



MATHS

BOOKS - MAXIMUM PUBLICATION

PROBABILITY

Example

1. Determine $P(E|F)$. A die thrown three times, E: '4 appears on the third toss'. F: '6 and 5 appears respectively on the two tosses'.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

2. Determine $P(E|F)$. Mother, father and son lineup at random for a photograph. E: 'son on one end', F: 'Father in middle'.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

3. A black and red dice are rolled. Find the conditional probability of obtaining a sum

greater than 9, given that the black die resulted in a 5



[Watch Video Solution](#)

4. A black and red dice are rolled. Find the conditional probability of obtaining a sum 8, given that the red die resulted in a number less than 4



[Watch Video Solution](#)

5. An instructor has a question bank consisting of 300 easy True/False question, 200 difficult true/false questions, 500 easy multiple choice questions and 400 difficult multiple choice questions. If a question is selected from the test question bank, what is the probability that it will be an easy question given that it is a multiple choice question?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

6. Two cards are drawn at random . Without replacement from a pack of 52 playing cards. Find the probability that both the cards are black.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

7. if $P(A) = \frac{6}{11}$, $P(B) = \frac{5}{11}$ and $P(A \cup B) = \frac{9}{11}$ Find $P(A \cap B)$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

8. if $P(A) = \frac{6}{11}$, $P(B) = \frac{5}{11}$ and
 $P(A \cup B) = \frac{9}{11}$ Find $P(A|B)$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

9. if $P(A) = \frac{6}{11}$, $P(B) = \frac{5}{11}$ and
 $P(A \cup B) = \frac{9}{11}$ Find $P(B|A)$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

10. Event A and B are such that $P(A) = \frac{1}{2}$
 $P(B) = \frac{7}{12}$ and $P(\text{not A or not B}) = \frac{1}{4}$. State
whether A and B are independent.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

11. Consider two events such that $P(A) = \frac{1}{2}$,
 $P(A \cup B) = \frac{3}{5}$ and $P(B) = P$. Find P, if A and B
are independent events



[Watch Video Solution](#)

12. One card is drawn at random from a well shuffled pack of 52 cards. In which of the cases are the events E and F independent ? a) E: 'the card drawn is a spades.' F: 'the card drawn is an ace.'



Watch Video Solution

13. One card is drawn at random from a well shuffled pack of 52 cards. Are the events E and F independent ?

E: 'the card drawn is a black.'

F: 'the card drawn is a king.'



[Watch Video Solution](#)

14. One card is drawn at random from a well shuffled pack of 52 cards. Are the events E and F independent?

E: 'the card drawn is a king or a queen.' F: 'the card drawn is queen or a jack.'



[Watch Video Solution](#)

15. A Fair coin and an unbiased die are tossed. Let A be the event 'head appears on the coin' and B be the event '3 on the die'. Check whether A and B are independent events or not.



Watch Video Solution

16. Rani and joy appear in an interview for two vacancies in the same post. The probability of Rani's selection is $\frac{1}{7}$ and that of joy's selection

is $\frac{1}{5}$. what is the probability that Rani will not be selected ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

17. Rani and joy appear in an interview for two vacancies in the same post. The probability of Rani's selection is $\frac{1}{7}$ and that of joy's selection is $\frac{1}{5}$. what is the probability that Both of them will be selected ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

18. Rani and joy appear in an interview for two vacancies in the same post. The probability of Rani's selection is $\frac{1}{7}$ and that of joy's selection is $\frac{1}{5}$. what is the probability that None of them will be selected ?



Watch Video Solution

19. Find the probability distribution of number of heads in two tosses of a coin.



Watch Video Solution

20. Ten eggs are drawn successively with replacement from a lot containing 10% defective eggs. Find the probability that there is at least one defective egg.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

21. In a hostel 50% of the girls like tea, 40% like coffee and 20% like both tea and coffee
A girl is selected at random.

Find the probability that she likes neither tea or coffee .



[Watch Video Solution](#)

22. In a hostel 50% of the girls like tea, 40% like coffee and 20% like both tea and coffee. A girl is selected at random. If the girl likes tea, then find the probability that she likes coffee.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

23. In a hostel 50% of the girls like tea, 40% like coffee and 20% like both tea and coffee .A girl is selected at random.If she likes coffee then find the probability she likes tea.



Watch Video Solution

24. A box of oranges is inspected by examining three randomly selected oranges drawn without replacement. If all the three oranges are good, the box is approved for sale, otherwise it is rejected. Find the probability

that a box containing 15 oranges out of which 12 are good and 3 are bad ones will be approved for sale.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

25. Let two independent events A and B such that $P(A)=0.3, P(B)=0.6$. Find $P(A \text{ and } B)$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

26. Let two independent events A and B such that $P(A)=0.3, P(B)=0.6$

Find $P(A \text{ and not } B)$



Watch Video Solution

27. Let two independent events A and B such that $P(A)=0.3, P(B)=0.6$

Find $P(A \text{ or } B)$



Watch Video Solution

28. Let two independent events A and B such that $P(A)=0.3, P(B)=0.6$

Find $P(\text{neither A nor B})$



Watch Video Solution

29. Two balls are drawn at random with replacement from a box containing 10 black and 8 red balls. Find the probability that both balls are red



Watch Video Solution

30. Two balls are drawn at random with replacement from a box containing 10 black and 8 red balls. Find the probability that the first ball is a black and the second is red



Watch Video Solution

31. Two balls are drawn at random with replacement from a box containing 10 black and 8 red balls. Find the probability that one of them is black and the other red





[Watch Video Solution](#)

32. Bag 1 contains 3 red and 4 black balls while another bag 2 contains 5 red and 6 black balls. One ball is drawn at random from one of the bags and it is found to be red. Find the probability that it was from Bag 2



[Watch Video Solution](#)

33. A bag contains 4 red and 4 black balls, another bag contains 2 red and 6 black balls.

One ball of the two bag is drawn at random and the ball is drawn the bag is found to be red. Find the probability that the ball is drawn from first bag



[Watch Video Solution](#)

34. In a factory which manufactures bolts, machines A,B and C manufacture respectively 25%, 35% and 40% of the bolts. Of their outputs 5%, 4% and 2% are defective bolts. A bolt is drawn at random from the product and

is found to be defective. What is probability that it is manufactured by the machine B ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

35. Suppose 5% of men and 0.25% of women have grey hair. A grey haired person is selected at random. What is the probability of this person being male? Assume there are equal number of males and females.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

36. An Insurance company insured 2000 scooter drivers, 4000 car drivers and 6000 truck drivers. The probabilities of an accident are 0.01, 0.03 and 0.15 respectively. One of the insured persons meets with an accident. What is the probability that he is a scooter driver ?



Watch Video Solution

37. A factory has two machines A and B. past record shows that machine A produced 60% of the items of output and the machine B

produced 40% of the items. Future 2% of the items produced by machine A and 1% produced by machine B were defective. All the items are put into one stockpile and then one item is chosen at random from this and is found to be defective. what is the probability that it was produced by machine B ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

38. Suppose a girl throws a die. If she gets a 5 or 6, she tosses a coin three times and notes

the number of heads. If she gets 1,2,3 or 4 she tosses a coin once and notes whether a head or tail is obtained. If she obtained exactly one head, what is the probability that she threw 1,2,3 or 4 with the die ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

39. Vineetha and Reshma are competing for the post of school leader. The probability Vineetha to be elected is 0.6 and that of Reshma is 0.4 Further if Vineetha is elected the

probability of introducing a new pattern of election is 0.7 and the corresponding probability is 0.3 , if reshma is elected. Find the probability that the new pattern of election is introduced by Reshma ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

40. Find the probability distribution of number of doublets in three throws of a pair of dice ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

41. Find the probability distribution of the number of white balls drawn when three balls are drawn one by one without replacement from a bag containing 4 white and 6 red balls ?



Watch Video Solution

42. Two dice are thrown simultaneously. If X denotes the number of sixes, Find expectation of X . Also find the variance.



Watch Video Solution

43. A random variable X has the following probability distribution Determine K

X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
$P(X)$	0	k	$2k$	$2k$	$3k$	k^2	$2k^2$	$7 + k^2 + k$



Watch Video Solution

44. A random variable X has the following probability distribution

Determine $P(X < 3)$

X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
P(X)	0	k	2k	2k	3k	k^2	$2k^2$	$7 + k^2 + k$



Watch Video Solution

45. A random variable X has the following probability distribution

Determine

$P(X > 6)$

X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
P(X)	0	k	2k	2k	3k	k^2	$2k^2$	$7 + k^2 + k$



Watch Video Solution

46. if $P(A) = \frac{7}{13}$, $P(B) = \frac{9}{13}$, $P(A \cap B) = \frac{4}{13}$ then

$P(A|B)$ is..... a) $\frac{9}{4}$ b) $\frac{16}{13}$ c) $\frac{4}{9}$

d) $\frac{11}{13}$

A. $\frac{9}{4}$

B. $\frac{16}{13}$

C. $\frac{4}{9}$

D. $\frac{11}{13}$

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

47. Probability of solving a specific problem independently by A and B are $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$ respectively. If both try to solve the problem independently, then find the probability that the problem is solved ?



Watch Video Solution

48. probability of solving a specific problem independently by A and B are $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$ respectively. If both try to solve the problem

independently, then Find the probability that exactly one of them solve the problem ?



Watch Video Solution

49. A and B are two events such that

$P(A) = \frac{1}{5}$ and $P(A \cup B) = \frac{2}{5}$ Find P(B) if

they are mutually exclusive. a) $\frac{1}{5}$ b) $\frac{2}{5}$ c) $\frac{3}{5}$ d) $\frac{4}{5}$

A. $\frac{1}{5}$

B. $\frac{2}{5}$

C. $\frac{3}{5}$

D. $\frac{4}{5}$

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

50. A box contains 3 red and 4 blue balls. Two balls are drawn one by one without replacement. Find the probability of getting both balls red.



Watch Video Solution

51. Three cards are drawn successively without replacement from a pack of 52 cards. What is the probability that first two cards are queen and the third is king.



Watch Video Solution

52. 60 shirts of different colours are on sale. If one shirt is chosen at random

what is the probability that it is red ?

	Plain Red	Plain Blue	Check Blue
Small	8	5	3
Medium	8	2	10
Large	2	3	5
Extra Large	4	5	5



[Watch Video Solution](#)

53. 60 shirts of different colours are on sale. If one shirt is chosen at random what is the probability that it is plain and

extra-large ?

	Plain Red	Plain Blue	Check Blue
Small	8	5	3
Medium	8	2	10
Large	2	3	5
Extra Large	4	5	5



[Watch Video Solution](#)

54. 60 shirts of different colours are on sale. If one shirt is chosen at random what is the probability that it is small, given

that it is blue ?

	Plain Red	Plain Blue	Check Blue
Small	8	5	3
Medium	8	2	10
Large	2	3	5
Extra Large	4	5	5



[Watch Video Solution](#)

55. 60 shirts of different colours are on sale. If one shirt is chosen at random if A is the event 'the shirt is medium' and B is the event 'the shirt is blue'. Are the events A

and B independent ?

	Plain Red	Plain Blue	Check Blue
Small	8	5	3
Medium	8	2	10
Large	2	3	5
Extra Large	4	5	5



[Watch Video Solution](#)

56. From a box containing balls numbered from 1 to 100 , one ball is drawn at random.

The events X and Y are as follows.

X: A perfect square is drawn Y: An even

number is drawn

Find $P(X)$ and $P(Y)$.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

57. From a box containing balls numbered from 1 to 100, one ball is drawn at random.

The events X and Y are as follows. X : A perfect square is drawn Y : An even number is drawn

.compute $P(X|Y)$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

58. From a box containing balls numbered from 1 to 100 , one ball is drawn at random.

The events X and Y are as follows.

X: A perfect square is drawn Y: An even number is drawn

Are X and Y independent ? Justify.



Watch Video Solution

59. The probability of three mutually exclusive

events A, B and C are given by $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{6}$

respectively Is this statement a)True? b)False?
c)Cannot be said? d)Data not sufficient?

A. True?

B. False?

C. Cannot be said?

D. Data not sufficient?

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

60. A husband and wife appear in an interview for two vacancies in the same post. The probability of husband's selection is $\frac{1}{7}$ and that of wife's selection is $\frac{1}{5}$. What is the probability that only one of them will be selected ?



Watch Video Solution

61. A husband and wife appear in an interview for two vacancies in the same post. The

probability of husbands's selection is $\frac{1}{7}$ and that of wife's selection is $\frac{1}{5}$. what is the probability that None will be selected ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

62. Find $P(A \cap B)$ If A and B are independent events with $P(A)=\frac{1}{5}$ and $P(B)=\frac{5}{8}$. a) $\frac{6}{13}$ b) $\frac{33}{40}$ c) $\frac{1}{8}$ d) $\frac{5}{8}$

A. $\frac{6}{13}$

B. $\frac{33}{40}$

C. $\frac{1}{8}$

D. $\frac{5}{8}$

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

63. An unbiased die is thrown twice. Let the event A be getting prime number in the first throw and B be the event of getting an even number in the second throw. Check the independence of the events A and B



Watch Video Solution

64. The probability of solving a problem independently by A and B are $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ respectively. Find the probability that exactly one of them solves the problem.



Watch Video Solution

65. A set of events

$$E_1, E_2, \dots, E_n$$

are said to be a partition of the sample space, then which of the following conditions is always not true

A. $E_1 \cup E_2 \cup \dots \cup E_n = S$

B. $E_1 \cap E_n = \phi$

C. $P(E_1) > 0$

D. $P(E_1) \geq P(E_n)$

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

66. A person has undertaken a business. The probabilities are 0.80 that there will be a crisis, 0.85 that the business will be completed on time if there is no crisis and 0.35 that the business will be completed on time if there is a crisis. Determine the probability that the business will be complete on time



Watch Video Solution

67. A box contains 5 red and 10 black balls. A ball is drawn at random, its colour is noted

and is returned to the box. More over 2 additional balls of the colour drawn are put in the box and then a ball is drawn.what is the probability that the second ball is red.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

68. Bag 1 contains 5 red and 6 black balls. Bag2 contains 7 red and 5 black balls. One ball is drawn at random from one of the bags and it is found to be red. Find the probability that it was drawn from bag 1.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

69. A card from a pack of 52 cards is lost. From the remaining cards of the pack, two cards are drawn and are found to be both diamonds. Find the probability of the lost card being diamond.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

70. If X denotes number of heads obtained in tossing two coins. Then which of the following

is false a) $X(HH) = 2$ b) $X(HT) = 1$ c) $X(TH) = 0$

d) $X(TT) = 0$

A. $X(HH) = 2$

B. $X(HT) = 1$

C. $X(TH) = 0$

D. $X(TT) = 0$

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

71. Find the probability distribution of the number of tails in the simultaneous toss of two coins.



Watch Video Solution

72. A coin is tossed so that the head is 3 times as likely to occur as tail. If the coin is tossed twice, Find the probability distribution of number of tails.



Watch Video Solution

73. If a fair coin is tossed 10 times, Find the probability of Exactly 6 heads.



Watch Video Solution

74. If a fair coin is tossed 10 times, Find the probability of At least 6 heads.



Watch Video Solution

75. If a fair coin is tossed 10 times, Find the probability of At most 6 heads.



Watch Video Solution

76. Five cards are drawn successively with a replacement from a pack of 52 cards. What is the probability that All the 5 cards are spades ?



Watch Video Solution

77. Five cards are drawn successively with a replacement from a pack of 52 cards. What is the probability that Only 3 cards are spade ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

78. Five cards are drawn successively with a replacement from a pack of 52 cards. What is the probability that none is a spade ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

79. Find the probability distribution, Mean and Variance of the number of success in two tosses of a die, where a success is defined as number greater than 4



Watch Video Solution

80. Find the probability distribution, Mean and Variance of the number of success in two tosses of a die, where a success is defined as 6 appears on at least on one die



Watch Video Solution

81. If A and B are two events such that $A \subset B$ and $P(A) \neq 0$ then $P(A/B)$ is

A. $P \frac{A}{P}(B)$

B. $P \frac{B}{P}(A)$

C. $\frac{1}{P}(A)$

D. $\frac{1}{P}(B)$

Answer:



Watch Video Solution

82. There are two identical bags. Bag | contains 3 red and 4 black balls while bag || contains 5 red and 4 black balls. One ball is drawn at random from one of the bags.

Find the probability that all the ball drawn are red



Watch Video Solution

83. There are two identical bags. Bag I contains 3 red and 4 black balls while bag II contains 5

red and 4 black balls. One ball is drawn at random from one of the bags.

If the balls drawn is red what is the probability that it was drawn from bag I?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

84. Consider the following probability distribution of a random variable X Find the value of K

X	0	1	2	3	4
P(X)	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{2}{16}$	K	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$



Watch Video Solution

85. Consider the following probability distribution of a random variable X . Determine the Mean and Variance of X .

X	0	1	2	3	4
P(X)	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{2}{16}$	K	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$



Watch Video Solution

86. Suppose 10 cards numbered 1 to 10 are placed in a box and shuffled and one card is

drawn at random If A is the event that the number on the card is even, then write A



[Watch Video Solution](#)

87. Suppose 10 cards numbered 1 to 10 are placed in a box and shuffled and one card is drawn at random If A is the event that the number on the card is even, B is the event that the number on the card is more than 3, Find $P(A|B)$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

88. $P(A) = \frac{5}{12}$, $P(B) = \frac{7}{12}$, $P(A \cap B) = \frac{1}{4}$. Find

$P(A|B)$



Watch Video Solution

89. A and B try independently to solve a problem. probability that A solves it is $\frac{1}{3}$ & that B is $\frac{3}{5}$. Find the probability that the problem is solved.



Watch Video Solution

90. If X is a random variable whose possible values X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n are occur with probabilities P_1, P_2, \dots, P_n respectively, then $E(X)=\dots\dots\dots$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

91. A husband and wife appears for an interview for 2 posts. The probability of husband selection is $\frac{1}{7}$ and that of wife is $\frac{1}{5}$.

what is the probability that one is selected ?





[Watch Video Solution](#)

92. Two balls are drawn at random with replacement from a box containing 10 black and 8 red balls. Find the probability that both balls are red



[Watch Video Solution](#)

93. Two balls are drawn at random with replacement from a box containing 10 black

and 8 red balls. Find the probability that one of them is black and the other is red.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

94. For two independent events A and B, which of the following pair of events need not be independent ? a) A', B' b) A, B' c) A', B d)

$A - B, B - A$

A. A', B'

B. A, B'

C. A', B

D. $A - B, B - A$

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

95. If $P(A) = 0.6, P(B) = 0.7$ and

$P(A \cup B) = 0.9$, then find $P(A/B)$ and $P(B/A)$



Watch Video Solution

96. The probability distribution of a random variable X is given below

Find the value of K

X	0	1	2	3	4	5
P(X)	k	$2k$	$3k$	$4k$	$5k$	$5k$



Watch Video Solution

97. The probability distribution of a random variable X is given below

Find the mean and variance of the variable

X	0	1	2	3	4	5
P(X)	k	$2k$	$3k$	$4k$	$5k$	$5k$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

98. An urn contains 8 white and 6 black balls. Two are drawn from the urn one after the other without replacement. What is the probability that both drawn balls are white ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

99. Prove that variance

$$E(X^2) - [E(X)]^2$$





[Watch Video Solution](#)

100. For any two events A and B , write the expression for $P(A|B)$.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

101. In a bulb factory, machine A, B and C manufactures 60%, 30% and 10% bulbs respectively. 1%, 2% and 3% of the bulbs produced by A, B and C respectively are defective. A bulb is drawn at random from the

total production and found to be defective.

Find the probability that this had been produced from machine A.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

102. Two balls are drawn with replacement from a box containing 10 black and 8 red balls.

Find the probability that one of them is black and the other is red.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

103. Find the probability of getting 5 exactly twice in 7 throw of a die.



Watch Video Solution

104. Write the probability function of Binomial Distribution



Watch Video Solution

105. Five Defective bulbs are accidentally mixed with 20 good ones. It is not possible to just look at a bulb and tell whether or not it is defective. Find the probability distribution of the number of defective bulbs if 3 bulbs are drawn at random.



Watch Video Solution

106. Two balls are drawn with replacement from a box containing 10 black and 8 red balls.

Find the probability that one of them is black and the other is red.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

107. Find the probability of getting 5 exactly twice in 7 throw of a die.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

108. A die is tossed thrice. Find the probability of getting an odd number at least once.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

109. Bag I contains 3 red and 4 black balls while another bag II contains 5 red and 6 black balls. One ball is drawn at random from one of the bag it is found to be red. Find the probability that it was drawn from bag II.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

110. If A and B are independent events, Prove that \bar{A} and \bar{B} are independent



Watch Video Solution

111. A box contains 30 defective bulbs and 30 non-defective bulbs. Two bulbs are drawn at random. The event A and B are defined as follows. A: 'first bulb is defective.' B: 'the second bulb is non defective.' Find probability of A

and B. prove that A and B are independent events.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

112. In a factory which manufacture bulbs, machine X, Y and Z manufactures respectively 25%, 35% and 40% of the bulbs. Of the output 1%, 2% and 3% are respectively defective bulbs. A bulb is drawn at random and found to be defective. What is the

probability that it is manufactured by machine

Y?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

113. A and B try to solve a problem independently. The probability that A solves the problem is $\frac{1}{2}$ and that of B solves the problem is $\frac{1}{3}$. Find the probability that Both of them solved the problem.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

114. A and B try to solve a problem independently. The probability that A solves the problem is $\frac{1}{2}$ and that of B solves the problem is $\frac{1}{3}$. Find the probability that the problem is solved.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

115. If A and B are two independent events, then

Prove that A and B' are independent events.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

116. If A and B are two independent events, then

show that the probability of occurrence of at least one of A and B is

$$1 - P(A')P(B')$$



Watch Video Solution

117. There are two identical boxes. Box I contains 5 red and 4 black balls, while box II

contains 3 red and 3 black balls. A person choose a box at random and takes out a ball
Find the probability that the ball drawn is red.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

118. There are two identical boxes. Box I contains 5 red and 4 black balls, while box II contains 3 red and 3 black balls. A person choose a box at random and takes out a ball
If the ball drawn is black, what is the probability that it is drawn from box II



[Watch Video Solution](#)

119. If $P(A) = 0.8$, $P(B) = 0.5$, $P(B/A) = 0.4$ then find

$$P(A \cup B)$$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

120. If a fair coin is tossed 10 times, then find the probability of getting exactly 6 heads.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

121. If $P(A) = 0.3$, $P(B) = 0.4$, then the value of $P(A \cup B)$ where A and B are independent events a)0.48 b)0.51 c)0.52 d)0.58

A. 0.48

B. 0.51

C. 0.52

D. 0.58

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

122. A card from a pack of 52 cards is lost. From the remaining cards of the pack, two cards are drawn and are found to be both diamonds. Find the probability of the lost card being diamond.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

123. A pair of dice is thrown 4 times. If getting a doublet is considered as a success, find the probability of two successes



[Watch Video Solution](#)

124. A pair of dice is thrown 4 times. If getting a doublet is considered as a success. Find the probability of getting a doublet.



Watch Video Solution

125. A pair of dice is thrown 4 times. If getting a doublet is considered as a success.

Hence find the probability of getting two success.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

126. State and Prove the theorem of total probability



[Watch Video Solution](#)

127. If a fair coin is tossed 10 times, what is the probability that the outcome is exactly 6 heads ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

128. 3 coin are tossed and X be the number of heads turning up. Write probability distribution of X



[Watch Video Solution](#)

129. There are 5% defective items in a large bulk of items. What is the probability that a sample of 10 items will include not more than one defective item ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

130. A class 15 students whose ages are 14,17,15,14,21,17,19,20,16,18,20,17,16,19 and 20 years. One student is selected such that each has the same chance of being selected, the age X of the selected student is recorded.

write the probability distribution of X



Watch Video Solution

131. A class has 15 students whose ages are 14,17,15,14,21,17,19,20,16,18,20,17,16,19 and 20 years. One student is selected such that each has the same chance of being selected, the age X of the selected student is recorded.

Find $E(X)$.



Watch Video Solution

132. A class has 15 students whose ages are 14,17,15,14,21,17,19,20,16,18,20,17,16,19 and 20

years. One student is selected such that each has the same chance of being selected, the age X of the selected student is recorded.

Find $\text{Var}(X)$.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

133. An unbiased die is thrown twice. Let A be the event 'odd number on the first throw' and B be the event 'odd number on the second throw'. Check the independence of the events A and B



[Watch Video Solution](#)

134. If $P(A) = 0.8$, $P(B) = 0.5$, $P(B/A) = 0.4$, Find

$$P(A \cap B)$$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

135. If $P(A) = 0.8$, $P(B) = 0.5$, $P(B/A) = 0.4$, Find

$$P(A/B)$$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

136. If $P(A) = 0.8$, $P(B) = 0.5$, $P(B|A) = 0.4$, Find $P(A \cup B)$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

137. A and B are two events such that $P(A)=0.8$, $P(B)=0.5$ and $P(B|A)=0.4$, then find $P(A|B)$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

138. Find the mean and variance of the number obtained on a throw of an unbiased die.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

139. Two events E and F are such that $P(E)=0.6$,
 $P(F)=0.2$ and
 $P(E \cup F)=0.68$. Are E and F independent ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

140. A die is thrown 6 times. If getting an odd number is a success, what is the probability of getting 5 successes ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

141. A die is thrown 6 times. If getting an odd number is a success, what is the probability of getting

At least 5 successes ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

142. A die is thrown 6 times. If getting an odd number is a success, what is the probability of

getting

At most 5 successes ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

143. A die is thrown thrice. Find the probability of getting an odd number atleast once.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

144. Two cards are drawn successively with replacement from a pack of 52 cards. Find the

probability distribution of the number of aces.



Watch Video Solution