



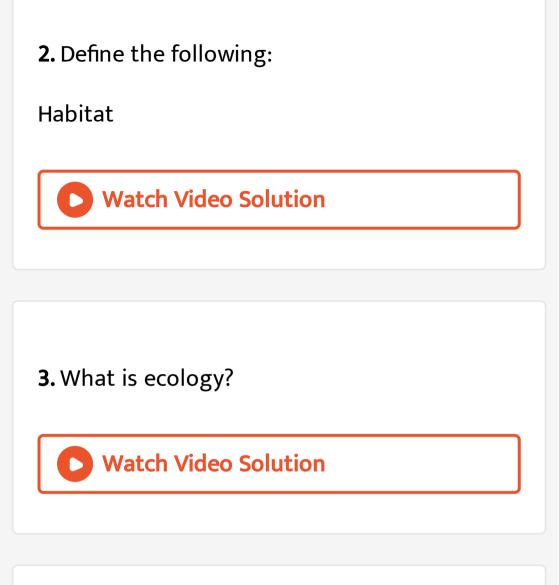
BIOLOGY

BOOKS - CHETANA PUBLICATION

Ecosystems and Energy flow

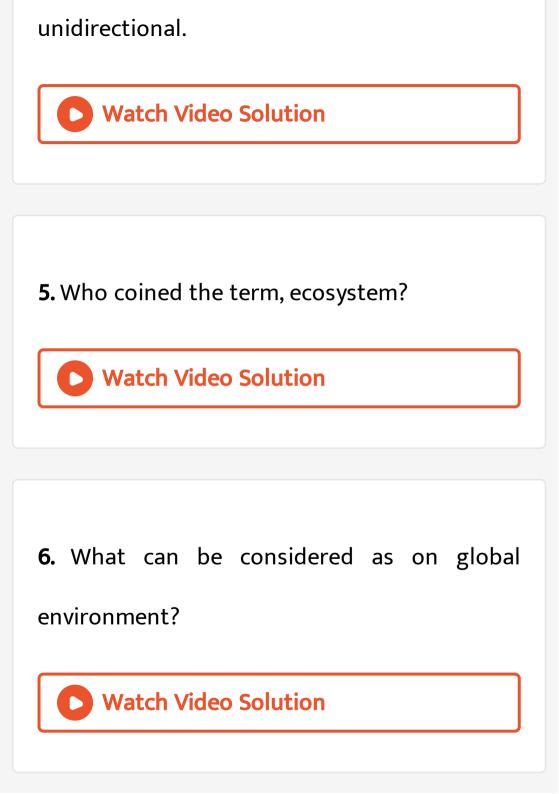


1. What is environmental biology?



4. Given scientifc reasons:

The flow of energy in the ecosystem is

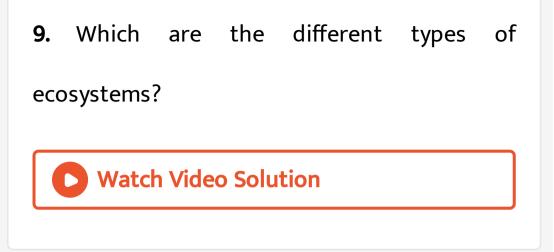


7. Enlist the importance of ecology for humans.
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8. Enlist the basic categories of earth

ecosystem.

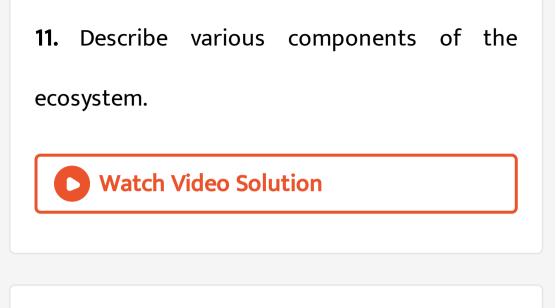




10. Classify the following examples into natural

and artifical ecosystems.



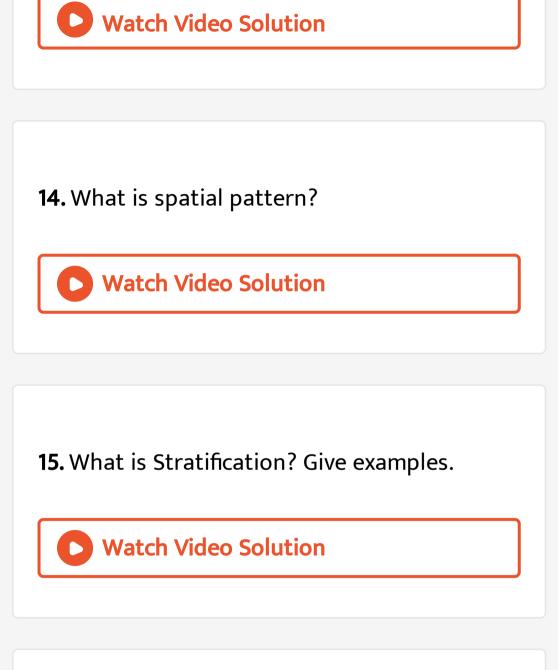


12. Name the four functional processes of an

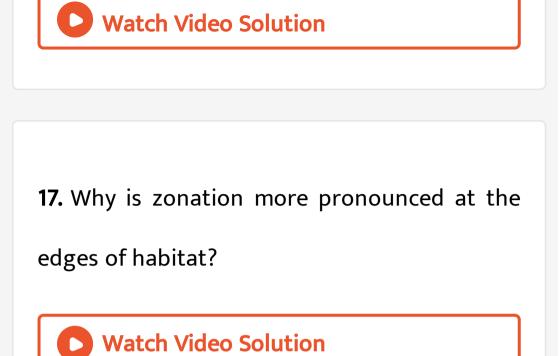
ecosystem.



13. What is spatial pattern?



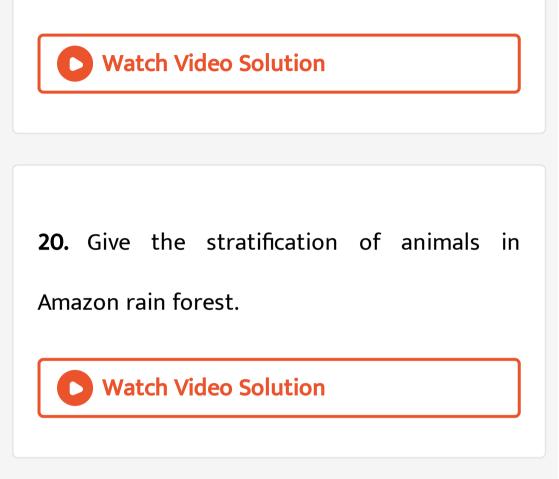
16. What is Zonation? Give examples.



18. Write a note on zonation in wetlands.



19. Give an account of stratification in forests.



21. Define ecosystem and describe its structure

and function.



22. Answer the following question

Explain the concept of electrostatic

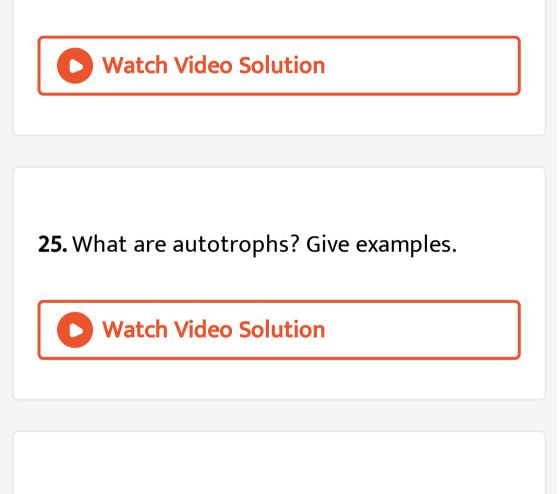
potential(electric potential)?

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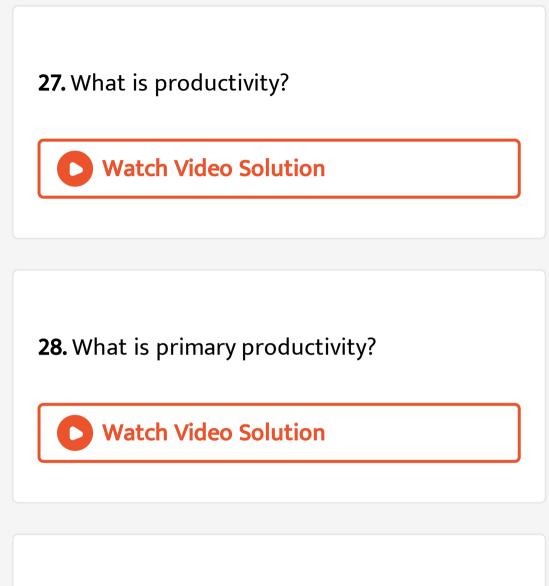
23. Pond is an ecosystem. Explain.

24. Name the four functional processes of an

ecosystem.

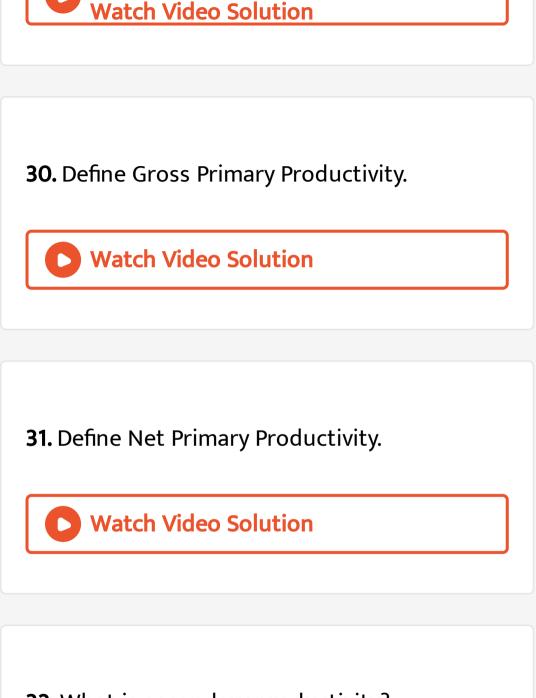


26. What are heterotrophs? Give examples.



29. Name the two types of primary productivity.





32. What is secondary productivity?





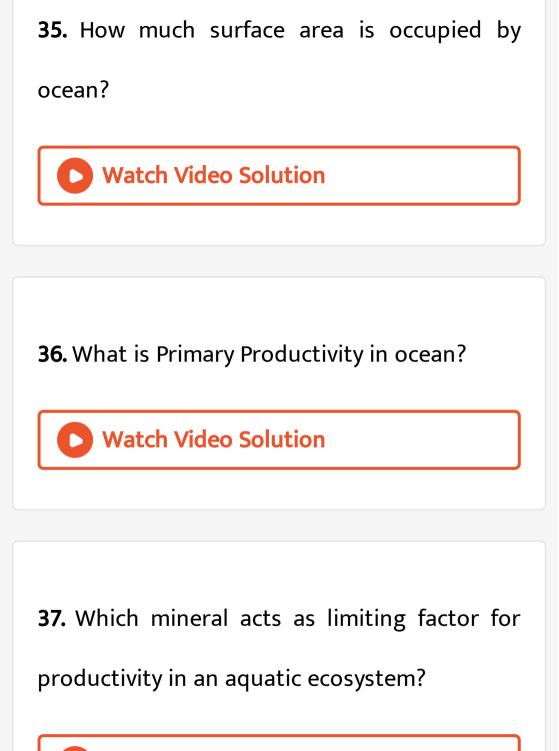
33. All primary productivity is not available to a

herbivore. Give reason.



34. What is the annual Net Primary

Productivity of whole biosphere?



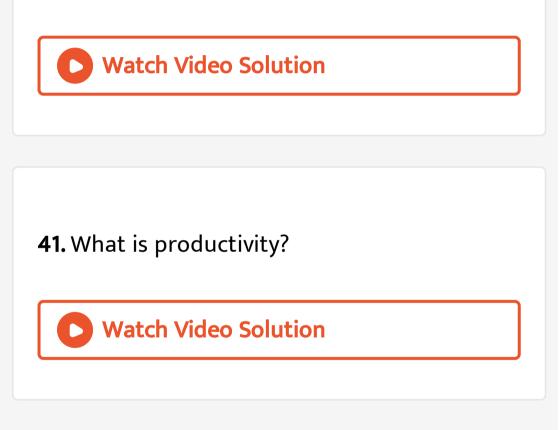
38. Differentiate between GPP and NPP.

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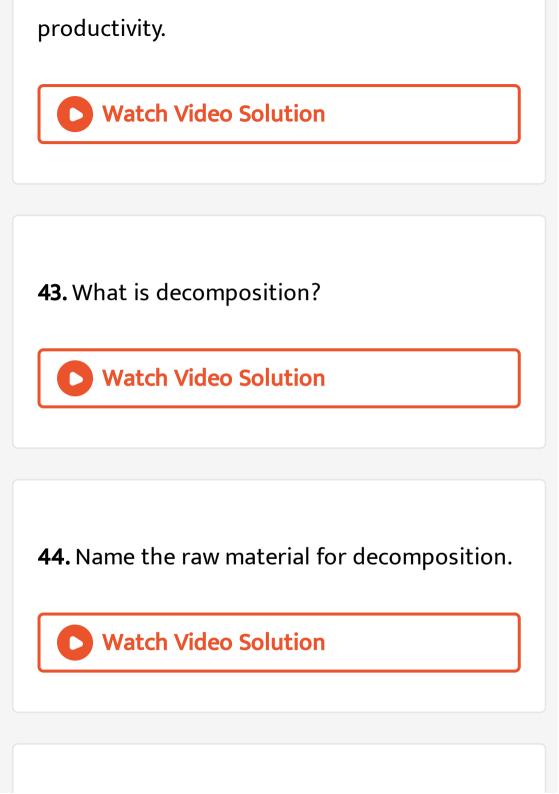
39. What could be the reason for the low productivity of ocean?

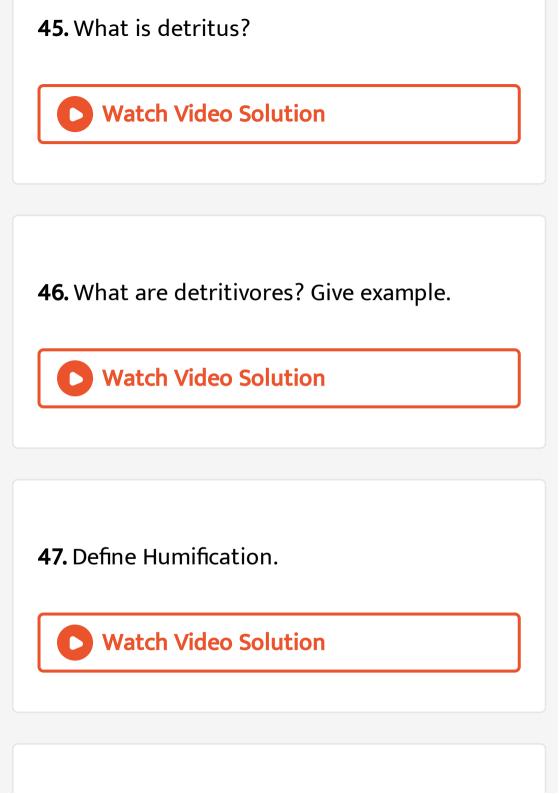
40. Differentiate between Primary Productivity

and Second Productivity.



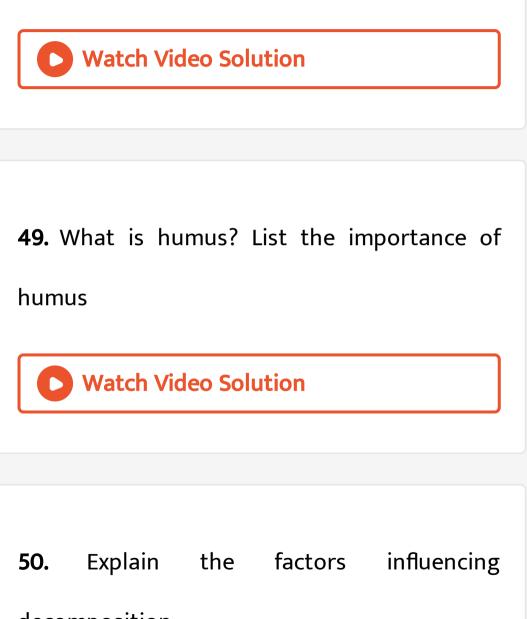
42. What is primary productivity? Give brief description of factors that affect primary



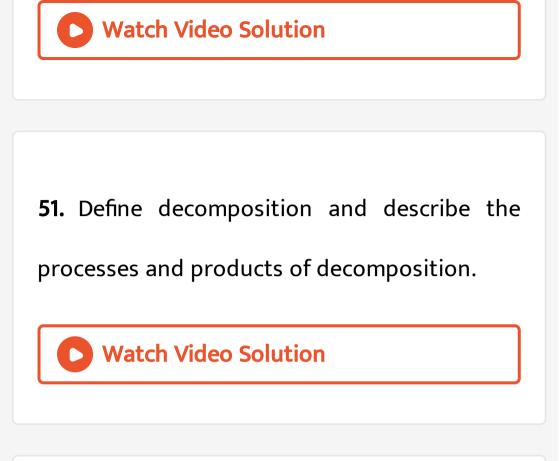


48. Earthworms are known as friend of farmer.

Justify.



decomposition.



52. Write a short note on key.

53. What is the ultimate source of energy for

all ecosystems on the earth except for the

deep sea ecosystem?



54. Give full form of PAR.



55. What is the % of solar radiation that is

Photosynthetically Active Radiation?

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56. What is the % of the PAR that is captured

by plants to prepare food?

57. In which direction, flow of energy takes

place in an ecosystem?

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58. What is a food chain?

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59. Enlist the types of food chains.

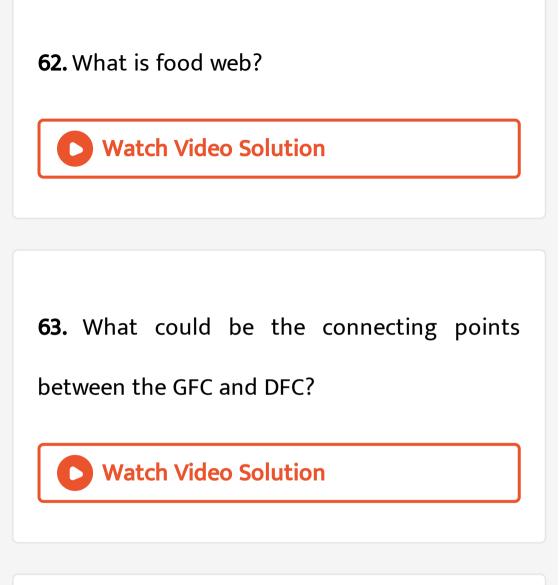
60. What is the starting point of grazing food

chain?



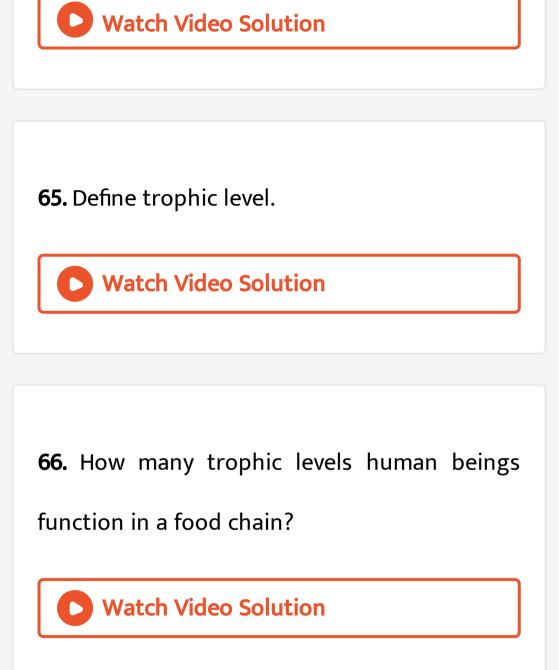
61. What is the starting point of detritus food

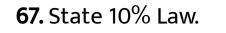
chain?

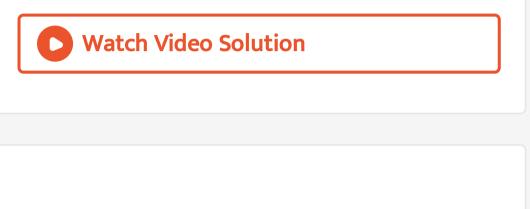


64. How will you classify man as carnivore or

omnivore? Why?







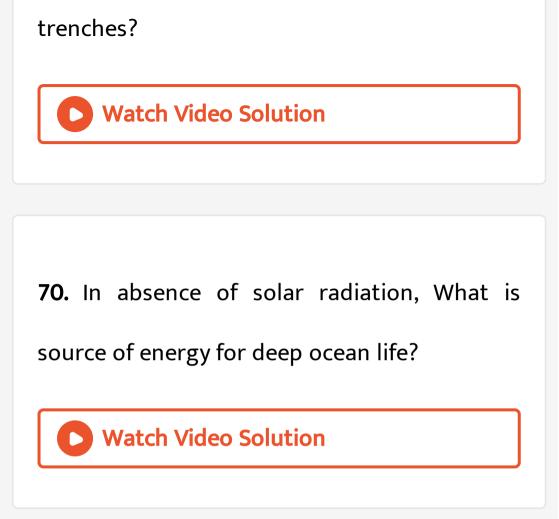
68. What is the maximum number of trophic

levels in a food chain?

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69. Is there any presence of living organisms in

the perpetual darkness of deep oceanic



71. Which organisms serve as producers in the

food chains of deep oceans?

72. Write a note on producers.

		Solution
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	VIGCO	Solution

73. Write a note on consumers.

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74. Explain Grazing food chain.

75. Explain Detritus food chain.

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76. Differentiate between Grazing food chain and Detrius food chain.

77. What is the difference between food chain

and food web?

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78. Food chains do not exist in isolation. Give

reasons.



79. Classify the following organisms given below as per column 'A' and complete column

[(1) Fish (2) Snake (3) Frog (4) Marshy Plants (5) Eagle (6) Snail (7) Insects (8) Algae (9) Rat (10) Birds (11) Man (12) Grass] (2 marks)

'B'.

'A'		'B'	
(1)	Quaternary consumer	- Part Maria	
(2)	Tertiary consumer		
(3)	Secondary consumer		
(4)	Primary consumer		
(5)	Producer consumer	1	

80. Macth the pairs and rewrite.

Group " I"		Group " II"	
(i)	Photo autotrophs	(a)	Cow
(ii)	Herbivores	(b)	Grass
(iii)	Carnivores	(c)	Man
(iv)	Top carnivores	(d)	Fish

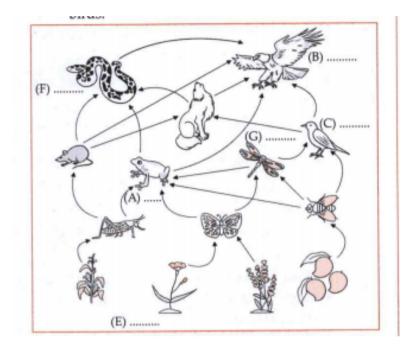


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81. Complete the food web by using following

organisms given below. Frog, eagle, lizard,

insect, flowering plant, snake, brids.





82. Describe different tropic levels of an ecosystem.

.



83. Give reasons:

Energy flow through an ecosystem is 'one way'



84. What is ecological pyramid?



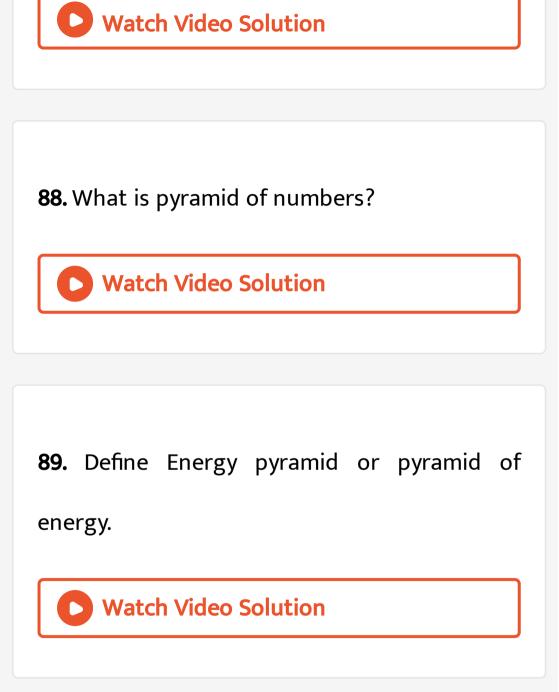
85. Name the scientist who proposed the concept of ecological pyramid.

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86. Enlist the three types of ecological pyramid.



87. What is pyramid of biomass?



90. Give an example of ecosystem which shows

inverted pyramid of numbers?

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91. Give an example of ecosystem which shows

inverted pyramid of biomass?

92. Name the organisms which are not given

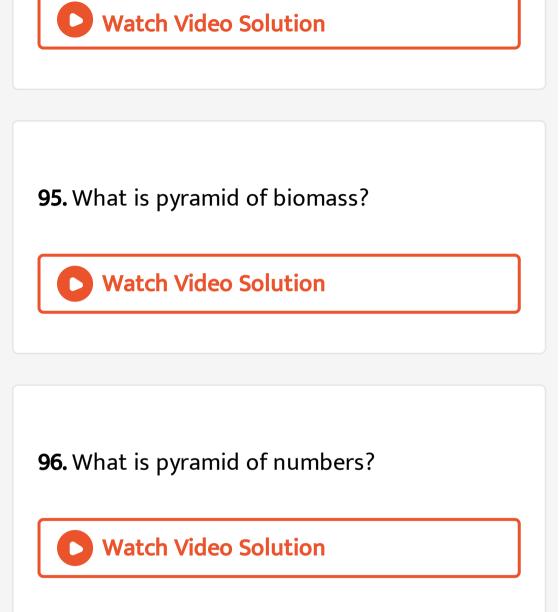
any place in the ecological pyramids.



93. In which type of food chain, more energy is available?



94. Explain the concept of Ecological pyramid.



97. Differentiate between Upright pyramid and

Inverted pyramid.

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98. How would you explain inverted pyramid of

biomass in oceanic ecosystem?

99. Tree shows inverted pyramid of numbers.

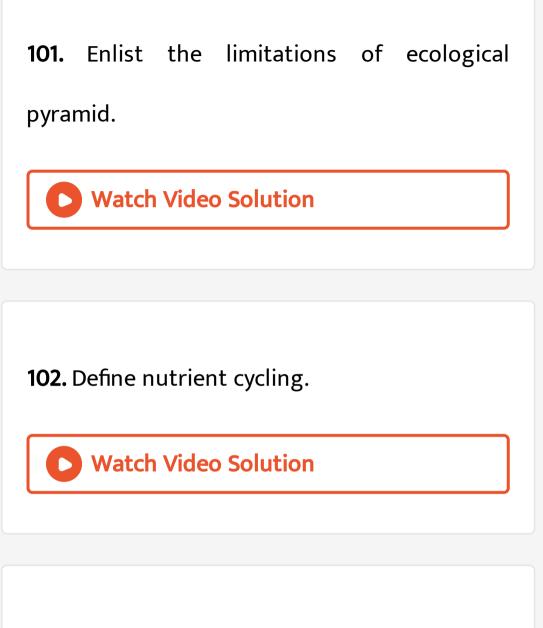
Justify the statement.

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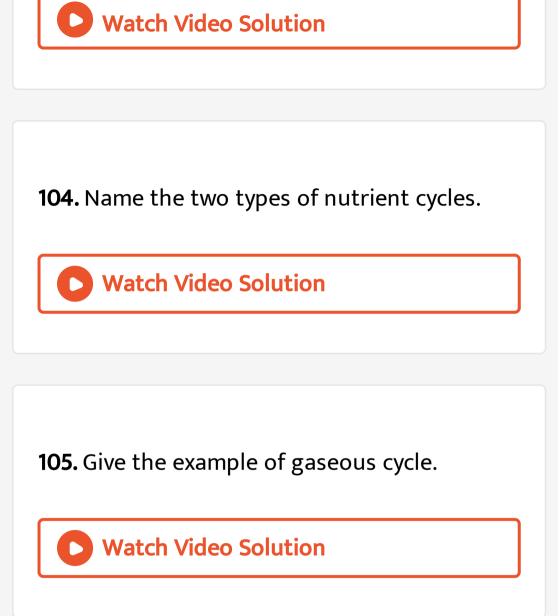
100. Pyramid of energy is always upright. Give

reason.

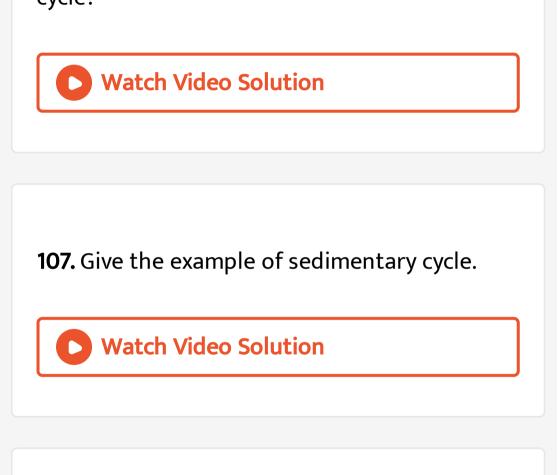




103. What is another name for nutrient cycling?

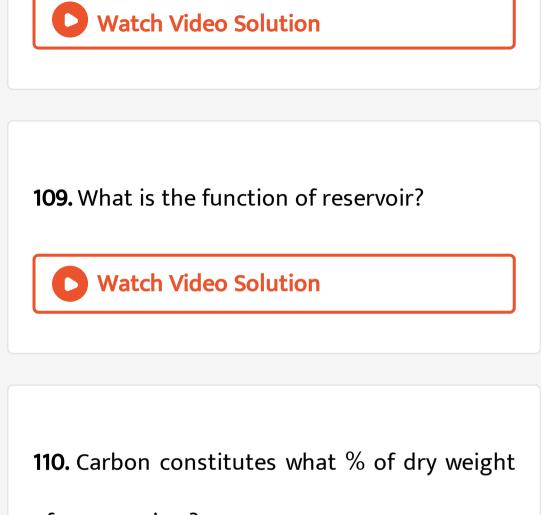


106. What is the reservoir for gaseous type of cycle?



108. What is the reservoir for sedimentary

cycle?



of an organism?



111. How much carbon is dissolved in ocean?



112. Which reservoir regulates the amount of

carbon dioxide in the atmosphere?

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113. What are sinks?

114. Name the reservoir and sink of carbon in

carbon cycle.



115. Write a note on the impact of human activities on carbon cycle.



116. Outline the salient features of carbon

cycle in an ecosystem.

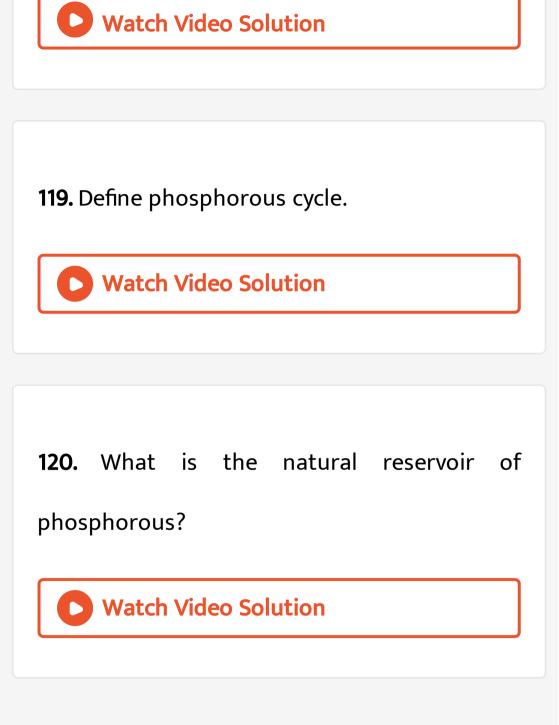
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117. Name the various basic processes which

take place in carbon cycle.

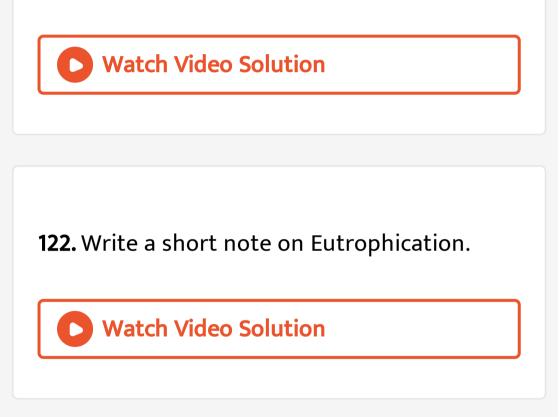
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118. Explain/describe carbon cycle.



121. Write improtant features of a sedimentary

cycle in an ecosystem.



123. mention the uses of phosphorous in the

living organisms.



124. What are the two major difference between carbon and phosphorous cycle?

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125. Define phosphorous cycle.

126. Describe phosphorous cycle/sedimentary

cycle.

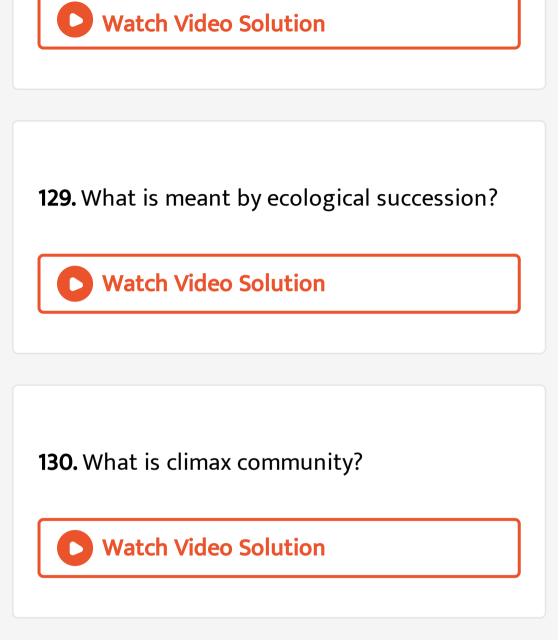


127. What are the short term and long term

effects of eutrophication in water bodies?

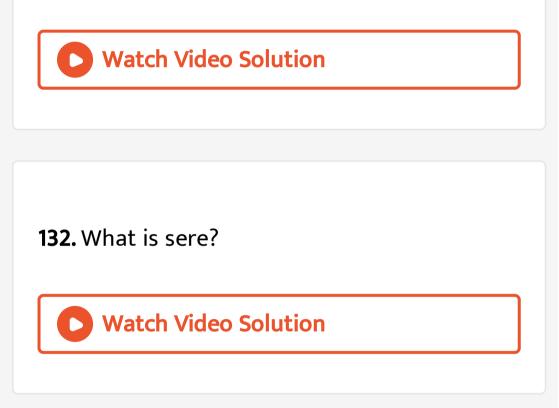


128. What is community?



131. Enlist the sequential steps which are

involved in the process succession.



133. What is seral stage or seral community?

134. List the characteristic features of seral communities during different stage of communities.

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135. What is primary succession?

136. What is secondary succession?



137. Why is secondary succession faster than

the primary succession?

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138. What are pioneer species?

139. What are pioneer species?

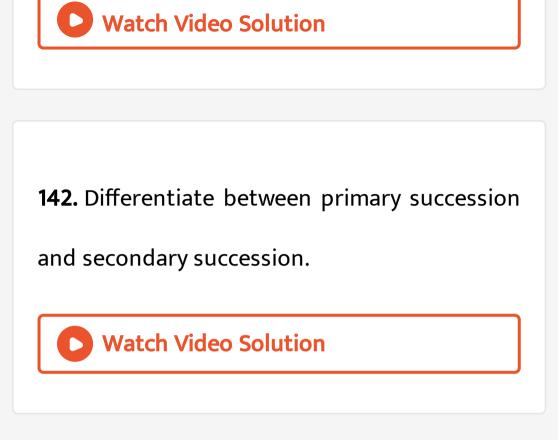
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140. What is the climax community for the

xerarch as well as for hydrarch succession?

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141. What is meant by ecological succession?



143. Differentiate between Seral community

and Climax community.

144. Name and describe patterns of ecological

succession.



145. Name the sequence of seral stages in hydrarch succession.

146. Enlist the sequence of seral stages in

xerarch succession.

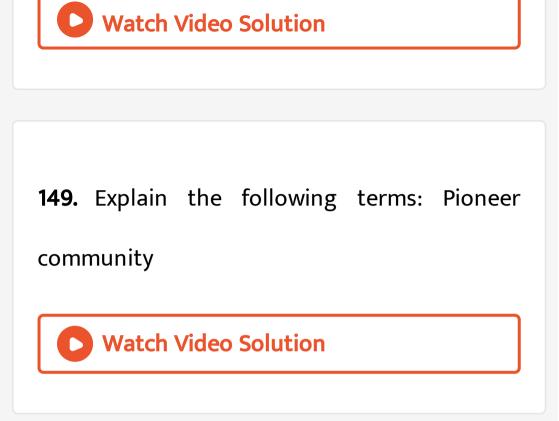
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147. Differentiate between Hydrarch and

Xerarch.

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148. Explain the following terms: Seral stages



150. Explain the following terms: Climax community.

151. Give an account of hydrarch/hydrosere

succession of plants.



152. Give an account of Xerach/Xerosere succession.

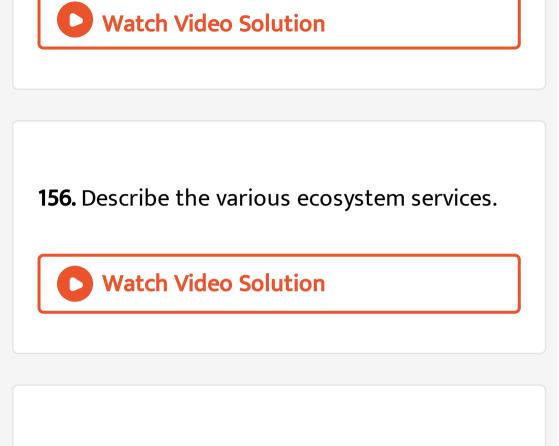
153. Which are the base for a wide range of economic, environmental and aesthetic goods and services?



154. What is an ecosystem services?



155. Enlist the various ecosystem services.



157. Give an account of ecological service for

the benefit of mankind.



1. Multiple choice questions:Which one of the following has the largest population in a food chain?

A. Producers

B. Primary consumers

C. Secondary consumers

D. Decomposers

Answer:

2. The second trophic level in a lake is _____

A. Phytoplankton

B. Zooplankton

C. Benthos

D. Fishes

Answer:

3. Secondary consumers are _____

A. Herbivores

B. Producers

C. Carnivores

D. Autotrophs

Answer:



4. What is the % of photosynthetically active

radiaton in the incident solar radiation?

A. 1

B. 0.5

C. 1-5%

D. 2-10%

Answer:

5. The upright pyramid of numbers is absent in

A. pond

B. forest

C. lake

D. grassland

Answer:

6. Give the term used to express a community

in its final stage of succession?

A. End community

B. Final community

C. Climax community

D. Dark community

Answer:

7. After landslide which of the following type

of succession occurs?

A. Primary

B. Secondary

C. Tertiary

D. Climax

Answer:

8. Which of the following is most often a limiting factor of the primary productivity in any ecosystem?

A. Carbon

B. Nitrogen

C. Phosphorus

D. Sulphur

Answer:

9. Which one of the following is not used for

construction of ecological pyramids?

A. Fresh weight

B. Dry weight

C. Number of individuals

D. Rate of energy flow

Answer:

10. Mass of living matter at a trophic level in

an area at any time is called.

A. standing crop

B. detritus

C. humus

D. standing state

Answer:

11. Which one of the following animals may occupy more than one trophic levels in the same ecosystem at the same time?

A. Sparrow

B. Lion

C. Goat

D. Frog

Answer:

12. Identify the possible link "A" in the following



 $Plant
ightarrow {
m A}
ightarrow {\mathfrak o} g
ightarrow cobra
ightarrow eag \leq$

A. rabbit

B. wolf

C. cobra

D. parrot

Answer:



13. Which one of the following animals may occupy more than one trophic levels in the same ecosystem at the same time?

A. Energy flow

B. decomposition

C. Productivity

D. Stratification

Answer:

14. The horizontal distribution of trees is

studied in _____

A. scarification

B. stratification

C. zonation

D. speciation

Answer:

15. The ability to produce organic compounds

in unit time is_____

A. leaching

B. productivity

C. poaching

D. conductivity

Answer:

16. In establishing new ecosystem on rock, the

pioneers are _____

A. lichens

B. phytoplanktons

C. trees

D. animals

Answer:

17. The succession that starts on abandoned

crop land is _____

A. primary succession

B. xerarch succession

C. secondary succession

D. hydrarch succession

Answer:

18. Guano deposits are rich in _____

A. sulphur

B. magnesium

C. phosphorous

D. calcium

Answer:

19. Which of the followings is mainly responsible for ozone depletion?

A. Chlorofluorocarbons

B. hydrocarbons

C. carbon monoxide

D. carbon dioxide

Answer:

20. Which is an artifical ecosystem?

A. Pond

B. Lake

C. Aquarium

D. Wetland

Answer:



21. Niche of a species is _____

A. place of living

B. specific functions and competitive power

C. habitat and specific functions

D. habitat and climate

Answer:

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22. Rate of storage of organic matter not used

by heterotrophs is termed as _____

A. gross primary productivity

- B. secondary productivity
- C. net productivity
- D. net primary productivity

Answer:

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23. Rate of storage of organic matter stored

by autotrophs apart from its use in respiration

is termed as __

A. gross primary productivity

- B. secondary productivity
- C. net productivity
- D. net primary productivity

Answer:

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24. Energy flow in an ecosystem is ____

A. bidirectional

B. unidirectional

C. reverse directional

D. multidirectional

Answer:

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25. In the pyramid of number, autotrophs

occupy _____in pyramid.

A. the base

B. position near the apex

C. position near the base

D. the apex

Answer:

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26. Pyramid of energy is always _____

A. inverted

B. upright

C. spindle shaped

D. cup-shaped

Answer:

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27. Energy enters the ecosystem through

A. decomposers

B. producers

C. herbivores

D. carnivores

Answer:

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28. The pyramid of ______in sea is always

inverted.

A. biomass

B. energy

C. number

D. species

Answer:



29. Maximum CO2 fixation is done by ___

A. fungi

B. zooplanktons

C. phytoplanktons

D. bacteria

Answer:

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30. Algae utilize all the oxygen in the water and kill the other life in an aquatic system is normally know as _____

A. water pollution

B. eutrophication

C. biomagnifications

D. bioaccumulation

Answer:

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31. Primary consumers are _____

A. Herbivores

B. producers

C. Carnivores

D. Autotrophs

Answer:

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32. Identify the possible link "A" in the following food chain_____ $Plant \rightarrow A \rightarrow \mathfrak{o}g \rightarrow cobra \rightarrow eag \leq$

A. rabbit

B. wolf

C. insect

D. parrot

Answer:



33. Energy flow in an ecosystem is ____

A. bidirectional

B. unidirectional

C. reverse directional

D. multidirectional

Answer:

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34. The vertical distribution of species is studied in

A. stratification

B. scarification

C. zonation

D. speciation

Answer:



35. _____cycle is not a gaseous

biogeochemical cycle in ecosystem

A. Sulfur

B. Phosphorous

C. Nitrogen

D. Carbon

Answer:

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36. Breakdown of detritus into smaller particles by earthworm is a process called_____

A. humification

B. fragmentation

C. mineralization

D. catabolism

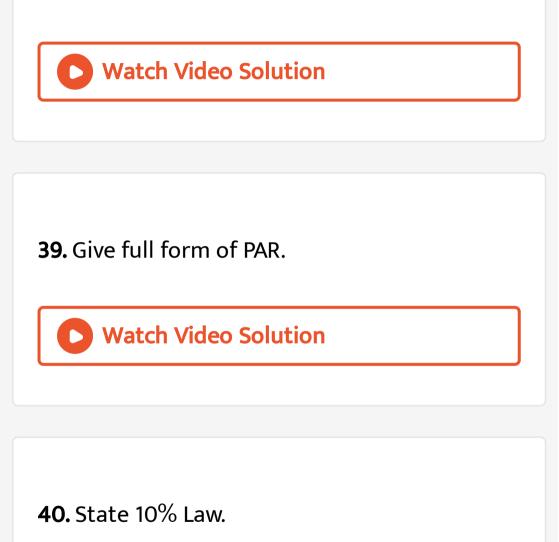
Answer:

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37. What are the two spatial patterns in an

ecosystem?

38. What is productivity?



41. Name the organisms which are not given

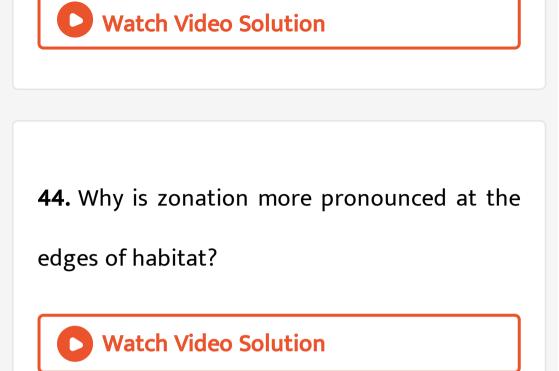
any place in the ecological pyramids.



42. What is the reservoir for sedimentary cycle?



43. Write a note on consumers.



45. Name the four functional processes of an

ecosystem.



46. Differentiate between Food chain and

Food web.



47. Tree shows inverted pyramid of numbers.

Justify the statement.

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48. Write a short note on Eutrophication.





49. Give an account of ecological service for

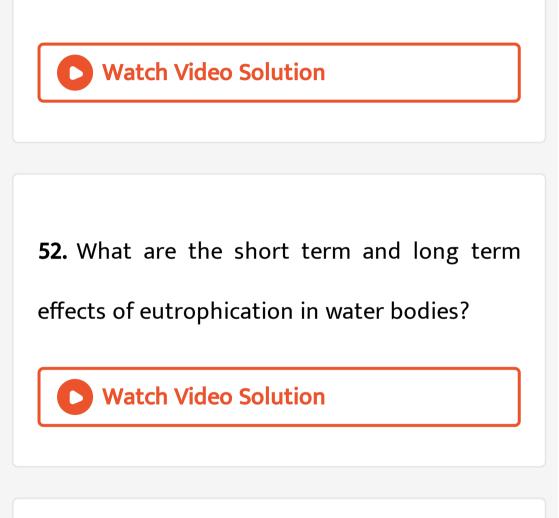
the benefit of mankind.

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50. Describe different tropic levels of an ecosystem.

51. Give an account of ecological service for

the benefit of mankind.



53. Give an account of Xerach/Xerosere succession.

