

CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - MTG CHEMISTRY (BENGALI ENGLISH)

QUESTION PAPER 2018

Chemistry

1. The following equilibrium constnats are given:

 $N_2+3H_2 \Leftrightarrow 2NH_3, K_1$

$$egin{aligned} N_2 + O_2 &\Leftrightarrow 2NO, K_2 \ H_2 + rac{1}{2}O_2 &\Leftrightarrow H_2O, K_3 \end{aligned}$$

The equilibrium constant for the oxidation of 2 mol of NH_3 to give NO is

A.
$$K_1.$$
 $rac{K_2}{K_3}$

B.
$$K_2$$
. $\frac{K_3^3}{K_1}$
C. K_2 . $\frac{K_3^2}{K_1}$
D. $K_2^2 \frac{K_3}{K_1}$

Answer:



2. Which of the following is a condensation polymer?

A. PVC

B. Teflon

C. Decron

D. Polystyrene



3. Which of the following is present in maximum amount in axid rain?

A. HNO_3

B. H_2SO_4

 $\mathsf{C}.\,HCl$

D. H_2CO_3

Answer:

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4. Which of the set of oxides are arranged in the proper of basic, amphoteric, acidic?

A. SO_2, P_2O_5, CO

 $B. BaO, Al_2O_3, SO_2$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,CaO,\,SiO_2,\,Al_2O_3$

 $\mathsf{D}. CO_2, Al_2O_3, CO$

Answer:

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5. Out of the following outer electronic configurations of atoms, the highest oxidation state is achieved by which one?

A.
$$(n-1)d^8ns^2$$

- $\mathsf{B.}\,(n-1)d^5ns^2$
- $\mathsf{C}.\,(n-1)d^3ns^2$
- D. $(n-1)d^5ns^1$

6. At room temperature, the reaction between water and fluorine produces

A. HF and H_2O_2

B. HF, O_2 and F_2O_2

C. $F^{\,-}, O_2$ and $H^{\,+}$

D. HOF and HF

Answer:



7. Which of the following is least thermally statble?

A. $MgCO_3$

B. $CaCO_3$

C. $SrCO_3$

D. $BeCO_3$

Answer:

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8. Cl_2O_7 is the anhydride of

A. HOCl

B. $HClO_2$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,HClO_3$

D. $HClO_4$

Answer:

9. The main reason that $SiCl_4$ is easily hydrolysed as compared to ${
m CC}l_4$ is that

A. Si-Cl bond is weaker than C-Cl bond

B. $SiCl_4$ can form hydrogen bonds

C. $SiCl_4$ is covalent.

D. Si can extend its coordination number beyond four.

Answer:

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10. Silver chloride dissolves in excess of ammonium hydroxide solution. The cation present in the resulting solution is

A.
$$\left[Ag(NH_3)_6
ight]^+$$

$$\mathsf{B.}\left[Ag(NH_3)_4\right]^+$$

C. Ag^+

D.
$$\left[ag(NH_3)_2
ight]^+$$

Answer:

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11. The case of hydrolysis in the compounds $CH_3COCl(I), CH_3 - CO - O - COCH_3(II), CH_3COOC_2H_5(III)$ and $CH_3CONH_2(IV)$ is of the order

A. I > II > III > IV

 $\mathsf{B}.\,IV>III>II>I$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,I>II>II>III>III$

 $\mathsf{D}.\,II > I > IV > III$

Answer:

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12. $CH_3 - C \equiv CMgBr$ can be prepared by the reaction of

A. $CH_3-C\equiv C$ Br with $MgBr_2$

B. $CH_3 - C \equiv CH$ with $MgBr_2$

C. $CH_3 - C \equiv CH$ with KBr and Mg metal

D. $CH_3 - C \equiv CH$ with CH_3MgBr

Answer:



13. The number of alkene (s) which can produce 2-butanol by the succesive treatment of (i) B_2H_6 in tetrahydrofuran solvent and (ii)

alkaline H_2O_2 solutio is

B. 2 C. 3

D. 4

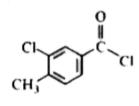
A. 1

Answer:

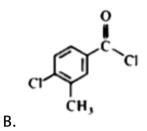
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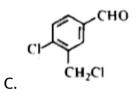
14. Identify M in the following sequence of reactions:

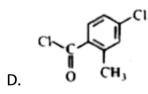
$$C_8H_6CI_2O \xrightarrow{NH_3} C_8H_8CINO \xrightarrow{Br_2} H_2N \xrightarrow{CH_3} CINO \xrightarrow{H_3} C_8H_8CINO \xrightarrow{Br_2} H_2N \xrightarrow{CH_3} CINO \xrightarrow{H_3} C_8H_8CINO \xrightarrow{H_3} C_8H_8CINO$$



A.









15. Methoxybenzene on treatment with HI produces

A. lodobenzene and methanol

B. Phenol and methyl iodide

C. lodobenzene and methyl iodide

D. Phenol and methanol

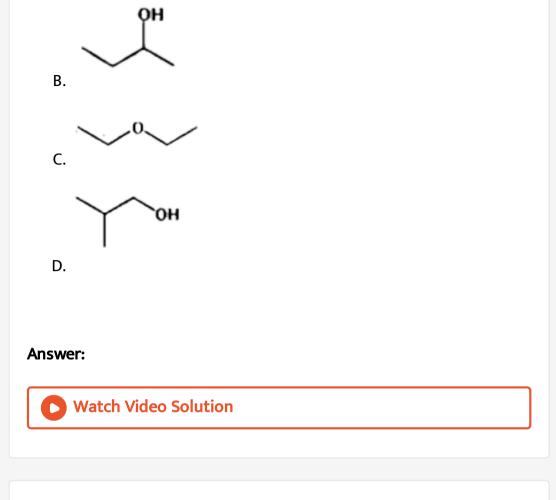
Answer:

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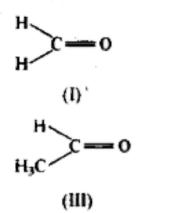
16.
$$C_4H_{10}O \xrightarrow{K_2Cr_2O_7} C_4H_8O \xrightarrow{I_2/NaOH} CHI_3$$

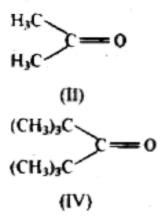
Here N is

∠0H A.



17. The correct order of reactivity for the addition reaction of the following carbonyl compounds with ethylmagnesium iodide is





A. I > III > II > IV

 $\mathsf{B}.\,IV>III>II>I$

 $\mathsf{C}.\, I > II > IV > III$

 $\mathsf{D}.\,III>II>IV$

Answer:



18. If aniline is treated with conc. H_2SO_4 and heated at $200^{\,\circ}\,C$ the

product is

- A. Anilinium sulphate
- B. Benzenesulphonic acid
- C. m-Amiobenzenesulphonic acid
- D. Sulphanilic acid

Answer:



19. Which of the following electronic configuration is not possible?

A.
$$n=3, l=0, m=0$$

B.
$$n=3, l=1, m=-1$$

C.
$$n=2, l=0, m=\,-1$$

D. n = 2, l = 1, m = 0

20. The number of unpaired electros is Ni(atomic number =28) are

A. O B. 2 C. 4 D. 8

Answer:

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21. Which of the following has the strongest H-bond?



B. S-H...O

C. F-H...f

D. F-H...O`

Answer:

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22. The half life of C^{14} is 5760 years. For a 200 mg sample of C^{14} ,

the time taken to change to 25 mg is

A. 11520 years

B. 23040 years

C. 5760 years

D. 172800 years



23. Ferric ion forms a Prussian blue precipitate due to the formation of

- A. $K_4 ig[Fe(CN)_6ig]$
- $\mathsf{B.}\,K_3\big[Fe(CN)_6\big]$
- C. $Fe(CNS)_3$
- D. $Fe_4 \big[Fe(CN)_6 \big]_3$

Answer:



24. The nucleus ${}^{64}_{29}CU$ accepts an orbital electron to yield

A.
$${}^{65}_{28}Ni$$

 $\mathsf{B.}\,{}^{64}_{30}Zn$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,{}^{64}_{28}Ni$

D. ${}^{65}_{30}Zn$

Answer:

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25. How many moles of electrons will weigh one kiligram?

A.
$$6.023 imes10^{23}$$

B.
$$rac{1}{9.108} imes 10^{31}$$

C. $rac{6.023}{9.108} imes 10^{54}$
D. $rac{1}{9.108 imes 6.023} imes 10^8$

26. Equal weights of ethane and hydrogen are mixed in an empty container at $25^{\circ}C$. The fraction of total pressure exerted by hydrogen is

A. 1:2

B.1:1

C. 1: 16

D. 15:16

Answer:



27. The heat of neutralization of a strong base and a strong acid is

13.7 kcal. The heat released when 0.6 mole HCl solution is added to

0.25 mole of NaOH is

A. 3.425 kcal

B. 8.22 kcal

C. 11.645 kcal

D. 13.7 kcal

Answer:

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28. A compound formed by elements X and Y crystallizes in the cubic structure, where X atoms are at the corners of a cube and Y atoms are at the centres of the body. The formula of the compound is

A. XY

 $\mathsf{C}.\, X_2Y_3$

 $\mathsf{D.}\, XY_3$

Answer:

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29. What amount of electricity can deposit 1 mole of AI metal at cathode when passed through molten $AlCl_3$?

A. 0.3F

 $\mathsf{B.}\,1F$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,3F$

D. 1/3F

Answer:

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30. Give the standard half cell potentials $(E^{\,\circ\,})$ ef the following as

 $Zn = Zn^{2=} + 2e^{-} \qquad E^{\circ} = +0.76V$ $Fe = Fe^{2+} + 2e^{-} \qquad E^{\circ} = 0.41V$ Then the standard emf of the cell with the reaction $Fe^{2+} + Zn \rightarrow Zn^{2+} + Fe$ is A. -0.35V B. +0.35V C. +1.17V D. -1.17V

Answer:

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31. [X] + dil. H_2SO_4 ightarrow [Y] : Colourless, suffocating gas $[Y] + K_2Cr_2O_7 + H_2SO_4
ightarrow$ Greenn colouration of solution Then [X] and [Y] are

A. SO_3^{2-}, SO_2 B. Cl^-, HCl C. S^{2-}, H_2S D. CO_3^{2-}, CO_2

Answer:

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$$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{32.} \left[P\right] \stackrel{Br_2}{\longrightarrow} C_2 H_4 Br_2 \stackrel{NaNH_2}{\longrightarrow} \left[Q\right] \\ \left[Q\right] \stackrel{20 \,\% \, H_2 SOS_4}{\longrightarrow} \left[R\right] \stackrel{Zn - Hg / \, HCl}{\longrightarrow} \left[S\right] \end{array}$$

The species P,Q,R and S respectively are

A. ethene, ethyne, ethanal, ethane

B. ethane, ethyne, ethanal, ethene

C. ethene, ethyne, ethanal, ethanol

D. ethyne, ethane, ethene, ethanal

Answer:



33. The number of possibel organobromine compounds which ca be obtained in the allylic bromination of 1-butene with N-bromosuccinimideis

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

Answer:



34. A metal M (specific head 0.16) forms a metal chlorid wih ~pprox~65~% chlormie presented in it. The formula of the metal chloride will be

A. MCl

B. MCl_2

 $C. MCl_3$

D. MCl_4



35. During a reversible adiabatic process, the pressure of a gas is found to be proportional to the cube of its absolute temperature. The ratio $\frac{C_p}{C_v}$ for the gas is A. $\frac{3}{2}$ B. $\frac{7}{2}$

Answer:

C. $\frac{5}{3}$

D. $\frac{9}{7}$

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36. White phosphorus P_4 has the following characteristics:

A. 6P-P single bonds

B. 4P-P single bonds

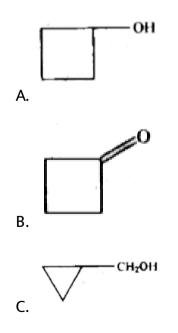
C. 4 Ione pair of electrons

D. P-P-P angle of 60°

Answer:

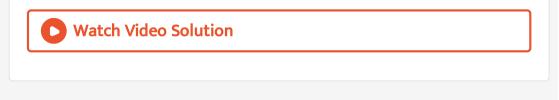
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37. The possibel product (s) to be obtained from the reaction of cyclobutyl amine with HNO_2 is /are

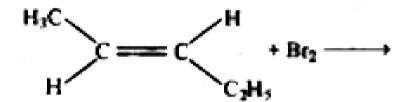


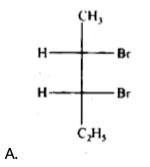
$$\mathsf{D}.\,H_2C=CH_2$$

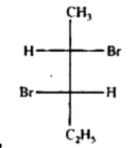
Answer:



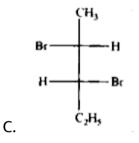
38. The major product(s) obtained in the following reaction is/are

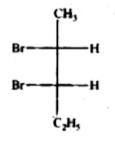












D.

Answer:



39. Which statements are correct for the perioxide ion?

A. it has five completely filled anti bonding molecular orbitals.

B. It is diamagnetic

C. It has bond order one

D. It is isoelectronic with neon.

Answer:



40. Among the following the extensive variables are

A. H (enthalph)

B. P(Pressure)

C. E(Internal energy)

D. V(Volume)

