



MATHS

BOOKS - SUNSTAR MATHS (KANNADA ENGLISH)

II PUC MATHEMATICS SUPPLEMENTARY EXAM QUESTION PAPER JULY - 2017



1. Let * be a operation defined on the set of non zero rational numbers by $a \cdot b = \frac{ab}{4}$ Find the identity element.

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2. Write the values of x for which $\tan^{-1} \frac{1}{x} = \cot^{-1} x$ holds.

3. Construct a 2 imes 2 matrix $A=ig[a_{ij}ig]$, whose elements are given by $a_{ij}=rac{i}{j}$

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4. find the value of x for which
$$\begin{vmatrix} 3 & x \\ x & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

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5. Find
$$rac{dy}{dx}$$
, if $y=\sinig(x^2ig)$

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6. Find
$$\int \cos 3x \, dx$$





2. Write the value of x for which

$$2 an^{-1}x = \cos^{-1}igg[rac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}igg]$$
 holds:

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3. Find the value of
$$\sin^{-1}\left(\sin\frac{3\pi}{5}\right)$$
.



4. Using determinat method, find the area of the triangle whose vertices

are (1,0), (6,0) and (4,3).

5. Differentiate $(\sin x)^x$ with respect to x.

6. Find
$$rac{dy}{dx}, ext{ if } 2x+3y=\sin y.$$

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7. Find the point on the curve
$$rac{x^2}{4}+rac{y^2}{25}=1$$
 at which the tangents are

parallel to x - axis.

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8. Evaluate :
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\tan x}}{\sin x \cos x} dx$$

9. Evaluate :
$$\int \frac{(x-3)}{(x-1)^3} e^x dx$$

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10. Find the order and degree, if defined, of the differential equation.

$$rac{d^4y}{dx^4}+\sin\left(rac{d^3y}{dx^3}
ight)=0$$

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11. If
$$\overrightarrow{a}$$
 is a unit vector such that $\left(\overrightarrow{x} - \overrightarrow{a}\right)$. $\left(\overrightarrow{x} + \overrightarrow{a}\right) = 8$, find |x|.

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12. Find the area of the parallelogram whose adjacent sides are determined by the vecor $\overrightarrow{a} = 3\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$ and $\overrightarrow{b} = \hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$





4. Find $rac{dy}{dx}$, if $x = a[\cos t + \log(\tan t/2)]$ & $y = a\sin t$

5. Verify Mean Value Theorem for the function $f(x)=x^2$ in the interval

[2,4].

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6. Find two positive numbers whose sum is 15 and the sum of whose

squares is minimum.

7. evaluate :
$$\int \frac{x}{(x+1)(x+2)} dx.$$

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8. Evaluate :
$$\int \frac{x \cos^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

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9. Find the area bounded by the the curve y=cos x between x=0 and

$$x = 2\pi$$
.

10. Find the equation of a curve passing through the point (-2, 3), given that the slopw of the tangent to the curve at any point (x, y) is $\frac{2x}{y^2}$.



11. Show that the position vector of the point P, which divides the line joining the points A and B having position vectors \overrightarrow{a} and \overrightarrow{b} internally in ratio m:n is $\frac{m\overrightarrow{b} + n\overrightarrow{a}}{m+n}$

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12. Find x such that the four points A(3,2,1), B(4,x,5), C(4,2,-2) and D(6,5,-1)

are coplanar



13. Find the vector and cartesian equation of the plane which passe3s throught the points (5,2,-4) and perpendicular to the line with direction ratios 2,3,-1.

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14. A man is known to speak truth 3 out of 4 times. He throws a dice and reports that it is a six. Find the probability that it is actually a six.

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15. Prove that the function $f\!:\!R o R$ defined by f(x)=4x+3 is

invertible and find the inverse of 'f'.





forms a cone on the ground in such a way that the height of the cone is

always one-sixth of the radius of the base. How fast is the height of the sand cone increasing when the height is 4cm?



20. Find the integral of $\sqrt{a^2+x^2}$ with respect to x and hence evaluate

$$\int \sqrt{1+x^2} dx$$

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21. Find the area of the smaller region enclosed by the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$

and the line x+y=2 by the integration method.



22. Find the general solution of the differential equation $ydx - \left(x + 2y^2
ight)dy = 0.$

23. Derive the equation of a line space passing through two given points

both in vector and cartesian form.



b. Prove that

$$egin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & a & a^2 \ 1 & b & b^2 \ 1 & c & c^2 \end{array} ert = (a-b)(b-c)(c-a)$$

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2. For what value of λ is the function defined by

$$f(x)=egin{cases} \lambdaig(x^2-2xig), & ext{ if } x\leq 0\ 4x+1, & ext{ if } x>0 \end{cases}$$

continuous at x = 0 ?