

BIOLOGY

BOOKS - DINESH PUBLICATION ENGLISH

ANIMAL TYPES

Multiple Choice Question

- 1. According to Darwin one acre of land may contain
 - A. About 100,000 earth worms
 - B. About 50,000 earth worms
 - C. About 20,000 earth worms
 - D. None of the above

Answer: B



Maria Nada - Calaira

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2. The most common earthworm of India is
A. Pheretima communissima
B. Eutyphacus
C. Pheretima posthuma
D. Lumah minus

D. Lumbricus

Answer: C



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- 3. Pharyngeal nephridia of Pheretima are found in segments
 - A. 4, 5 and 6
 - B. 5, 6 and 7
 - C. 6, 7 and 8

D. 3, 4 and 5
Answer: A
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I. In earthworm the septal nephridia begin from behind segments
A. 18
B. 17
C. 15
D. 13
Answer: C
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5. Chaeta of Pheretima is about

A. $0 \cdot 025$ mm long $B.0 \cdot 25 \text{ mm long}$ $\mathsf{C.}\ 0\cdot 5\ \mathsf{mm}\ \mathsf{long}$ D. $2 \cdot 5$ mm long **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 6. Respiratory pigment in Pheretima is present in A. Erythrocytes B. Plasma C. Yellow cells D. Mucocytes **Answer: B Watch Video Solution**

7. The function of spemathecae is :
A. To store sperms
B. To nourish sperms
C. To secrete sticky material during copulation
D. None of the above
Answer: B Watch Video Solution
8. The nature of chaetae of Earthworm is
A. Chitin
B. Cellulose
C. Protein

D. Chitin and scleroprotien
Answer: D
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9. Integumentary nephridia of Earthworm occur in
A. All segments except the first two
B. First two segments of the body
C. First fifteen segments
D. All the segments
Answer: A
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10. In Earthworm, the spermathecae occur in

- A. 4 7 segments
- B. 5 8 segments
- C. 6 9 segments
- D. 7 10 segments

Answer: C



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- 11. Intestinal caeca of Earthworm lie between
 - A. 22 26 segments
 - B. 20 24 segments
 - C. 14 -16 segments
 - D. 33 36 segments

Answer: A

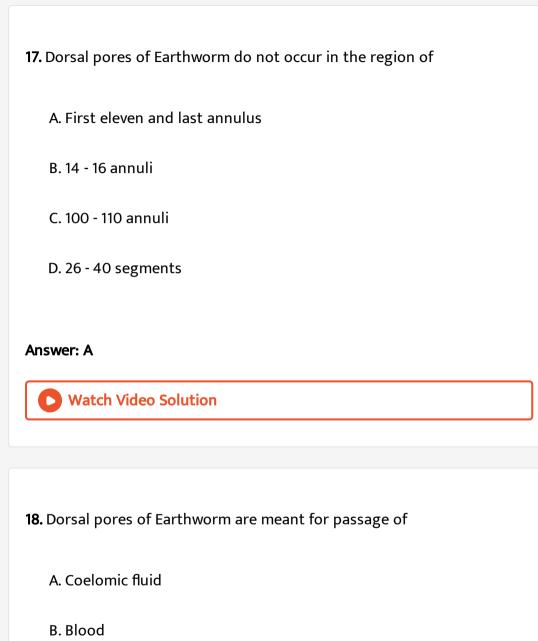


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12. Coelomic fluid of Pheretima is
A. Acidic
B. Watery
C. Oily
D. Alkaline
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
13. Erythrocytes of Pheretima contain
13. Erythrocytes of Pheretima contain
13. Erythrocytes of Pheretima contain A. Haemoglobin

D. Erythrocytes are absent
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
14. Blood of Pheretima is
A. Red
B. Blue
C. Colourless
D. None of the above
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
15. Circulatory system of Pheretima is of

A. Open type
B. Closed type
C. Both
D. None
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
16. Body cavity of Earthworm is
A. Schizocoel
B. Enterocoel
C. Pseudocoel
D. None of the above
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution



C. Waste materials

D. Gametes
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
19. Pheretima is
A. Ammonotelic
B. Uricotelic
C. Ureotelic
D. None of the above
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
20. Gustoreceptors of Pheretima are present

B. In the prostomium C. In the peristomium D. None of the above Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 21. Oxygen is carried to different parts of body from skin by: A. Blood plasma B. Blood corpuscles C. Both A and B D. A special pigment called haemocyanin Answer: A **Watch Video Solution**

A. In the buccal cavity

22. Number of Pheretima species found in India is
A. 7
B. 13
C. 25
D. 31
Answer: B Watch Video Solution
23. Earthworm is
A. Nocturnal
A. Nocturnal B. Diurnal

D. All the above
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
24. Pheretima is
A. Arboreal
B. Scansorial
C. Fossorial
D. Cursorial
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

. . . .

25. Nephridiopores of Earthworm occur in all segments except
(a) First
(b) Last
(c) Both first and last
(d) First two and the last
A. All segments
B. All segments except first two
C. All segments except first two and last
D. All except clitellum, first two and last segment
Answer: C
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26. Nephridiopores present over the body of earthworm belong to

A. Integumentary nephridia

B. Septal nephridia	
C. Pharyngeal nephridia	
D. Protonephridia	
Answer: A	
Watch Video Solution	
27. Number of ovaries present in Earthworm is	
A. One	
B. Two	
C. Four	
D. Eight	
Answer: B	
Watch Video Solution	

28. Number of testes in Earthworm is
A. One
B. Two
C. Four
D. Eight
Answer: C
Allswer: C
Watch Video Solution
29. In Earthworm, typhlosole is component of
A. Male reproductive system
A. Male reproductive system B. Female reproductive system

Answer: D **Watch Video Solution** 30. Stomach of Earthworm has glands A. Digestive B. Calcareous C. Endocrime D. Both A and B **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 31. Haemoglobin and blood cells are formed in Earthworm from A. Lateral hearts

C. Blood glands D. Ventral blood vessel **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 32. Salivary glands of Cockroach open at A. Buccal cavity B. Hypopharynx C. Epipharynx D. Pharaynx Answer: B **Watch Video Solution**

B. Laterooesophageal hearts

33. The basal segment of antenna is called
A. Scape
B. Pedicel
C. Clypeus
D. Frons
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
34. Eggs of cockroach are
A. Mesolecithal
B. Centrolecithal
C. Telolecithal
D. Alecithal

Answer: B



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- 35. In cockroach, ootheca is produced by secretion of -
- (a) Collateral glands
- (b) Conglobate gland
- (c) Mushroom glands
- (d) Gynatrium
 - A. Phallic gland
 - B. Mushroom gland
 - C. Colleterial gland
 - D. All the above

Answer: C



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36. In Cockroach an ovary is formed of ovarioles
A. 4
B. 6
C. 8
D. 10
Answer: C
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37. Cockroach has a stomodaeal valve between
37. Cockroach has a stomodaeal valve between A. Crop and gizzard
A. Crop and gizzard
A. Crop and gizzard B. Gizzard and mesenteron

Answer: B Watch Video Solution

38. In cockroaches, the sclerite are joined to each other by

- A. Terga
- B. Sterna
- C. Pleura
- D. Arthrodial plates

Answer: D



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39. The mouth of cockroach is provided with several appendages. Name them.

A. Prognathous
B. Hypognathous
C. Orthognathous
D. Opisthognathous
Answer: B
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40. The labium in cockroach is formed by
A. Upper lip
B. Lower lip
C. Jaw
D. Tongue
Answer: A
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41. Head capsule of Cockroach is formed of segments
A. 1
B. 2
C. 4
D. 6
Answer: D Watch Video Solution
42. Thorax of Cockroach has segments
A. 1
B. Two
C. Three

D. Four
Answer: C
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
43. Locomotor centre of the body of an insect is
A. Brain
B. Head
C. Thorax
D. Abdomen
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
44. Nervures occur in

A. Nerve fibres
B. Wings
C. Tarsus
D. Femur
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
45. Number of sterna visible in female Cockroach is
A. Ten
B. Nine
C. Eight
D. Seven
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution

46. Number of sterna visible in male Cockroach is
A. Nine
B. Ten
C. Eight
D. Eleven
Answer: A Watch Video Solution
Watch video Solution
47. Terga visible in male Cockroach is
A. Ten
B. Nine
C. Eight

Watch Video	Solution	
8. First pair of wing	gs of Cockroch are	
A. Tegmina attac	hed to mesothorax	
B. Elytra attache	d to prothorax	
C. Tegmina attac	hed to thorax	
D. Tegmina attac	hed to thorax	
nswer: A		
◯ Watch Video	Solution	

D. Seven

49. Tegmina are

A. Used in flight B. Function as wing covers C. Not used in flight D. Both B and C **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 50. Acoustic organs of Cockroach are located over A. Anal Styles B. Fenestrae C. Anal cerci D. Filament part of antennae Answer: C **Watch Video Solution**

51. Brood pouch is formed in female Cockroach by

- A. Seventh sternum
- B. Eighth sternum
- C. Ninth sternum
- D. All the above

Answer: D

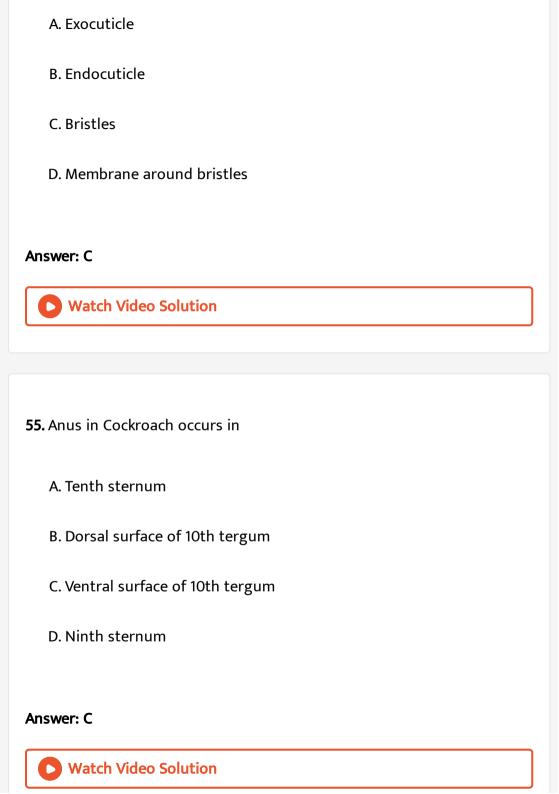


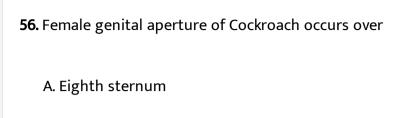
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52. Oenocytes occur in

- A. Blood
- B. Epidermis
- C. Malpighian tubules

<i>Б.</i> Сгор
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
53. Oenocytes secrete
A. Epicuticle
B. Exocuticle
C. Endocuticle
D. All the above
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
54. Trichogen cells of epidermis of Cockroach produce





- B. Seventh sternum
- C. Ninth sternum
- D. Between 9th sternum and 10th tergum

Answer: A



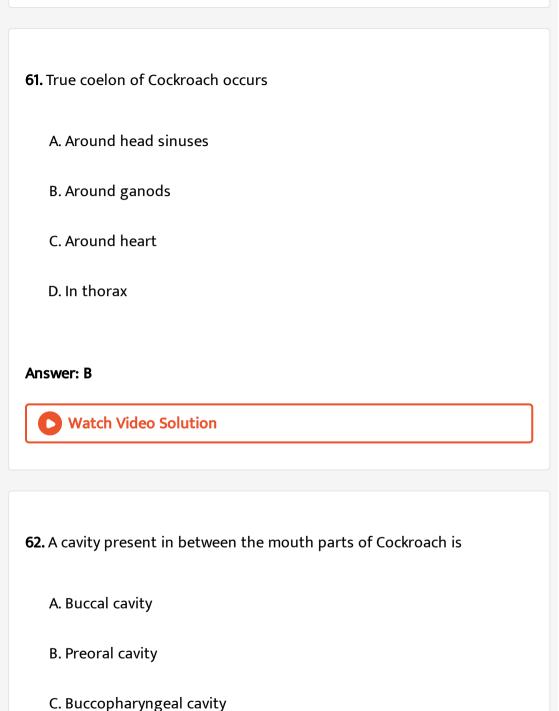
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57. What is gonapophyses?

- A. Mouth parts
- B. Plates bearing spiracles
- C. Joints between sclera

D. External genitalia
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
58. The body cavity of cockroach is called
A. Coelom
B. Pseudocoel
C. Swellings of embryonic blood vessels
D. Swelling of embryonic gut
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

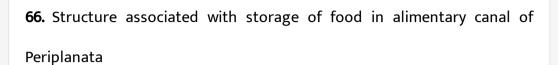
A. It contains blood
B. It contains lymph
C. It is filled with water
D. It is empty
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
60. Number of chambers in body cavity of Cockroach is
A. One
B. Two
C. Three
D. Four
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution



D. Proventriculus
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
63. In Cockroach the ingested food is stored in
A. Oesophagus
B. Crop
C. Gizzard
D. All the above
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
54. Digestion in Periplanata begins in

A. Crop B. Preoral cavity C. Midgut D. Pharaynx **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 65. 7 - 8 finger-like blind tubules open into anterior part of midgut of Cockroach. They are A. Intestinal Caeca B. Malpighian tubules C. Hepatic caeca D. None of the above **Answer: C**





A. Oesophagus

B. Crop

C. Ileum

D. Colon

Answer: C



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67. Blood of Cockroach contains corpuscles known as

A. Haemocytes

B. Plasmocytes

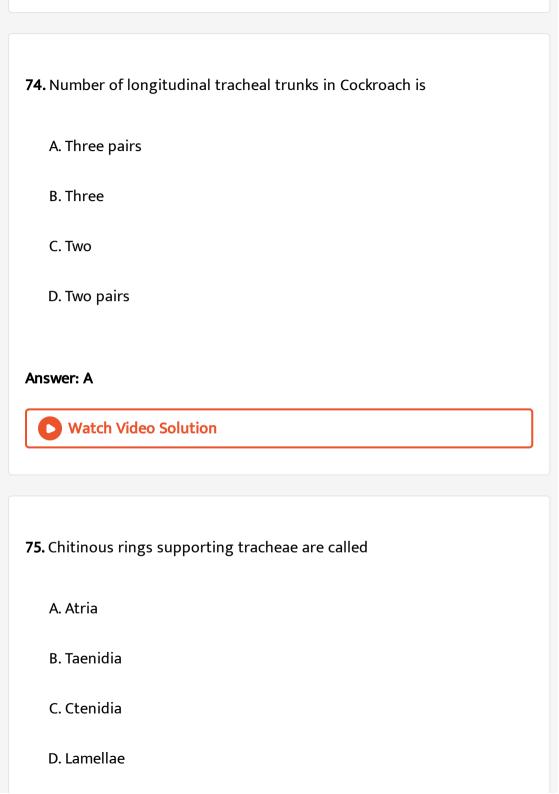
D. All the above
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
58. Number of alary muscles in Cockroach are
A. Twelve pairs
B. Twelve
C. Thirteen
D. Thirteen pairs
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution

C. Coagulocytes

69. On contraction of alary muscles, the size of pericardial sinus
A. Increases
B. Decreases
C. Remains same
D. There is no relation between the two
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
70. Number of diaphragms present in the haemocoel of Periplanata is
A. One
B. Two
C. Three
D. None

Answer: B Watch Video Solution 71. Number of spiracles in Cockroach is A. 6 pairs B. 8 pairs C. 10 pairs D. 12 pairs **Answer: C** Watch Video Solution 72. Wings in the cockroach occur in A. Prothoracic

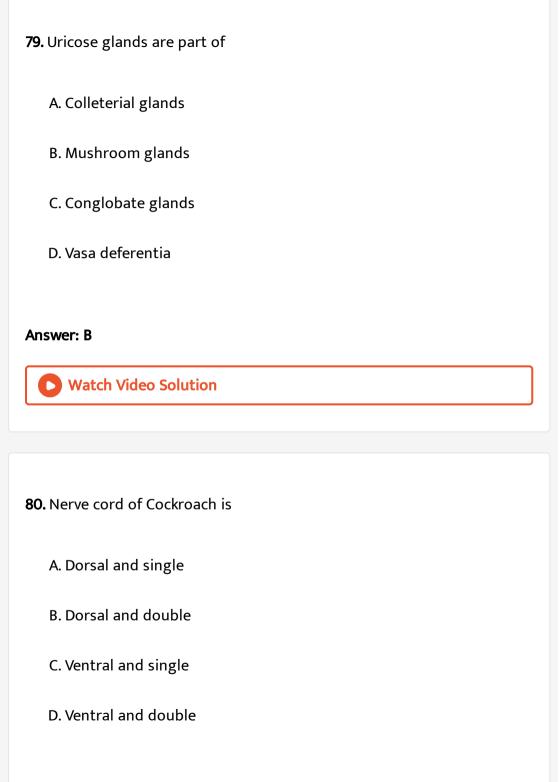
B. Mesothoracic C. Metathoracic D. both b and c **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 73. Which pair of spiracles are borne dorsolaterally over the tergum instead of pleura A. First thoracic B. Second thoracic C. First abdominal D. Second abdominal Answer: C **Watch Video Solution**



Answer: B Watch Video Solution 76. Ventilation movements in Cockroach are performed A. At rest B. During activity C. All the times D. When threatened **Answer: B** Watch Video Solution 77. Cockroach is A. Uricotelic

C. Ammonotelic D. Guanotelic Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 78. Binucleate cells are A. Plasmocytes **B.** Coagulocytes C. Nephrocytes D. Oenocytes **Answer: C Watch Video Solution**

B. Ureotelic



Watch Video Solution 81. Brain of Cockroach is made of two groups of A. One ganglia B. Two ganglia C. Three ganglia D. Four ganglia **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 82. Chordotonal organs are connected with sense of A. Hearing

Answer: D

C. Taste D. Thermoreceptor Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 83. Cockroach has A. Two types of eyes B. One type of eyes C. Three types of eyes D. None of the above Answer: A **Watch Video Solution**

B. Smell

Answer: C Watch Video Solution 86. Humidity and temperature receptors are located in Cockroach over A. Inner surface of labrum B. Labial plaps C. Femur D. Antennae **Answer: D** Watch Video Solution 87. Vision of Cockroach is A. Monocular

B. Binocular C. Mosaic D. Superposed Answer: C **Watch Video Solution** 88. Number of vision units in each eye of Cockroach is A. 2000 B. 500 C. 200 D. 50 **Answer: A Watch Video Solution**

89. Hormone ecdysone is produced by
A. Corpora allata
B. Prothoracic glands
C. Corpora cardiaca
D. Intercerebral gland cells
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
90. Tracheal respiration takes air to
A. Blood
B. Lungs
C. Body cavity
D. Tissues

Answer: D



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91. Testes occur in Cockroach in abdominal segments

A. 2 - 4

B.4 - 6

C.6 - 8

D.5 - 7

Answer: B



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92. Covering of spermatophore in Cockroach is formed by

A. Mushroom gland

C. Phallic gland D. B and C **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 93. Mushroom or utricular gland of male Cockroach takes part in A. Nourishing of sperms B. Storing of sperms C. Formation of inner membrane of spermatophore D. All the above Answer: D **Watch Video Solution**

B. Conglabate gland

94. A stenohygrous animal is
A. Cockroach
B. Frog
C. Rat
D. Rabbit
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
95. Common Indian Frog is Bull Frog because it is
A. Shaped like a bull
B. Larged sized
2. 2 80 0.20
C. Croaks loudly

Answer: D **Watch Video Solution** 96. Frog is able to swim rapidly with the help of A. Padded forelimbs B. Webbed long hind limbs C. Both A and B D. Webbed fore limbs **Answer: B**

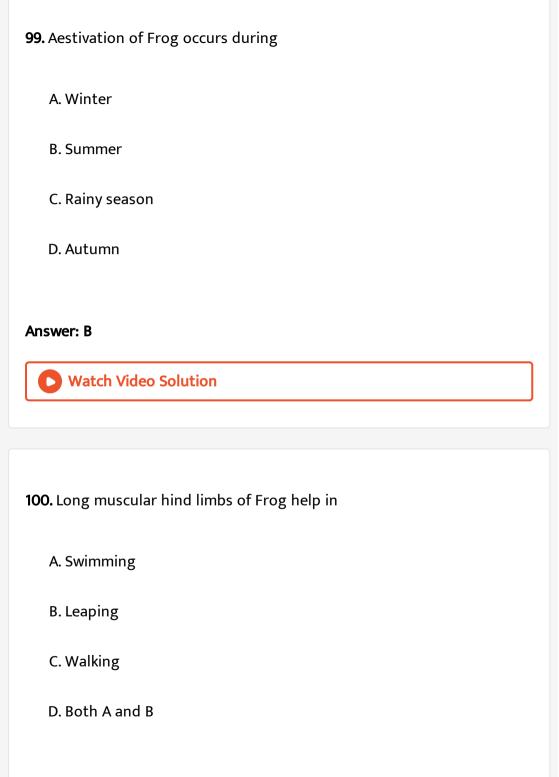


97. What is prominent in squatting position of Frog

A. Bulging eyes

C. Hump D. Unfolded fore limbs **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 98. Croaking of frog is A. Call for food B. Indication of enemy C. Call for mating D. Call for hibernation **Answer: C Watch Video Solution**

B. Tympanum



Answer: D Watch Video Solution 101. Tadpole of Frog is A. Carnivorous B. Carnivorous and cannibal C. Herbivorous D. Sanguivorous **Answer: C** Watch Video Solution 102. Adult Frog is A. Carnivorous

B. Sanguivorous
C. Omnivorous
D. Grainivorous
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
103. Frog hibernate during
A. Autumn
B. Winter
C. Rainy season
D. Spring
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution

104. Frog hibernates during winter to A. Avoid fatel cold B. Avoid death due to hunger C. Avoid dreadful winter animals D. All the above Answer: A Watch Video Solution

105. Rana tigrina has a yellow coloured streak called

- A. Abdominal streak
- B. Lateral line
- C. Vertebral line
- D. Brow spot

Answer: C



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106. Ability of Frog to change colour is called

- A. Mimicry
- B. Metachrosis
- C. Camouflage
- D. All the above

Answer: B



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107. A light coloured patch found on the head of Frog in between the two eyes is

A. Vocal sac B. Dermal plica C. Tympanum D. Brow spot **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 108. Fore limbs of Frog have A. Five digits B. Four digits C. Three fingers D. One finger **Answer: B Watch Video Solution**

109. The digit absent in the fore limbs of Frog is
A. Pollex
B. Hallux
C. Index finger
D. Little finger
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
110. Amplexusory or nuptial pad is present in male Frog over
A. Index finger
B. Little finger
C. Hallux

Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
11. In Frog webs are present in between
A. Fingers of forelimbs
B. Toes of hind limbs
C. Both A and B
D. None of the above
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution

112. Pairing of male and female frogs during breeding season is called

D. Outer toe

A. Coitus B. Mating C. Copulation D. Amplexus **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 113. in frog and Toad, the tongue is attached A. Posteriorly B. Laterally C. Anteriorly D. Absent **Answer: C Watch Video Solution**

114. in frog the upper eye lid is A. Rapidly movable B. Immovable

C. Slightly movable

D. Absent

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

115. Lower eyelid of Frog is

A. Large and opaque

B. Small and semitransparent

C. Nearly immovable

D. Both B and C
nswer: D
Watch Video Solution
16. Male frogs can croak lounder than females because of
A. Larger size
B. Larger larynx
C. Vocal sacs
D. Stronger muscles
nswer: C
Watch Video Solution

117. Skin of Frog does not possess

A. Scales B. Mucous glands C. Chromatophores D. Epidermis Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 118. Outermost skin layer or stratum corneum of Frog consists of A. Columner unkeratinised cells B. Flat keratinised cells C. Flat non-keratinised cells D. Columnar keratinised cells Answer: B **Watch Video Solution**

119. Skin of Frog possess

- A. Mucous glands
- B. Sebaceous glands
- C. Sweat glands
- D. Both A and B

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

120. Frog casts off its outer dead skin

- A. On being agitated
- B. When frightened
- C. When hungry

D. Periodically	
Answer: D	
Watch Video Solution	
121. Skin casting of Frog is	
A. Cuboidal epithelium	
B. Squamous epithelium	
C. Columnar epithelium	
D. Ciliated epithelium	
Answer: B	
Watch Video Solution	
122. In Frog chromatophores occur in	

A. Epidermis B. Stratum corneum of epidermis C. Dermis D. Stratun germinativum **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 123. Chromatophores of Frog consists of A. Lipophores B. Erythrophores and guanophores C. Malanophores D. All the above Answer: D **Watch Video Solution**

124. Teeth of Frog are

- A. Acrodont and isodont
- B. Thecodont and isodont
- C. Acrodont and heterodont
- D. Thecodont and heterodont

Answer: A



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125. Which is absent in Frog

- A. Gastric glands
- B. Salivary glands
- C. Pancreas

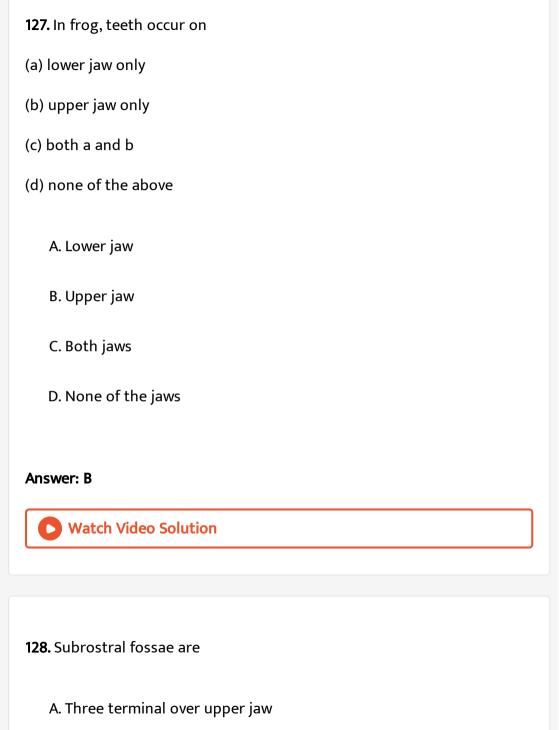
D. Liver	
answer: B	
Watch Video Solution	
26. Buccorpharyngeal cavity of Frog is lined by	
A. Squamous epithelium	
B. Cuboidal epithelium	

C. Non-ciliated columnar epithelium

D. Ciliated columnar epithelium

Watch Video Solution

Answer: D



- B. Three terminal over lower jaw

 C. Two lateral over upper jaw
- D. Two lateral over lower jaw

Answer: A



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129. Pre-lingual elevations occur in Frog

- A. Three terminal over upper jaw
- B. Three terminal over lower jaw
- C. Three lateral over upper jaw
- D. Three lateral over lower jaw

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

130. The organ that stores bile is
A. Pancreas
B. Liver
C. Gall bladder
D. Spleen
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
131. Skin is an ideal respiratory organ in Frog because it is
A. Highly vascular
B. Kept moist
C. Devoid of hair and scales
D. All the above

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

132. In Frog, throat is raised during buccopharyngeal and pulmonary respiration by means of

- A. Hypoglossus muscles
- B. Submentalis muscles
- C. Sternohyoid muscles
- D. Petrohyoid muscles

Answer: D



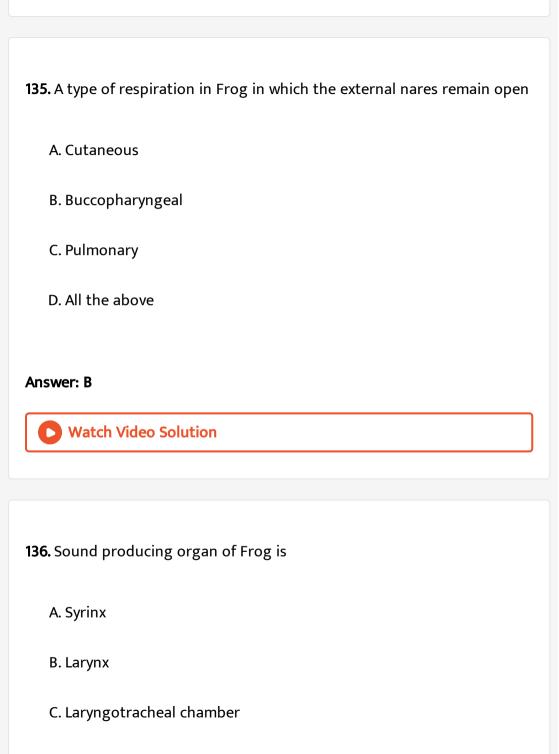
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133. Pulmonary respiration of Frog consists of

B. Aspiration, inspiration and expiration C. Aspiration and external respiration D. Aspiration and inspiration **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 134. Which type of respiration will occur in Frog during leaping A. Pulmonary B. Buccopharyngeal C. Cutaneous D. All the above Answer: A

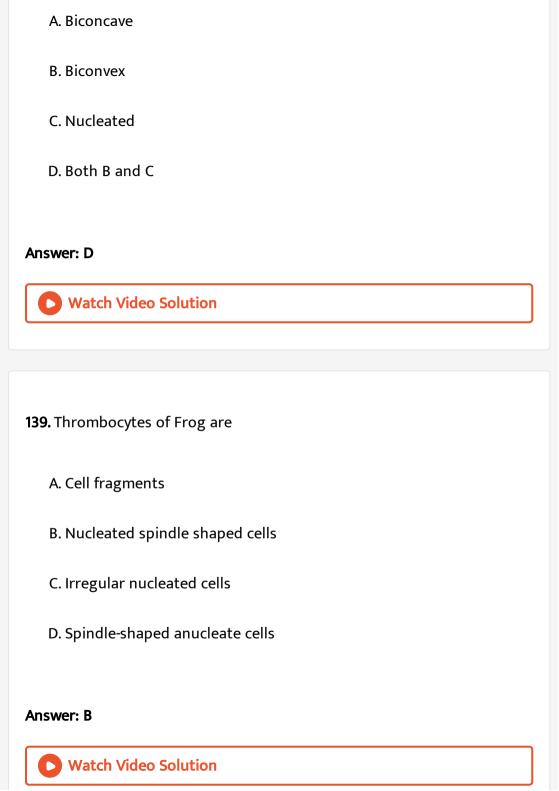
A. Inspiration and expiration

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Answer: C
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137. Laryngotracheal chamber of Frog is Supported by
A. One arytenoid and one cricoid cartilage
B. Two arytenoids and one cricoid
C. One arytenoid and two cricoids
D. Two arytenoids and two cricoids
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
138. Erythrocytes of Frog are

D. Lungs



140. Heart of frog is

- A. Two chambered
- B. Three chambered
- C. Four chambered
- D. Five chambered

Answer: B



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141. Auriculo-ventricular aperture of Frog is

- A. Single and two flapped
- B. Two, two flapped and three flapped
- C. Single and four flapped

D. Double and double flapped
Answer: C
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42. Sinus venosus occurs on
A. Dorsal side of heart
B. Ventral side of heart
C. Basal region of heart
D. Apical end of heart
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution

143. Venae cavae open into

B. Left auricle C. Sinus venosus D. Truncus arteriosus **Answer: C** Watch Video Solution 144. Chordae tendineae A. Increase area of ventricle B. Prevent pushing of auriculoventricular valve into auricles C. Keep auricles stretched D. Direct flow of blood into truncus arteriosus Answer: B **Watch Video Solution**

A. Right auricle

145. Truncus arteriosus receives blood from
A. Right auricle
B. Left auricle
C. Ventricle
D. Venae cavae
Answer: C
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146. Number of aortic arches in Frog is
A. Two
B. Two pairs
C. Three pairs

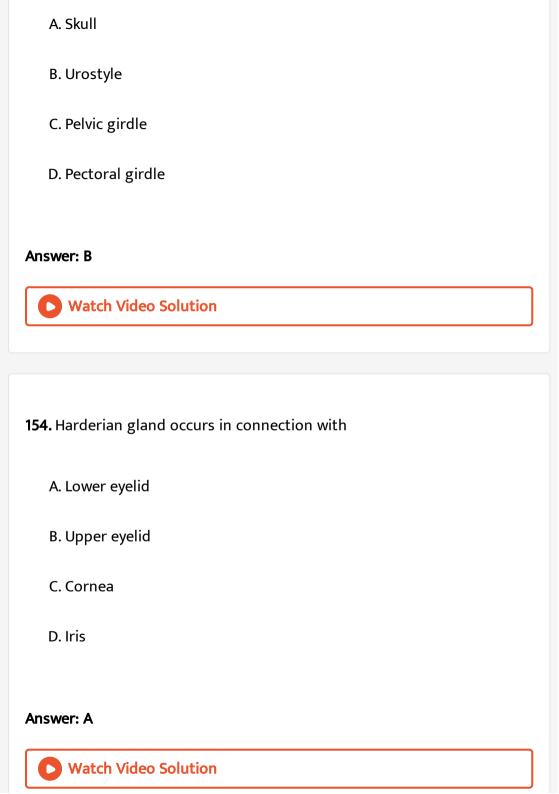
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147.	Renal portal system of Frog is significant in
Δ	A. Supplying extra blood to kidneys
В	B. Drawing blood from kidneys
C	C. Quick short circuit for elimination of nitrogenous wastes
D). Quick short circuit for elimination of fats
Ansv	ver: C
C	Watch Video Solution

D. Four pairs

A. Sinus venosus
B. Right auricle
C. Left auricle
D. Truncus arteriosus
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
149. Number of lymph hearts in Frog is
A. One
B. Two
C. Three
D. Four
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution

150. Total number of cranial nerves in frog is
A. 8
B. 10
C. 12
D. 14
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
151. Frog has spinal nerves
A. 33 pairs
B. 13 pairs
C. 9 paired and 1 unpaired

D. 10 paired and 1 unpaired
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
152. Midbrain of Frog consists of
A. Corpora quadrigemina
B. Corpora quadrigemina and crura cerebri
C. Two optic lobes and crura cerebri
D. Two optic lobes
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
153. Filum terminale of Frog is located in



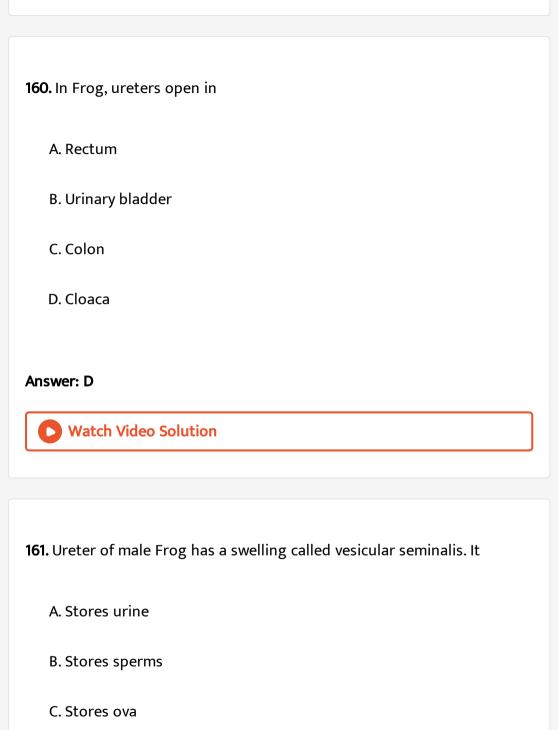
155. Seceretion of harderian gland is
A. Watery
B. Acidic
C. Oily or unctuous
D. Alkaline
Answer: C
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156. Tympanic membrane is streched over a cartilaginous ring called
156. Tympanic membrane is streched over a cartilaginous ring called A. Tympnaicus annulus

C. Stapes

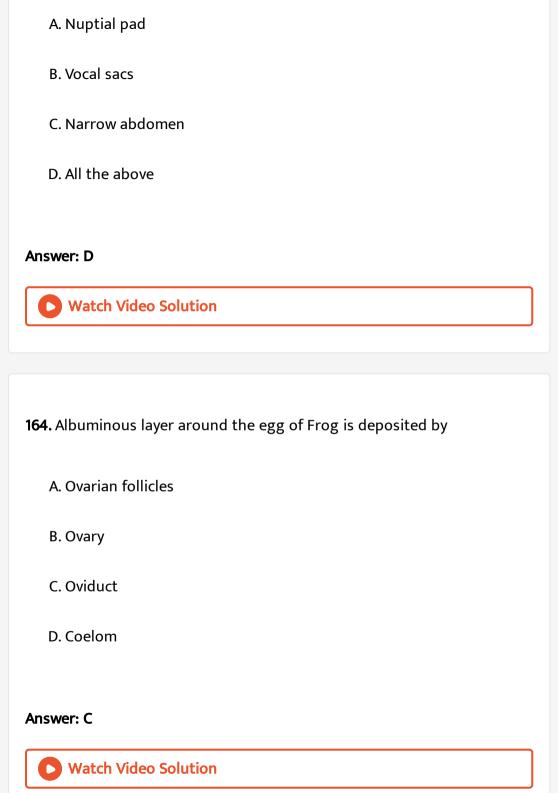
Answer: A
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157. Taste buds in buccal cavity of Frog are located over
A. Tongue
B. Tongue and floor of buccal cavity
C. Tongue and roof of buccal cavity
D. Roof of buccal cavity only
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
158. Number of uriniferous tubules in a kidney of Frog is

D. Fenestra ovalis

A. Numerous
B. 10000
C. 5000
D. 2000
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
159. Funnel-shaped ciliated pits on the ventral side of kidney of Frog
A. Ostia
B. Nephrostomes
C. Nephridiopores
D. Coelomostomes
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution



D. Both A and B
Answer: B Watch Video Solution
162. Oviduct of female Frog has a swelling or ovisac for storing
A. Sperms
B. Ova
C. Albumin
D. Urine
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
163. Male Frog can be distinguished from female by



165. During hibernation, frog respires with A. Buccopharyngeal cavity

- B. Skin/integument
- C. Skin and lungs
- D. Skin, lungs and buccopharyngeal cavity

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

166. a frog has

- A. Eyes but no lids
- B. Jaws but no teeth
- C. Hands but no fingers

D. Ears but no pinnae
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
167. Frog has
A. Five fingers and four toes
B. Four fingers and five toes
C. Five fingers and five toes
D. Four fingers and four toes
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
168. Bull frog of India is

A. Rana tigrina B. R. sylvatica C. R. ecutesbeiana D. R. esculenta Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 169. The glands present in the skin of frog are A. Sweat and mammary B. Sweat and sebaceous C. Sweat and mucous D. Mucous and poisonous Answer: D **Watch Video Solution**

170. Mucus helps frog in forming

- A. Thick skin
- B. Dry skin
- C. Smooth skin
- D. Moist skin

Answer: D



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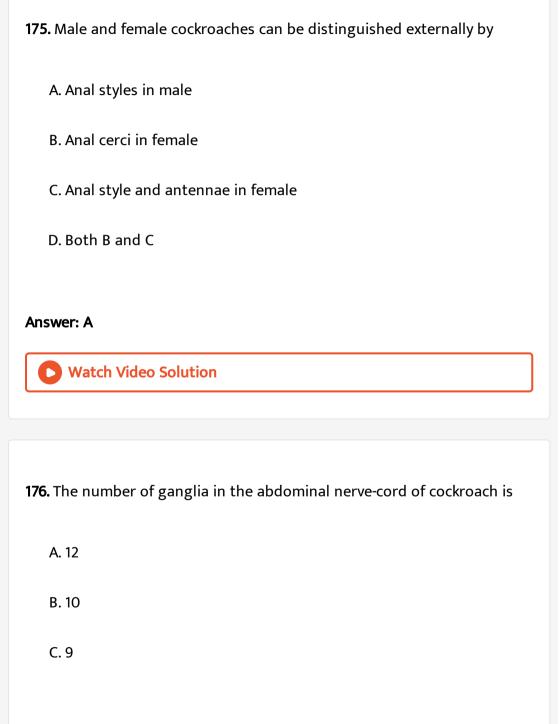
171. Frog is

- A. Ammonotelic
- B. Ureotelic
- C. Uricotelic

D. None of the above
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
72. Mouth parts of cockroach are :
A. Piercing and sucking
B. Sucking and siphoning
C. Biting and chewing
D. Sponging
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

173. The excretory organs of cockroach are

A. Flame cells B. Nephridia C. Green glands D. Malpighian tubules **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 174. Periplaneta shows A. complete metamorphosis B. Incomplete metemorphosis C. No metamorphosis D. Gradual metamorphosis **Answer: D Watch Video Solution**



Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

177. In Cockroach nerve cord ganglia are

- A. Two pairs thoracic and four pairs abdominal
- B. Three pairs thoracic and six pairs abdominal
- C. Three pairs thoracic and five pairs abdominal
- D. Two pairs thoracic and seven pairs abdominal

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

178. Assertion (A) Periplaneta americana is nocturnal, omnivorous, household pest.

Reason (R) It is because it acts as scavenger.

- A. A is true but R is false
- B. A is false and R is true
- C. Both A and R are true and R is correct explanation of A
- D. Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A

Answer: A

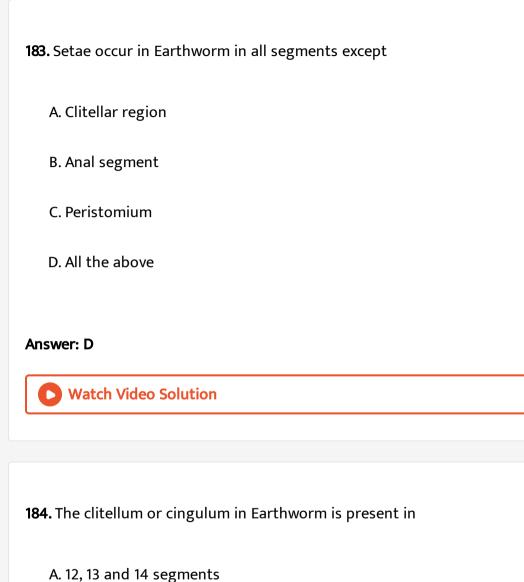


- 179. Region of Earthworm which is forest of nephridia is
 - A. Clitellar region
 - B. Pharyngeal region
 - C. Typhlosolar region

D. Intestinal region
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
180. Chloragogen cells are present in :
A. Body wall of Leucosolenia
B. Blood of Earthworm
C. Coelomic fluid of Earthworm
D. Blood of Cockroach
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
181. In Earthworm, genital papillae occur in segments

B. 16 and 18
C. 17 and 19
D. 17 and 18
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
182. Flow of blood in dorsal blood vessel of Earthworm is
A. Backward
B. Forward
C. Sideward
D. Downward
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution

A. 16 and 17



B. 13, 14 and 15 segments

C. 14, 15 and 16 segments

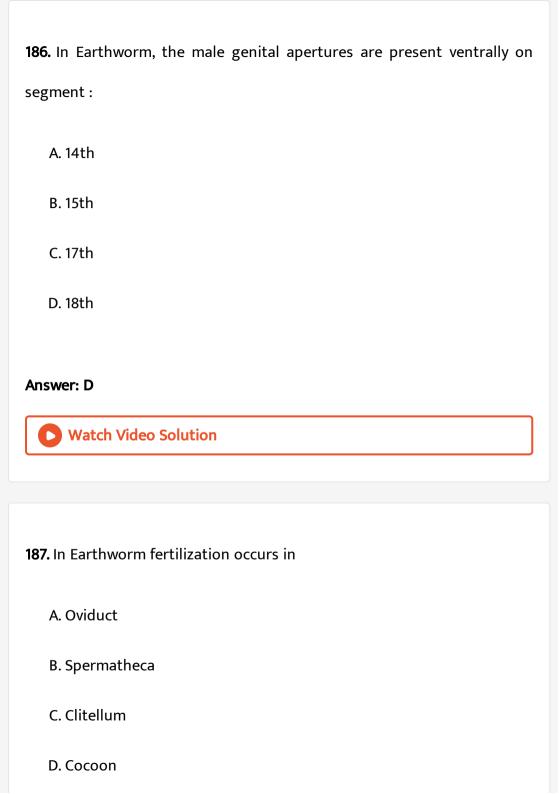
	D. 16, 17 and 18	3 segments		
Ans	wer: C			
	Watch Vide	o Solution		
			_	

185. The female genital aperture in Earthworm is present ventrally on the segment

- A. 10th
- B. 12th
- C. 14th
- D. 18th

Answer: C





Watch Video Solution 188. The main function of clitellum is A. Coccon formation B. Locomotion C. Excretion D. Copulation Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 189. Clitellum of Pheretima is thick girdle that is A. Non-glandular around 14 - 16 segments

Answer: D

- B. Glandular around 14 -16 segments
- C. Glandular around 16 18 segments
- D. Non-glandular around 16 18 segments

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

- **190.** Spermathecae of earthworm take part in
 - A. Store sperms
 - B. Produce sperms
 - C. Activate sperms
 - D. Bring about fertilization

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

191. In Pheretima oxygen carrying haemoglobin occurs in
A. Corpuscles
B. Plasma
C. Both corpuscles and plasma
D. The statement is wrong
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
192. Photoreceptors of earthworm occur on
192. Photoreceptors of earthworm occur on A. Clitellum
A. Clitellum
A. Clitellum B. Anal segment

Watch Video Solution 193. Earthworm are A. Useful B. Harmful C. More useful than harmful D. More harmful **Answer: C** Watch Video Solution 194. Pheretima posthuma is highly useful as A. Their burrows make the soil loose

Answer: C

B. They make the soil porous, leave their castings and take organic debris in the soil C. They are used as fish meal D. They kill the birds due to biomagnification of chlorinated hydrocarbons Answer: B Watch Video Solution 195. How many "hearts" are found in earthworm? A. 6 pairs B. 4 pairs

C. 2 pairs

D. 1

Answer: B



196. Earthworm helps farmer by

A. Destroying harmful bacteria

B. Destroying harmful insects

C. Making soil porous and loose

D. Both A and B

Answer: C



197. Enteronephric nephridia of Earthworm are

A. Pharyngeal and septal

B. Pharyngeal

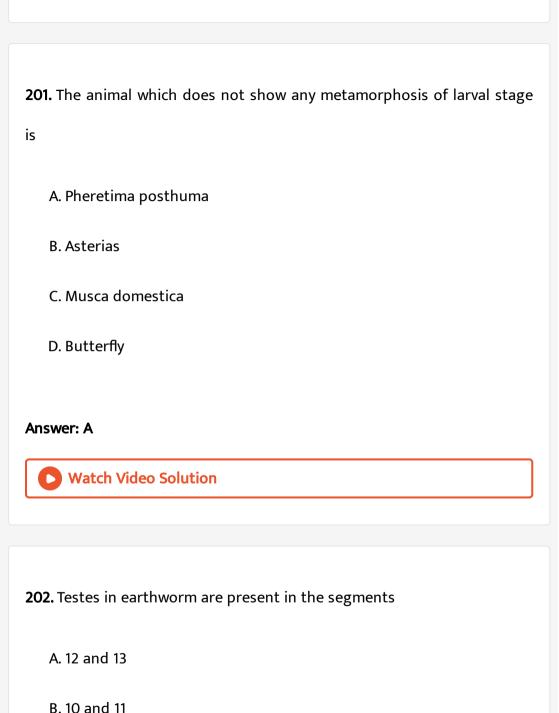
C. Septal

D. Integumentary
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
198. In Earthworm, ovary is situated in segment
A. 13
B. 9
C. 10
D. 26
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
199. Typhosole of Earthworm is a device for

- A. Extra secretion of digestive enzymes B. Increasing absorptive area C. Slowing down passage of food D. Crushing of food **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 200. Blood of Pheretima is A. Blue with haemocyanin in corpuscles
- - B. Blue with haemocyanin in plasma
 - C. Red with haemoglobin in corpuscles
 - D. Red with haemoglobin in plasma

Answer: D





C. 14 and 15

D.	17	and	18
		a	

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

- 203. In earthworm, the arrangement of blood vessels is
 - A. Different in last fifteen segments
 - B. Different in first thirteen segments
 - C. Same throughout
 - D. Different in middle thirteen segments

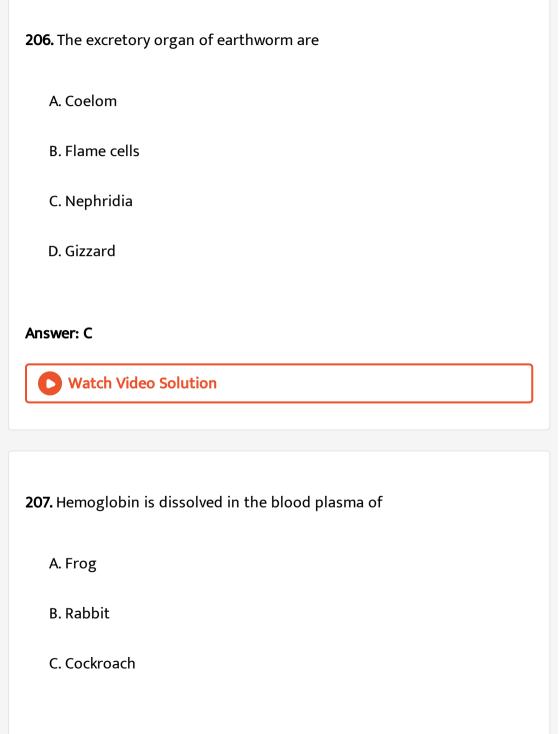
Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

204. In a copulatory pair of earthwonns, there occur

A. Reciprocal fertilization and external fertilization B. Cross fertilization and internal fertilization C. External fertilization and internal fertilization D. Cross fertilization and reciprocal fertilization Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 205. Chloragogen cells are involved in A. Digestion B. Excretion of water C. Respiration D. Fat storage Answer: D **Watch Video Solution**



Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
208. In earthworm setae are present in all segments except
A. Clitellum
B. First segment
C. Clitellum and last segment
D. Clitellum, first and last segments
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
209. In Earthworm the effective organ for food digestion is

D. Earthworm

A. Pharynx B. Buccal cavity C. Mouth D. Stomach **Answer: A** Watch Video Solution 210. Life span of Earthworm is A. 1 - 3 years B. 2 - 8 years C. $3 \cdot 5 - 10 \cdot 5$ years D. 6 - 8 years **Answer: C Watch Video Solution**

211. The copulation period of earthworm is A. One hour B. Two hours C. Four hours D. About one week Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 212. In Earthworm

A. Ovaries are larger than testes

B. Testes are larger than ovaries

C. Both are equal

Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
213. The dorsal vessel of earthworm is
A. Distributing
B. Collecting
C. Collecting in first thirteen segments and distributing in the rest
D. Distributing in first thirteen segments and collecting in the rest
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
214. Spermathecal pores in Pheretima are present in segments

D. Right testes are larger than ovaries

A. 5/6, 6/7, 7/8 and 8/9

B.6/7, 7/8, 8/9 and 9/10

C.1/2, 2/3, 3/4 and 4/5

D. 14/15, 15/16, 16/17 and 17/18

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

215. Typhlosole found in pheretima occurs in

B. Stomach

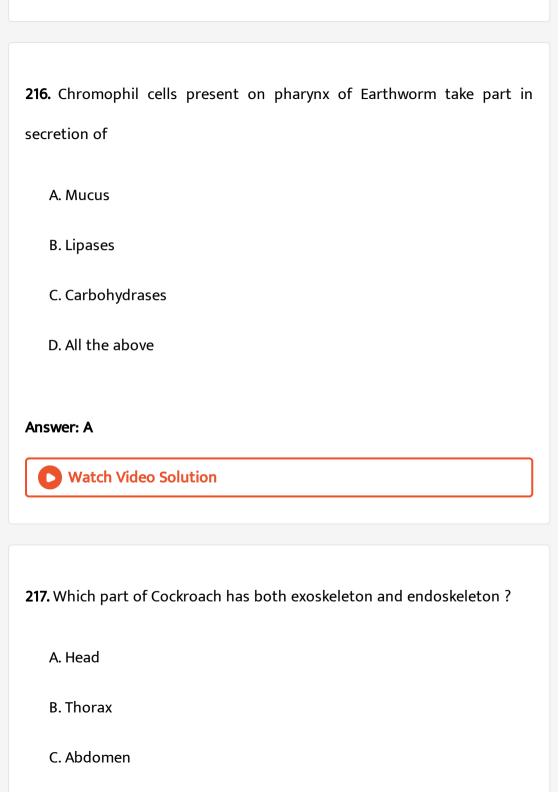
A. Oesophagus

C. Gizzard

D. Intestine

Answer: C

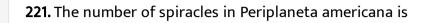
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D. All the above
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
218. Wings in cockroach do not arise from :
A. Prothorax
B. Mesothorax
C. Metathorax
D. None of the above
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
219. Young cockroach is called

A. Maggot B. Nymph C. Ephyra D. Pupa **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 220. Structural and functional unit of compound eye of cockroach used in forming image are called A. Eyelets B. Fenestrae C. Ocelli D. Ommatidia **Answer: D**





A. 8

B. 9

C. 10

D. 11

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

222. How is a male cockroach distinguished from a female cockroach?

A. Longer antennae

B. Longer abdomen

C. Wingless body

D. All the above

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

223. The blood of cockroach contains no respiratory pigment. It means that:

- A. It does not respire
- B. Cockroach respires anaerobically
- C. Oxygen passes to all the tissues through diffusion
- D. Oxygen reaches tissues through tracheoles

Answer: D



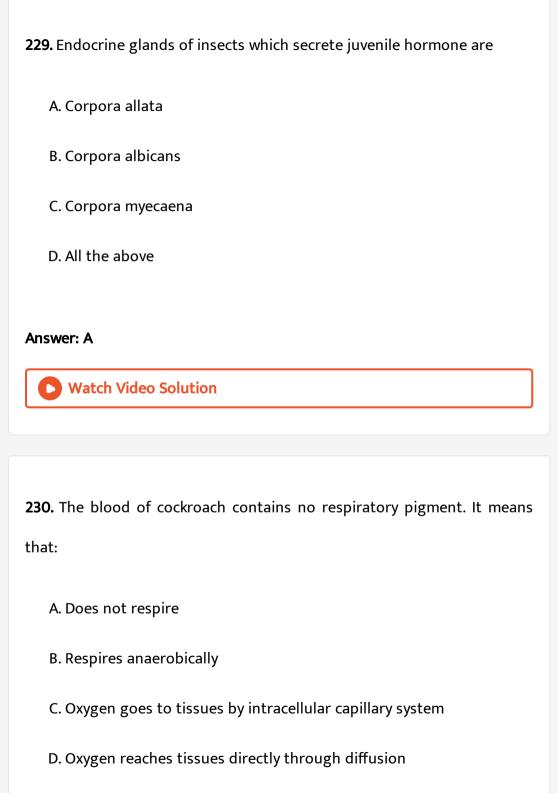
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224. Which is characteristic of Cockroach ?
A. 13 - chambered heart
B. Reduced wings
C. Cocoon formation
D. Segmented body
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
225. Ten pairs of spiracles with trachea are present in
225. Ten pairs of spiracles with trachea are present in A. Star fish
A. Star fish

Answer: B Watch Video Solution 226. 13- chambered tubular heart is found in A. Cockroach B. Earthworm C. Frog D. Rabbit Answer: A Watch Video Solution 227. In cockroach the longest podomere is A. Coxa

C. Tibia D. Tarsus **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 228. In Cockroach moulting is induced by secretion of A. Prothoracic gland B. Corpora allata C. Corpora cardiaca D. Neurosecretory cells Answer: A **Watch Video Solution**

B. Trochanter or Femur



Answer: D Watch Video Solution 231. A respiratory pigment is absent in A. Earthworm B. Frog C. Rabbit D. Cockroach **Answer: D** Watch Video Solution 232. Anal style is present in A. Male Cockroach

B. Female Cockroach C. Both the sexes D. None of the two Answer: A **Watch Video Solution**

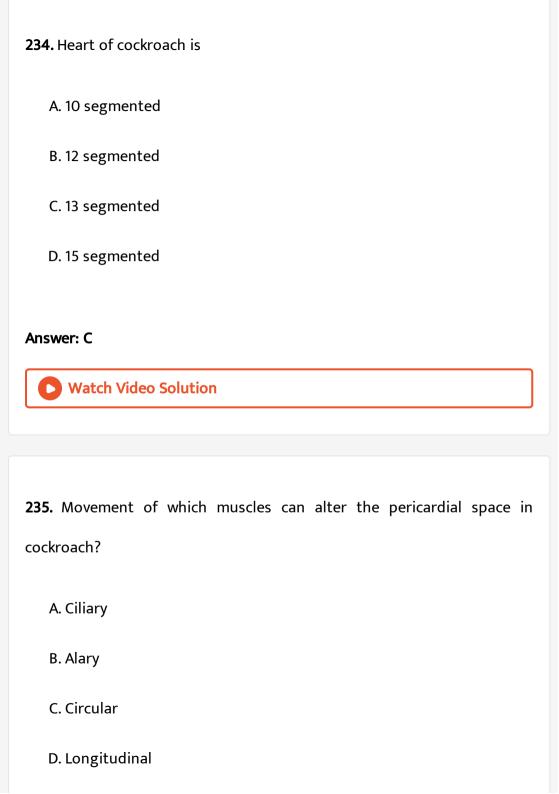
233. Colleterial gland is found in

- A. Male Cockroach
- B. Female Cockroach
- C. Both the sexes
- D. None of the two

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution



Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

236. Spiracles of Cockroach which are larger and always kept open are

- A. First and second pairs
- B. First and third pairs
- C. First and tenth pairs
- D. Second and third pairs

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

237. Antennae of Cockroach have

A. Gustatory receptors

- B. Auditory receptors

 C. Tactile receptors

 D. Tactile and olfactory receptors

 Answer: D

 Watch Video Solution
- **238.** Croaking of frog is
 - A. Hunger call
 - B. Sex call for female
 - C. Danger call
 - D. Musical note

Answer: B



239. RBCs are nucleated in A. Rat B. Cat C. Frog D. Rabbit **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 240. Three chambered heart of frog is not as efficient as four chambered human heart because A. Oxygenated and deoxygenated bloods mix up B. Ventricle does not pump blood properly C. It does not hold enough blood D. Heart muscles are not strong

Answer: A Watch Video Solution

241. In Frog, jelly around the eggs is deposited

A. In water after fertilization

B. In water during fertilization

C. In the oviduct

D. In the ovary

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

242. Opening of rectum in Frog is called

A. Coccyx

C. Anus D. None of the above **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 243. Structure present in man but absent in frog is A. Slivary glands B. Pancreas C. Adrenal glands D. Metanephros Answer: A **Watch Video Solution**

B. Cloaca

244. Kidney of Frog is A. Archinephros B. Pronephros C. Mesonephros D. Metanephros **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 245. Chloragogen cells of Earthworm are similar to an organ of vertebrates A. Liver B. Lung C. Kidney D. Spleen

Watch Video Solution 246. Chloragogen cells are present in: A. Nutrition B. Excretion C. Reproduction D. Respiration **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 247. Spermathecae of earthworm take part in A. Collection of sperms of other animal

Answer: A

- B. Collection of sperms of the same animal C. Sperm maturation D. Fertilisation Answer: A **Watch Video Solution**
- 248. Nephrostome occurs in Earthworm
 - A. Septal nephridia
 - B. Integumentary nephridia
 - C. Pharyngeal and septal nephridia
 - D. Pharyngeal and integumentary nephridia

Answer: A



Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 251. In earthworm, mouth is situated on A. Prostomium B. Peristomium C. Stomium D. Protostomium





Watch Video Solution

252. In Earthworm, the dorsal blood vessel is collecting channel

A. Behind 13th segment

- B. Anterior 13 segment
- C. Throughout
- D. In typhlosolar region

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

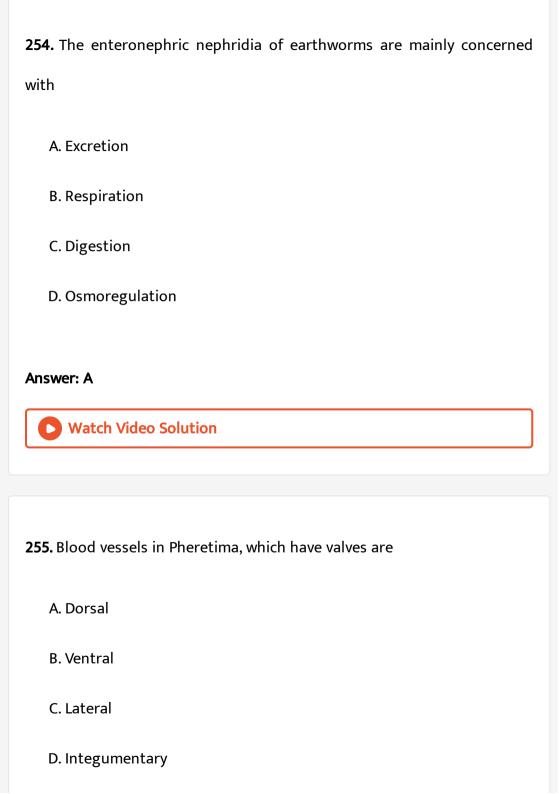
253. In Pheretima, septa are absent between segments

- A. 5/6, 10/11
- B.5/6,7/8
- $\mathsf{C.}\,6/7,7/8$
- D. First four segments

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution



Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 256. Oxygen carrying blood pigment of Earthworm is A. Haemocyanin B. Haemoglobin C. Haemoerythrin D. Chlorocruorin **Answer: B Watch Video Solution**

257. Nephridia of Pheretima are

A. Protonephridia

B. Solenocytes C. Micrometanephridia D. Meganephridia Answer: C Watch Video Solution 258. Number of lateral hearts in Pheretima are A. 8 B. 12 C. 16 D. 4 **Answer: A Watch Video Solution**

259. Which is not correct for Earthworm

- A. It walks with a speed of 25 cm/min
- B. It can remain without oxygen for 6 30 hrs
- C. Life span is $3\cdot 5$ 10 years
- D. Setae easily dissolve in KOH

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

260. In Pheretima coelomic fluid contains

- A. Dissolved haemoglobin
- B. Dissolved RBC
- C. Broken WBC
- D. Watery plasma

Answer: D



261. Blood glands of Pheretima take part in

- A. Formation of red blood corpuscles
- B. Formation of phagocytes
- C. Maintenance of blood volume
- D. Maintenance of blood circulation

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

262. Blood glands of Pheretima occur in segments

A. 1, 2 and 3

C. 4, 5 and 6 D. 10, 11 and 12 Answer: C **Watch Video Solution** 263. Phaosome in Earthworm is A. Lens B. Pigment C. Nephridium D. Hormone **Answer: A**

B. 3, 4 and 5

Watch Video Solution

264. Open vascular system is absent in
A. Housefly
B. Cockroach
C. Silver Fish
D. Earthworm
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
265. Which one will excrete silicates consumed by Earthworm along with
food
A. Intestinal cells
B. Basal cells
C. Chloragogen cells
D. Flame cells

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

266. Pharyngeal nephridia of Earthworm pheretima occur in segments

A. 3, 4 and 5

B. 4, 5 and 6

C. 5, 6 and 7

D. 6, 7 and 8

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

267. Which one is correct

A. Flat worms are eucoelomates

C. Birds are poikilothermic D. Earthworm is metamerically segmented **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 268. Locomotion occurs is Earthworm with the help of A. Setae B. Setae and circular muscles C. Parapodia D. Setae, circular muscles and longitudinal muscles Answer: D **Watch Video Solution**

B. Fishes are radially symmetrical

269. Open ciruclartory system is not of physiological hindrance in

Cockroach because

A. Heart is simple but chambered

B. Blood is colourless

C. Circulatory and respiratory sytems are not connected

D. Excretion occurs through malpighian tubules

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

270. Number of fertilized eggs in ootheca of Cockroach is

A. 16 pairs in two rows

B. 16 in two rows

C. 10 in one row

D. 8 in two rows

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

271. In cockroach, ootheca is produced by secretion of -

- (a) Collateral glands
- (b) Conglobate gland
- (c) Mushroom glands
- (d) Gynatrium
 - A. Conglobate gland
 - B. Phallic gland
 - C. Colleterial gland
 - D. Mushroom gland

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

272. Muscles connected with working of insect heart are
A. Alary
B. Pericardial
C. Striped
D. Radial
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
273. Number of legs found on thorax of Cockroach is
U
A. 2
A. 2
A. 2 B. 4

Watch Video Solution 274. Respiration without a distinct respiratory organ occurs in A. Cockroach B. Frog C. Earthworm D. Fish **Answer: C** Watch Video Solution 275. Abdomen of Cockroach has segments A. 6

Answer: C

B. 10
C. 11
D. 12
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution

276. Number of malpighian tubules present in Cockroach is

- A. 50 60
- B. 80 90
- C. 100 150
- D. 200 250

Answer: C



277. Tubular heart of cockroach has how many chambers ?
A. 4
B. 10
C. 13
D. 15
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
278. Ommatidia serve the purpose of photoreceptioin in
A. Cockroach
B. Frog
C. Humans
D. Sunflower

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

279. Which of the following is a hermaphrodite?

- A. Cockroach
- B. Earthworm
- C. Ant
- D. Termite

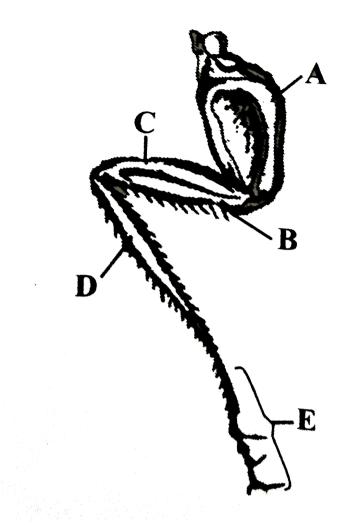
Answer: C



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280. In the given diagram of a leg of cockroach, parts have been indicated by alphabets. Select the answer in which these alphabets have been

correctly matched with the parts which they indicate



A. a = coxa, b = tibia, c=tarsus, d=femur, e=trochanter

B. a=coxa, b=femur, c=trochanter, d=tarsus, e=tibia

C. a=coxa, b=tarsus, c=femur, d=tibia, e=trochanter

D. a=coxa, b=trochanter, c=femur, d=tibia, e=tarsus

Watch Video Solution 281. Chloragogen cells are involved in A. Respiratory only B. Circulatory only C. Polyfunctional D. Excretory only **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 282. Which one does not occur in Earthworm A. Septal nephridia

Answer: D

- B. Macronephridia

 C. Integumentary nephridia

 D. Pharyngeal nephridia

 Answer: B

 Watch Video Solution
- **283.** in frog oviduct is formed by
 - A. Wolffian duct
 - B. Bidder's canal
 - C. Metanephric duct
 - D. Mullerian duct

Answer: D



284. Which structure of Pheretima plays the role of liver?
A. Calciferous cells
B. Chloragogen cells
C. Clitellar cells
D. Gland cells
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
285. Peculiar pungent smell of Cockroach is secretion of
A. Pheromone
B. Periplaneta
C. Dermal glands
D. Cervical glands
5. cer vicar grands

Answer: C Watch Video Solution

286. Cockroach of genus Blatta is called

- A. German Cockroach
- B. Oriental Cockroach
- C. American Cockroach
- D. Australian Cockroach

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

287. Which one function as primary organiser in Frog?

A. Dorsal tip of gastrulla

C. Chordamesoderm of gastrula D. Any of the above **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 288. Brown colour of Earthworm is due to A. Melanin B. Porphyrin C. Haemoglobin D. Both A and B Answer: B **Watch Video Solution**

B. Grey crescent

289. Type of feeding in Earthworm is
A. Fluid feeding
B. Filter feeding
C. Detritus feeding
D. Tentacle
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
290. Male genital aperture of earthworms is located in the segment
A. 14
B. 18
C. 19
D. 22

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

291. Number of pairs of valves found in lateral oesophageal heart of

Pheretima is

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) 4
 - A. 1
 - B. 2
 - C. 3
 - D. 4

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

292. Match the components of column I and II, both related to Pheretima:

Column II Column II

(i) Yellow cells (a) Primordial germ cells

(ii) Oval sphincter pores (b) Totipotent

(ii) Ovar spinneter pores (ii) Tourpotent

(iii) Basal cells (c) Deamination

(iv) Parietal (d) Septum14/15

A. (1) (i)-(c), (ii)-(d), (iii)-(b), (iv)-(a)

B. (2) (i)-(c), (ii)-(b), (iii)-(d), (iv)-(a)

C. (3) (i)-(c), (ii)-(a), (iii)-(b), (iv)-(d)

D. (i)-(d), (ii)-(a), (iii)-(b), (iv)-(a)

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

293. In Earthworm the dorsal wall of the intestine from the 26^{th} segment to 95^{th} segment forms a median internal fold called

A. (a) Trochophore

C. (c) Clitellum D. (d) Trachea **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 294. Chloragogen cells resemble the following in function A. Collar cells B. Plasma cells C. Flame cells D. Mesophyll cells **Answer: C Watch Video Solution**

B. (b) Typhlosole

295. In Earthworm, cocoon is formed by
A. Epidermal muscles
B. Setae
C. Cuticle
D. Clitellum
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
296. How many pairs of spiracles are found in cockroach?
A. 5 thoracic, 3 abdominal
B. 3 thoracic, 5 abdominal
C. 8 thoracic, 2 abdominal
C. 8 thoracic, 2 abdominal D. 2 thoracic, 8 abdominal

Answer: D Watch Video Solution 297. In cockroach, conglobate glands occur in A. Females B. Males C. Nymph D. Both A and B **Answer: B** Watch Video Solution 298. Heart of Cockroach is A. Myogenic

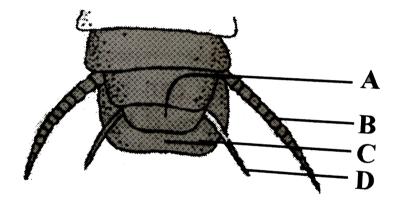
C. Neurogenic D. None of the above **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 299. Enzyme found in saliva of Cockroach is A. Amylase B. Cellulase C. Protease D. All the above Answer: A **Watch Video Solution**

B. Neuromyogenic

300. In Cockroach enzymes cellulase is produced by
A. Saliva
B. Lining cells of midgut
C. Bacteria in midgut
D. Cellulose is not metabolished
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
301. Number of segments in the anal cerci of Cockroach is
A. 12
A. 12 B. 15
B. 15



302. The given figure represents posterior region of male cockroach. Indentify the parts labelled as A,B,C and D



- A. a 9th sternum, b anal style, c 10th tergum, d anal circus
- B. a anal style, b anal circus, c 10th tergum, d 9th sternum
- C. a 9th sternum, b anal circus, c 10th tergum, d anal style
- D. a anal circus, b 9th sternum, c 10th tergum, d anal style

Answer: C



303. The adhesive pads (soft-pada) present in legs of cockroachs are

A. Galeae

B. Lacineae

C. Glossae

D. Plantulae

Answer: D



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304. frog is amphibian because

A. It has no tail

B. It has lungs

C. Its tadpole is aquatic

D. It lives both on land and water
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
305. Which one is useful in metamorphosis of tadpole into frog?
A. Aldosterone
B. Thyroxine
C. Pituitary
D. Oxytocin
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
306. Gizzard of cockroach is a part of

B. Digestive system C. Immune system D. Circulatory system **Answer: B** Watch Video Solution 307. Number of segments present in Earthworm is A. 85 - 400 B. 100 - 200 C. 20 - 95 D. 115 - 120 **Answer: D Watch Video Solution**

A. Respiratory system

308. Most animals are (A) Haploid (B) Diploid (C) Heterotrophic (D) Both B and C A. Haploid B. Diploid C. Heterotrophic D. Both B and C Answer: D **Watch Video Solution** 309. give the locations of hepatic caeca in a cockroach, what is their function?

A. Glucose and amino acids B. Lipids C. Glucose D. Both B and C Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 310. Tadpoles of frog can be made to grow as giant sized tadpoles, if they are A. Administered large amount of thyroxine B. Administered antithyroid substance like thiourea C. Reared on a diet rich in egg yolk D. Reared on a diet rich in egg yolk Answer: B



311. Number of lateral hearts in Pheretima are

A. 2

B. 6

C. 8

D. 12

Answer: C



312. Axoloti larva of Amblyostoma normally fails to metamorphose due to

A. Lack of Ca and Mg in water

B. Absence of phosphosus in water

C. High concentration of iodine in water

D. Lack of iodine in water

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

313. The correct arrangement of leg parts is

A. Tibia, trochanter, femur, tarus and coxa

B. Trochanter, coxa, tibia, femur and tarasus

C. Coxa, femur, trochanter, tibia and tarsus

D. Coxa, trochanter, femur, tibia and tarsus

Answer: D



314. Which of the following is the correct statement about the circulatory system of cockroach

A. In has closed type of circulatory sytem

B. It has a compicated type of circulatory system

C. It has 13-chambered heart with a pair of ostia in each chamber

D. It takes place without participation of tissues

Answer: C



315. In cockroach, the anterior wings are called

A. Elytra

B. Pedipalps

C. Antenna

D. Chelicera

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

316. In Earthworm, gizzard occurs in segment

- (a) 5
- (b) 6
- (c) 8
- (d) 10
 - A. 5
 - B. 6
 - C. 8
 - D. 10

Answer: C



317. In the $4^{th}5^{th}$ and 6^{th} segments of earthworms lying above pharyngeal mass and connected with pharyngeal glands are found small, red coloured follicular bodies called

- A. Septal glands
- B. Blood glands
- C. Salivary glands
- D. Nephridia

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

318. In Pheretima, septa are absent between which segments

- A. 3/4 and 9/10
- B. 4/5 and 8/9
- C. 5/6 and 7/8

D. 6/7 a	nd 7/8
----------	--------

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

- 319. In cockroach, larval and nymphal characters are maintained by
 - A. Ecdysone
 - B. Salivary glands
 - C. Parotid glands
 - D. Juvenile hormone

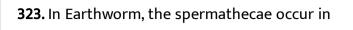
Answer: D



320. In Earthworm, neurons are
(a) Sensory
(b) Motor
(c) Both a and b
(d) Mixed
A. Sensory
B. Motor
C. Associate
D. All the above
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
321. In earthworm the characteristic internal median fold of dorsal wall of the intestine called typhlosole is present in

B. 26-35 segments C. 20-95 segments D. 21-100 segments **Answer: B** Watch Video Solution 322. Cockroach is A. Uricotelic B. Ureotelic C. Ammonotelic D. Both B and C **Answer: A** Watch Video Solution

A. 20-90 segments



- A. 6-9 segments
- B. 6-10 segments
- C. 6-11 segments
- D. 5-8 segments

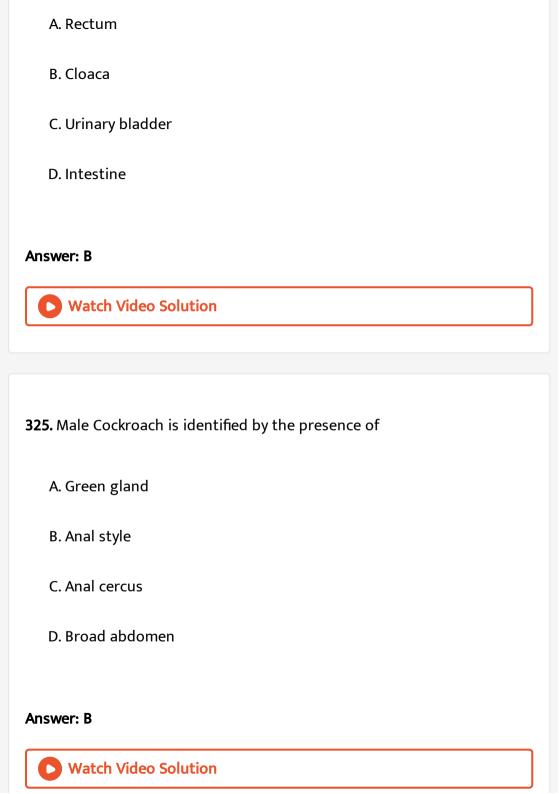
Answer: A



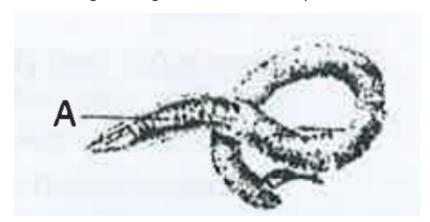
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324. Urinogenital duct of male Frog opens into

- (a) Rectum
- (b) Cloaca
- (c) Urinary bladder
- (d) Intestine



326. In the given diagram, what does "A" represent?



- A. Ventral vessel
- B. Dorsal vessel
- C. Heart
- D. Lateral vessel

Answer: B



327. A pair of stink gland is found in

- A. 4th and 5th terga
- B. 5th and 6th terga
- C. 5th and 6th sterma
- D. 4th and 5th sterma

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

328. Salivary mass of Earthworm occurs in

- A. Dorsal wall of buccal cavity
- B. Ventral wall of buccal cavity
- C. Pharyngeal wall
- D. Gizzard

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

329. Somites/metameres/segments present in the body of Earthworm are

- A. 60 80
- B. 80 100
- C. 100 120
- D. 120 160

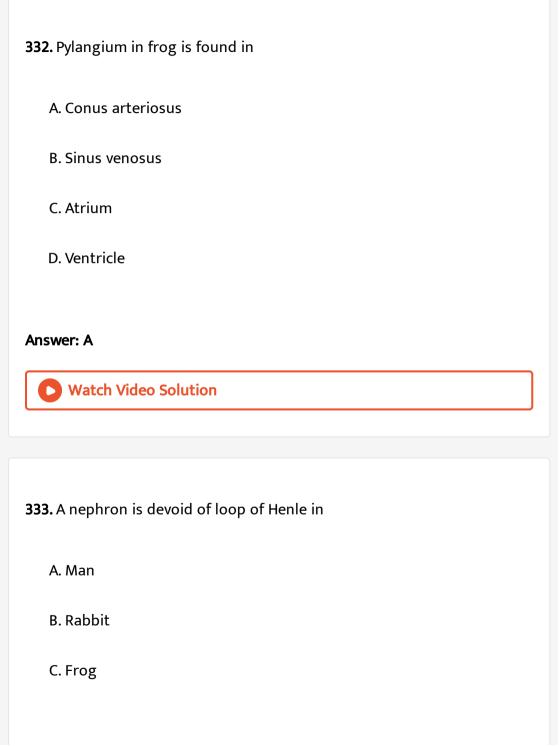
Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

330. In which of the following animals Hb (haemoglobin) is found dissolved in plasma

A. Earthworm
B. Cockroach
C. Planaria
D. Sepia
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
331. Bidder's canal is found in
A. Testis of Frog
B. Ovary of Frog
C. Kidney of Frog
D. All the above
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution



D. Dog
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
334. Columella auris occurs in
A. Rabbit
B. Frog
C. Man
D. All the above
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution

335. Which one is present in integument of Frog but not in mammals?					
(a) Sweat glands					
(b) Dermis					
(c) Stratum germinativum					
(d) Mucous glands					

B. Dermis

A. Sweat glands

C. Stratum germinativum

D. Mucous glands

Answer: D



336. Match the columns:

Pheretima

Cell Features

- a Phagocytes
- 1. Small cells with yellowish granules
- b Chloragogen cells
- 2. Elongated cells
- c Circular cells
- 3. Largest cells
- d Mucocytes
- 4. Cells with surface markings
- A. a-3, b-4, c-1, d-2
- B. a-2, b-1, c-4, d-3
- C. a-3, b-1, c-4, d-2
- D. a-4, b-3, c-2 d-1

Answer: C



- 337. Arrange blood flow from ventral to dorsal blood vessels
- (a) Dorsointestinal blood vessels
- (b) External intestinal plexus

- (c) Internal intestinal plexus(d) Ventrointestinal blood vessel
 - A. d, b, a, c
 - B. c, a, b, d
 - C. b, c, d, a
 - D. d, b, c, a

Answer: D



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becomes turgid and acts as a hydraulic skeleton. It is due to

338. Earthworms have no skeleton but during burrowing, the anterior end

- A. Gut peristalsis
- B. Setae
- C. Coelomic fluid

D. Blood

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

- 339. A detrivorous animal of economic importance is
- (A) Leech
- (B) Earthworm
- (C) Fowl
- (D) Caterpillar larva
 - A. Leech
 - B. Earthworm
 - C. Fowl
 - D. Caterpillar larva

Answer: B



340. The number of abdominal segments in male and female cockroach is (a) 10, 10

(b) 9, 10 (c) 10, 11

(d) 8, 10

A. 10, 10

B. 9, 10

C. 10, 11

D. 8, 10

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

341. Which is correct?

- A. Rat- Left kidney is slightly higher in position than the right one
- B. Cockroach 10 pairs of spiracles (2 thorax, 8 abdomen)
- C. Earthworm Alimentary canal has pharynx, oesophagus, stomach, gizzard and intestine
- D. Frog Body divisible into head, neck and trunk

Answer: B



342. In frog caudal vertebrea are fussed to form

- A. Coccyx
- B. Pogostyle
- C. Urostyle
- D. Prehensile tail

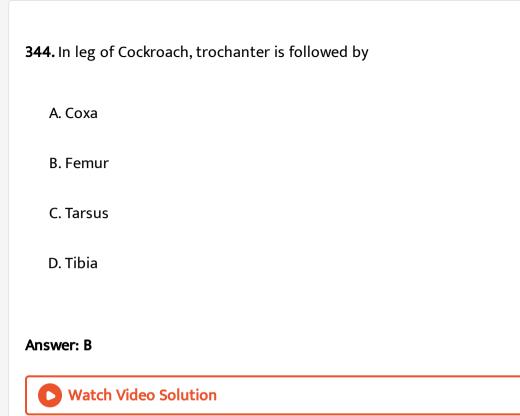
Answer: C

343. Cloaca	of	Frog	is	common	chamber	for	urinary	tract,	reproductive
tract and									

- (a) Alimentary canal
- (b) Portal system
- (c) Hepatic portal vein
- (d) Notochord
 - A. Alimentary canal
 - B. Portal system
 - C. Hepatic portal vein
 - D. Notochord

Answer: A





- **345.** The egg of frog is
 - A. Microlecithal and homolecithal
 - B. Polylecithal and centrolecithal
 - C. Moderately telolecithal and mesolecithal
 - D. Heavily telolecithal and polylecithal

Watch Video Solution 346. Nitrogenous waste in the Malpighian tubule flows into A. Haemocoel B. Intestine C. Vacuole D. Duodenum **Answer: B** Watch Video Solution 347. Poikilotherms are also known as A. Isotherms

Answer: C

C. Heterotherms D. Ectotherms **Answer: D Watch Video Solution 348.** Which is absent in blood of Cockroach? A. Plasma B. Respiratory pigment C. Nurtients D. Blood cells Answer: B **Watch Video Solution**

B. Endotherms

349. Earthworm are

- A. Ureotelic when plenty of water is available
- B. Uricotelic when plenty of water is available
- C. Uricotelic under conditions of water scarcity
- D. Ammonotelic when planty of water is available

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

350. The open circulatory system is found in

- A. Octopus
- B. Pheretima
- C. Periplaneta
- D. Rana

Answer: C Watch Video Solution 351. Tadpole of Frog is A. Ureotelic B. Uricotelic C. Ammonotelic D. Aminotelic **Answer: C** Watch Video Solution 352. Different colour of frog sking are controlled by: A. Hormones

D. Both B and C Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 353. The anterior addominal vein in frog is formed by the union of A. Sciatic veins B. Pelvic veins C. Femoral veins D. Renal veins Answer: B **Watch Video Solution**

B. Melanocytes

C. Nervous system

354. In earthworm

- A. Integumentary and pharyngeal nephridia are exonephric
- B. Pharyngeal and septal nephridia are exonephric
- C. Integumentary and septal nephridia are enteronephric
- D. Pharyngeal and septal nephridia are enteronephric

Answer: D



- **355.** Which of the following in not a characteristic feature of frog?
 - A. Skin is moist and slimy
 - B. Each of the forelimbs and hindlimbs ends in five digits
 - C. Hepatic and renal portal sytems are present
 - D. Skin, buccal cavity and lungs are respiratory organs

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

356. If a live earthworm is pricked with a needle on its outer surface without damaging its gut, the fluid that comes out is

- A. Coelomic fluid
- B. Excretory fluid
- C. Slimy mucus
- D. Haemolymph

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

357. Which one of the following correctly describes the location of some body parts in the earthworm (Pheretima) ?

- A. Two pairs of accessory glands in 16 18 segments
- B. Two pairs of testes in 10th and 11th segments
- C. Four pairs of spemathecae in 4 7 segments
- D. One pair of ovaries attached over septum 14 15 segments

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

- 358. The gas exchange surface in an earthworm is
 - A. Tracheae
 - B. Gills
 - C. Skin
 - D. Ctenidia

Answer: C



359. The blood of cockroach contains no respiratory pigment. It means that:

A. Haemoglobin

B. Plasma

C. Treholse

D. Haemocytes

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

360. The circulatory system of cockroach

A. On dorsal side with 13 unit heart in abdomen

B. On dorsal side with 10 abdominal and 3 thoracic units of heart

C. On ventral side with 13 unit heart in abdomen

D. On ventral side with 10 abdominal and 3 thoracic units of heart	
Answer: B	



361. The phenomena of spawning and amplexus occur in

- A. Rana hexadactyla
- B. Pavo cristatua
- C. Felis domestica
- D. Naja naja

Answer: A



362. Which one of the following species of earthworm is not recommended for vermicomposing?

A. Eudrilus eugeniae

B. Fisenia fetida

C. Perionyx excavatus

D. Pheretima posthuma

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

363. Cockroach is

A. Diurnal and herbivorous

B. Nocturnal and carnivorous

C. Diurnal and omnivorous

D. Nocturnal and omnivorous

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

364. Which one of the following species of earthworm is not recommended for vermicomposing?

- A. Lumbricus terrestris
- B. Eisenia fetida
- C. Aporrectodea limicola
- D. Arctiostrotus vancouverensis

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

365. The lateral hearts in earthworms have

A. Two pairs of valves, segments 6 and 11 B. Three pairs of valves, segments 8 and 10 C. Four pairs of valves, segments 7 and 9 D. Four pairs of valves segments 6 and 8 **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 366. In the mouth parts of cockroach the galea and lacinia form parts of the A. Labrum B. Labium C. Mandible D. Maxilla Answer: D



367. Number of spinal nerves in frog is

A. 8 pairs

B. 10 pairs

C. 11 pairs

D. 12 pairs

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

368. The head of cockroach lacks

A. Cardo

B. Gena

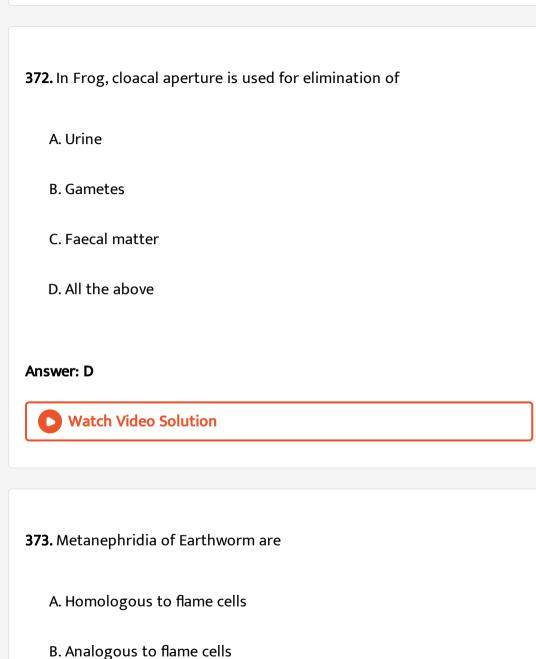
C. Frons

Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
369. Mushroom gland is a part of
A. Male reproductive system of Cockroach
B. Female reproductive system of Cockroach
C. Male reproductive system of Rabbit
D. Female reproductive system of Rabbit
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
370. Oxygen-carrying respiratory pigment of cockroach and other insect is

D. Trochanter

B. Vanadium C. Haemocyanin D. None of the above **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 371. How many ova are laid at a time by a mature female frogs? A. 3500 - 4500 B. 2500 - 3000 C. 1450 - 1500 D. 500 - 1000 Answer: A Watch Video Solution

A. Malpadin



C. Connected with respiration

D. Helpful in copulation

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

374. Which of the following is a more accurate statement about respiration

- A. ${\cal O}_2$ from atmosphere diffuses into blood and combines with haemoglobin of blood plasma
- B. Blood does not have any important role in \mathcal{O}_2 transport
- C. Respires anaerobically
- $\ensuremath{\mathrm{D.}}\xspace O_2$ diffused from air combines with haemoglobin of RBCs.

Answer: A



375. Cockroach crushes food with the help of its
A. Labium
B. First maxillae
C. Mandibles
D. Antennae
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
276 M '
376. Maximum number of ganglia are present in Cockroach in
A. Neck
A. Neck
A. Neck B. Thorax

Watch Video Solution 377. Single large blood vessel in Cockroach is A. Lateral artery B. Ventral aorta C. Posterior aorta D. Anterior aorta **Answer: D** Watch Video Solution 378. Compound eyes are found in

Answer: C

A. Earthworm

B. Cockroach C. Roundworm D. Flatworm **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 379. In cockroach, the gizzard contains A. Four teeth B. Six teeth C. Eight teeth D. Five teeth **Answer: B Watch Video Solution**

380. Which reference to external features of Cockroach, which among the following statements is not correct?A. It has pulvillus between claws

B. Hind wings are protective and are not useful in flight

C. Fore wings are elytra

D. Gonapophyses help in copulation

Answer: B



381. About how many times does the nymph of then Periplaneta americana undergo moulting before becoming an adult ?

A. 2

B. 3

C. 4

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

382. Read the statements regarding frog. Which of the statements is/are correct and incorrect?

- (i) The medulla oblongata passes out through foramen of Monoro and continues into the spinal cord
- (ii) Vasa efferentia are 10-12 in number that arise from the testes
- (iii) Ovaries have no functional connection with kidneys
- (iv) Frogs are uricotelic
 - A. a, b, c correct, d incorrect
 - B. a, b correct, c, d incorrect
 - C. b, c correct, a, d incorrect
 - D. b, c, d correct, a incorrect

Answer: C Watch Video Solution 383. Fertilized eggs of Periplaneta americana are encased in A. Ootheca B. Cocoon C. Phallomere D. Genital chamber ' Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 384. How is humic acid present in soil neutralised in earthworm stomach? A. Intestinal caecum

- B. Typhlosole C. Gizzard
- D. Calciferous glands

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

- - A. Nitrogenous excretory product in urea
 - B. Food is ground by mandibles and gizzard
 - C. Malpighian tubules are excretory organs that project out from coelom

385. Which of the following happens in the common cockroach?

D. Oxygen is transported by haemoglobin in blood

Answer: B



386. Special feature of Pheretima is

A. S - shaped setae are defensive weapons against enemy

B. It has long, dorsal tubular heart

C. Fertilization of eggs occurs inside the body

D. Typhlosole increases effective absorptive area for digested food

Answer: D



387. Which one of the following structures in Pheretima is correctly matched with its function ?

A. Clitellum - secretes cocoon

B. Gizzard - absorbed digested food

C. Setae - defence against predators

D. Typhlosole - storage of extra nutrients
nswer: A
Watch Video Solution
88. Ureters act as urinogenital ducts in
A. Human females
B. Human males
C. Male frogs
D. Both male and female frogs
nswer: C

389. Consider the following four statements (A-D) related to the common frog Rana tigrina, and select the correct option stating which ones are true(T) and which ones are false(F).

Statements:

- (A) On dry land it would die due to lack of O2 if its mouth is forcibly kept closed for a few days
- (B) it has four-chambered heart
- (C) On dry land it turns uricotelic from ureotelic
- (D) Its life-history is carried out in pond water

A.
$$(A)$$
 T F F T

B. (B) T T F F

C. (C) F F T T

D. (D) F T T F

Answer: A



390. Given below are assertion and reason. Point out if

Assertion: Blood of cockroach is colourless haemolymph with no respiratory pigments

Reason : Respiration in Cockroach occurs through diffusion in haemolymph

A. Both are true with reason being correct explanation

B. Both are true but reason is not correct explanation

C. Assertion is true but reason is wrong

D. Both are wrong

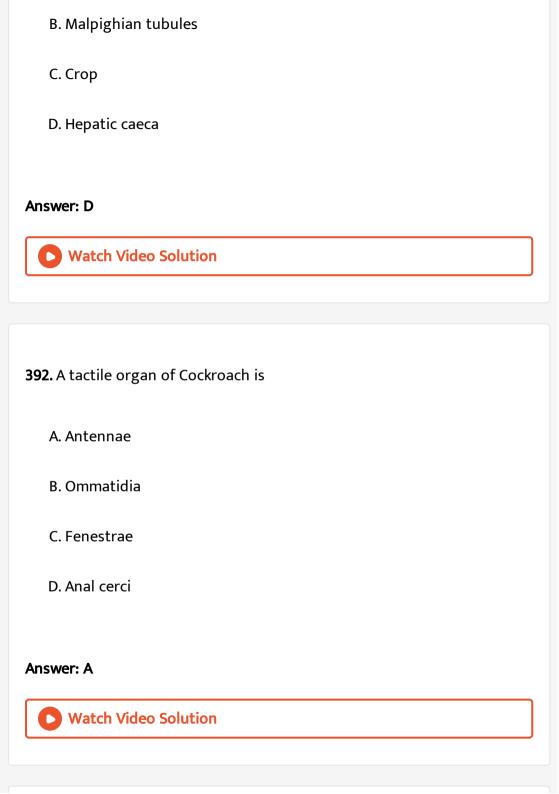
Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

391. In cockroaches, digestive juice is secreted by the

A. Gizzard



393. The ingrowth of exoskeleton in the head of cockroach is called
A. Notum
B. Pleura
C. Tentorium
D. Apodemes
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
394. Which of the following is absent in the coelomic fluid of earthworm?
A. Proteins
B. Corpuscles
C. Haemoglobin
D. Salts

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

395. What is correct about breathing in adult Frog

A. In water - skin, gills

B. In water - skin, buccal cavity

C. On land - skin, lungs, gills

D. On land - skin, buccal cavity

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

396. Removal of which ganglia results in loss of motor control in Pheretima

- A. Sub pharyngeal ganglia
- B. Suboesophageal ganglia
- C. Suprapharyngeal ganglia
- D. Supra-oesophageal ganglia

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

397. Identify the set of collecting and distributing blood vessels in Pheretima

- A. Latero oesophageal blood vessel and subneural blood vessel and commissural blood vessels
- B. Dorsal blood vessel and commissural blood vessels
- C. Dorsal blood vessel and ventral blood vessel
- D. Ring vessels and anterior loops

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

398. Arrange the parts of alimentary canal of cockroach in correct order :

I. Stomodaeal valve. II. Crop. III. Ileum. IV Proventriculus. V. Mesenteron. VI. Colon.

- $\mathsf{A.}\quad \mathrm{IV} \ \longrightarrow \ \mathrm{II} \ \longrightarrow \ \mathrm{V} \ \longrightarrow \ \mathrm{I} \ \longrightarrow \ \mathrm{III} \ \longrightarrow \ \mathrm{VI}$
- $\text{B.} \quad \text{IV} \ \longrightarrow \ \text{II} \ \longrightarrow \ \text{I} \ \longrightarrow \ \text{III} \ \longrightarrow \ \text{VI} \ \longrightarrow \ \text{V}$
- $\mathsf{C.} \quad \mathrm{II} \ \longrightarrow \ \mathrm{IV} \ \longrightarrow \ \mathrm{I} \ \longrightarrow \ \mathrm{V} \ \longrightarrow \ \mathrm{III} \ \longrightarrow \ \mathrm{VI}$
- $\mathsf{D.}\quad \mathrm{II}\ \longrightarrow\ \mathrm{IV}\ \longrightarrow\ \mathrm{I}\ \longrightarrow\ \mathrm{III}\ \longrightarrow\ \mathrm{V}\ \longrightarrow\ \mathrm{VI}$

Answer: C



A. Antennae, maxillary and labial palps B. Tarsus of leg C. Anal cerci and anal styles D. Labrum, maxillae and labium **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 400. Arrange ganglia of autonomous nervous sytem of cockroach in correct sequence from anterior to posterior end (a) Frontal ganglion (b) Proventricular ganglion (c) Hypocerebral ganglion (d) Visceral ganglion A. a-c-d-b B. a-d-c-b

C. b-c-d-a

D. b-d-a-c

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

401. In T.S. Pheretima, the correct sequence of body wall layers from outer to inner side (a) Circular muscles (b) Parietal peritoneum (c) Epidermis (d) Cuticle (e) Longitudinal muscles

A. c
ightarrow b
ightarrow e
ightarrow a
ightarrow d

 $\mathrm{B.}\,d \to c \to e \to a \to b$

C. d
ightarrow c
ightarrow a
ightarrow e
ightarrow b

D. d
ightarrow b
ightarrow a
ightarrow e
ightarrow c

Answer: C



402. Match the lists with reference to Pheretima

I II

(a) Pharyngeal nephridia (i) 14th segment

(b) Stomach (ii) 18th segment

(c) Anterior loops (iii) 9th and 14th segments

(d) Male genital apertures (iv) 4th, 5th and 6th segments (v) 10th and 11th segments

(0) 10011 6110

A. (A) (iv) (i) (v) (iii)B. (B) (i) (iii) (iii) (ii) (v)C. (C) (v) (iv) (iv) (iii) (i)D. (D) (iv) (iv) (v) (v)

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

403. Given below are assertion and reason. Point out if

Assertion: A mutual exchange of sperms occurs between the earthworms during mating.

Reason: Mature sperms, egg cells and nutritive fluid are deposited in cocoons produced by gland cells of clitellum

A. Both are correct with reason being correct explanation

B. Both are true but reason is not correct explanation

C. Assertion is true but reason is wrong

D. Both are wrong

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

404. In open vascular system, the circulating fluid is known as

A. Blood

B. Perilymph

C. Haemolymph

D. Lymphatic fluid

Watch Video Solution 405. Eggs of Cockroach give rise to A. Nymph B. Larva C. Caterpillar D. Pupa Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 406. Select the correct option about cockroach A. Males bear short oval styles not present in females

Answer: C

- B. Nervous system comprises a dorsal nerve cord and ten pairs of ganglia
- C. Fore wings are tegmina which are used in flight
- D. Malpighian tubules convert nitrogenous wastes into urea

Answer: A



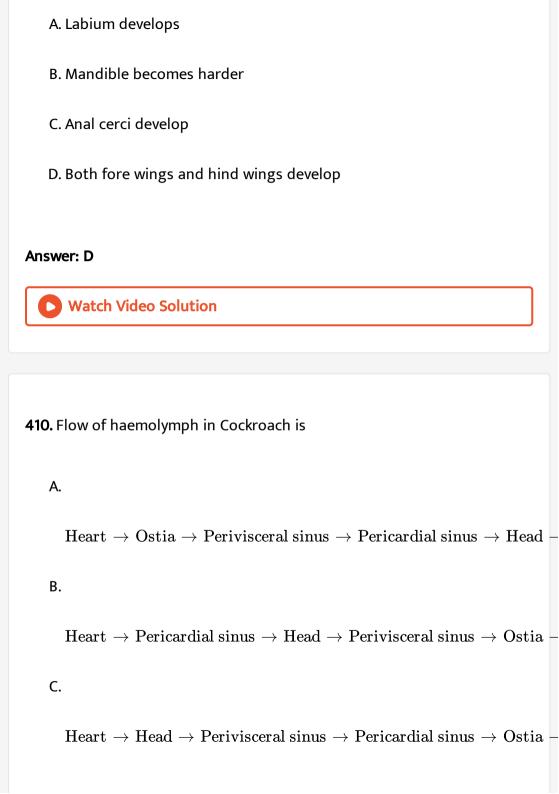
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- 407. Correct path of air during respiration of Periplaneta is
 - A. Mouth, bronchial tube, trachea, oxygen enters cells
 - B. Spiracles in prothorax, tracheoles, trachea, oxygen diffuses into
 - C. Hypopharynx, mouth, pharynx, trachea, tissues
 - D. Spiracles in metathorax, trachea, tracheoles, oxygen diffuses into

cells

cells

Answer: D **Watch Video Solution** 408. Respiratory organs of Cockroach are called A. Maxillae **B.** Spiracles C. Mandibles D. Labrum **Answer: B** Watch Video Solution 409. What external changes are visible after the last moult of a cockroach nymph?



D. Heart o Head o Perivisceral sinus o Ostia o Pericardial sinus o Answer: C Watch Video Solution

411. Which part of Cockroach leg is attached to thorax ventrally

A. Trochanter

B. Claw

C. Femur

D. Coxa

Answer: D

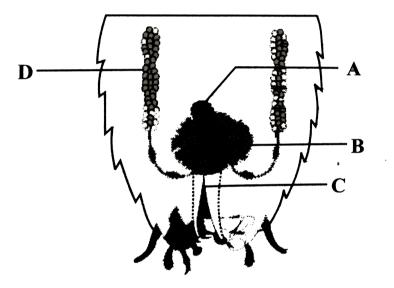


412. Identify the wrong statement regarding earthworm
A. The first body segment is called peristomium
B. Prostomium contains the mouth
C. Clitellum is made up of glandular tissue
D. Prostomium is sensory in function
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
413. The sensory papillae in frogs are associated with
413. The sensory papillae in frogs are associated with A. Smell
A. Smell



Watch Video Solution

414. Study the given figure of reproductive system of male cockroach In which of the labelled parts are sperms stored ?



A. a- phallic gland, b- small tubules, c- vas deferens, d- ejaculatory duct, e- right phallomere

B. a- phallic gland, b- vas deferens, c- small tubules, d- ejaculatory duct,

e-right phallomere

C. a- phallic gland, b-ejaculatory duct, c-vas deferens, d- right phallomere, e- small tubules

D. a- small tubules, b- phallic gland, c- vas deferens, d- ejaculatory duct, e- testis

Answer: A



- **415.** Read the statements regarding frog and choose the correct option
- 1. Frog never drinks water but absorbs water through its skin
- 2. Hind limbs of frog end in four digits
- 3. Male frogs have vocal sacs
- 4. Male frogs have a copulatory pad on the second digit of fore limb
- 5. Frog has bilobed tongue
 - A. 2 and 5 alone are correct
 - B. 5 alone is correct

C. 1, 3 and 5 alone are correct
D. 1 and 4 alone are correct
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
416. In Periplaneta, which one helps in nourishing the spe
A. Ejaculatory duct

rms

B. Vas deferens

C. Utriculi majores

D. Utriculi brevores

Answer: D



417. In Periplaneta, ductus ejaculatorius of male reproductive system lies in

A. 7th segment

B. 8th segmet

C. 5th segment

D. 6th segment

Answer: A



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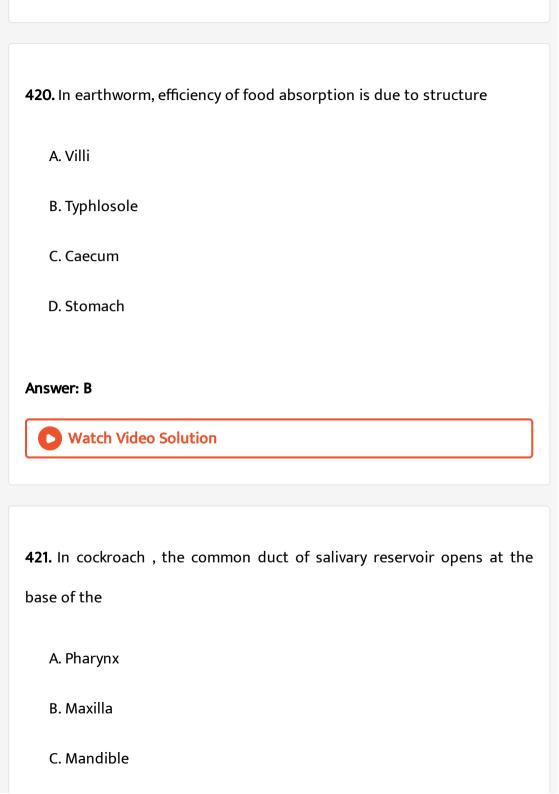
418. Statement a.: Secretion of colleterial gland forms the egg case in

Cockroach

Statement b.: The development of Cockroach is hemimetabolous

A. Both the statements, a and b, are correct and b is the reason for a

B. Both the statements, a and b, are correct but b is not the reason for а C. Statement a is correct but statement b is wrong D. Statement b is correct but statement a is wrong **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 419. Respiration in adult frog is A. Cutaneous B. Buccal C. Pulmonary D. All the above Answer: D Watch Video Solution



D. Hypopharynx
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
422. The total number of podomeres in the leg of Cockroach is
A. 5
B. 6
C. 7
D. 8
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
423. Which is not a sensory structure in Cockroach

A. Antennae B. Eyes C. Anal cerci D. Proventriculus Answer: D **Watch Video Solution** 424. Choose the wrongly matched pair ragarding the position of reproductive structures in earthworm A. Testes - 10th and 11th segments B. Spermathecae - 6th to 9th segments C. Male genital pore - 9th segment D. Female genital pore - 14th segment Answer: C



425. In Cockroach, the arthrodial membrane

A. Forms the hind wings

B. Covers the compound eyes

C. Forms the hypopharynx

D. Joins the sclerites

Answer: D



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426. Choose the wrong statement regarding the circulatory sytem of Frog

A. Sinus venosus receives blood through major veins called vena cava

B. The ventricle opens into a sac like conus arteriosus

C. The erythrocytes are nucleated

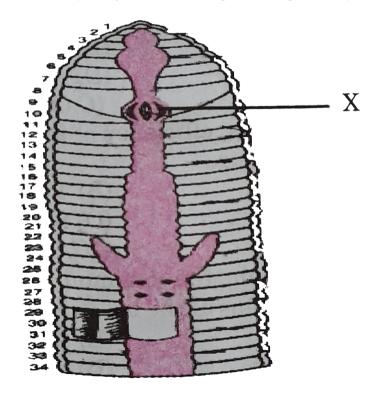
D. Special venous connection between liver and intestine called renal portal system is present

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

427. Identify the part 'X' in the figure of digestive system of Earthworm



A. Intestinal caecae B. Typhlosole C. Gizzard D. Pharynx **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 428. The body cells in cockroach discharge their nitrogenous waste in the haemolymph mainly in the form of A. Ammonia B. Potassium urate C. Urea D. Calcium carbonate **Answer: B**



429. Total number of spiracles present in the thoracic region of cockroach is

A. 10

B. 2

C. 8

D. 6

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

430. _____in the earthworm perform the function similar to flame cells in

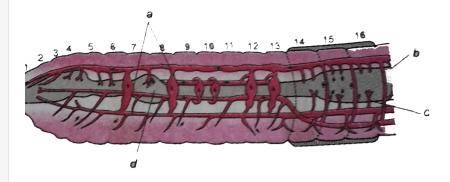
Taenia.

A. Germmules of sponges

C. Chelicerae of spiders D. Tube feet of echinoderms **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 431. Type of respiration in Cockroach is A. Cutaneous B. Tracheal C. Pulmonary D. Brancheal Answer: B **Watch Video Solution**

B. Flame cells of liverfluke

432. In the circulatory system of Pheretima a, b, c, and d respresent



A. a - lateral hearts, b - Sub-neural vessel, c - commissural vessel, d - lateral oesophageal vessel

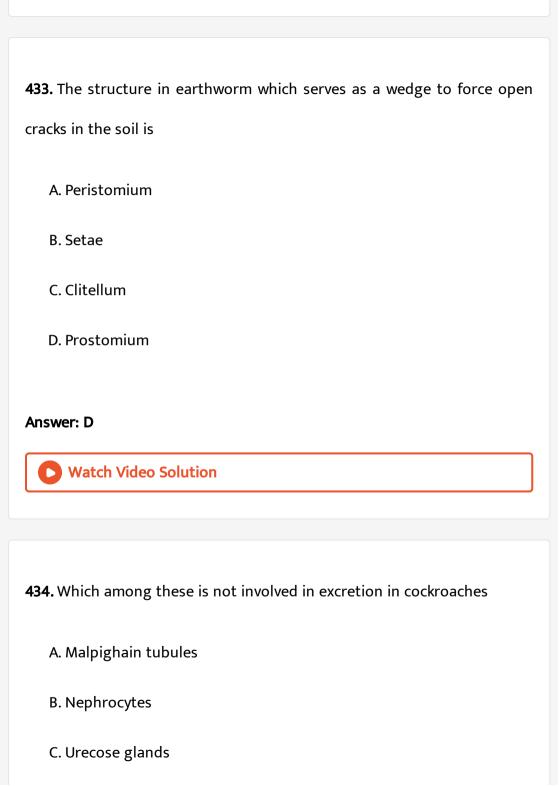
B. a - lateral hearts, b - lateral oesophageal vessel, c- subneural vessel, d - commissural vessel

C. a - lateral hearts, b - commissural vessel, c- subneural vessel, doesophageal vessel

D. a- commissural vessels, b-lateral hearts, c - lateral oesophageal vessel, d- subneural vessel

Answer: C





nswer: D	
Watch Video Solution	
35. Frogs	
A. Are uricotelic	
B. Have olfactory lobes in midbrain	
C. Do not have renal portal system	
D. Have lymphatic system	





D. Maxillary plaps

436. Match the following with respect to eye of insect

Apposition image (i)secretes crystalline cone (a)

(b) Diopterical region (ii)Refractive region of an ommatidium

Retinulae Region having cornea and crystalline co (c)(iii)

(d)Vitrella (iv)Houseflies

(*e*) Photoreceptor cells Cornea (v)

A. (a)-(v), (b)-(iv), (c)-(iii), (d)-(i),(e)-(ii)

B. (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(v), (d)-(i),(e)-(ii)

C. (a)-(iii), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(v),(e)-(i)

D. (a)-(iv), (b)-(v), (c)-(iii), (d)-(ii), (e)-(i)

Answer: D



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437. Statement (S).: Cockroach is "paurometabolus" with reference to its development

Reason (R).: In the development of cockroach, there is no nymphal stage

- A. Both S and R are correct but R is not correct explanation to S
- B. Both S and R are correct and R is the correct explanation to S
- C. S is wrong but R is correct
- D. S is correct but R is wrong

Answer: D



- **438.** Which of the following statements is incorrect pertaining to cockroach
 - A. Ostia have valves which allow blood to pass only into heart
 - B. Thoracic and abdominal spiracles are valvular
 - C. Wall of trachea is made with lamina propria, endothelium and taenidia

D. The taenidia keep the trachea always open and prevent it from collapsing

Answer: C



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439. Which among the following are fat secreting cells present in the haemocoel of cockroach

- A. Trophocytes
- B. Urate cells
- C. Mycetocytes
- D. Oenocytes

Answer: D



A. Prostomium
B. Peristomium
C. Peristome
D. Protome
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
441. Given below are assertion and reason. Point out if
Assertion : The nymph of Cockroach undergoes moulting several times
Reason : There is gradual metamorphosis in Cockroach
A. Both are true with reason being correct explanation
B. Both true but reason is not correct explanation
C. Assertion true but reason is wrong

440. The first body segment of earthworm is

D. Both are wrong

Answer: B



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442. Given below are assertion and reason. Point out if

Assertion: Blood of Cockroach is colourless with no respiratory pigment.

Reason : Respiration in Cockroach occurs through diffusion in haemolymph

A. Both are true with reason being correct explanation

B. Both true but reason is not correct explanation

C. Assertion true but reason is wrong

D. Both are wrong

Answer: C



- 443. Sinus venosus of Frog is formed by the union of
 - A. Two precavals and two post cavals
 - B. One precaval and two post cavals
 - C. One precaval and one post caval
 - D. Two precavals and one post caval

Answer: D



- **444.** The tongue of Frog is
 - A. Short protrusible and attached at distal end
 - B. Short protrusible and attached at front end
 - C. Long nonprotrusible attached at front end
 - D. Long protrusible attached at front end

Watch Video Solution 445. In male cockroach, sperms are stored in A. Vas deferens B. Seminal vesicles C. Mushroom glands D. Testes **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 446. Periplaneta americana differs from Blatta orientalis in having A. No wings

Answer: D

- B. Developed wings

 C. Only first pair of wings

 D. Only second pair of wings

 Answer: B

 Watch Video Solution
- **447.** If a live earthworm is pricked with a needle on its outer surface without damaging its gut, the fluid that comes out is
 - A. Excretory fluid
 - B. Mucus
 - C. Haemolymph
 - D. Coelomic fluid

Answer: D



448. Which of the following features is not present in Periplanets americana?

A. Metamerically segmented body

B. Schizocoelom as body cavity

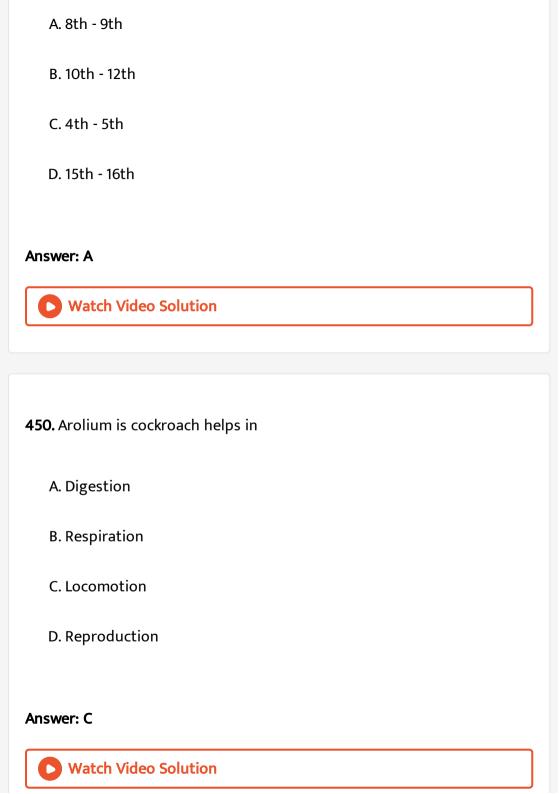
C. Indeterminate and radial cleavage during embryonic development

D. Exoskeleton composed of N-acetylglucosamine

Answer: C



- 449. In Earthworm, gizzard occurs in segment
- (a) 5
- (b) 6
- (c) 8
- (d) 10



451. In the female cockroach, the anterior wall, roof and floor of genital pouch are formed respectively by the following abdominal sterna of

- A. 7th, 8th and 9th segments
- B. 8th, 7th and 9th segments
- C. 9th, 8th and 7th segments
- D. 8th, 9th and 7th segments

Answer: D



- **452.** Identify the correct statements with reference to nervous system of
- Periplaneta
- (i) Brain is mainly sensory and an endocrine gland
- (ii) All thoracic ganglia supply nerves to the parts of their respective segments only

- (iii) Sixth abdominal ganglion is the largest of all abdominal ganglia
 (iv) Frontal ganglion is connected to ingluvial ganglion by a recurrent nerve
 - A. ii and iv
 - B. ii and iii
 - $\mathsf{C}.\ i$ and ii
 - D. i and iv

Answer: C



- **453.** Match with reference to corpora adiposa of Periplaneta and find the correct option
 - I II
 - (a) Trophocytes (i) Contain symbiotic bacteria
- (b) Mycetocytes (ii) Store food
- (c) Oenocytes (iii) Store uric acid
- (d) Urate cells (iv) Synthesise and store lipids

- A. a-i, b-ii, c-iii, d-iv
- B. a-ii, b-iii, c-iv, d-i
- C. a-ii, b-i, c-iii, d-iv
- D. a-ii, b-i, c-iv, d-iii

Answer: D



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454. Statement (S): Respiratory system of Periplaneta is "polyneustic"

type

Reason (R): In Periplaneta thoracic spiracles help in inspiration

- A. S is correct but R is wrong
- B. S is wrong but R is correct
- C. Both S and R are correct and R is correct explanation of S
- D. Both S and R are correct and R is not correct explanation of S

Answer: A



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- 455. Role of calciferous glands in stomach of earthworm is to
 - A. Neutralise the humic acid in the humus
 - B. Produce HCI
 - C. Emulsify fats
 - D. Increase absorptive area

Answer: A



- **456.** Through mosaic vision, a Cockroach can receive
 - A. Several images of an object with more sensitivity but less resolution

- B. Only one image of an object with more sensitivity but less
 - resolution
- $\ensuremath{\mathsf{C}}.$ Several images of an object with less sensitivity but more resolution
- D. Only one image of an object with less sensitivety but more resolution

Answer: A



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- **457.** Choose the correct option about morphology of cockroach
 - I II
- (i) Tergites (a) Forewings
- (ii) Tegmina (b) Upper lip
- (iii) Hypopharynx (c) Dorsal sclerite
- (iv) Labium (d) Tongue
- (v) Labrum (e) Lower lip
 - A. *i*-d, ii-e, iii-c, iv-b, v-a
 - B. i-b, ii-c, iii-e, iv-d, v-b

C. i-c, ii-a, iii-d, iv-e, v-b
D. i-c, ii-b, iii-e, iv-a, v-d

Answer: C



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- **458.** Mesorchium in frog is an/a
 - A. Opening of conus arteriosus
 - B. Peritoneal fold which adheres to the upper part of kidneys
 - C. Part of hind brain
 - D. Tissue by which ovaries are attached to the peritoneal cavity

Answer: B



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459. Select the correct route for the passage of sperms in male frogs

A.

 $Testis \rightarrow Bidder's \ canal \rightarrow Kidney \rightarrow Vasa \ efferentia \rightarrow Urinogenit$

B.

 $\operatorname{Testis} \to \operatorname{Vasa} ext{ efferentia} \to \operatorname{Kidney} \to \operatorname{Seminal vesicle} \to \operatorname{Urinogenia}$

 $\mathsf{C.} \ \mathsf{Testis} \to \mathsf{Vasa} \ \mathsf{efferentia} \to \mathsf{Bidder's} \ \mathsf{canal} \to \mathsf{Ureter} \to \mathsf{Cloaca}$

D.

 $Testis \rightarrow Vasa \ efferentia \rightarrow Kidney \rightarrow Bidder's \ canal \rightarrow Urinogenit$

Watch Video Solution



Answer: D

Check Your Grasp

1. Harderian glands are also called

A. Lacrimal glands B. Accessory lacrimal glands C. Meibomain glands D. Ceruminous glands Answer: b **Watch Video Solution** 2. Part of urinogenital system that takes part in storing sperms in male Frog is called A. Spermatheca B. Spermatophore C. Seminal vesicle D. Bidder's canal

Answer: c



3.	Part	of	female	reproductive	system	of	Frog	which	stores	ova
temporarily is										

A. Uterus

B. Ovary

C. Fallopian tube

D. Ovisac

Answer: d



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4. Part of peritoneum that suspends testes is called

A. Mesentary

B. Mesorchium

D. Renal peritoneum				
Answer: b				
Watch Video Solution				
5. Which hormone is required for metamorphosis in frogs?				
A. Ecdysone				
B. Thyroxine				
C. Juvenile hormone				
D. Melatonin				
Answer: b				
Watch Video Solution				

C. Mesovarium

6. Vein not blonging to digestive tract which becomes component part of hepatic portal system of Frog is A. Dorso-lumbar B. Vesicular C. Gonadial D. Anterior abdominal Answer: d **Watch Video Solution** 7. Adjacent ommatidia do not interfere in the images due to presence of A. Pigmented cells B. Retinulae C. Vitrillae D. Coneagen cells

Watch Video Solution 8. Chordotonal organs are connected with sense of A. Humidity B. Sound C. Temperature D. Smell Answer: b **Watch Video Solution** 9. Endrocrine glands of insects which secrete juvenile hormone are A. Corpora allata

Answer: a

C. Prothoracic glands D. Intercerebral glands Answer: a **Watch Video Solution** 10. Sugar present in blood plasma of Cockroach is A. Sucrose B. Glucose C. Trehalose D. Lactose Answer: c **Watch Video Solution**

B. Corpora cardiaca

11. Number of crushing teeth present in the gizzard of Cockroach is				
A. Two				
B. Three				
C. Four				
D. Six				
Answer: d				
Watch Video Solution				
12. Characteristic odour of Cockroach is produced by				
A. Dermal glands				
B. Stink glands				
C. Trichogen cells				
D. Both A and B				

Answer: d **Watch Video Solution** 13. Nephridia of Pheretima are A. Meganephridia B. Micronephridia C. Metanephridia D. Both B and C Answer: d **Watch Video Solution** 14. Chromophil cells of pharyngeal mass are A. Excretory cells

D. Digestive cells Answer: b **Watch Video Solution** 15. Buccal segment of Pheretima is A. First segment B. Second segment C. Third segment D. Both B and C Answer: a **Watch Video Solution**

B. Glandular cells

C. Storage cells