

CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - MS CHOUHAN CHEMISTRY (HINGLISH)

POLYMERS

Additional Objective Questions Single Correct Choice Type

- 1. Monomers are converted to polymers by
 - A. hydrolysis of monomer.
 - B. condensation of monomers.
 - C. protonation of monomers.
 - D. none.

Answer: B



View Text Solution

- 2. Nylon threads are made up of
 - A. polyvinyl polymer.
 - B. polyester polymer.
 - C. polyamide polymer.
 - D. polyethylene polymer.

Answer: C



3. The polymer containing strong intermolecular forces, that is, hydrogen bonding is

A. teflon

B. nylon-6,6.

C. polystyrene

D. natural rubber

Answer: B



- **4.** Which of the following is not a copolymer?
- A. Plexiglass
 - B. Buna-S

- C. Nylon-6,6
- D. Dacron

Answer: A



View Text Solution

- 5. Chemical name of melamine is
 - A. 2,4-diamino-1,3,5-triazine.
 - B. 2-amino-1,3,5-triazine.
 - C. 1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triamino.
 - D. 1,3,5-triamino-2,4,6-triazine.

Answer: C



6. Of the following which is a step growth polymer?
A. Bakelite
B. Polyethylene
C. Teflon
D. PVC
Answer: A View Text Solution
7. Which of the following monomers gives synthetic rubber on polymerization?
A. $CH_2=CHCI$

$$B.\,\mathrm{CCI}_2=\mathrm{CCI}_2$$

$$C. CH_2 = C(CH_3) - CH = CH_2$$

$$D. CH_2 = CCI - CH = CH_2$$

Answer: D



View Text Solution

8. From the given staternents, which one is not true?

- A. Teflon is a macromolecule
- B. Teflon is a polymer
- C. Polyethene is a polymer.
- D. Chlorophyll is a polymer

Answer: D



9. In bakelite. the rings are joined to each other through

A.
$$-CI_2$$
 OH $|$ C H $|$ H

$$C.-O-O$$

$$\mathsf{D}. - \overset{}{\overset{}}{\overset{}{\overset{}}{\overset{}{\overset{}}{\overset{}{\overset{}}{\overset{}{\overset{}}{\overset{}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}{\overset{}}{\overset{}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}{\overset{}}}{\overset{}}}}$$

Answer: A



View Text Solution

10. Beckmann rearrangement is involved in the synthesis of which of the following polymers?

A. PAN B. Nylon-6,10 C. Nylon-6 D. Melamine-formaldehyde **Answer: C View Text Solution** 11. Benzoyl peroxide has a role in which of the following type of addition polymerization? A. Cationic B. Anionic C. Free-radical

D. None of these

Answer: C



View Text Solution

12. Wool is a

A. polysaccharide

B. polyester

C. polyamide

D. All of these

Answer: C



A. melamine and acetaldehyde
B. melamine and formaldehyde
C. phenol and formaldehyde.
D. None of the above.
Answer: B
View Text Solution
14. Bakelite is obtained from phenol and formaldehyde. The
initial reaction between the two compounds is an example of
A. aromatic electrophilic substitution
B. aromatic nucleophilic substitution

13. Melamine polymer is copolymer of

C. free radical reaction. D. aldol reaction **Answer: A View Text Solution** 15. Formaldehyde is not used in the manufacture of which of the following polymer? A. Bakelite B. Nylon-6 C. Urea resin D. Melamine resin **Answer: B**

16. The process of formation of macromolecules by combination of few monomers with the elimination of small molecules is called

- A. condensation polymerization
- B. homo polymerization
- C. addition polymerization.
- D. free radical polymerization

Answer: A



A. Nylon-6,6 B. Terylene C. Poly(ethyl acrylate) D. Polyacrelonilrile **Answer: D View Text Solution** 18. Example of addition co-polymer is A. Buna-S B. neoprene C. nylon-6,6 D. dacron

Answer: A



19. Which of the following is not an addition polymer?

- A. Bakelite
- B. PAB
- C. PVC
- D. Teflon

Answer: A



20. Caprolactam is obtained by the Beckmann rearrangement of the compound

- A. cyclohexanone-oxime
- B. benzophenone-oxime
- C. acetone-oxime
- D. propionaldehyde-oxime

Answer: A



- **21.** The monomer of neoprene is the product of the following reaction
 - A. Acetylene + HCl

- B. Vinyl acetylene + HCI
- C. Divinyl acetylene + HCl
- D. Ethylene + HCI

Answer: B



View Text Solution

- 22. Which of the following is not the addition homopolymer?
 - A. Teflon
 - B. Buna-S
 - C. PVC
 - D. PAN

Answer: B



23. Polymer used in	lacquer and paints is
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- A. glyptal.
- B. Thiokol
- C. PVC
- D. Koyalene

Answer: A



24. Amide containing polymer is

A. polyethene

B. polystyrene C. terylene D. nylon **Answer: D View Text Solution** 25. Synthetic rubber is A. polyester B. polyamide C. polysaccharide D. poly(halodiene) **Answer: D**



- A. ether bond
- B. ester bond
- C. peptide bond
- D. all of these

Answer: C



27. Isoprene is used to make

A. rubber.

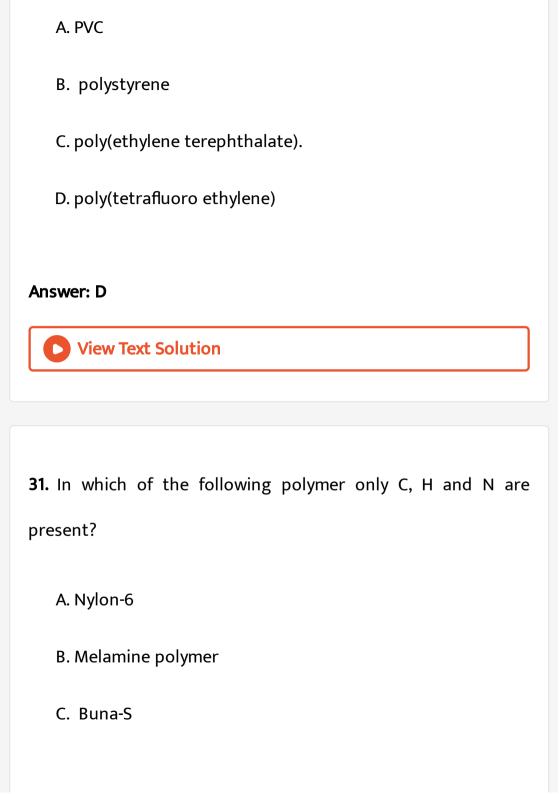
B. nylon C. teflon. D. none **Answer: A View Text Solution 28.** Natural biopolymer is A. teflon B. rubber C. nylon-6,6 D. RNA **Answer: D**

29. In which of the following polymers strong intermolecular forces are present?

- A. Elastomer
- B. Fibre
- C. Thermoplastic
- D. Thermosetting polymer

Answer: B





D. Terylene		
Answer: B		
View Text Solution		
2. Cross-network polymer is		
A. Bakelite		

B. PVC

C. PVA

D. PAN

Answer: A

- 33. Buna-S is a copolymer of
 - A. 75% butadiene + 14% styrene
 - B. 25% butadiene + 75% styrene
 - C. 50% butadiene +50% styrene.
 - D. none

Answer: A



- 34. Polymer containing more than one monomer is called
 - A. copolymer.
 - B. heteropolymer
 - C. both the above

D. none of these

Answer: C



View Text Solution

35. Match List-I (Monomers) with List-II (Polymers) and select

the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

List-I

A. Caprolactam

B. Chloroprene

C. Dimethyl terephthalate

D. Methyl methacrylate

List-II

a. Polyester

b. Nylon

c. Perspex

d. Synthetic rubber

Codes:

В.

A. $\begin{array}{ccccc}
A & B & C & D \\
c & b & d & a
\end{array}$

с в а а А В С D

b d a c

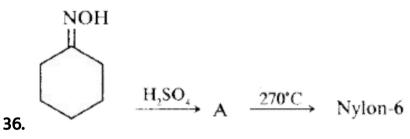
C. $egin{array}{ccccc} A & B & C & D \\ b & d & c & a \end{array}$

 $D. \quad \begin{array}{cccc} A & B & C & D \\ c & b & a & d \end{array}$

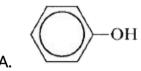
Answer: B



View Text Solution



Here A is:



B. Caprolactum

C. Cyclohexanone

D. None

Answer: B



37. Polymer formation from monomers starts by

- A. condensation reaction between monomers
- B. coordination reaction between monomers
- C. conversion of monomer to monomer ions by protons.
- D. hydrolysis of monomers.

Answer: A



A. Neoprene

$$\left[-NH-\left(CH_{2}
ight)_{6}-NH-CO-\left(CH_{2}
ight)_{4}-\overset{O}{C}-O-
ight]_{n}$$

B. Nylon-6,6

$$\begin{bmatrix} -\operatorname{OCH_2} - \operatorname{CH_2} - \operatorname{C} - \bigcup_{i=1}^{G} - \bigcup_{i=1}^{G}$$

C. Terylene

$$egin{bmatrix} CH_3 & & & & \ & -CH_3 & & & \ & -CH_2 - & C & - & \ & -COOCH_3 & \end{bmatrix}_n$$
D. PMMA

Answer: B



View Text Solution

39. Acrilan is a hard, horny and a high melting material. Which of the following represents its structure?

A.
$$\left(-CH_2-CH-rac{1}{CI}
ight)_n$$

B. $\left(-CH_2-CH-rac{1}{CN}
ight)_n$

C. $\left(-CH_2-rac{CH_3}{COOCH_3}
ight)$

D. $\left(-CH_2-rac{CH}{COOCH_3}-rac{1}{COOCH_3}
ight)$

Answer: B



40. Treatment of rubber with sulphur is called

A. vulcanization

B. sulphonation

- C. both the above
- D. none of the above

Answer: A



View Text Solution

41. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using

the code given below the lists:

List-I

A. Coordination polymerization

B. Free radical polymerizationC. Addition polymerization

D. Natural rubber

 $\operatorname{List-II}$

a. Polypeptide

b. Nylon-6,6

c. Ziegler-Natta catalyst

d. Azo bis-isobutyronitrilee. cis-1.4-polyisoprene

Codes:

A. $\begin{array}{ccccc}
A & B & C & D \\
c & e & b & d
\end{array}$

B. A B C D

Answer: C



42. The number average molecular mass and mass average molecular mass of polymer is respectively 30,000 and 40,000.

The poly dispersity index of the polymer is

A. < 1

B. > 1

C. 1

D. 0

Answer: B



43. The vulcanized rubber has

- A. high water absorption, resistant to oxidation and good elasticity
- B. high water absorption, susceptible to oxidation and no elasticity.
- C. low water absorption, resistance to oxidation and good elasticity
- D. low water absorption, susceptible to oxidation and no elasticity

Answer: D



- 44. Which of the following polymer has ester linkages?
 - A. Nylon
 - B. Bakelite
 - C. Terylene
 - D. PVC

Answer: C



45. Soft drinks and baby feeding bottles are generally made up of

A. polyester

B. polyurethane.

C. polystyrene.

D. polyamide

Answer: C



- **46.** Monomers are converted to polymers by
 - A. hydrolysis of monomer.
 - B. condensation of monomers.

C. protonation of monomers.
D. none.
Answer: B
View Text Solution
47. Nylon threads are made up of
A. polyvinyl polymer.
B. polyester polymer.
C. polyamide polymer.
D. polyethylene polymer.
Answer: C
View Text Solution

48. The polymer containing strong intermolecular forces, that
is, hydrogen bonding is

A. teflon

B. nylon-6,6.

C. polystyrene

D. natural rubber

Answer: B



View Text Solution

49. Which of the following is not a copolymer?

A. Plexiglass

- B. Buna-S
- C. Nylon-6,6
- D. Dacron

Answer: A



View Text Solution

50. Chemical name of melamine is

- A. 2,4-diamino-1,3,5-triazine.
- B. 2-amino-1,3,5-triazine.
- C. 1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triamino.
- D. 1,3,5-triamino-2,4,6-triazine.

Answer: C



51. Of the following which is a step growth polymer?

A. Bakelite

B. Polyethylene

C. Teflon

D. PVC

Answer: A



View Text Solution

52. Which of the following monomers gives synthetic rubber on polymerization?

A.
$$CH_2 = CHCI$$

$$B. CCI_2 = CCI_2$$

$$C. CH_2 = C(CH_3) - CH = CH_2$$

$$D. CH_2 = CCI - CH = CH_2$$

Answer: D



View Text Solution

53. From the given staternents, which one is not true?

- A. Teflon is a macromolecule
- B. Teflon is a polymer
- C. Polyethene is a polymer.
- D. Chlorophyll is a polymer

Answer: D



View Text Solution

54. In bakelite, the rings are joined to each other through

A.
$$-CI_2$$
 $-$

$$C. -O - O$$

D.
$$-C-O$$

Answer: A



View Text Solution

55. Beckmann rearrangement is involved in the synthesis of which of the following polymers?

- A. PAN
- B. Nylon-6,10
- C. Nylon-6
- D. Melamine-formaldehyde

Answer: C



56. Benzoyl peroxide has a role in which of the following type of addition polymerization?

A. Cationic

- B. Anionic
- C. Free-radical
- D. None of these

Answer: C



View Text Solution

57. Wool is a

- A. polysaccharide
- B. polyester
- C. polyamide
- D. All of these

Answer: C



58. Melamine polymer is copolymer of

A. melamine and acetaldehyde

B. melamine and formaldehyde

C. phenol and formaldehyde.

D. None of the above.

Answer: B



View Text Solution

59. Bakelite is obtained from phenol and formaldehyde. The initial reaction between the two compounds is an example of

A. aromatic electrophilic substitution B. aromatic nucleophilic substitution C. free radical reaction. D. aldol reaction Answer: A **View Text Solution** 60. Formaldehyde is not used in the manufacture of which of the following polymer? A. Bakelite B. Nylon-6 C. Urea resin

D. Melamine resin

Answer: B



View Text Solution

61. The process of formation of macromolecules by combination of few monomers with the elimination of small molecules is called

- A. condensation polymerization
- B. homo polymerization
- C. addition polymerization.
- D. free radical polymerization

Answer: A





- A. Nylon-6,6
- B. Terylene
- C. Poly(ethyl acrylate)
- D. Polyacrelonilrile

Answer: D



View Text Solution

63. Example of addition co-polymer is

A. Buna-S

B. neoprene C. nylon-6,6 D. dacron **Answer: A View Text Solution 64.** Which of the following is not an addition polymer? A. Bakelite B. PAB C. PVC D. Teflon **Answer: A**



65. Caprolactam is obtained by the Beckmann rearrangement of the compound

A. cyclohexanone-oxime

B. benzophenone-oxime

C. acetone-oxime

D. propionaldehyde-oxime

Answer: A



View Text Solution

66. The monomer of neoprene is the product of the following reaction

- A. Acetylene + HCl
- B. Vinyl acetylene + HCI
- C. Divinyl acetylene + HCl
- D. Ethylene + HCI

Answer: B



View Text Solution

- **67.** Which of the following is not the addition homopolymer?
 - A. Teflon
 - B. Buna-S

C. PVC
D. PAN
Answer: B
View Text Solution
68. Polymer used in lacquer and paints is
A. glyptal.
B. Thiokol
C. PVC
D. Koyalene
Answer: A
View Text Solution

69. Amide containing polymer is A. polyethene B. polystyrene C. terylene D. nylon **Answer: D View Text Solution** 70. Synthetic rubber is A. polyester

B. polyamide

- C. polysaccharide D. poly(halodiene) **Answer: D View Text Solution** 71. Chief structural bond in protein is
 - A. ether bond
 - B. ester bond
 - C. peptide bond
 - D. all of these

Answer: C



72. Isoprene is used to make
A. rubber.
B. nylon
C. teflon.
D. none
Answer: A View Text Solution
73. Natural biopolymer is
A. teflon

C. nylon-6,6 D. RNA **Answer: D View Text Solution** 74. In which of the following polymers strong intermolecular forces are present? A. Elastomer B. Fibre C. Thermoplastic D. Thermosetting polymer **Answer: B**

75. Non-sticking cookwares are made from

- A. PVC
- B. polystyrene
- C. poly(ethylene terephthalate).
- D. poly(tetrafluoro ethylene)

Answer: D



View Text Solution

76. In which of the following polymer only C, H and N are present?

A. Nylon-6 B. Melamine polymer C. Buna-S D. Terylene **Answer: B View Text Solution** 77. Cross-network polymer is A. Bakelite B. PVC C. PVA D. PAN

Answer: A



View Text Solution

78. Buna-S is a copolymer of

- A. 75% butadiene + 14% styrene
- B. 25% butadiene + 75% styrene
- C. 50% butadiene +50% styrene.
- D. none

Answer: A



View Text Solution

- A. copolymer.
- B. heteropolymer
- C. both the above
- D. none of these

Answer: C



View Text Solution

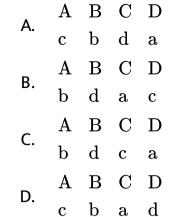
80. Match List-I (Monomers) with List-II (Polymers) and select

the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

List-II List-II

- A. Caprolactam a. Polyester
- B. Chloroprene b. Nylon
- C. Dimethyl terephthalate c. Perspex
- D. Methyl methacrylate d. Synthetic rubber

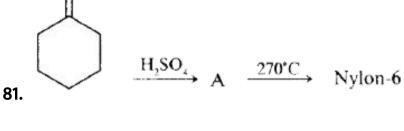
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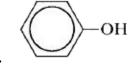
Answer: B



NOH



Here A is:



- B. Caprolactum
- C. Cyclohexanone
- D. None

Answer: B



View Text Solution

- 82. Polymer formation from monomers starts by
 - A. condensation reaction between monomers
 - B. coordination reaction between monomers
 - C. conversion of monomer to monomer ions by protons.
 - D. hydrolysis of monomers.

Answer: A

83. Which of the following is not correctly matched?

A. Neoprene

$$\left[-NH-\left(CH_{2}
ight)_{6}-NH-CO-\left(CH_{2}
ight)_{4}-\overset{O}{C}-O-
ight]_{n}$$

B. Nylon-6,6

$$\begin{bmatrix} -\operatorname{och}_2 - \operatorname{ch}_1 - \overset{O}{\operatorname{C}} - \overset{O}{\underset{-}{\operatorname{C}}} - \overset{O}{\underset{-}{\operatorname{C}}} - \end{bmatrix}_a$$

C. Terylene

$$\left[egin{array}{c} CH_3 \ -CH_2 - C \ -C \ COOCH_3 \end{array}
ight]_n$$

D. PMMA

Answer: B



84. Acrilan is a hard, horny and a high melting material. Which of the following represents its structure?

A.
$$\left(-CH_2-CH-rac{1}{CI}
ight)_n$$

B. $\left(-CH_2-CH-rac{1}{CN}
ight)_n$

C. $\left(-CH_2-rac{CH_3}{COOCH_3}
ight)_n$

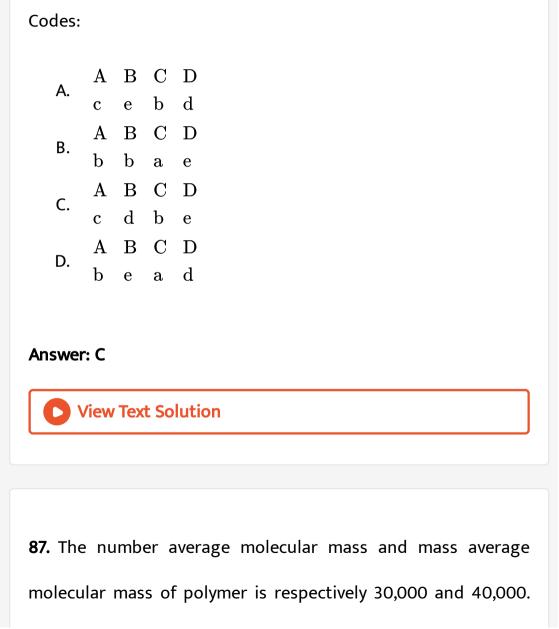
D. $\left(-CH_2-CH-rac{1}{COOC_2H_3}
ight)_n$

Answer: B



View Text Solution

85. Treatment of rubber with sulphur is called
A. vulcanization
B. sulphonation
C. both the above
D. none of the above
Answer: A
Allswer: A
View Text Solution
86. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using
86. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the code given below the lists:



List-II

a. Polypeptide

c. Ziegler-Natta catalyst

e. cis-1.4-polyisoprene

d. Azo bis-isobutyronitrile

b. Nylon-6,6

List-I

A. Coordination polymerization

B. Free radical polymerization

C. Addition polymerization

D. Natural rubber

The poly dispersity index of the polymer is
A. < 1
B. > 1
C. 1
D. 0
Answer: B
View Text Solution
88. The vulcanized rubber has
A. high water absorption, resistant to oxidation and good
elasticity
elasticity

- B. high water absorption, susceptible to oxidation and no elasticity.
- C. low water absorption, resistance to oxidation and good elasticity
- D. low water absorption, susceptible to oxidation and no elasticity

Answer: D



- 89. Which of the following polymer has ester linkages?
 - A. Nylon
 - B. Bakelite

C. Terylene D. PVC **Answer: C View Text Solution** 90. Soft drinks and baby feeding bottles are generally made up of A. polyester B. polyurethane. C. polystyrene. D. polyamide **Answer: C**

Additional Objective Questions Multiple Correct Choice Type

1. Which	of the	following	contain	ethylene	glycol	as	one	of	the
monome	ers?								

- A. Melamine
- B. Polystyrene
- C. Glyptal
- D. Terylene

Answer: C::D



View Text Solution

2. Which of the following fibers are made of polyamides?
A. Wool
B. Natural silk
C. Rayon
D. Nylon
Answer: A::B::D
View Text Solution
3. Which of the following statements are not correct?
3. Which of the following statements are not correct? A. Polyester is not a copolymer
A. Polyester is not a copolymer

D. Natural rubber behaves as thermosetting polymer										
Answer: A::D										
View Text Solution										
		polymerization	may	occur	through	intermediate				
tor	matio	n of								
	A. car	bocations.								
	B. car	banions								
	C. free	e radicals								
	D. car	benes								
Δne	swer: A	۸R <i>C</i>								
~II		™. DC								
	Vie	w Text Solution								

5. Which of the following contain ethylene glycol as one of the
monomers?
A. Melamine
B. Polystyrene
C. Glyptal
D. Terylene
Answer: C::D
View Text Solution
6. Which of the following fibers are made of polyamides?
A. Wool

B. Natural silk C. Rayon D. Nylon Answer: A::B::D **View Text Solution** 7. Which of the following statements are not correct? A. Polyester is not a copolymer B. Polystyrene is a thermoplastic C. Dacron is a fiber. D. Natural rubber behaves as thermosetting polymer

Answer: A::D



8. Vinyl polymerization may occur through intermediate formation of

A. carbocations.

B. carbanions

C. free radicals

D. carbenes

Answer: A::B::C



View Text Solution

Additional Objective Questions Linked Comprehension Type

1. The utility of the polymers in various fields is due to their mechanical properties like tensile strenght, elasticity, toughness etc. These properties manily depend upon intermolecular forces like van der Waals forces and hydrogen bonding operting in polymer molecular. Polymers have been classified on this basis, For example, (1) elastomers (2) fibers (3) thermoplastics (4) thermosetting, Hence.

The molecular forces of attraction are weakest in

- A. elastomers
- B. fibres
- C. thermoplastics.
- D. thermosetting polymers

Answer: A



2. The utility of the polymers in various fields is due to their mechanical properties like tensile strenght, elasticity, toughness etc. These properties manily depend upon intermolecular forces like van der Waals forces and hydrogen bonding operting in polymer molecular. Polymers have been classified on this basis, For example, (1) elastomers (2) fibers (3) thermoplastics (4) thermosetting, Hence.

Which of the following have usually a linear structure?

- A. Thermoplastics
- B. Thermosetting polymers
- C. Polyethylene
- D. Nylon-6,6

Answer: A

3. The utility of the polymers in various fields is due to their mechanical properties like tensile strenght, elasticity, toughness etc. These properties manily depend upon intermolecular forces like van der Waals forces and hydrogen bonding operting in polymer molecular. Polymers have been classified on this basis, For example, (1) elastomers (2) fibers (3) thermoplastics (4) thermosetting, Hence.

Which of the following is hard?

- A. Elastomer
- B. Fibre
- C. Thermoplastic
- D. Thermosetting polymers

Answer: D



4. The utility of the polymers in various fields is due to their mechanical properties like tensile strenght, elasticity, toughness etc. These properties manily depend upon intermolecular forces like van der Waals forces and hydrogen bonding operting in polymer molecular. Polymers have been classified on this basis, For example, (1) elastomers (2) fibers (3) thermoplastics (4) thermosetting, Hence.

The molecular forces of attraction are weakest in

- A. elastomers
- B. fibres
- C. thermoplastics.

D. thermosetting polymers

Answer: A



View Text Solution

5. The utility of the polymers in various fields is due to their mechanical properties like tensile strenght, elasticity, toughness etc. These properties manily depend upon intermolecular forces like van der Waals forces and hydrogen bonding operting in polymer molecular. Polymers have been classified on this basis, For example, (1) elastomers (2) fibers (3) thermoplastics (4) thermosetting, Hence.

Which of the following have usually a linear structure?

- A. Thermoplastics
- B. Thermosetting polymers

- C. Polyethylene
- D. Nylon-6,6

Answer: A



View Text Solution

6. The utility of the polymers in various fields is due to their mechanical properties like tensile strenght, elasticity, toughness etc. These properties manily depend upon intermolecular forces like van der Waals forces and hydrogen bonding operting in polymer molecular. Polymers have been classified on this basis, For example, (1) elastomers (2) fibers (3) thermoplastics (4) thermosetting, Hence.

Which of the following is hard?

A. Elastomer

C. Thermoplastic D. Thermosetting polymers Answer: D **View Text Solution Additional Objective Questions Integer Type** 1. The number of nitrogen atoms present in the monomer of urea-formaldehyde resin is . **View Text Solution**

B. Fibre

2.	The	number	of	double	bonds	present	in	the	repeating		
st	structural units of natural rubber is										



3. Amongst the following, the total number of elastomers is_____.

Natural rubber, polypropylene, polyethene, vulcanized rubber, nylon-6, polyvinyl chloride, Buna-N, chloroprene, Buna-S, polystyrene



4. Amongst the following, the total number of thermoplastics is .

Polyester, bakelite, polyethene, PVC, teflon, PAN, PMMA, nylon-6, melamine-formaldehyde. **View Text Solution** 5. The number of nitrogen atoms present in the monomer of urea-formaldehyde resin is . **View Text Solution**

6. The number of double bonds present in the repeating structural units of natural rubber is _____.



7. Amongst the following, the total number of elastomers is ______.

Natural rubber, polypropylene, polyethene, vulcanized rubber, nylon-6, polyvinyl chloride, Buna-N, chloroprene, Buna-S, polystyrene



8. Amongst the following, the total number of thermoplastics is _____.

Polyester, bakelite, polyethene, PVC, teflon, PAN, PMMA, nylon-6, melamine-formaldehyde.

