote antilog $_{32}$ 0.6 and N denote the value of
- $49^{(1-\log_7 2)} + 5^{-\log_5 4}$. Then M.N is :
 - A. 100
 - B. 400
 - C. 50
 - D. 200

Answer: A



49. If $\log_2(\log_2(\log_3 x)) = \log_3(\log_3(\log_2 y)) = 0$, then x-y is equal to :

A. 0

B. 1

C. 8

D. 9

Answer: B



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50. $|\log_{\frac{1}{2}} 10 + |\log_4 625 - |\log_{\frac{1}{2}} 5||| =$

- - A. $\log_{1/2} 2$
 - $B. \log_2 5$
 - $\mathsf{C}.\log_2 2$
 - $D. \log_2 25$



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51. If $\log_4 5 = a$ and $\log_5 6 = b$ then $\log_3 2$ is equal to

- A. $\dfrac{1}{2a+1}$
- $\mathsf{B.}\; \frac{1}{2b+1}$
- $\mathsf{C.}\,2ab+1$
- D. $\frac{1}{2ab-1}$

Answer: D



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52. If $x=\log_a bc,\,y=\log_b ac$ and $z=\log_c ab$ then which of the following is equal to unity ?

A.
$$x + y + z$$

B. xyz

C.
$$\frac{1}{1+x} + \frac{1}{1+y} + \frac{1}{1+z}$$

D. (1+x) + (1+y) + (1+z)

Answer: C



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53. $x^{(\log_x)\log_a y\log_y z}$ is equal to

A. x

B. y

C. z

D. a

Answer: C



54. Number of value(s) of 'x' satisfying the equation $x^{\log_{\sqrt{x}}(x-3)}=9$ is/are

A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

D. 6

Answer: B



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55. $\log_{0.01} 1000 + \log_{0.1} 0.0001$ is equal to :

A. -2

B. 3

 $C. - \frac{5}{2}$

$$\mathsf{D.}\;\frac{5}{2}$$

Answer: D



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56. Find the value of 7 $\log\left(\frac{16}{15}\right) + 5\log\left(\frac{25}{24}\right) + 3\log\left(\frac{81}{80}\right)$.

A. $2^{1/8}$

B. $(10)^{1/8}$

 $C. (30)^{1/8}$

D. 1

Answer: A



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57. $\log_8(128) - \log_9 \cot\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) =$

c. $\frac{13}{12}$ D. $\frac{11}{12}$

A. $\frac{31}{12}$

B. $\frac{19}{12}$

Answer: A

58. Evaluate
$$\left\{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{27}}\right)^{2-\left[\frac{\log_5 13}{2\log_5 9}\right]}\right\}^{\frac{1}{2}}$$
 A. $\frac{5\sqrt{2}}{27}$

A.
$$\frac{5\sqrt{2}}{27}$$

B.
$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{27}$$
 C. $\frac{4\sqrt{2}}{27}$

C.
$$\frac{}{27}$$
D. $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{27}$

 $\log_2(x-1) + \log_2(x+2) - \log_2(3x-1) = \log_2 4$

 $\frac{(\log_{100}10)(\log_2(\log_42))\left(\log_4\log_{(2)^2}(256)^2\right)}{\log_48+\log_84}=$

Answer: D



A.
$$-\frac{6}{15}$$

$$\mathsf{B.}-\frac{1}{2}$$

C.
$$-\frac{8}{13}$$
D. $-\frac{12}{13}$

Answer: D



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61. Let $\lambda = \log_5 \log_5(3)$. If $3^{k+5^{-\lambda}} = 405$, then the value of k is :

- A. 3
- B. 5
- C. 4
- D. 6

Answer: C



62. A circle has radius $\log_{10}(a^2)$ and a circumference of $\log_{10}(b^4)$. Then the value of $\log_a b$ is equal to :

A.
$$\frac{1}{4\pi}$$

$$\operatorname{B.}\frac{1}{\pi}$$

C.
$$2\pi$$

D.
$$\pi$$

Answer: D



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- **63.** If $2^x=3^y=6^{-z}$, the value of $\dfrac{1}{x}+\dfrac{1}{y}+\dfrac{1}{z}$ is equal to :
 - A. 0

B. 1

- C. 2

D. 3

Answer: A



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- **64.** The value of $\log_{\left(\sqrt{2}-1\right)}\left(5\sqrt{2}-7\right)$ is :
 - A. 0
 - B. 1
 - C. 2
 - D. 3

Answer: D



- **65.** Compute $\log_{ab}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}\,/\,\sqrt{b}\right)$ if $\log_{ab}a=4$.
 - A. 2

B.
$$\frac{13}{6}$$

c.
$$\frac{15}{6}$$

D. $\frac{17}{6}$

Answer: D



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66. Identify the correct option

A.
$$\log_2 3 < \log_{1/4} 5$$

$$\texttt{B.}\log_57 < \log_83$$

C.
$$\log_{\sqrt[3]{2}}\sqrt{3} < \log_{\sqrt[3]{2}}\sqrt{5}$$

D.
$$2^{rac{1}{4}}>\left(rac{3}{2}
ight)^{1/3}$$

Answer: C



67. Sum of all values of x satisfying the system of equations $5\Big(\log_y x + \log_x y\Big) = 26, \, xy = 64$ is :

A. 42

B. 34

C. 32

D. 2

Answer: B



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68. The product of all values of x satisfying the equations $\log_3 a - \log_x a = \log_{x/3} a$ is :

A. 3

 $\mathsf{B.}\;\frac{3}{2}$

C. 18

Answer: D



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69. Solve for x, y, z.

$$\log_2 x + \log_4 y + \log_4 z = 2$$

$$\log_3 y + \log_9 z + \log_9 x = 2$$

$$\log_4 z + \log_{16} x + \log_{16} y = 2$$

A.
$$\frac{175}{12}$$

$$\mathsf{B.}\ \frac{349}{24}$$

c.
$$\frac{353}{24}$$

D.
$$\frac{112}{3}$$

Answer: C



70. Find the value of $\left(\frac{1}{49}\right)^{1+\log_7 2} + 5^{-\log_{(1/5)}(7)}$.

A.
$$7\frac{1}{196}$$

$$\operatorname{B.}7\frac{3}{196}$$

C.
$$7\frac{5}{196}$$
D. $7\frac{1}{98}$

Answer: A



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71. Solve the equation $\log_2(3-x)-\log_2\left(rac{\sinrac{3\pi}{4}}{5-x}
ight)=rac{1}{2}+\log_2(x+7)$

Answer: B



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72. If $\log_k x \log_5 k = \log_x 5, \, k
eq 1, \, k > 0$, then sum of all values of x is :

- A. 5
- B. $\frac{24}{5}$
- $\mathsf{C.}\ \frac{26}{5}$
- D. $\frac{37}{5}$

Answer: A



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73. The values of x satisfying the equation $|x-1|^{\log_3 x^2 - 2\log_x 9} = (x-1)^7$ is /are

B.
$$\frac{162}{\sqrt{3}}$$
 C. $\frac{81}{\sqrt{3}}$

D. 81

Answer: A



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 $\log_2 \! \left(9^{x \, - \, 1} + 7 \right) \, = \, 2 \, + \, \log_2 \! \left(3^{x \, - \, 1} \, + \, 1 \right) \, \mathsf{is} :$

74. The number of values of x satisfying the equation

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 0

Answer: B

75. Which is the correct order for a given number $\alpha>1$ in increasing order

A.
$$\log_2 lpha < \log_3 lpha < \log_e lpha < \log_{10} lpha$$

B.
$$\log_{10} \alpha < \log_3 \alpha < \log_e \alpha < \log_2 \alpha$$

C.
$$\log_{10} lpha < \log_e lpha < \log_2 lpha < \log_3 lpha$$

D.
$$\log_3 lpha < \log_e lpha < \log_2 lpha < \log_{10} lpha$$

Answer: B



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76. If
$$T_r = \dfrac{1}{\log_z 4}$$
 (where $r \in N$), then the value of $\sum_{r=1}^4 T_r$ is :

A. 3

B. 4

D. 10

Answer: C



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77.

In which of the following intervals does $\dfrac{1}{\log_{1/2}\!\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)}+\dfrac{1}{\log_{1/5}\!\left(1/3\right)}$ lies

- i) (1,2)
 - ii) (2,3)
 - iii) (3,4)
 - iv) (4,5)
 - A. (1, 2)

B. (2, 3)

- C. (3, 4)
- D. (4, 5)

Answer: B



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78. If $\sin\theta=\frac{1}{2}\bigg(a+\frac{1}{a}\bigg)$ and $\sin3\theta=\frac{k}{2}\bigg(a^3+\frac{1}{a^3}\bigg)$, then k+6 is equal to :

- A. 3
- B. 4
- C. 5
- D. -4

Answer: C



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79. Complete set of real values of x for which $\log_{(2x-3)}\left(x^2-5x-6\right)$ is defined is :

A.
$$\left(\frac{3}{2},\infty\right)$$

 $B.(6,\infty)$

 $\mathsf{C.}\left(\frac{3}{2},6\right)$

D.
$$\left(rac{3}{2},2
ight)\cup\left(2,\infty
ight)$$

Answer: B



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Exercise 2 One Or More Than One Answer Is Are Correct

1. Solve the equation
$$\dfrac{1-2ig(\log x^2ig)^2}{\log x-2ig(\log xig)^2}=1$$

A.
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$$

$$A. \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$$

$$B. \frac{1}{\sqrt{20}}$$

C.
$$\sqrt[3]{10}$$

D.
$$\sqrt{10}$$

Answer: A::C



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- **2.** If $\log_a x = b$ for permissible values of a and x, then identify the statement(s) which can be correct.
 - A. If a and b are two irrational numbers then x can be rational.
 - B. If a rational and b irrational then x can be rational.
 - C. If a irrational and b rational then x can be rational.
 - D. If a rational and b rational then x can be rational.

Answer: A::B::C::D



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3. Which of the following quantities are irrational for the quadratic equation

 $(\log_{10} 8)x^2 - (\log_{10} 5)x = 2(\log_2 10)^{-1} - x$?

B. Product of the roots

C. Sum of the coefficients

D. Discriminant

Answer: C::D



4.

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 $(\log)_{\,(\,B-A\,)}\,(A+B)$ is not defined A+B=13then:

 $A=MINIMUMig(x^2-2x+7ig), x\in R \,\, ext{and}\,\, B=MINIMUMig(x^2-2x+3ig)$

Let

 $(\log)_{\,(\,2B-A\,)}A < 1$ (d) $(\log)_{\,(\,2A-B\,)}A > 1$

A. $\log_{(B-A)}(A+B)$ is not defined

B.A + B = 13

 $C. \log_{(2B-A)} A < 1$

$$\mathsf{D.}\log_{(2A-B)}A>1$$

Answer: A::B::C::D



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Exercise 3 Comprehension Type Problems

1. Let
$$\log_3 N = lpha_1 + eta_1$$

$$\log_5 N = lpha_2 + eta_2$$

$$\log_7 N = lpha_3 + eta_3$$

where α_1, α_2 and α_3 are integers and $\beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3 \in [0, 1)$.

Difference of largest and smallest values of

if

 $\alpha_1 = 5, \, \alpha_2 = 3 \, \text{ and } \, \alpha_3 = 2.$

A. 46

Q.

B. 45

C. 44

Answer: C



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2. Let $\log_3 N = lpha_1 + eta_1$

$$\log_5 N = lpha_2 + eta_2$$

$$\log_7 N = lpha_3 + eta_3$$

Difference

where $\alpha_1, \alpha_2 \,$ and $\, \alpha_3 \,$ are integers and $\, \beta_1, \, \beta_2, \, \beta_3 \, \in \, [0, \, 1).$

of largest and smallest values of

if

- $\alpha_1 = 5, \alpha_2 = 3 \text{ and } \alpha_3 = 2.$
 - A. 342

Ο.

- B. 343
- C. 243
- D. 242

3. Let
$$\log_3 N = lpha_1 + eta_1$$

$$\log_5 N = lpha_2 + eta_2$$

$$\log_7 N = \alpha_3 + \beta_3$$

where $\alpha_1, \alpha_2 \ \ {\rm and} \ \ \alpha_3$ are integers and $\beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3 \in [0, 1)$.

Q. Difference of largest and smallest values of N if

$$\alpha_1 = 5, \alpha_2 = 3 \text{ and } \alpha_3 = 2.$$

C. 98

D. 99

Answer: D



 $\log_{10} \! \left| x^3 + y^3
ight| - \log_{10} \! \left| x^2 - xy + y^2
ight| + \log_{10} \! \left| x^3 - y^3
ight| - \log_{10} \! \left| x^2 + xy + y^2
ight|$

If

lf

. Where x, y are integers, then Q. If x = 111, then y can be :

 $\mathsf{B}.\pm 2$

A. ± 111

4.

 $\mathsf{C.}\pm110$

 $D.\pm 109$

Answer: C

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5. $\log_{10} \! \left| x^3 + y^3
ight| - \log_{10} \! \left| x^2 - xy + y^2
ight| + \log_{10} \! \left| x^3 - y^3
ight| - \log_{10} \! \left| x^2 + xy + y^2
ight|$

. Where x, y are integers, then

Q. If x = 111, then y can be:

A.
$$\pm\,111$$

B.
$$\pm\,15$$

C.
$$\pm 2$$

D.
$$\pm 110$$

Answer: B



- 6. Given a right triangle ABC right angled at C and whose legs are given $1 + 4\log_{p^2}(2p), 1 + 2^{\log_2(\log_2 p)}$ and hypotenuse is given
- $1+\log_2(4p).$ The are of ΔABC and circle circumscribing it are
- Δ_1 and Δ_2 respectively, then
- Q. $\Delta_1 + \frac{4\Delta_2}{\pi}$ is equal to :
 - A. 31
 - B. 28
 - $C.3 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

Answer: A



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- 7. Given a right triangle ABC right angled at C and whose legs are given $1 + 4\log_{p^2}(2p), 1 + 2^{\log_2(\log_2(p))}$ and hypotenuse is given to $1 + \log_2(4p)$. The area of $trian \leq ABC$ and circle circumscribing it are Δ_1 and Δ_2 respectively.
 - A. $\frac{1}{2}$
 - B. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ C. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

 - D. 1

Answer: C



Exercise 5 Subjective Type Problems

1. The number $N=6^{\log_{10}40}.\,5^{\log_{10}36}$ is a natural number ,Then sum of digits of N is:



is:

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The minimum value of 'c' such that 2. $\log_big(a^{\log_2 b}ig)=\log_aig(b^{\log_2 b}ig) \ ext{ and } \ \log_a\Bigl(c-(b-a)^2\Bigr)=3$, where $a,b\in N$



3. How many positive integers b have the property that $\log_b 729$ is a positive integer?



4. The number of negative integral values of x satisfying the inequality

$$\log_{\left(x+rac{5}{2}
ight)}\left(rac{x-5}{2x-3}
ight)^2 < 0$$
 is :



5.
$$\frac{6}{5}a^{(\log_a x)\,(\log_{10} a)\,(\log_a 5)} - 3^{\log_{10}\left(rac{x}{10}
ight)} = 9^{\log_{100} x + \log_4 2}$$

(where a>0, $a \neq 1$), then $\log_3 x = \alpha + \beta,$ lpha is integer, $eta \in [0,1)$, then

$$\alpha =$$

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6. If
$$\log_5\!\left(rac{a+b}{3}
ight)=rac{\log_5 a+\log_5 b}{2},$$
 then $rac{a^4+b^4}{a^2b^2}=$



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Let a,b,c,d be positive integers 7. such that $(\log)_a b = rac{3}{2} and (\log)_c d = rac{5}{4} \cdot$ If (a-c) = 9, then find the value of

$$(b-d)$$

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8. The number of real values of x satisfying the equation $\log_{10} \sqrt{1+x} + 3\log_{10} \sqrt{1-x} = 2 + \log_{10} \sqrt{1-x^2}$ is :



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9. The ordered pair (x, y) satisfying the equation $x^2 = 1 + 6 \log_4 y$ and $y^2 = 2^x y + 2^{2x+1}$

and (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) , then find the value of $\log_2 |x_1x_2y_1y_2|$.



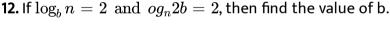
10. If
$$\log_7\log_7\sqrt{7\sqrt{7\sqrt{7}}}=1-a\log_72$$
 and $\log_{15}\log_{15}\sqrt{15\sqrt{15\sqrt{15}}}=1$, then $a+b=$

11. The number of ordered pair(s) of (x, y) satisfying the equations

13. If $\log_y x + \log_x y = 2$, $x^2 + y = 12$, then the value of xy is

14. If x, y satisfy the equation, $y^x = x^y \; ext{and} \; x = 2y$, then $x^2 + y^2 =$

 $\log_{(1+x)}\left(1-2y+y^2
ight) + \log_{(1-y)}\left(1+2x+x^2
ight) = 4 \,\, ext{and}\,\,\,\log_{(1+x)}\left(1+2x+x^2
ight)$







15. Find the number of real values of x satisfying the equation.

$$\log_2 \! \left(4^{x+1} + 4
ight) \cdot \log_2 \! \left(4^x + 1
ight) = \log_{1/\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{rac{1}{8}}$$



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16. If $x_1, x_2(x_1 > x_2)$ are the two solutions of the equation

$$3^{\log_2 x}-12ig(x^{\log_{16} 9}ig)=\log_3ig(rac{1}{3}ig)^{3^3}$$
 , then the value of x_1-2x_2 is :



17. Find the number or real values of x satisfying the equation $9^{2\log_9 x} + 4x + 3 = 0.$



19. The value
$$\left[\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{2 \log_{10}(1728)}{1 + \frac{1}{2} \log_{10}(0.36) + \frac{1}{3} \log_{10} 8} \right)^{1/2} \right]^{-1}$$
 is :