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## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - BITSAT GUIDE

## QUESTION-PAPERS-2017

Chemistry

1. Which of the following can be repeatedly soften on heating?
(i) Polystyrene
(ii) Melamine
(iii) Polyesters
(iv) Polyethylene
(v) Neoprene
A. (i) and (iii)
B. (i) and (iv)
C. (iii), (iv) and (v)
D. (ii) and (iv

Answer: B
2. Which of the following complex is an outer orbital complex?

> A. $\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{NH} \mathrm{H}_{3}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+}$
> B. $\left[\mathrm{Mn}(\mathrm{CN})_{6}\right]^{4-}$
> с. $\left[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})_{6}\right]^{4-}$
> D. $\left.\left[\mathrm{Ni}(\mathrm{NH})_{6}\right)_{6}\right]^{2+}$

## Answer: D

3. 

For
the
reaction
$H_{2}(g)+B r_{2}(g) \rightarrow 2 H B r(g)$
experimental data suggested that
$r=k\left[H_{2}\right]\left[B r_{2}\right]^{1 / 2}$
The molecularity and order of the reaction are respectively:

> A. $2 \frac{3}{2}$
> B. $\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}$
> C. 1,1
> D. $1, \frac{1}{2}$

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4. Dead burnt plaster is
A. $\mathrm{CaSO}_{4} \cdot 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
B. $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4} \cdot 7 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
C. $\mathrm{CaSO}_{4} .1 / 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
D. $\mathrm{CaSO}_{4}$
5. Stronger the oxidising agent, greater is the
A.standard reduction potential of that species
B. the tendency to get it self oxidised
C. the tendency to lose electrons by that species

# D. standard oxidation potential of that 

 speciesAnswer: A

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6. Which of the following relation represents correct relation between standard electrode potential and equilibrium constant?
I. $\log K=\frac{n F E^{\circ}}{2.303 R T}$
II. $K=e^{\frac{n F E}{R T}}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { III. } \log K & =\frac{-n F E^{\circ}}{2.303 R T} \\
\text { IV. } \log K & =0.4342 \frac{-n F E^{\circ}}{R T}
\end{aligned}
$$

Choose the correct statement(s).
A. I, II and III are correct
B. II and III are correct
C. I, II and IV are correct
D. I and IV are correct

Answer: C

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7. Which of the following shows nitrogen with its increasing order of oxidation number.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } \mathrm{NO}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}<\mathrm{NO}_{2}<\mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-}<\mathrm{NH}_{4}^{+} \\
& \text {B. } \mathrm{NH}_{4}^{+}<\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}<\mathrm{NO}_{2}<\mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-}<\mathrm{NO} \\
& \text { C. } \mathrm{NH}_{4}^{+}<\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}<\mathrm{NO}<\mathrm{NO}_{2}<\mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-} \\
& \text {D. } \mathrm{NH}_{4}^{+}<\mathrm{NO}<\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}<\mathrm{NO}_{2}<\mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Answer: C

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# 8. Vapour pressure\#!\#Raoult law\#!\#Raoult law 

 as special case of Henry lawA. $K_{H}=p_{1}^{\circ}$
B. $K_{H}>p_{1}^{\circ}$
C. $K_{H}<p_{1}^{\circ}$
D. $K_{H} \geq p_{1}^{\circ}$

Answer: A
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9. $E^{\circ}$ for the electrochemical cell
$Z n(s)\left|Z n^{2+} 1 M(A q).\right| \mid C u^{2+} 1 M($ aq. $) \mid C u(s)$
is 1.10 V at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The equilibrium constant for
the cell reaction,
$Z n(s)+C u^{2+}(a q.) \Leftrightarrow Z n^{2+}(a q)+.C u(s)$
Will be :
A. $10^{-37}$
B. $10^{37}$
C. $10^{-17}$
D. $10^{17}$

Answer: B

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10. Which of the following represents Gay

Lussac's law?
I. $\frac{P}{T}=$ constant
II. $P_{1} T_{2}=P_{2} T_{1}$
III. $P_{1} V_{1}=P_{2} V_{2}$

Choose the correct option .
A. I,II and III

## B. II and III

## C. I and III

D. I and II

## Answer: D

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11. At constant $T$ and $P$, Which of the following statements is correct for the reaction,
$\mathrm{CO}(G)+\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}(g) \rightarrow \mathrm{CO}_{2}(g)$,
A. $\Delta H=\Delta E$
B. $\Delta H<\Delta E$
C. $\Delta H>\Delta E$
D. $\Delta H$ is independent of physical state of
the reactants

Answer: B

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12. The energy of an electron in second Bohr orbit of hydrogen atom is :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. }-5.44 \times 10^{-19} \mathrm{eV} \\
& \text { B. }-5.44 \times 10^{-19} \mathrm{cal} \\
& \text { C. }-5.44 \times 1^{-19} \mathrm{KJ} \\
& \text { D. }-5.44 \times 10^{-19} \mathrm{~J}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Answer: D

13. Which of the following order is wrong-
A. $\mathrm{NH}_{3}<\mathrm{PH}_{3}<\mathrm{As} \mathrm{H}_{3}-$ Acidic
B. $L i<B e<B<C-I E_{1}$
C. $\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}<\mathrm{MgO}<\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{O}<\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}-$

Bacic
D. $\mathrm{Li}^{+}<\mathrm{Na}^{+}<\mathrm{K}^{+}<\mathrm{Cs}^{+}-\quad$ Ionic
radius

Answer: B
14. Which of the following is not involved in the formation of photochemical smog?
A. Hydrocarbon
B. NO
C. $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$
D. $O_{3}$

Answer: C
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15. Which of the following is not contained by

## Portland cement?

A. $\mathrm{Ca}_{2} \mathrm{SiO}_{4}$
B. $\mathrm{Ca}_{3} \mathrm{SiO}_{5}$
C. $C a_{3}\left(P O_{4}\right)_{2}$
D. $C a_{3} A l_{2} O_{6}$

Answer: C

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16. Which of the following can form buffer solution?
A. $a q . \mathrm{NH}_{3}+\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{OH}$
B. $\mathrm{KOH}+\mathrm{HNO} 3$
C. $\mathrm{NaOH}+\mathrm{HCl}$
D. $K I+K O H$

Answer: A
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17. Which of the following complex shows $s p^{3} d^{2}$ hybridization?
A. $\left[\operatorname{Cr}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{2}\right)_{6}\right]^{3-}$
B. $\left[F e(C N)_{6}\right]^{4-}$
C. $\left[\mathrm{CoF}_{6}\right]^{3-}$
D. $\left[N i(C O)_{4}\right]$

Answer: C

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# 18. Which has glycosidic linkage? 

A. amylopectin
B. amylase
C. cellulose
D. all of these

Answer: D
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19. Which of the following represents

SchottenBaumann reaction?
A. formation of amides from amines and
acid chlorides $/ \mathrm{NaOH}$
B. formation of amines from amides and
$\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$
C. formation of amines from amides and

$B r_{2} / \mathrm{NaOH}$

D. formation of amides from oxime and

## $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$

## Answer: A

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20. Which of the following are correct chain isomers of butane?

(i)

A. 1 and 4
B. 2 and 3
C. 1 and 2
D. 1 and 3
21. Which of the following shows correct order of bond length?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } O_{2}^{+}>O_{2}>O_{2}^{-}>O_{2}^{2-} \\
& \text { B. } O_{2}^{+}>O_{2}^{-}>O_{2}<O_{2}^{2-} \\
& \text { C. } O_{2}^{+}>O_{2}<O_{2}^{-}>O_{2}^{2-} \\
& \text { D. } O_{2}^{+}>O_{2}<O_{2}^{-}>O_{2}^{2-}
\end{aligned}
$$

Answer: B
22. The numbers of radial nodes of $3 s$ and $2 p$ orbitals are respectively:
A. 2,0
B. 0,2
C. 1,2
D. 2,2

Answer: A

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23. If a 25.0 mL sample of sulfuric acid is
titrated with 50.0 mL of 0.025 M sodium
hydroxide to a phenolphthalein endpoint, what is the molarity of the acid?
A. $0.020 M$
B. $0.100 M$
C. $0.025 M$
D. 0.050 M
24. Find which of the following compound can have mass ratios of $\mathrm{C}: \mathrm{H}: \mathrm{O}$ as 6:1:24

$$
\text { A. } \mathrm{HO}-(C=O)-O H
$$

B. $\mathrm{HO}-(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})-\mathrm{H}$
C. $H-(C=O)-H$
D. $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{CO}-(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})-\mathrm{H}$

Answer: A
25. The number of atoms per unit cell in bcc

## lattice is

A. 1
B. 2
C. 4
D. 6

Answer: B

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# 26. Which of these doesn't exist? 

A. $\mathrm{PH}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{PH}_{5}$
C. $\mathrm{LuH}_{3}$
D. $P F_{5}$

Answer: B

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27. Which of these compounds are directional?
A. $N a C l$
B. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
C. $B a O$
D. $C s C l_{2}$

Answer: B

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28. For a given reaction, $\Delta H=35.5 \mathrm{kJmol}^{-1}$
and $\Delta S=83.6 \mathrm{JK}^{-1} \mathrm{~mol}(-1)$. The reaction
is spontaneous at : (Assume that
$\Delta H$ and $\Delta S$ do not vary with temperature)
A. $R>425 K$
B. All temperatures
C. $T>298 K$
D. $T<425 K$

Answer: A
29. Specific conductance of 0.1 MHA is
$3.75 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{ohm}^{-1} \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. If $\lambda^{\infty}$ of HA is
$250 \mathrm{ohm}^{-1} \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$, then dissociation
constant $K_{a}$ of HA is
A. $1.0 \times 10^{-5}$
B. $2.25 \times 10^{-4}$
C. $2.25 \times 10^{-5}$
D. $2.25 \times 10^{-3}$

## Answer: C

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30. The rate of reaction between two reactants
$A$ and $B$ increases by a factor of 4 if the concentration of reactant $B$ is doubled. The order of this reaction with respect to reactant $B$ is
A. 2
B. -2
C. 1

$$
\text { D. }-1
$$

## Answer: B

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31. A compound with molecular formula $C_{7} H_{16}$
shows optical isomerism, the compound will
be
A. 2, 3-Dimethylpentane
B. 2,2-Dimethylbutane
C. 3-Methylhexane
D. None of the above

Answer: A

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32. Which of the following compounds does
not contain the plane of symmetry?
A. trans-1,3 dichloro cyclohexane
B. trans-1,2 dichloro cyclohexane
C. cis-1,2 dichloro cyclohexane
D. trans-1,3 cyclopentane

## Answer: C

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33. Cadmium and Broron rods are used in a

## nuclear reactor to

A. absorbing neutrons
B. cooling
C. release neutrons
D. increase energy

## Answer: A

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34. Which reagent converts nitrobenzene to

Nphenyl hydroxyamine?
A. $\mathrm{Zn} / \mathrm{HCl}$
B. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{Zn} / \mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$
D. $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$

Answer: C

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35. Which of the following can act as both Bronsted acid and Bronsted base?
A. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$
B. $O H^{-}$
C. $\mathrm{HCO}_{3}^{-}$
D. $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$

Answer: C

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36. Which of the following can act as both Bronsted acid and Bronsted base?

$$
\text { A. } H-\ddot{O}-H
$$

B. $H-\stackrel{+}{O}-H$


D. None of these

## Answer: C

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37. Electrometallurgical process is used to extract
A. Fe
B. Pb
C. Na
D. Ag

Answer: C

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# 38. Match the following columns 

Column A
15. Changing a term from one side of an equation to the other side
16. Coefficient of the sub-
ject of a formula

(b) Transposition
17. In a formula, a variable which is expressed in terms of other variables

Column B
(a) Subject
(c) $C=\pi d$
(d) 1 of a circle is $\pi$ times its diameter (d).
$A$. $A$ and $B$ are identical
$B . A$ and $B$ are diastereomers

## C. A and C are enantiomers

D. $A$ and $B$ are enantiomers

## Answer: D

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39. Correct formula of the complex formed in the brown ring test for nitrates is
A. $\mathrm{FeSO}_{4} \cdot \mathrm{NO}$
B. $\left[\mathrm{Fe}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{5} \mathrm{NO}\right]^{2+}$
C. $\left[\mathrm{Fe}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{5} \mathrm{NO}\right]^{+}$
D. $\left[\mathrm{Fe}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{NO}\right]^{3+}$

Answer: B

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40. Which of the following is an amine hormone?
A. Thyroxine
B. Oxypurin
C. Insulin
D. Progesterone

Answer: A
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