

BIOLOGY

BOOKS - DINESH PUBLICATION ENGLISH

HUMAN REPRODUCTION



- 1. Primary sex organ is
 - A. Ovary/Testis
 - B. Uterus/Seminal Vesicle
 - C. Breast/Beard
 - D. Spermatic cord.

Watch Video Solution 2. Secondary sex organ is A. Testis B. Breast C. Beard D. Vas deferena. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 3. Vagina of the female reproductive system is

Answer: A::D

Answer: B



- 5. External/accessory/secodnary sexual characters first appear in
 - A. Childhood
 - B. Puberty
 - C. Foetus
 - D. Adulthood

Answer: B



6. Temperature in scrotum necessary for sperm formation should be

- A. $2^{\,\circ}\,C$ above body temperature
- B. $2^{\circ}\,C$ below body temperature
- C. $4\,^{\circ}\,C$ above body temperature
- D. $4^{\circ}\,C$ below body temperature

Answer: A::D



- 7. Cryptorchidism is
 - A. Non descended testes in scrotum
 - B. Non development of testes

- C. Removal of scrotum D. Breaking connection of vas deferens. **Answer: A Watch Video Solution** 8. Puberty occurs in the human male at an age of: A. 8-10 years B. 11-14 years
 - C. 14 -16 years
 - D. 18-20 years.

Answer: D



9. Voice is high pitched in
A. Aged persons
B. Adult males
C. Boys
D. Females.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution 10. First menstrual cycle is
10. First menstrual cycle is

D. lm	plantation
-------	------------

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

- 11. Menopause occurs in females at the age of
 - A. 55-60years
 - B. 50-55 years
 - C. 45-60years
 - D. 37-42years

Answer: B



12. Nonprimate mammals have A. Menstrual cycle

- B. Oestrus cycle
- C. Breeding seasons
- D. Non breeding seasons.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

13. Semififerous tubules open into

- A. Epididymis
- B. Vesa efferentia
- C. Vasa deferntia

Answer: A::D Watch Video Solution	
14. Partitions of testis develop from	
A. Tunica albuginea	
B. Tunica vasculosa	
C. Tunica vaginalis	
D. Rete testis.	
Answer: C	
Watch Video Solution	

D. Rete testis.

A. Peristalasis
B. Secretory cells
C. Ciliated c ells
D. Openings for seminal vesicles.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
16. Epididymis is
A. Network of sinuses between seminiferous tubules and vasa
efferentia

15. Vasa efferentia possess

- B. Intermediate structure between rete testis and vasa efferentia
- C. A long coiled tube betweenvasa efferentia and vas deferens
- D. Connection between vas deferens and seminal vesicle.

Answer: A::D



- 17. Vas deferens arises from
 - A. Cauda epididymis
 - B. Caput epidiymis
 - C. Corpus epididymis
 - D. Rete testis.

Answer: C



18. The common duct formed by the union of vas deferens and duct from seminal vescial is :

- A. Urethra
- B. Tunica vasculosa
- C. Ejaculatory duct.
- D. Spermatic duct.

Answer: D



19. Glands of male reproductive system are
A. Prostate and seminal vesicles
B. Prostate, Bertholin's and seminals
C. Seminal vasicles and Bertholin's glands
D. Prostate, Cowpers and seminals.
Answer: D
, distrei. D
Watch Video Solution
20. Number of sperms present in a single ejaculation of

20. Number of sperms present in a single ejaculation of semen contains

A. 10000

B. 100,000-1000,000

C. 30-40 milion
D. 300-400milion

Answer: D



21. Menstrual cycle is generally of

- A. 21 days
- B. 28 days
- C. 30 days
- D. 40 days.

Answer: B



22. Mesntrual cycle is controlled by

- A. Estrogen and progesterone of ovary
- B. FSH and LH of pituitary
- C. Both A and B
- D. FSH of pituitary.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

23. Progesterone is secreted by

- A. Corpus Luteum
- B. Corpus albicans
- C. Leydig cells

D. Graagian cells.	
Answer: A::D	
Watch Video Solution	
24. Clitoris is related to penis	
A. Analogous	
B. Homologous	

C. Nonfunctional part in females

D. Functional equivalent in females.

Watch Video Solution

Answer: B

- 25. Stages in menstrual cycle are
 - A. Recovery phase and proliferstive phase
 - B. Proliferative, sec retory and menstrual
 - C. Proliferative secretory and menstrual
 - D. Recovery phase, secretory phase and phase of menstrual flow.

Answer: C



- 26. Luteal phase is the other name of
 - A. Follicular phase
 - B. Proliferative phase

C. Menstrual flow phase
D. Sec retory phase.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
27. Follicular phase of menstrual cycle is the other name of :
A. Proliferative phase
B. Secretory phase
C. Luteal phase
D. Menstruation.
Answer: A::D
Watch Video Solution

A. Ovary
B. Testis
C. Kidney
D. Liver.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
29. Vasa efferntia connect the
A. Testis with epididymis
B. Kidneys with cloaca
C. Testes with u rinogenital ducts

28. Mesorchium is peritoneal covering of

Answer: A::D Watch Video Solution	
30. Mesovarium is the peritoneal covering of	
A. Ovary	
B. Testis	
C. Kidney	
D. Liver.	
Answer: A::D	
Watch Video Solution	

D. None of the above.

31. At puberty woman starts producing
A. Sperms
B. Urine
C. Young ones
D. Ova.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
32. Ostium is an aperture present in
32. Ostium is an aperture present in A. Oviduct

D. Coloaca.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
33. The function of mitochondria in sperm is
A. To control the movement of sperm

B. To provide energy for movement of sperm

C. To provide energy to nucleus

D. None of the above.

Watch Video Solution

Answer: B

- **34.** The function of hyaluronidase is
 - A. To form cone of reception in egg
 - B. To puncture the vitelline membrane of egg
 - C. It is not produced in human sperm
 - D. None of the above.

Answer: B



- **35.** Primary oocyte is
 - A. Haploid
 - B. Diploid
 - C. Polyploid

Answer: B Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
6. Secodnary ooyte is
A. Haploid
B. Diploid
C. Polyploid
D. None of the above.
Answer: A::D
Watch Video Solution

D. None of the above.

37. Centrioles of sperm control

- A. Movement of tail
- B. Haploid number of chromosomes
- C. Help in fertilization
- D. None of the above.

Answer: A::D



Watch Video Solution

38. Progesterone is secreted by

- A. Carbohydrate
- B. Sterioid
- C. Protein

American D
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
39. Tunica albuginea is the covering around
A. Ovary
B. Testis
C. Kidney
D. Heart.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution

D. Sterol.

- **40.** The fertilization membrane is secreted because
 - A. It checks the entry of more sperms after fertilization
 - B. It checks the entry of antigens in ovum
 - C. It represents the left out tail sperm
 - D. It represents the plasma membrane of sperm.

Answer: A::D



- 41. Eggs from ovary are released in
 - A. Oviduct
 - B. Kidney
 - C. Ureter

Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
42. Cessation fo menstrual cycle in a woman is called
A. Ovulation
B. Puberty
C. Menopause
D. Implantation.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

D. Coelom.

43. Development of foetus takes place in
A. Vagina
B. Uterus
C. Ovary
D. Oviduct.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution 44. Lower narrow end of uterus is called
44. Lower narrow end of uterus is called

D. Vulva.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
45. The functional unit of testes of man is
A. Uriniferous tubules
B. Malpighian tubules

C. Seminiferous tubules

Watch Video Solution

D. Acini or lobules.

Answer: C

46. Chorionic gonadotropic hormone is secreted by
A. Pituitary
B. Ovary
C. Placenta
D. Uterus.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
47. Vitelline membrane is a
A. Primary egg membrane
B. Secondary egg membrane
C. Tertiary egg membrans

D. None of these
Answer: A::D
Watch Video Solution
48. In mammals, the testis is posteriorly connected to the acrotal sac by an elastic cord called
A. Spermatic cord
B. Rachis
C. Gubernaculum
D. Ligament .

Answer: C

49. In man the sperms released from the testis take the following route to reach the urethra

A. Vasa efferentia, Bidder canal, uriniferous tubules and nephrostome

- B. Vasa efferntia, epididymis, vasa deferens and urethra.
- C. Vasa efferntia, Bidder's canal nephrostome
- D. Vasa efferntia, collecting tubules and bidder canals.

Answer: B



- 50. Vaginal cavity of tunica vaginalis/vaginal coelom is found in
 - A. Ovaries of female

- B. Testis of male
- C. Vagina of female
- D. None of the above

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

- **51.** Testosterone is secreted by
 - A. Leydi'g cells
 - B. Sertoli cells
 - C. Pituitary
 - D. Tastis.

Answer: A::D



D week will a colour

watch video Solution

52. Penile urethra traverses through

A. Corpors caveronoss

B. Corpus spongiosum

C. Corpus callosum.

D. Corpus striatum.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

53. Meiosis occurs in

A. Primary spermatocytes

B. Secondary espermatocytes

C. Both A and B

D. Spermatogonia.

Answer: C



54. Formation of primary spermatocyte/ oocyte from a spermatogonium/oogonium requires

A. Mitosis

B. Melosis I

C. Meiosis II

D. Growth.

Answer: D



55. Human female possess 44 + XX chromosomes. The secondary oocyte shall have:

- A. 44+XX
- B. 22+X
- C. 22
- D. 44

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

56. Gestation period in human beings is:

A. 7 months

- B. 9 months
- C. 25 months
- D. 8 months.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

57. Human embryo completes development in

- - A. 180 days
 - B. 300days
 - C. 250days
 - D. 266days.

Answer: D



watch video Solution

58. Gestation period of 280 days is calculated from time of

A. Lasat menstruation

B. Fertilization

C. Next menstruation

D. Puberty.

Answer: A::D



Watch Video Solution

59. Foetus is nourished by

A. Placenta

B. Yolk

- C. Blood
- D. Phagocytosis.

Answer: A::D



Watch Video Solution

60. Primary germ layers are

- A. Trophoblast, ectoderm, mesoderm and endoderm
- B. Endoderm, trophoectoderm and trophomesoderm
- C. Trophomesoderm and trophoectoderm
- D. Ectoderm, mesoderm and endoderm.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

61. Nonellular layer is
A. Theca interna

B. Membrana granulosa

C. Corona radiata

D. Zona pellucida.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

62. Corona radiata is derived from

A. Membrana granulosa

B. Cumulus ovaricus

C. Theca interna

Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
33. Sperm s move actively in female genital tract by
A. Creeping
B. Gliding
C. Swimming
D. Jet propulsion.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

D. Theca externa.

- A. 1.5-3.0cm/min
- B. 1.5-3.0mm/min
- C. 1.5-3.0m/min
- D. 1.5-3.0m/hr.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

65. Ovum receives the sperm in the region of

- A. Animal pole
- B. Vegetal pole
- C. Equator

Answer: A::D
Watch Video Solution
56. Axial filament of sperm is formed by
A. Distal centriole
B. Proximal centriole
C. Mitoc hondrial spiral
D. DNA.
Answer: A::D
Watch Video Solution

D. Pigmented area.

67. In corona radiata, the cells are held together by	,
--------------------------------------------------------------	---

- A. Cytoplasmic connections
- B. Cell membrane interdigitations
- C. Thin layer of intercellular cement
- D. Hyaluronic acid.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

- 68. Cells of corona radiata disperse just
 - A. After fertilazation
 - B. Before implantation
 - C. At the time of coming in contact with sperm

D. After cleavage.	
Answer: B	
Watch Video Solution	
69. Zona pellucida disintegrates just:	
A. Before fertilization	
B. After fertilization	

C. Midway during cleavage

Watch Video Solution

Answer: D

D. After completion of cleavage.

70. Body of embryo is formed from

- A. Trophoblast
- B. Inner cell mass
- C. Outer cell mass
- D. Trophoectoderm.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

71. Morphogenetic movements involve

- A. Movement of organs
- B. Movement of small cell masses
- C. Movement of large cells masses

Watch Video Solution	
2. Primitive gut or archenteron is lined by	
A. Ectoderm	
B. Mesoderm	
C. Endoderm	
D. Trophoectoderm.	
nswer: C	
Watch Video Solution	

D. Differentiation of cells.

A. Ectoderm
B. Mesoderm
C. Endoderm
D. Both layers of mesoderm and endoderm.
Answer: A::D
Watch Video Solution
74. Which is not formed by endoderm?
A. Pancreas
B. Kidneys with cloaca
C. Liver

73. Nerves develop from

American D	
Answer: B	
Watch Video Solution	
75. Mesoderm produces	
A. Brain	
B. Heart	
C. Urinary b ladder	
D. Middle ear.	
Answer: B	
Watch Video Solution	

D. Lungs.

76. The organ not formed by ectoderm is
A. Brain
B. Spinal cord
C. Internal ear
D. gonads.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
77. Which is formed first ?
A. Yolk sac
B. E mbryonic disc

D. Inner cell mass.	
Answer: D	
Watch Video Solution	
78. Part of primitive gut is	
A. Yok sac	
B. Embryonic disc	

C. Trophoblst

Answer: A

D. Inner cell mass.

Watch Video Solution

79. Mesoderm proliferates from

- A. Trophoblast
- B. Cephalic end of embryonic disc
- C. Ectoderm of embryonic disc.
- D. Caudal end of embryonic disc

Answer: d



Watch Video Solution

80. Foetal membranes produced by trophoblast are

- A. Chorion and allantois
- B. chorion and amnion
- C. Amnion and allatois

D. Allantois an d yolk sac.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
31. Lens of eye retina is developed from
A. Ectodermal
B. Mesodermal
C. Endodermal

D. Ectodermal and mesoderma.

Watch Video Solution

Answer: A

82. Pancreas is	
A. Ectodermal	
B. Mesodermal	
C. Endodermal	
D. None of the above	
Answer: C	
Watch Video Solution	
83. Kidneys are	
A. Ectodermal	
B. Mesodermal	
C. Endodermal	

Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
4. The internal ears develop from
A. Ectoderm
B. Endoderm
C. Mesoderm
D. Ectoderm and endoderm.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution

D. None of the above

85. Foetus developing in the genital tract without getting nourishment from the mother is a case of

- A. Vivipary
- B. Ovipary
- C. Ovo-viviary
- D. None of the above.

Answer: C



86. Tongue of frog/rabbit is

- A. Ectodermal
- B. Mesodermal

D. None of the above
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
87. Vertebral coloumn develops from
A. Notochord
B. Nerve cord
C. Mesoderm
D. Endoderm.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution

C. Endodermal

- 88. Emboly is
 - A. Migration of micromeres into the blastocoel
 - B. Migration of macromeres into the blastocel
 - C. Migration of endoderm, mesoderm and notochord in the blastocoel
 - D. None of the above.

Answer: C



- 89. Solid blastula is known as
 - A. Coeloblastula
 - B. Disocoblastula

D. Superficial blastula.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
90. Fertilization was first descovered by
A. Aristotle
B. Leeuwenhoek
C. Harvey
D. pander.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution

C. Stereoblastula

91. Cleavage was first seen by
A. Spallanzani
B. Aristotle
C. Hertwig
D. Harvey.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
92. the origin of germ layers in chick embryo was described by
A. Hans Speman
B. Pander
C. Charles Bonnet

Watch Video Solution	
3. Dtermination cleavage is found in	
A. Coelenterates	
B. Annelida	
C. Nematodes	
D. All the above.	
nswer: D	

D. None of the above.

94. Coeloblastula is found in
A. Labeo
B. Snakes
C. Star fish
D. Imop/
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
95. The discoblastula is found in
95. The discoblastula is found in

Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
96. The superficial blastula is the characteristic of
A. Birds
B. Reptiles
C. Insects
D. Annelids.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

D. Rana.

97. Spiral cleavage is found in
A. Coelenteratea
B. Annelids
C. Echinodermata
D. Cephalopod Molluscs.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
98. The hypoblast (inner germ layer of gastrula) forms the
A. Ectoderm
B. Mesoderm
C. Endoderm

9. the epiblast (outer germ layer of gastrula) forms the A. Ectoderm B. Mesoderm C. Endoderm	
B. Mesoderm	
C. Endoderm	
D. None of the above.	
nswer: A	

D. None of the above.

100. The neurenteric canal opens to the outside by
A. Mouth
B. Blastopore
C. Neuropore
D. None of the above.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
101. The medullary tube is formed by
A. Ectoderm
B. Mesoderm
C. Endoderm

Watch Video Solution	
)2. the proctodaeum develops from	
A. Ectoderm	
B. Mesoderm	
C. endoderm	
D. None of the above.	
nswer: A	

D. None of the above.

103. The process by way of which a larva or miniature adult comes out of the egg membranes is called.

- A. Hatchintg
- B. Emboly
- C. Epiboly
- D. Ingression.

Answer: A



104. Cleavage differs from mitosis because

- A. In cleavage there is no growth phase
- B. In cleavage consumption of \mathcal{O}_2 of increases

C. In cleavage nucleus-cytoplasmic ratio increases

D. All the above.

Answer: D



105. During gastrulation blastomeres move from the surface to their destination in the embryo. These movements are c alled

- A. Migratory movements
- B. Formative movements
- C. Morphogentic movement
- D. All the above.

Answer: D



106. During cleavage all division are
A. Equal
B. Reductional
C. Mitotic
D. Determinate.
Answer: C Watch Video Solution
107. Division in which the egg divides completely is known as
A. Holoblastic
B. Meroblastic

- C. Macroblastic

 D. Blastogenic.
- **Answer: A**



Watch Video Solution

- **108.** Heart is
 - A. Ectodermal
 - B. Mesodermal
 - C. Endodermal
 - D. None of the above.

Answer: B



109. Skeleton and muscles in a vertebrate embryo develop from
A. Ectoderm
B. Mesoderm
C. Endo-mesoderm
D. Endoderm.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
110. Ontogenetically, liver and pancreas are
A. Ectodermal
B. Mesodermal
C. Endodermal

Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
111. Meroblastic cleavage takes place in
A. Hydra
B. Amphioxus
C. Frog
D. Chick.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution

D. None.

112. During cleavage. Wh	nat is true about cells?
---------------------------------	--------------------------

- A. Nucleocytoplasmic ratio remains unchanged
- B. Size does n ot increase
- C. There is less consumption of oxygen
- D. The division is like me iosis.

Answer: B



- 113. Human placenta is
 - A. haemochorial
 - B. Syndesmochorial
 - C. yolk sac

Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
114. Allantois is embryonic membrane found in
A. Mammals
B. Birds
C. Reptiles
D. Birds, mammals and reptiels.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution

D. Haemo-endothelial.

115. Amniotic fluid protects the foetus from A. Shock B. Encystment C. Degeneration D. Disease. Answer: A **Watch Video Solution**

116. Umbilical cord contains

- A. Umbilicus
- B. Placenta
- C. Discus proligerus

Watch Video Solution	n		
17. Amnion is helpful to en	nbryo in		
A. Nutrition			
B. Proection from shock			
C. Excretion			
D. Respiration.			
nswer: B			
Watch Video Solution	n		

D. Allantoic artery and vein.

118. Gestation period is the duration:

- A. Between egg growth and ovulation
- B. Of fertilization
- C. Between fertilization and parturition
- D. Between preparation of sex cells and fertilisation.

Answer: C



- **119.** In mammals, the onset of pregnancy causes
 - A. Secretion of testorsterone
 - B. Degeneration of ovary
 - C. Inhibition of further ovulation

Watch Video Solution	
20. Vascular and excretory organs are for	med from
A. Endoderm	
B. Mesoderm	
C. Ectoderm of embryonic disc.	
D. Mesendoderm.	
nswer: B	
Watch Video Solution	

D. Inhibition of fertilization.

121. In which organ the bulk is formed of endoderm A. Intestine B. Liver C. Heart Kidney. D. Kidney. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution**

122. Chosse the correct one

A. Mesoderm-skeleton

B. Mesoderm-brain

C. Ectoderm-liver

Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
123. In devalopment, Eustachian tube is
A. Ectodermal
B. Mesodermal
C. Endodermal
D. Both mesodermal and endodermal.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

D. Endoderm-epidermis.

124.	In	development,	neruvous	system	(brain,spinal	cord,nerve
cells) is					

- A. Ectodermal
- B. Endodermal
- C. Endomesoderma
- D. Endomesodermal

Answer: A



- 125. Which one develops from ectoderm?
 - A. Liver and heart
 - B. Notochord and vertebral column

- C. Spinal cord and brain D. Eye and skin. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 126. Some parts developed from ectoderm are A. Retina, epidermis and brain
- - B. Brain, liver and gills
 - C. Dermis, nerves and lungs
 - D. Spinal cord, epidermis and heart.

Answer: A



127. Olfactory epithelium develop from

- A. Embryonic endoderm
- B. Embryonic ectoderm
- C. Embryonic mesoderm
- D. Embronic mesenchyme.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

128. Notochord grows from

- A. Neuropore
- B. Prechordal plate
- C. Hypochordal rod

Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
29. Notochord develops from
A. Primary ectoderm
B. Primary endoderm
C. primary mesoderm
D. Both A and B
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

D. Chorda-mesoderm.

A. Mesoderm-skeleton
B. Ectoderm
C. Endoderm
D. Both ectoderm and endoderm.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
131. Gonads/testes develop from embryonic
A. Ectoderm
B. Endoderm
C. Mesoderm

130. Retina, eye lens brain and skin are formed from

D. Both mesoderm and endoderm.

Answer: C



cell

Watch Video Solution

132. What is true of cleavage?

A. Daughter cells or blastomeres grow in size equal to paren t

- B. Blastomeres separate
- C. Cytoplasm of blastomeres increases after each division.
- D. There is no growth of daughter cells.

Answer: D



133. Spermiogenesis changes

- A. Spermatogonium to primary spermatocyte
- B. Primary spermatocyte to secondary spermatocyte
- C. Secondary spermatocyte to spermatid
- D. Spermatid to sperm

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

134. What is the total number of polar bodies formed during oogenesis in the ovary?

- A. 4
- B. 3

C. 1

D. 2

Answer: C



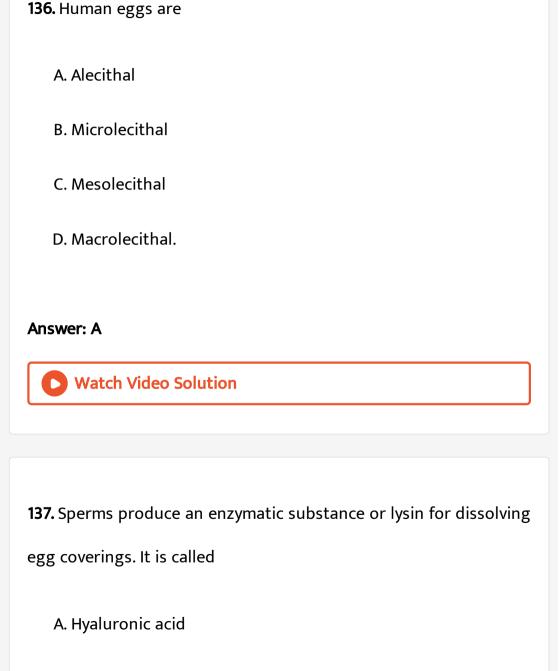
Watch Video Solution

135. In spermatogenesis, a primary spermatocyte produces four similar sperms while in oogenesis, a primary oocyte forms

- A. Four similar ova.
- B. Three large ova and one polar body
- C. Two large ova and two polar bodies
- D. One large ovum and 2-3 polar bodies.

Answer: D





- B. hyaluronidase
- C. Androgamone
- D. Diastase.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

- 138. Fertilizins are present over
 - A. Immature eggs
 - B. Mature eggs
 - C. Sperms
 - D. Polar bodies.

Answer: B



watch video Solution

139. How many sperms are produced from one primary spermatocyte?

- A. 8
- B. 6
- C. 2
- D. 4

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

140. 50 secondary oocytes in female and 50 secondary spermatocytes in male give rise to

- A. 50 ova and 100 sperms
- B. 100 ova and 200 sperms
- C. 200 ova and 50 sperms
- D. 100 ova and 100 sperms.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

- **141.** Which is the correct sequence in spermatogenesis?
- A. Spermatogonia ightarrow Spermatids ightarrow Secondary

spermatocytes $\, o \,$ Primary spermatocytes $\, o \,$ Sperms

- B. Spermatogonia $\ \ \rightarrow \ \$ Spermatids $\ \ \ \rightarrow \ \$ Primary spermatocytes
 - ightarrow Secondary spermatocytes ightarrow Sperms

C. Primary spermatocytes ightarrow Secondary spermatocytes ightarrow

spermatids o Spermatogonia o Sperms

D. Spermatogonia o primary spermatocytes o Secondary spermatocytes o Spermatocytes o Spermatids o Sperms.

Answer: D



142. How many sperms are formed from a secondary spermatocyte?

A. 4

B. 8

C. 2

D. 1

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

143. What is true about the process of fertilization?

- A. Only acrosome of sperms enters the egg
- B. Two haploid nuclei fuse but the fusion nucleus divides immediately to form two haploid nuclei.
- C. entry of sperm activates the egg to complete meiosis
- D. Only one sperm enters an egg.

Answer: D



- 144. What are the diploid stages in gametogenesis?
 - A. 50 secondary spermatocytes and 50 secondary oocytes
 - B. 25 secondary spermatocytes and 25 secondary ooytes.
 - C. 25 primary spermatocytes and 25 primary ooytes
 - D. 25 primary spermatocytes and 100 primary oocytes.

Answer: B



- 145. Which chemical of the egg attracts and holds sperm?
 - A. Fertilizin
 - B. Antifertilizin
 - C. Agglutin

D. Angtiagglutin.	
nswer: D	
Watch Video Solution	
46. Human egg has	
A. One Y-chromosome	
B. One x-Chromosome	
C. Two X-Chromosomes	

D. One X-chromosome and one Y-hromosome.

Answer: A

147. Which is the correct sequence in spermatogenesis?

A. Spermatogonia o Spermatids o Secondary spermatocytes o Sperms

B. Spermatogonia $\, o \,$ Spermatids $\, o \,$ Primary spermatocytes

ightarrow Secondary spermatocytes ightarrow Sperms

C. Primary spermatocytes ightarrow Secondary spermatocytes ightarrow

 $\mathsf{spermatids} \ \to \ \mathsf{Spermatogonia} \ \to \ \mathsf{Sperms}$

D. Spermatogonia o primary spermatocytes o Secondary spermatocytes o Spermatocytes o Spermatids o Spers.

Answer: B



148. The eggs of some mammals have more yolk. They are
A. Aquatic mammals
B. Metatherians
C. Protherians
D. Eutherians.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
149. Meroblastic cleavage is division.
A. Horizontal
B. Partial/parietal

D. 9	Spiral	
------	--------	--

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

150. Insec egg is

- A. Homolecithal
- B. Telolecithal
- C. Centrolecithal
- D. Alecithal.

Answer: C



151. A morula can be differentiated from blastula in
A. Presence of cavity
B. Presence of more yolk
C. Presence of yolk
D. Absence of cavity.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution

152. A zygote is completely divided into two by a cleavage furrow.

The cleavage type is

- A. Equatorial
- B. Meroblastic

D. Holoblastic.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
153. Eye lens is formed from
A. Ectoderm
B. Mesoderm
C. Endoderm
D. Ectoderm and mesoderm.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

C. Radial

154. Gastrula and stage is characterised by A. End of Blastocoel

- B. Blastopore
- C. Formation of neural tube
- D. End of archenteron.

Answer: A



- **155.** Which one contains only mesodermal structure?
 - A. Liver, heart, blood, and muscles
 - B. Notochord, heart, blood and bone
 - C. Liver, heart, blood and bone

D. Liver,blood ,notochord and muscles.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
56. Enzyme secreted by sperm is
A. Sperm trypsin
B. Sperm lysin
C. Male hormone

D. Sperm gastrin.

Watch Video Solution

Answer: B

157. Meroblastic segmentation occurs duri ng the development of	
A. Pigeon	
B. Human	
C. Frog	
D. Dog,Fish.	
Answer: A	
Watch Video Solution	
158. In simplest type of placenta, Six barriers separate maternal blood from foetal blood. How many barriers are lost in human	

- B. Two haploid nuclei fuse but the fusion nucleus divides immediately to form two haploid nuclei.
- C. three
- D. four

Answer: C



159. In centrolecithal eggs, the cleav age is

- A. Equal holoblastic
- B. Unequal holoblastic
- C. Unequal holoblastic
- D. Meroblastic superficial.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

160. Blastopore is

- A. Opening of neural tube
- B. Opening of gastrocel/archenteron
- C. Future anterior end of embryo
- D. Found in blastula.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

161. On fertilization of egg nucleus with sperm nucleus

A. Second maturation is completed B. Embryo is formed C. First polar body is formed D. First maturation is completed. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution**

162. Secodnary oocyte is formed

- A. Before ovum maturation
- B. After mitosis of germinal cells
- C. After fertilization
- D. Before fertilization

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

163. Extrusion of second polar body from egg occurs:

- A. After entry of sperm before completion of fertilization
- B. After completion of fertilisation
- C. Before enetry of sperm
- D. Without any relation of sperm entry.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

164. Termination of gastrulation is marked by

B. Obliteration of archenteron
C. Closure of blastopore
D. Closure of neural tube.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
165. In mammals the archenteron/primitive gut is lined with
A. Ectoderm
B. Mesoderm
C. Endoderm
D. Mesoderm and endoderm.

A. Obliteration of blastocoel

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

166. Relative sizes of egg cell, morula, blastula and gastrula cells are

- (a) Egg cell is the smallest and gastrula cell is the largest
- (b) All are of equal size
- (c) Egg cell is the largest and morula cell is the smallest
- (d) Egg cell is the largest and gastrula cell is the smaller.
 - A. Egg cell is the smallest and gastrula cell is the largest
 - B. All are of equal size
 - C. Egg cell is the largest and morula cell is the smallest.
 - D. Egg cell is the largest and gastrula cell is the smaller.

Answer: C

167. Polar bodies develop during the formation of

A. Spermatogonia ightarrow Spermatids ightarrow Secondary

spermatocytes $\;
ightarrow\;$ Primary spermatocytes $\;
ightarrow\;$ Sperms

B. Ova

C. Oogonia

D. Sperms.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

168. In telolecithal egg the yolk is found

B. On one side C. Both the sides D. Centre. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 169. At the time of fertilization. A. First maturation division is completed B. Embryo is formed C. Second maturation division is completed D. First polar body is formed.

A. All over the egg

Answer: C Watch Video Solution

170. Human beings are

- A. Ovoviviparous
- **B.** Oviparrous
- C. Parthenogenetic
- D. Viviparous.

Answer: D



171. Extra-embryonic membranes provide

A. Cells to the embryo B. Protection to embryo C. Nutrition to embryo D. Both B and c. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 172. Ascrosome reaction is sperm is triggered by A. Capacitation B. Relese of lysin C. Influx of Na^+ D. Release of fertilisin.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

173. Amont of yolk and its distribution are changed in the egg.

Which one is affected?

- A. Pattern of cleavage
- B. Formation of zygote
- C. Number of blastomeres
- D. Fertilization

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

A. Mitochondria
B. Centrioles
C. golgi bodies
D. Ribosomes.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
175. Scrotal sacs of man and rabbit are connected with the
abdominal
cavity by
A. Inguinal canal

174. Acrosome is made up of

B. Haversian canalC. Vagina cavityD. Spermatic canal.

Answer: A



176. Eggs are liberated from ovary in humans in the

- A. Secondary oocyte stage
- B. Primary oocyte stage
- C. Mature ovum stage.
- D.

Answer: A



Watala Vida - Caladia

watch video Solution

177. Cryoptorchidism is a condition in which

A. Unable to descend in scrotal sacs

B. Unable to produce sperms

C. Having been surgically removed

D. Having remained undeveloped.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

178. In mammals, the testes occur in scrotal sacs outside the viscera because of the

A. Presence of urinary bladder

- B. Presence of rectum
- C. Long vas defrens
- D. Requirement of low temperature for spermatogenesis.

Answer: D



- 179. In between spermatogonia are found
 - A. Germinal cells
 - B. Sertoli cells
 - C. Epithelial cells
 - D. Lymph space.

Answer: B



Matala Mala a Galatian

watch video Solution

180. Testosterone is secreted by

A. Acinar cells

B. graafian follicles

C. Leyding cells

D. Hepatic cells.

Answer: C



181. The Graafian follicles are found in

A. Testis of mammal

B. Ovary of frog

- C. Ovary of cockroach
- D. Ovary of mammals

Answer: D



182. Sertoli cells are found in

- A. Seminiferous tubules
- B. Germinal epithelium
- C. Cauda epidiymis
- D. Caput epididymis

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

183. Cells of leydig occur in
A. Liver and heart
B. Ovary
C. Testis
D. Spleen.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
184. Occurrence of Leydig's cells and their secretion is
A. Liver-cholesterol

B. Ovary-estrogen

C. Testis-testosterone/and rogens

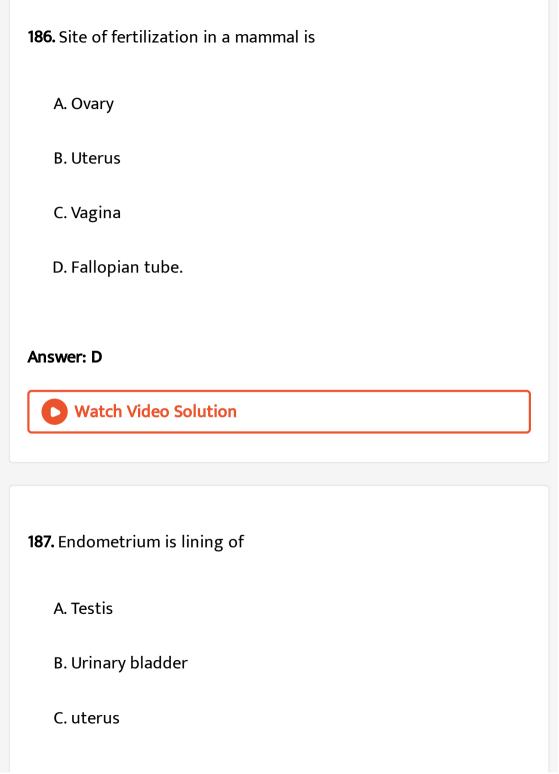
D. Pancreas-glucagon. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 185. Which accessory genital gland occurs only in mammalian

male?

- A. Cowper's gland
- B. Bartholin gland
- C. Prostate gland
- D. Perineal gland.

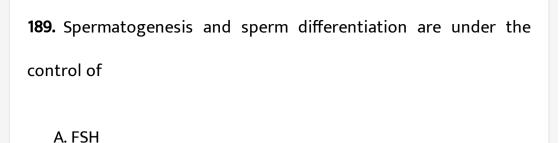
Answer: C





Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
188. Seminiferous tubuleous occur in :
A. Liver
B. kidney
C. Ovary
D. Testis.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution

D. Ureter.



B. LH

C. Testosterone

D. Parathyroid hormone.

Answer: A



190. Bartholin's glands of female correspond to which glands in male?

A. Inguinal glands

- B. Prostate glands
- C. Cowper's glands
- D. Rectal glands

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

- 191. Cowper's glands are found in:
 - A. Male mammals
 - B. Female mammals
 - C. Male amphibians
 - D. Female amphibians.

Answer: A



C. Lsosome of acrosome
D. Tail of sperm.

Answer: B



194. In mammals maturation of sperms take place at a temperature

- A. Equal to that of body
- B. Higher than that of body
- C. Higher than that of body
- D. Lower than that of body

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

195. The middle piece of the sperm contains
A. Mitochondria and centriole
B. Mitochondria only
C. Centriole only
D. Nucleus and mitochondria.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
196. Tail-lss sperm occurs in
A. Frog
B. Ascaris

D. Rabbit.	
nswer: B	
Watch Video Solution	
97. Onset of pregnancy	
A. Stimulate testaterone secretion	

B. Inhibits further ovulation

Watch Video Solution

Answer: B

C. Leads to degeneration of ovary

D. Inhibite fusion of egg and sperm nulei.

198. The Sertoli cells occur in A. Human testis B. Frog testis C. Human ovary D. Frog ovary. Answer: A **Watch Video Solution**

199. Graffian follicles contain

- A. Corpus luteum
- B. Corpus alibicana
- C. Theca externa and theca interna

D. Oogonial cells.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

200. Brunner's glands occur in

A. Females and help in vestibluar lubrication.

B. Females and produce oestrogen for regulating secondary sexual characters

D. Males and produce alkaline fluid for nuetralising urethral

acididy.

Answer: A

C.



Watala Video Calatian

L	watcn	viaeo	Solution	

201. Loss of reproductive capacity in women after the age of 45 years is

- A. Mensturation
- B. Ageing
- C. Menopause
- D. Menarche.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

202. Urine of the-would-be mother contains.

A. LH

B. Progesterone
C. FSH
D. hCG.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
203. Which one is a primary sex organ ?
A. Scrotum
B. Penis
C. Testis
D. Prostate.
Answer: C



204. Which is correct?

- A. Menstrual cycle is present in all mammals
- B. Menstrual cycle is present in all primates.
- C. Estrus cycle occurs in all mammals
- D. Most m ammals are ovoviviparous.

Answer: B



205. Yellow corpus luteum occurs in mammals in

- A. Heart to initiate heart beat
- B. Skin to function as pain receptor

C. Brain and connects cerebral hemispheres D. Ovary for secretion of progesterone.

Answer: D



206. A female gland corresponding to the prostrate of males is

- A. Bartholin's gland
- B. Bulburethral gland
- C. Clitoris
- D. None of the above.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

A. Sperms are non-nucleate
B. Spermatogenesis does not occur
C. Semen is without sperms
D. Sperms are nomotile.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
208. Fertilization is :
A. Union of diploid spermatozoon with diploid ovum to form
diploid zygote

207. What would happen if vasa deferentia of man are cut?

- B. Union of haploid sperm with haploid ovum to form haploid zygote
- C. Union of haploid sperm with haploid ovum to form diploid zygote
- D. Union of diploid sperm with haploid ovum to form triploid zygote.

Answer: C



- **209.** Vascular tissue is derived from
 - A. Epithelium q
 - B. Ectoderm
 - C. All germinal layers

Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
210. Which one is produc ed by mesoderm?
A. Heart and notochord
B. Heart and brain
C. Spinal cord and notochord
D. Brain and notochord.
Answer: A

D. Mesoderm.

Watch Video Solution

211. Fir st step in activation of ovum during process of fertilization is

- A. Formation of fertilization membrane
- B. Fertilizin-antifertilizin reaction
- C. Penetration of sperm in ovum
- D. Formation of fertilization cone.

Answer: B



212. In a mammalian sperm, spirally arranged mitochondria around an axial filament occurs in

A. Middle piece

- B. Head
- C. End piece of tail
- D. Principal piece of tail.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

213. A mature sperm has

- A. A pair of flagella
- B. A nucleus, an acrosome and a centrole
- C. A nucleus, an acrosome, a pair of centrioles
- D. A nucleus an acrosome a pair of cntrioles and a tail.

Answer: D



March veda a calculan

W	atcn video	Solution		

214. The extraembryonic membranes of mammalian embryo are derived from

- A. Inner cell mass
- B. Trophoblast
- C. Formative cells
- D. Follicle cells.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

215. What is true about cleavage in the fertilised egg in humans?

A. Meroblastic

- B. Starts when egg reaches uterus
- C. Starts in fallopian tube.
- D. It is identical to normal mitosis.

Answer: C



216. Total cleavage is possible in eggs

- A. Isolecithal
- B. Mesolecithal
- C. Oligolecithal
- D. Telolecithal.

Answer: C



AATARAL ARALA GALARIAA



217. Solid ball of cell produced by repeated cleavage is called

A. Morula

B. Blastula

C. Blastocyst

D. Blastodisc.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

218. Membrane that gives protection to embryo from external shocks is

A. Amnion

B. Alantois
C. Chorion
D. Placenta.

Answer: A



219. In mammals, primivie streak gives rise to

- A. Ectoderm
- B. Mesoderm
- C. Endoderm
- D. All the germ layers.

Answer: B



March Malai Calaitan



220. Migration and rearragnement of cells during embryo development occur in

- A. Epiboly
- B. emboly
- C. Involution
- D. Gastrulation.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

221. Immediate memberane covering the mammalian egg is

A. Corona radiata

B. Zona pellucida

C. Vitelline membrane

D. Chorion.

Answer: C

Watch Video Solution

- 222. Chemical substance present on the surface of sperm is
 - A. Hyalouronidase
 - B. Antifertilizin
 - C. Agglutinin
 - D. Fertilizin.

Answer: B



watch video Solution

223. Breaking of acrosome membrane is:

A. Agglutination

B. Activation

C. Cavitation

D. Capacitation.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

224. At the end of first meiotic divisiion, male germ cell differentiates into

A. Secodnary spermatocyte

B. Primary spermatocyte to secondary spermatocyte C. Spermatogonium D. Spermatid. Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 225. Layer of blastocyst that gives rise to ectoderm is A. Trophoectoderm B. Embryo disc C. Cnidoblast D. Amnion. **Answer: B**



226. State two parameters for tiger census in our country.



227. Foetal membrane that provides the first blood corpuscle for circulation in embryo is

- A. Trophoblast
- B. Yolk sac
- C. Amnion and allatois
- D. Chroion.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

228. Which is urinary bladder of child in womb?
A. Urinary bladder
B. Liver
C. Allantois
D. Amnion.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
229. Type of cleavage in an eggs is determined by
A. Amount and distributin of yolk
B. Number of egg membrane

C. Size and location of nucleus

Watch Video Solution 30. Ectoderm produces A. Mesodeaeum B. Proctodaeum
30. Ectoderm produces A. Mesodeaeum
A. Mesodeaeum
A. Mesodeaeum
B. Proctodaeum
C. Stomodaeum
D. Both B and C.
nswer: D
Watch Video Solution

231. Egg with little yolk is A. Alecithal B. Microlecithal C. Mesolecithal D. Polylecithal. **Answer: B**



232. Coelom is formed by splitting of

- A. Mesoderm-skeleton
- B. Ectoderm
- C. Endoderm

Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
233. Neural tube is formed by
A. Endoderm
B. Mesoderm
C. Ectoderm
D. Megaspore.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

D. All the above.

234. Which one develops from endoderm.
A. Nervous system, urinary bladder and eye
B. Liver,connective tissue and heart
C. Thymne, spinakl cord and brain
D. Liver, pancreas and thymus/thyroid.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution

235. Whichone develop from ectoderm

A. Adrenal medulla

B. Adrenal cortex

C. Blood

Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
236. When do the three germinal layers diffrentiate
A. Blastula
B. Gastrula
C. Cleavage
D. Fertilization.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution

D. Lymph.

237. Monozygotic twins are formed when:
A. Two ova are fertilized simultaneously
B. Incomplete cleavage of zygote
C. First cleavage of zygote is followed by separation into two
D. Tehre is on cleavage.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
238. Which one is not formed from ectoderm?
A. Notochord

B. Epidermis

C. Internal ear

D. Branchial arches.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

- 239. Which is correct sequence of egg layers from outside to inside
 - A. Rardiata, Proliferous and Pellucida
 - B. Proliferous, Radiata and Pellucids
 - C. Proliferous, Yolk Sac and Radiata
 - D. None of the above.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

A. Macrolecithal
B. Oligolecithal
C. Mesolecithal
D. Alecithal.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
241. Fertilization is fusion of
A. Diploid spermatozoan with diploid ovum to form dploid
zygote

240. Reptile and bird egg are

- B. Haploid spermatozoan with diploid ovum to form diploid zygote
- C. Diploid spermatozoan with haploid ovum to form dioploid zygote
- D. Haploid spermatozoan with haploid ovum to form diploid zygote.

Answer: D



- **242.** Egg of Frog is
 - A. Centrolecithal
 - B. Macrolecithal
 - C. Telolecithal

Watch Video Solution	
243. In the development of Frog. Gastrulat	ion is followed by
A. Invagination	
B. Emboly	
C. Epiboly	
D. All the above.	
Answer: D	
Watch Video Solution	

D. Microlecithal.

244. ATP ws discovered by
A. Leuwenhoek
B. Aristole
C. Graaf
D. Pander
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
245. Which is derived from ectoderm?
A. Epidermis
B. Spinal cord
C. Retina

D. All the above.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
246. Two formative movements that take place during gastulation are
A. Involutin and invagination
B. Epiboly and emboly
C. Invagination and ingression

D. Ingression and delamination.

Watch Video Solution

Answer: B

247. During cleavage, nucleocytoplasmic ratio nucelus/cytoplasm
A. Increases
B. Decreases
C. Remains same
D. None of the above.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
248. Sperm head contains
A. Mitochondria
B. Nucleus
C. Yolk

D. Centrosome	
Answer: B	
Watch Video Solution	
249. Which part of the sperm plays an important role in penetrating the egg membrane?	
A. Tail	
B. Acrosome	
C. Allosome	

D. Autosome.

Watch Video Solution

Answer: B

A. Spiral
B. Meroblastic
C. Holoblastic
D. Meridional
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
251. Atretic follicles are found in the
A. Ovary
B. Thymus
C. Testis

250. Cleavage involving in complete division is

D. Liver
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
252. Preparation of sperm before penetration of ovum is
A. Spermation
B. Coition
C. Insemination

D. Capacitation.

Watch Video Solution

Answer: D

253. Acrosomal reaction occurs at the time of

- A. Excretion
- B. Painful stimulation
- C. Movement of sperm
- D. Fertilisation.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

254. Third phase of embryo development is

- A. Cleavage
- B. Fertilization
- C. Gametogenesis

D. Gastrulation.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
255. Villi of human placenta develop from
A. Chorion and allantois
B. Allantois

C. Yolk sac

Answer: A

D. Both A and B

Watch Video Solution

256.	Active	inrolling	of	endodermal	and	mesodermal	cells	into
inter	rior of e	embryo is						

- A. Ingression
- B. Involution
- C. Inversion
- D. Epiboly.

Answer: B



257. Holoblastic cleavage occurs in

- A. Insects
- B. Frog

C. Birds					
D. Mammals.					
Answer: D					
Watch Video Solution					
258. Presence of massive yolk at one end maks the egg					
A. Telolecithal					
B. Mesolecithal					
C. Centrolecithal					
D. Oligolecithal.					
Answer: A					
Watch Video Solution					

259. Point of sperm enetyr forms A. Axis of cleavage B. Grey crescent C. Doresal lip of blastopore D. Centre of embryo rotation. Answer: A **Watch Video Solution**

260. Liver and pancrease develop form

A. Ecotoderm

B. Endoderm

C. Mesoderm

D. Both A	and B
-----------	-------

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

261. Acrosome of sperm contains

A. Tail part

B. Behind the nucleus

C. Middle piece

D. Tip.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

263. Fertilised ovum is transplanted in uterus after

A. 1 day

B. 7 day

C. 8 days

D. 10days.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

264. Correct sequence in development is :

- A. Fertilization $\;
 ightarrow\;$ Zygote $\;
 ightarrow\;$ Cleavage $\;
 ightarrow\;$ Morula $\;
 ightarrow\;$
 - Blastula ightarrow Gastrula
- B. Fertilization $\;
 ightarrow\;$ Zygote $\;
 ightarrow\;$ Blastula $\;
 ightarrow\;$ Morula $\;
 ightarrow\;$
 - Cleavage \rightarrow Gastula
- C. Fertilization ightarrow Cleavage ightarrow Zygote ightarrow Blastula ightarrow

Gastrula.

D. Cleavage ightarrow Zygote ightarrow Fertilization ightarrow Morula ightarrow

Blastula o Gastrula.

Answer: A



265. Eye develop from

- A. Ectoderm
- B. Mesoderm
- C. Endoderm
- D. Both A and B

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

266. Middle piece of mammalian sperm contains

A. Nucleus
B. Vacuole
C. Mitochondria
D. Centriole.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
267. Egg with peripheral cytoplasm around the yolk is
A. Isolecithal
B. Microlecithal
C. Telolecithal
D. Centrolecithal

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

268. Immediately after ovulation, the mammalian egg is covered by a membrane known as

- A. Chorion and allantois
- B. Zona pellucida
- C. Corona radiata
- D. Vitelline membrane.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

269. Leydig cells produce:
A. estrogen
B. Progesterone
C. Testosterone
D. Corticosterone.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
270. Spreading of presumptive ectoderm on underlying mass of cells is
A. Epiboly
B. Invagination

D. Delamination.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
271. The most primitive type of mammalian placenta is
A. Syndesmochorial
B. Endotheliochorial
C. Haemochorial
D. Epitheliochorial.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution

C. Ingression

272. Meroblastic cleavage occur in egg

- A. Isolecithal
- B. Microlecithal
- C. Telocithal
- D. All the above.

Answer: C



273. A change in ovum after the penetration of sperm is

- A. Formation of first polar body
- B. Second meiosis
- C. First meiosis

Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
274. Adrenal medulla and membranoous labyrinth develop from
A. Ectoderm
B. Endoderm
C. Mesoderm
D. Both B andC
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution

D. Formation of prounclei,

A. LH
B. FSH
C. Estrogen
D. Progesterone.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
276. If somatic chromosomes' number is 40, what shall be the chromosomal number in the cell of seminiferous tubules ?
A. 40
B. 20

275. Ovulation occurs under the influence of

C. 10

D. 40 and 20.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

277. In the 28 days human ovarian cycle, the ovulation takes place typically on

A. Day 1

B. Day 5

C. Day 14

D. Day 28.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

278. Progesterone is secreted by
A. Corpus luteum
B. Thyroid
C. Thymus
D. Testis.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
279. Release of oocytes/ova from ovary is
A. Gastation

B. Ovulation

C. Parturition
D. Implantation.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
280. The growth and maturation of Graafian follicle is caused by:
A. FSH-LH
B. FSH-LTH
C. ACTH-LH
D. GH-ADH
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution

281. For ovulation in reflex ovulators

- A. Coitus is necessary
- B. Coitus is not necessary
- C. Plenty of food is not necessary
- D. Plenty of food is necessary.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

282. Testes of rabbit occur:

- A. On either side of dorssal aorta
- B. Inside body
- C. On sides of kidneys

D. In scrotal sacs.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
283. Sugar fructose is present in the secretion of

A. Prostate gland

B. Perineal glande

C. Cowper's gland

D. Seminal vesicles.

Watch Video Solution

Answer: D

284. Spermatozoa are nourished during their development by
A. Sertoli cells
B. Interstitial cells
C. Connective tissue cells
D. None of the above.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
285. Testes in whale are

A. Extra abdominal

C. Internal

B. Half external, half internal

Watch Video Solution	
86. Prostate gland is present in	
A. On ureter	
B. On kidney	
C. On testis	
D. Around urethra.	
nswer: D	
nswer: D Watch Video Solution	

D. None of the above.

287. Prostate gland produces a secretion for
A. Attracting sperms
B. Stimulating sperm activity
C. Inhibiting sperm activity
D. None of the above.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution

288. Corpus luteum is developed from:

A. Oocyte

B. Nephrostonme

C. Ruptured Graffian Follicle

D. None of the above	
Answer: C	
Watch Video Solution	
999 G. H	

289. Cells of germinal epithelium are

- A. Cuboidal cells
- B. Columnar cells
- C. Squamous cells
- D. Stratified cells.

Answer: A



290. Corpus luteum secretes A. LH B. Estrogen C. Progesterone D. FSH **Answer: C**



291. In case of non-fertilization, corpus luteum

- A. Stops secreting progesterone
- B. Changes to corpus albicans
- C. Starts producing progesterone

D. None of the above.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
292. In apomictic/parthenogenetic development the individuals are

A. Morphologically and genetically similar

B. Morphologically and genetically different.

D. None of the above.

Watch Video Solution

Answer: A

C. Morphologically different but genetically similar

A. Ureter B. Urinary bladder C. Uterus D. Fallopian tube. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 294. Failure of testes tod descent into scrotum is A. Vasectomy B. Cryptorchidism

293. Fimbriated funnel is found over

C. Impotency

Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
295. Sertoli cells are involved in :-
A. Excretion
B. Respiration
C. Nutrition and morphogenesis of sperms
D. All the above.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

D. Tubectomy.

296. After ovulation, Graafian follicle forms
A. Corpus luteum
B. Corpus albicans
C. Corpus artesia
D. Corpus callosum.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
297. Secretion of progesterone by corpus luteum in initiated by
A. MSH
B. LH
C. Testerone

Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
298. Graafian follicle of ovary secretes
A. Estrogen
B. Relaxin.
C. Progesterone
D. Cortisone.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution

D. Thyroxine.

299. Corpus luteum occurs in
A. Uterus
B. Oviduct
C. Ovary
D. Vagina.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
300. Fallopian tube is part of
A. Uterus
A. Uterus B. Ureter

D. Oviduct.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
301. Seminal vesicles are located in
A. Caput epidydimis
B. Uterus
C. Above Cowper's gland
D. Glans penis.
Answer: C

Watch Video Solution

302. Cells of Leydig occur in

- A. Testis of Frog
- B. Kidney of Frog
- C. Kidney of Man
- D. Testis of Man.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

303. Number of eggs released in the life time of a woman is approximately

- A. 40
- B. 400

- C. 4000
- D. 20000

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

304. Correct hormonal sequence in the case of menstruation as

- A. FSH, progesterone, estroen
- B. Estrogen, FSH,progesterone
- C. FSH, estrogen, progesterone
- D. Estrogen,progesterone. FSH.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

305. Cervix is a part:
A. Kidney
B. Fallopian tube
C. Between uterus and vagina
D. Epididymis.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
306. Graafian follicle contains
A. Many oocytes

B. Many sperms

C. A single oocyte

Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
307. The Mullerian duct in the female amniotes developes into:
A. Ureter
B. Urethra
C. Sperm duct
D. Oviduct.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution

D. Site for egg fertilisation.

A. Gestation
B. Menopause
C. Lactation
D. Mensturation.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
309. The head of the epididymis at the head of the testis is called
A. Caput epididymis
B. Cauda epididymis
C. Vas deferens

308. Progesterone levels falls during :

Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
310. Human female reaches menopause at the age of about
A. 25 years
B. 35years
C. 50 years
D. 70 years.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

D. Gubernaculum.

311. Glands secreting male sex hormone are A. Leydig cells

B. Seminiferous tubules

C. Vasa deferentia

D. Testis.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

312. Estrogen is secreted by

A. Corpus luteum

B. Membranous granulosa of Graffian follicle.

C. Germinal epithelium of ovary

D. Pituitary.	
nswer: B Watch Video Solution	\neg
Watch video Solution	
13. Which one is correct combination	

3

- A. Haemoglobic-muscle contraction
- B. Sertoli cells-sperm nutrition
- C. Rods and cones-auditor reception
- D. Cochlea-eye.

Answer: B



314. Assertion: In a woman after hysterectomy (removal of uterus) the ovarian cycle is stopped.

Reason: Stoppage of FSH secretion.

A. A

B. B

C. C

D. D

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

315. Immediately after ovulation, the mammalian egg is covered by

A. Plasma membrane

a membrane known as

- B. Vitelline membrane
- C. Zona pellucida
- D. All the above.

Answer: C



- 316. Ovulation occurs in and on
 - A. 43687
 - B. 43813
 - C. 14-1 6
 - D. Last two days of menstrual cycle.

Answer: B



D watch will a callation

watcn	viaeo	Solution

317. Phase of menstrual cycle when ovulation occurs is

A. Luteal

B. Menstrual

C. Proliferative secretory and menstrual

D. Secretory.

Answer: C



318. Mammary glands are modified

A. Sebaceous glands

B. Seat glands

D. None of the above.	
Answer: B	
Watch Video Solution	
319. Antrum is the cavity of :	
A. Ovary	
B. Graffian follicle	
C. Blastual	
D. Gastrula.	
Answer: B	
Watch Video Solution	

C. Meibomian glands

320. Testes descent into scrotum in mammals for

- A. Spermatogensis
- B. Fertilization
- C. Devalopment of sec organs
- D. Development of visceral oragan.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

321. Nereis has

- A. Stereoblastula
- B. Discoblastula
- C. Coeloblastula

Answer: A				
Watch Video Solution				
322. The process of formation of ova is called				
A. Ovulation				
B. Oogenesis				
C. Oviparity				
D. Oviposition.				
Answer: B				
Watch Video Solution				

D. Superficial blastula.

323. The eggs of placental mammals are described as
A. Homolecithal
B. Alecithal
C. Microlecithal
D. Mesolecithal.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution

324. Function of alantois is

- A. Respiration
- B. Excretion
- C. Nutrition and excretion

Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
25. Free martin is an example of :
A. Hormonal controal of sex
B. Sex reversal
C. Transformer gene
D. Nutritional control of sex.
Answer: A

D. Protection from shock.

Watch Video Solution

326. Movement of sperm is due to A. Head B. Acrosome C. Middle piece D. Tail flagellum. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 327. What is true about cleavage in the fertilised egg in humans?

A. Starts in uterus

B. Is meroblastic

C. Starts when egg is in fallopian tube

Answer: C				
Watch Video Solution				
328. Egg with large amount of yolk is				
A. Microlecithal				
B. Mesolecithal				
C. Oligolecithal				
D. Macrolecithal.				
Answer: D				

D. Is discoidal.

Watch Video Solution

329. Ectoderm forms

- A. Sweat glands
- B. Nervous system
- C. Lens of eye
- D. All the above.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

330. Polar body is produced durign the formation of

- A. Sperm
- B. Secondary ooyte
- C. Oogonium

D. Spermatocytes.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
331. The head of a mature sperm is mainly composed of :-
A. An acrosome

B. Elongated nucleus covered by acrosome

D. Nucleus, acrosome, cytoplasm and mitochondrial shock.

C. Two centrioles and an axial filament

Watch Video Solution

Answer: B

332. Spermatogenesis involves

- A. Mitosis
- B. Meiosis
- C. Both A and B
- D. Metamorphosis.

Answer: C



333. Vegetal hemisphere of Frog's egg has

- A. Germinal vesicle
- B. Yolk sac
- C. Pigment

D). Grey cread	cent.					
Ansv	ver: B						
C	Watch Vio	deo So	lution				
334.	Germinal	layer	formed	from	trophoblast	of	mammalian
blast	tocyst is						
Δ	. Ectoderm						
В	s. Endoderm	1					
C	. Mesodern	n					

D. None of the above.

Watch Video Solution

Answer: D

335.	Develo	pment	which	freed	land	vertebrates	from	water	was

- A. Four appendages
- B. Four chambered heart
- C. Cleidoic egg
- D. Lungs.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

336. Grey crescent develops in

- A. Eye of Frog
- B. Fertilised egg of Frog
- C. Brain of Rabbit

D. Eye of Cockroach.

338. What is true of deuterostomes?
A. Presence of schizocoel

- B. Nonformation of anus from blastopore
- C. Coelum lined by mesoderm on both sides
- D. Absence of false coelom.

Answer: D



339. Division of human egg is:

- A. Equal holoblastic
- B. Unequl boloblastic
- C. Superficial meroblastic

Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
340. Mass of cells formed during early embryomic development of an animal is
A. Morula
B. Blastula
C. Amphiblastula
D. Gastrula.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution

D. Discoidal meroblastic.

341. Early embryonic stage that follows blastula is
A. Morula
B. Amphiblastula
C. Radula
D. Gastrula.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
342. Amnion surrounds
342. Amnion surrounds A. Allantois

D. Yolk sac.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

343. Given below are assertion and reason. Poin t out if both are true and the reason is correct explanation (A), both are true but reason is not correct explanation (B), assertion is ture but reason is wrong © and both are wrong(D) Assertion: in morula stage cell divides without increase in size. Reason. Zona pellucida remains till cleavage is finished

A. A

B.B

C. C

D. D

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

344. Meiosis during sperm formation of Ascaris, was first observed by

- A. Fleming
- B. Boveri
- C. Brauer
- D. De Vries

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

345. Cortical granules are associated with
A. Oogenesis
B. Spermatogenesis
C. Cleavage
D. Fertilization.
A
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution

346. Intestine develops from

- A. Ectoderm
- B. Endoderm
- C. Mesoderm

Answer: B	
Watch Video Solution	
347. Mosaic cleavage occurs in	
A. Camel	
B. Dog Fish	
C. Whale	
D. Echinococcus.	
Answer: D	
Watch Video Solution	

D. Pharyngeal pouch.

348. Egg of Cockroach is

- A. Alecithal
- B. Oligolecithal
- C. Microlecithal
- D. Centrolecithal

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

349. Which one is correct

- A. Meiosis I occurs in primary spermatocyte
- B. Meiosis I occurs in secondary spermatocyte
- C. Meiosis I takes place in spermatids

D. Meiosis II occurs in spermatids.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
350. Hyaluronidase is present in
A. Ovary
B. Ovum
C. Sperm
D. Blood.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

A. Optic nerve
B. Middle ear
C. Inner ear
D. Skin.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
352. The morphogenetic movements change the hollow spherical
blastula into a
A. Gastrula
B. Morula

351. An organ not formed from ectoderm is

- C. Neurula
- D. Embryonic disc

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

353. Polar bodies develop during the formation of

- A. Oogenesis
- B. Spermstogenesis
- C. Spermiogenesis
- D. Somatic hybridisation.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

354. Select the correct statement

- A. Fishes, reptiles and amphibians
- B. Amphibians, birds and reptiles
- C. Birds, reptiles and mammals
- D. Amphibians, reptiles and mammals.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

355. Oocyte is liberated from ovary under the influence of LH, after completing

- A. Meiosis and before liberating polar bodies
- B. Meiosis I and before liberating polar bodies

C. Meiosis I/before completion of meiosis II D. Meiosis I after release of polar body. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 356. Noncleiodic eggs occur in: A. Birds B. Fish

C. Reptiles

D. Platypus.

Watch Video Solution

Answer: B

357. Haemoendothelial placenta occurs in

- A. Man and Ape
- B. Cow and Goat
- C. Deer and Camel
- D. Rat and Rabbit

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

358. Which is incorrect regarding fertilisation

- A. Fertilisation occurs in fallopian tube
- B. Fertilisation is physico-chemical event
- C. Cleavage leads to increased mass of protoplasm

D. Cleavage produces morula.

Answer: C

Watch Video Solution

359. Number of chromosmes in secondary oocyte stage in human is

A. 23

B. 46

C. 18

D. 20

Answer: A

Watch Video Solution

A. Nucleus
B. Mitochondria only
C. Centriole only
D. Endopllasmic reticulum.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
361. Jaw bones are formed from
A. Ectoderm
B. Endoderm
C. Mesoderm

360. Which organelle is absent in human sperms?

Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
362. In development of Frog gastrulation involves
A. Epibody
B. Emboly
C. Invagination and ingression
D. All the above.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution

D. Ectoderm and endoderm.

363. Thick layer which immediately surrounds the ovum is
A. Zona pellucida

B. Membrana gramulosa

C. Corona radiata

D. Theca interna.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

364. Thick/follicular cells surrounding oocyte in Graffian follicle belong to

A. Zona pellucida

B. Corona rediata

- C. Zona vesiculosa

 D. Membrane granulosa.
- **Answer: B**



365. Sperms are stored and nourished inside

- A. Cowper's glands
- B. Epdidymis
- C. Seminferous tubules
- D. Vasa efferntia.

Answer: B



366. When egg is not fertilized, yellow colored corpus lutem degenerates to form

- A. Corpus albicans
- B. Corpus callosum
- C. Corppora bigemina
- D. Corpora quadrigenmins.

Answer: A



367. Meroblastic cleavage is

- A. Total
- B. Spiral

- C. Incomplete
- D. Horizontal.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

368. Given below are assertion and reason. Point out if both are correct with reason being true explanation (A), both correct but reason is not true explanation (B), assertion correct Assertion upto ovulation oocyte has released one polar body. Reason, Released oocyte in the fallopian tube is in secondary metaphase stage.

- A. A
- B. B
- C. C
- D. D

Answer: A Watch Video Solution

369. First or free milk is called:

- A. Colostrum
- B. Baby's milk
- C. Rostrum
- D. Cholesterol.

Answer: A



370. Surgical removal of uterus is called

A. Tubectony	
B. Hysterctomy	
C. Vasectomy	
D. Orchidectony.	
Answer: B	
Watch Video Solution	
371. Tunica albunginea is related to	
371. Tunica albunginea is related to A. Liver	
A. Liver	
A. Liver B. Lung	

Answer: D Watch Video Solution

372. Part of sperm that passes into ovum is

- A. Tail
- B. Acrosome
- C. Head
- D. Head, nect and middle piece.

Answer: D



373. Which grouping has gestation period in decreasing order?

- A. Cow, Horse,Goat ,Monkey and Swine pig.
- B. Horse, Cow, Goat, Monkey and Swine
- C. Moneky, Cow, Horse, Goat and Swine
- D. Monkey, Horse, Goat, Cow and Swine.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

374. Cumulus oophorus represents

- A. Heap of eggs
- B. Heap of maturing fullicle
- C. Mass of cells in Graffian follicle
- D. Mass of sperms embedded in Sertoli cells.

Watch Video Solution 375. In higher animals blastopore generally forms A. Anus B. Mouth C. Liver D. Gut. **Answer: A Watch Video Solution** 376. In deuterostomes second opening forms

Answer: C

A. Anus B. Mouth C. Nose D. Bo th A and B **Answer: B Watch Video Solution 377.** Cavity of gastrula is A. Coelom B. Blastocoel C. Archenteron D. Chorion.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

378. Gastrulation comprises

- A. Morphogenetic movements
- B. Differentiation of archenteron
- C. Differentiation of three germ layers.
- D. All the above.

Answer: D



A. Organogenesis
B. Neurogenesis
C. Mesogenesis
D. Notogenesis
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
380. Secondary sexual characters in females
A. Relaxin
B. Progesterone
C. Estrogen
D. Gonadotropin.

Answer: C



381. Fixing up of blastocyst in the wall of the uterus is known as

- A. Impregnation
- B. Placentation
- C. Implanation
- D. Fertilisation

Answer: C



382. Type of placenta present in humans/rodents is

A. Discoidal	
B. Zonary	
C. Difuse	
D. Cotyledonary.	
Answer: A	
Watch Video Solution	
383. The number of fetal membranes in a man is	
383. The number of fetal membranes in a man is A. 2	
A. 2	
A. 2 B. 3	
A. 2 B. 3 C. 4	

Watch Video Solution 384. Plaenta in human beings is formed by A. Amnion B. Allantois C. Chroion D. All the above. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution 385.** Cleidoic eggs are characteristic of :

Answer: C

A. Insects
B. Fishes
C. Mammals
D. Reptiles and birds
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
386. Mobility of mature sperm is controlled by mitochondria
present in
A. Head
B. Middle piece
C. Tail
D. All the above.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

387. For the formation of 32 spermatide, meiotic division occurs in cells

A. 16

B. 8

C. 32

D. 4

Answer: B



388. Two offsprings developed in the same uterus from the fertilization of two different ova are

- A. Monozygotic twins
- B. Dizygotic twins
- C. Fraternal twins
- D. Both B and C.

Answer: D



389. The ganglia of sympathetic and the central nervous system in frog develops from the

A. Neural cell

- B. Neural plate cells
- C. Notochord cells
- D. Neural crest cells.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

- **390.** Function of protein binding in acrosomal process is to
 - A. prevent polyspermy
 - B. Digest viteline layer
 - C. Ensure fertilisation of egg by a sperm of same species
 - D. Severe the sperm tail.

Answer: A



Martin Value Colonia

watch video Solution

391. In insect egg, cleavage is

A. Equal holoblastic

B. Unequal holoblastic

C. Meroblastic superficial

D. Meroblastic discoidal.

Answer: C



392. Which one is correct

A. Cleavage follows gastrulation

B. Yolk content of egg has no role in cleavage

C. Cleavage is repeated mitotic division of zygote
D. Gastrulation and blastulation follow each other.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
193. In which mammals do the testes remain in the abdomen
A. Human
B. Elephant
C. Rabbit

D. Ox.

Answer: A

394. Progesterone is secreted by

- A. Corpus luteum
- B. Corpus albicans
- C. Corpus callosum
- D. Corpus straight

Answer: C



- **395.** Which is incorrect for human female?
 - A. Mesntrual cycle takes 28 days
 - B. Menopause occurs at 45-55 years
 - C. Ovulated egg released during pregnancy die

D. Menstruation takes 4 days.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

396. Which of the following is correct about mammalia testes?

- A. Graffian follic les. Sertoli cells Leydig cells
- B. Graffian follicles, Sertoli cells and seminiferous tubules
- C. Graffian follicles, Leydig's cells and seminiferous tubules
- D. Sertoli cells, seminiferous tubules. Leydig cells.

Answer: C



397. Spermiogenesis/spermateleosis is formation of spermatozoa from

- A. Primary spermatocytes
- B. Secondary spermatocyte
- C. Spermatids
- D. Germinal cells of testes.

Answer: C



398. Release of seminal fluid in the vagina of female is

- A. Ejaculation
- B. Implantation

C. Insemination D. Copulation. **Answer: B**



399. Cytoplasm surroundings mitochondria present in the middle piece of sperm is

- A. Manchette
- B. Microplasm
- C. Centroplasm
- D. Acrosome.

Answer: B



400. Sperm of animal speciea a cannot fertilise ovum of species b because

- A. Fertilizin of a and b are not compatible
- B. Antifertizin of a and b are not compatible
- C. Fertilizin of a and antifertilizin of b are not compatible
- D. Antifertilizin of b are not compatible.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

401. Hormone responsible for ovulation and development of corpus luteum is

A. FSH
B. LH
C. LTH
D. ICSH.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
402. Hormone controlling human menstrual cycle is
A. Estrogen
B. FSH
B. FSH C. LH
C. LH

Answer: D



403. Which one is not associated with gametogenesis

- A. Formation of ova
- B. Formation of spermatids
- C. Release of ova
- D. Change of spermatid to spermatozoa

Answer: C



404. Vitallogenesis occurs during the formation of

A. Secodnary oocyte in fallopian tube
B. Primary oocyte is Graffian follicle
C. Primary spermatocyte in testis
D. Secondary spermatocyte in testis
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
405. Rearrangement of layers/morphogenetic movements occur
during Gastrualtion
A. Blastulation
B. Morulation
C. Organogenesis.
D.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

406. During cleavage. What is true about cells?

- A. Size of resulting cells decreases
- B. Size of resulting cells increases
- C. Size of early embryo inc reases
- D. Size of early embryo decreases

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

407. Production of sperms from spermatids is

A. Spermiogenesis B. Spermatogenesis does not occur C. Oogenesis D. Gametogenesis. **Answer: A Watch Video Solution** 408. In spermatogenesis, the phase of maturation involves A. Growth of spermatogonia into spermatocytes B. Formation of spermatogonia from gonocytes through mitosis C. Formation of spermatids from primary spermtocytes through meiosis

D. Formation of oogonia from spermatocytes through meiosis.

Answer: C



409. Sertoli cells are found in:-

- A. Between the seminiferous tubules
- B. In the germinal epithelium of ovary
- C. In the uppermost part of fallopian tube
- D. In the germinal spithelium of seminiferous tubules.

Answer: D



- 410. Bartholin glands are situated
 - A. On the side of head of some amphibians
 - B. At the reduced tail and of birds
 - C. On either side of vagina in humans
 - D. On either side of vas deferens in human. \

Answer: C



- 411. both corpus luteum and macula lutea are
 - A. Found in human ovaires
 - B. Source of hormones
 - C. Characterised by yellow colour

D. Contributory in maintaining pregnancy.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
412. The pahse of menstrual cycle in himans that last for 7-8 days, is
A. Follicular phase
B. Ovulatory phase

C. Luteal phase

D. Mesntruation.

Watch Video Solution

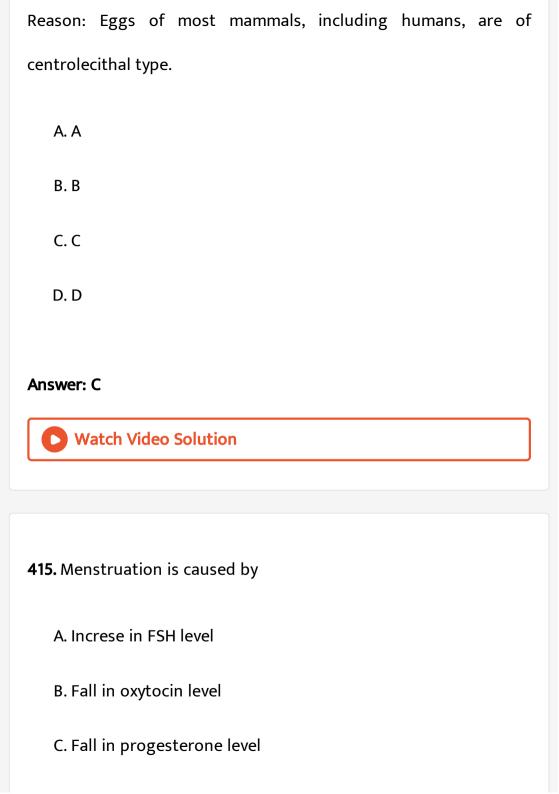
Answer: A

- **413.** Which is correct about human embryonic development
 - A. Cleavage increase in mass of protoplasm
 - B. In the second division, one of the two blastomeres usually divides a little sooner than the second
 - C. With more cleavage divisions the resultant blastomeres become larger and larger.
 - D. Cleavage divisions result in hollow ball of cells called morula.

Answer: B



414. Assertion:Holoblastic cleavage with almost equal sized blastomeres is a characteristic of placental animals.



watch Video Solution	
16. Ball-like structure formed after completion of cleavage is	
A. Blastula	
B. Morula	
C. Gastrula	
D. Neural plate.	
nswer: B	
Watch Video Solution	

D. Increase in oestrogen level.

417. Fertilizin is A. Phospholipid B. Steroid C. Carbohydrate D. Glycoprotein. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 418. Which one occurs first in embryo

A. Neurogenesis

B. Notogenesis

C. Heptogenesis

D. Cardiogenesis.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
419. Stage of sperm before entry into ovum/s prefertilisation process is
A. Maturation B. Insemination
C. Capacitation
D. Fertilization.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

420. Sertoli cells are involved in
A. Nourish sperms
B. Form the sperms
C. Help in fertilization
D. Synthesise hormones.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
421. In ectopic pregnancy, fetus grows in
A. Vagina
A. Vagilla
B. Fallopian tube

Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
122. Inhibin is produced by
A. Corpus luteum
B. Testis
C. Placenta
D. All the above.
Answer: D

D. Body cavity

423. The nutritive cells found in seminiferous tubules are
A. Leydig cells
B. Sertolic ells
C. Atretic follicular cells
D. Chromaffin cells.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution

424. Trophoectoderm takes part in

A. Protection of embryo

B. Formation of ectoderm

C. Formation of placenta

D. Drawing food for developing cells

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

- **425.** Structure absent in Frog's testis is
 - A. 1. Seminiferous tubules
 - B. 2. Seminal vesicles
 - C. 3. Sertoli cells
 - D. 4. Interstitial cells.

Answer: C



- **426.** Chromosome number is halved during
 - A. Formation of first polar body
 - B. Formation of second polar body
 - C. Meiosis II
 - D. Division of secondary oocyte.

Answer: A



- **427.** Ovulation in the human female normally takes place during the menstrual cycle
 - A. At the end of proliferative phase
 - B. In the middle of secretory phase

C. Just before the end of secretory phase

D. In the beginning of proliferative phase

Answer: A



428. The animal in which testis descent into scrotum only during breeding season

A. Frog

B. Kan garoo

C. Shrew

D. Bat.

Answer: D



429. Gametes are formed in animals from

- A. Muscular tissue
- B. Nervous tissue
- C. Connective tissue
- D. Epithelial tissue.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

430. Explain why the following reasoning is wrong:

"The Sun attracts all bodies on the Earth. At mid-night, when the sun is directly below, it pulls on an object in the same direction as the pull of the Earth on that object, at noon, when the Sun is directly above, it pulls on an object in a direction opposite to the pull of the Earth, Hence all objects should be heavier at mid-night (or night) than they are at noon (or day)."

- A. Relaxin
- B. Oxytocin
- C. Progesterone
- D. Oestrogen

Answer: D



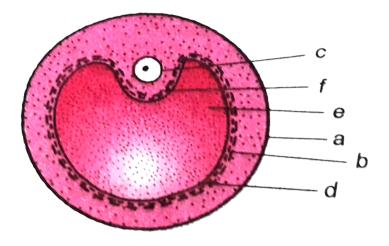
431. Assertion: From evolutionary point of view, human gestation period is believed to the shortening

Reason: One major evolutionary trend in humans has been larger head undergoing faster growth rate in the foetal stage.

Answer: B



433. In the diagram of section of Graafian follicle. Different parts are indicated by alphabeta. Choose the correct combination



A. a-membrana granulosa, b-theca interna,c-ovum,d-cumulus oophorus, e-antrum,f-theca externa.

- B. a-theca externa, b-theca interna, c-ovum d-membrana
 - granulosa,e-antrum,f-cumulus oophorus
- C. a-theca externa, b-theca interna, c-ovum, d-cumulus oophorus, e-antrum,f-membrana granulosa
- D. a-membrana granulosa,b-theca externa,c-ovum,d-cumulus oophorus,e-antrum,f-theca interna.

Answer: B



- **434.** Which is not mesodermal in origin
 - A. Circulatory system
 - B. Nervous system
 - C. Muscular system

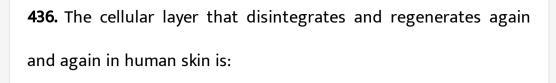
D. Skeleton tissue.
nswer: B
Watch Video Solution
35. Coelom is cavity found between
A. Splitted mesoderm
B. Ectoderm and endoderm

C. Ectoderm and mesoderm

D. Body wall and mesoderm

Watch Video Solution

Answer: A



- A. Endometrium of uterus
- B. dermis of skin
- C. Cornea of eye
- D. Endothelium of blood vessels.

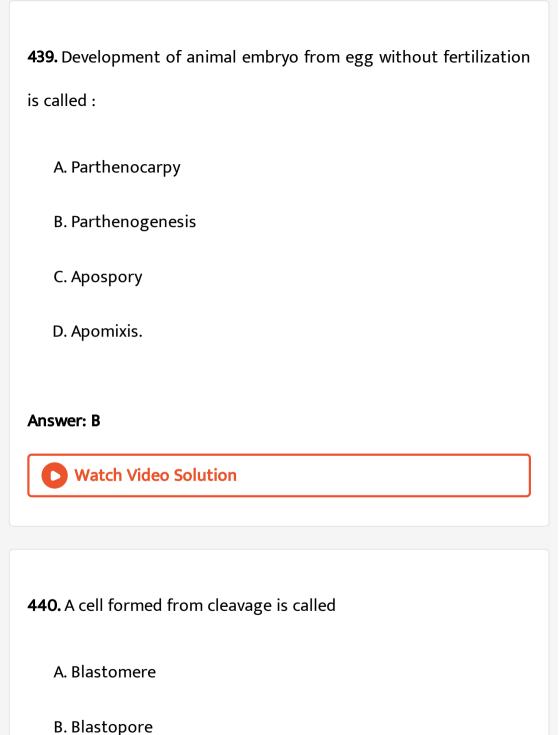
Answer: A



- **437.** Testosterone is secreted by
 - A. Sertoli cells
 - B. Leydig/interstitial cells

D. All the above.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
438. Which organelle is absent in human sperms?
A. Mitochondria
B. Nucleus
C. Centriole only
D. E.R.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution

C. Seminiferous cells



C. Blastula

D. Morula.

Answer: A

Watch Video Solution

441. Stage of embryo development at which h implanatation occurs in human female is

A. Morula

B. Zygote

C. Blastocyst

D. Neurula.

Answer: C



442. Leydig	cells	produce:
--------------------	-------	----------

- A. Nourishement of sperms
- B. Provide motility to sperms
- C. Bring about maturation of sperms
- D. Synthesis of testosterone Androgens.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

443. Which is worng about oogenesis?

- A. Unequal meiotic division
- B. Growth phase

- C. Formation of polar bodies
- D. Equal meotic division

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

- 444. Gastrulation is
 - A. Cleavage of zygote
 - B. Formation of trophoblast
 - C. Morphogenetic movement
 - D. Gamete formation

Answer: C



445. Sertoli cells are involved in :-
A. Secretory cells
B. respiratory cells
C. Excretory cells
D. Nurse cells.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
446. Which of the following does not occur between 15-28 day of
menstrual cycle ?
A. Premenstrual phase
B. Lutueal phase

C. Secretory phase

D. Proliferative phase.

Answer: D



447. Pattern of cleavage in egg of Frog is

- A. Meroblastic
- B. Holoblastic unequal
- C. Holoblastic equal
- D. All the above.

Answer: B



448. During embryonic development, the establishment of polarity along anterior/posterior, dorsal/ventral or medial/lateral axis is called:

- A. Anamorphosis
- B. Organiser phenomenon
- C. Pattern formation
- D. Axis formation.

Answer: C



449. In the urinogential system, one of the following part is present in males and not in females :

A. Urethra

B. Fallopian tube C. Vagina D. Vas deferena. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution 450.** Number of sperms formed from four spermatocytes is A. 4 B. 1 C. 16 D. 32 **Answer: C**

watcn	viaeo	Solution

451. Fertilization was discovered by

A. Strasburger

B. Robert Brown

C. Lamarck

D. Darwin.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

452. Function of prostate gland is

A. Storage of semen

B. Provide motility to sperms

C. Formation of semen
D. Release of hormones.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
453. Preganacy begins with implanation of
A. Embryo

B. Fertilized ovum

C. Blastopore

D. Blastocyst.

Watch Video Solution

Answer: D

454. Menstrual cycle occurs in

- A. Human females
- B. Mammalian females
- C. Primate females
- D. Rabbit.

Answer: B



- **455.** Ovulation is caused by
- (a) Oestrogen
- (b) Oestrogen and progesterone
- (c) FSH and oestrogen
- (d) FSH and LH

B. Oestrogen and progesterone C. FSH and oestrogen D. FSH and LH. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 456. Acrosome of sperm contains A. Hyluronidase and acrosin B. Hyaluronic acid and acrosin C. Hippuric acid and uric acid D. Creatinine.

A. Oestrogen

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

- 457. Attachment of foetus to placenta occurs through
- (a) Chorda mesoderm
- (b) Spinal cord
- (c) Umbilical cord
- (d) Notochord
 - A. Chorda mesoderm
 - B. Spinal cord
 - C. Umbilical cord
 - D. Notochord.

Answer: C



Water video Solution

458. Which type of blastula occurs in Frog?

- (a) Steroblastula
- (b) Coeloblastula
- (c) Holoblastula
- (d) Amphiblastula
 - A. Steroblastula
 - B. Coeloblastula
 - C. Holoblastula
 - D. Amphiblastula.

Answer: B



- 459. Some mature cells cannot undergo division because
- (a) Their genes have become inactive
- (b) They lack centrioles
- (c) They have taken up specific function and undergone differentiation
- (d) They have lost the ability to divide
 - A. Their genes have become inactive
 - B. They lack centrioles
 - C. They have taken up specific function and undergone differentiation
 - D. They have lost the ability to divide.

Answer: C



460. Which one causes ovulation?
(a) ADH
(b) FSH
(c) Thyroxine
(d) LH
A. ADH
B. FSH
C. Throxine
D. LH.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
461. Grey crescent is

A. Melanin rich area formed at the region opposite to entry of sperm B. Yolk rich area of egg C. Laying of sperms and eggs in Frog. D. None of these **Answer: B Watch Video Solution 462.** Fusion of male proncleus with female pronucleus is A. Amphimixis B. Conjugation C. Penetration D. Transduction.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

- 463. Macrolecithal eggs are characterised by
- (a) Little yolk
- (b) Abundant yolk
- (c) Entry of sperm
- (d) Pattern of cleavage
 - A. Little yolk
 - B. Abundant yolk
 - C. Entry of sperm
 - D. Pattern of cleavage.

Answer: B



464. During development which of the following organs is formed first

(a) Heart

(b) Brain

(c) Neural tube

(d) Skin

A. Heart

B. Brain

D. Skin.

Answer: C

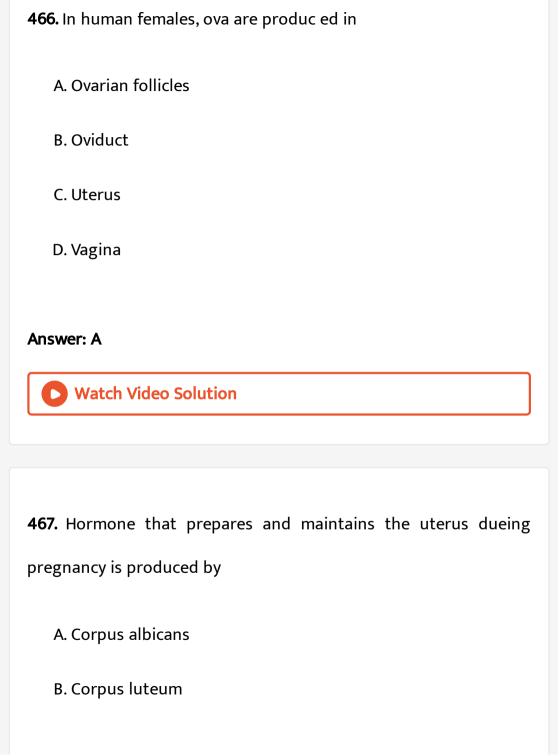
C. Neural tube

465. Which of the following is correct sequence in embryo development?

- (a) Cleavage, gastrulation, blastulation
- (b) Blastulation, cleavage, gastrulation
- (c) Clevage, blastulation, gastrulation
- (d) Gastrulation, blastulation, cleavage
 - A. Cleavage, gastrualtion, blastulation
 - B. Blastulation, cleavage, gastrulation
 - C. Clevage, blastulation, gastrulation
 - D. Gastrulation, blastulation, cleavage.

Answer: C





C. Graafianfoolicles
D. Corpora Cardiaca.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
468. After menopause there is a rise in urinary excretion of
A. FSH
B. STH
C. MSH
D. LH.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution

469. Delivery of developed foetus is
A. Ovulation
B. Oviposition
C. Parturiton
D. Abortion.
Answer: C Watch Video Solution
470. Abnormal condition when mammae of man become female like
A. Feminisation
B. Gynochorium

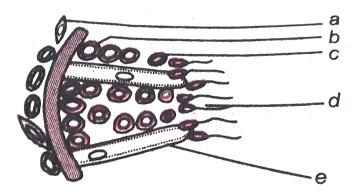
- C. Gynoesism
- D. Gynaecomastia.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

471. Mark the correct labelling for part of seminiferous tubule.





- A. Epididymis
- B. Vas deferens
- C. Ejaculatory duct
- D. Oviduct.

Answer: D



- **473.** What is the correct observation regarding size of egg, blastula and gastrula?
- (a) There is progressive increase in size from zygote to blastula to gastrula
- (b) All the three are of same size
- (c) Zygote is small while blastula and gastrula are larger
- (d) Gastrula is larger while zygote and blastula are of same size

- A. There is progressive increase in size from zygote to blastula to gastrula

 B. All the three are of same size

 C. Zygote is small while blastula and gastrula are larger
 - D. Gastrula is larger while zygote and blastula are of same size.

Answer: A



- **474.** Which are derivatives of endoderm?
 - A. Muscles and blood
 - B. Alimentary canal and respiratory organs
 - C. Excretory and reproduction organs
 - D. Skin and nerve cord.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

- **475.** Which are haploid?
 - A. Spermatogonial cells
 - B. Germinal epithelial cells
 - C. Secondary spermatocytes
 - D. Prmary spermatocytes.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

476. Sertoli cells secrete a hormone

A. Gonadotropin
B. Testerone
C. Relaxin
D. Inhibin.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
477. If a germ cell in a female gonad and a germ cell in a male
gonad begin undergoing meiosis simultan eousely, what will be
the ratio of ova and sperms produced?
A. 1:1
B. 1: 2
C. 1: 4

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

478. Match the columns and find the correct combinations

ALC: U	Column I	n vikelnehelmhelm	Column II
(a)	Hyaluronidase	(i)	Acrosomal reaction
(b)	Corpus luteum	(ii)	Morphogenetic movements
(c)	Gastrulation	(iii)	Progesterone
(d)	Capacitation	(iv)	Mammary glands
(e)	Colostrum	(v)	Sperm activation

A. a-vb-ii,c-iv,d-I,e-iii

B. a-I,b-iii,c-ii,d-v,e-iv

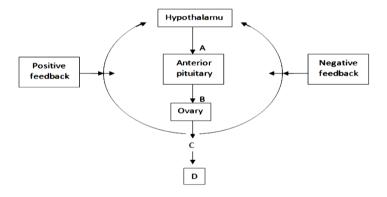
C. a-iii,b-ii,c-v,d-iv,e-i

D. a-iv,b-ii,c-v,d-iii,e-i

Answer: B



479. Choose the correct combination of labelling that depicts the hormonal control of the female reproductive system .



A. a-Gn RH,b-LTH,c-estrogen,d-uterus

B. a-GnRH,b -ACTH,c-LH,d-uterus

C. a-GnRH,b-STH,c-LH,d-uterus

D. a-GnRH,b -LH/FSH,c-estrogen,d-uterus.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

480. If mammalian ovum fails to get fertilised, which one of the following is unlikely?

- A. Corpus luteum will distintegrate
- B. Primary follicle starts developing
- C. Progesterone secretion rapidly declines
- D. Estrogen secretion further decreases.

Answer: B



- 481. Grey crescent is the area -
 - A. At the point of entry of sperm into ovum
 - B. At the animal pole
 - C. Just oppsoite the site of entry of sprms into ovum
 - D. At the vegetal pole.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

482. Given below are assertion and reason. In humans the gamete contributed by the male determines whether the child produced will be male or female.

Reason. Sex in humans is polygenic trait dependent upon the comulative effect of some genes on X-chromosome and some on Y- chromosome. Point out if both re true with reason being correct explanation (A). Both are true but reason is not correct explanation (B), assertion is true but reason is wrong (C) and bothare wrong (D). Assertion .

- A. A
- B. B
- C. C
- D. D

Answer: C



483. Which is correctly matched in a normal menstrual cycle?

A. Endometrium regenerates -5 to 10 days

- B. Release of egg-5th day
- C. Endometrium secretes nutrients for implanation -11 to 18 days
- D. Rise in progesterone level -1 to 15 days.

Answer: A



- **484.** A cross section at the midpoint of the middle piece of a human sperm will show
 - A. Centrioe, mitochondria, 9+2 arrangement of microtublues
 - B. Centriole and mitochondria
 - C. Mitochondria and 9+2 arrangement of microtublues
 - D. 9+2 arrangement of microtubules only.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

- **485.** Which of the following is immortal?
- (a) Somatic cell
- (b) Germ cell
- (c) Glomerular cell
- (d) Cells of pituitary
 - A. Somatic cell
 - B. Germ cell
 - C. Glomerular cell
 - D. Cells of pituitary.

Answer: B



4 80.	Extra	structure	tnat	provides	nutrition	το	embry	O I	S

- (a) Umbilicus
- (b) Amnion
- (c) Chorion
- (d) Placenta
 - A. Umbilicus
 - B. Amnion
 - C. Chorion
 - D. Placenta.

Answer: D



487. Spermatogenesis is formation of
A. Ovary
B. Ovum
C. Sperm
D. Zygote.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution 488. Spermatogonia develop through division
488. Spermatogonia develop through division

D. Meiosis II.

Answer: B



- 489. Graffian follicles occur in
- (a) Ovary
- (b) Testis
- (c) Egg
- (d) Sperm
 - A. Ovary
 - B. Testis
 - C. Egg
 - D. Sperm.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

490. Monozygotic twins develops from

- (a) Different zygotes
- (b) Different ova
- (c) Different sperms
- (d) Same zygote
 - A. Different zygotes
 - B. Different ova
 - C. Different sperms
 - D. Same zygote.

Answer: D



491. Ovulation occurs in and on A. Ovary B. About 14th day C. Both A and B D. None of these **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 492. Low level of progesterone and estrogen in blood stimulate A. FSH-RH B. LH

C. GH

D. All the above

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

493. Due to presence of large amount of yolk. Zygote divides into two incomplete halv es. This type of cleavage does not occur in

- A. Peacock, Duck-billed playtpus and crocodile.
- B. Jungle Fowl, Dove and Duck
- C. Amphioxus, Salamander and Rana
- D. Hemidactylus, Calotes and Varanus

Answer: C



494. Due to presence of large amount of yolk. Zygote divides into two incomplete halv es. This type of cleavage does not occur in

- A. Peacock, Duck-billed playtpus and crocodile.
- B. Jungle. Fowl, Dove and Duck
- C. Formation of three germinal layers
- D. Formation of archenteron.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

495. Withdrawal of which of the following hormones is the immediate cause of menstruation ?

A. Estrogen	
B. FSH	
C. FSH-RH	
D. Progesterone	
Answer: D	
Watch Video Solution	
496. Blastopore occurs in	
A. Gastrula	
B. Blastula	
C. Blastocoel	
D. Morula.	
D Morula	

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

497. Mesoderm is formed through invagination of

A. Ectoderm

B. Endoderm

C. Inner mass of cells

D. Primitive streak.

Answer: D



498. Secretion of which structure prepares the inner wall f uterus for implantation?

- A. Ovary
- B. Corpus luteum
- C. Pituitary gland
- D. Ovarian follicle.

Answer: B



499. Which secretions are produced by spermatozoa at the time of fertilization

A. Fertilizin and spermlysin

- B. Only spermlysin
- C. Fertilizin an d antifertilizin
- D. Antifertilizin and spermlysin.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

- 500. Which represents a condition of higher reduced motility
 - A. Azospermia
 - B. Polyspermy
 - C. Oligospermia
 - D. Asthenospermia.

Answer: D





501. Oxytocin is helpful in

A. Semen formation

B. Diuresis

C. Molecular development.

D. None of these

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

502. Ectoderm forms

A. Bones and muscles

B. Lining of gut and respiratory organs

C. Enamel of teeth and cornea of eye D. Gonads and blood vessels. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 503. State: what type of a parasite is Mistletoe **Watch Video Solution 504.** In organisms, shape of foetus is determined by (a) Organogenesis (b) Blastula (c) Morphogenesis (d) Reproduction

A. Organogenesis B. Blastula C. Morphogenesis D. Reproduction. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution 505.** Energy center of sperm is A. Head B. Middle piece C. Entire sperm D. Tail.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

506. Fusion of sperm and ovum is

- A. Amphimixis
- B. Regeneratin
- C. Fertilization ightarrow Cleavage ightarrow Zygote ightarrow Blastula ightarrow

Gastrula.

D. None of the above.

Answer: C



507. Embryonic connective tissue is formed from
(a) Ectoderm
(b) Endoderm
(c) Mesenchyma
(d) Mesoglea
A. Ectoderm
B. Endoderm
C. Mesenchyma



D. Mesogloes.



A. Morula B. Blastula C. Blastomere D. Gastrula. Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 509. Corpus luteum produces A. Lutenizing hormone B. Progesterone C. Luteotrophic hormone D. Inhibin.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

510. Process of maturation and development of sperms is

- (a) Spermatogenesis
- (b) Spermiogenesis
- (c) Oogenesis
- (d) Spermiation
 - A. Spermatogenesis
 - **B.** Spermiogenesis
 - C. Oogenesis
 - D. Spermiation.

Answer: A



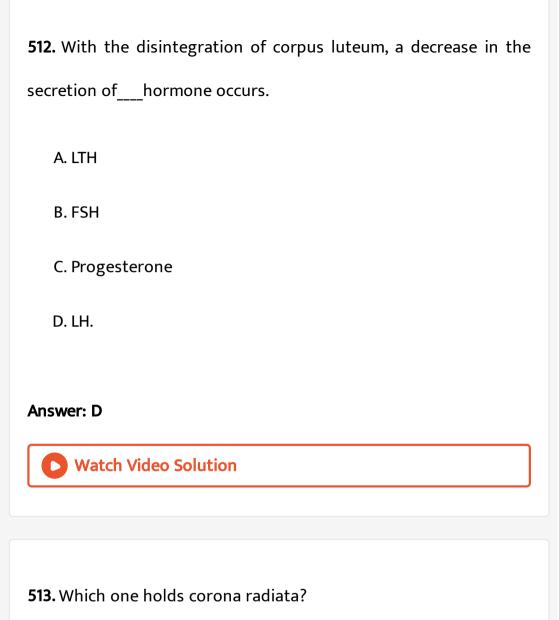
valcii video solution

511. Which one is wrong

- A. Amnion is the outer layer containing amniotic fluid that acts as a shock absord=ber for soft embryo
- B. Amnion and chorion develop as upward projecting folds of somatopleure called amniotic folds
- C. Yolk sac is a foetal membrane that helps in nourishment of embryo in general
- D. Chorio-allantoic membrane develops villi and contributes much to the development of placenta.

Answer: B





A. Muscopolysaccharide

B. Oligosaccharide

- C. Lipolysaccharide
- D. Lipoprotein.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

514. A protective layer arround testis is

- A. Tunica adventitia
- B. Tunica vasculosa
- C. Tunica media
- D. Tunica albuginea.

Answer: D



515. Sperm capacitation involves:
A. Change in shape
B. Release of mitochondria
C. Removal of membrane fatty acids
D. Hyaluronic acid.
Answer: C Watch Video Solution

516. Which accessory genital gland occurs only in mammalian male?

- A. Cowper's gland
- B. Bartholin gland

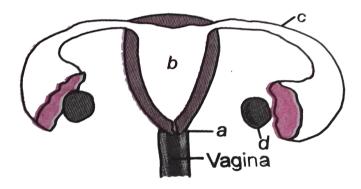
- C. Perineal gland
- D. Prostate gland.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

517. Identify correctly



- A. a-uterus, b-uterine cavity,c-oviduct,d-ovary
- B. a-cervix,b-uterine cavity,c-fallopian tube,d-ovary
- C. a-oviduct, b-uterus, c-oviduct, d-ovary

D. a-cervix,b-uterus,c-ovary,d-tumor.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
518. Extrusion of second polar body from egg nucleus occurs

A. After entry of sperm

B. After fertilization

C. Before sperm entry

Answer: A

D. With no relation to sperm entry.

519. Cell division that occurs in zygote is called

- A. Meiosis
- **B.** Mitosis
- C. Cleavage
- D. Differentiation.

Answer: C



- **520.** Layers of an ovum from outside to inside is
 - A. Coron a radiata, zona pellucida, vitelline membrane.
 - B. Zona pellucida, corona radiata, vitelline membrane
 - C. Vitelline membrane zona pelucida, corona radiats

D. Zona pellucida, vitelline membranecorona radiata.
nswer: A

Watch Video Solution

521. Which layer of embryo is formed first

- A. Ectoderm
- B. Mesoderm
- C. Endoderm
- D. Both B and C.

Answer: C



522. LH surge occurs during phase of menstrual cycle

(a) Menstrual phase

(b) Beginning of proliferation phase

(c) Just before end of proliferation phase

(d) At the middle of the cycle

A. Menstrual phase

B. Beginning of proliferstive phase.

C. Just before end of prodiferation phase

D. At the middle of the cycle.

Answer: D



523. In which phase of cell division are oogonia arrested
(A) Anaphase II
(B) Anaphase I
(C) Interphase
(D) Both A and B
A. Anaphase II
B. Anaphase I
C. Interphase
D. Both A and B
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution

B. Vagina C. Vas efferene D. Vas deferens. Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 525. Fertilization of ovum occurs in A. Fimbriae of oviduct B. Isthmus of oviduct C. Ampulla of oviduct D. None of the above.

A. Female genital tract

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

526. Which of the following controls the function of Sertoli cells?

A. Estrogen

B. FSH

C. Testerone

D. ACTH.

Answer: B



527. Which part of ovary in mammals acts as an endocrine gland after ovulation?

- A. Stroma
- B. Vitelline membrane
- C. Germinal epithelium
- D. Graafian foolicle.

Answer: D

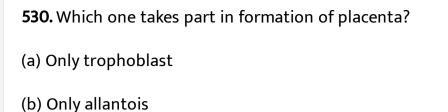


- **528.** Corpus spongiosum occurs in
 - A. Ovary
 - B. Penis

C. Testis
D. Uterine wall.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
529. Cytoplasm of ovum doesnot contain
A. Golgi complex
B. Mitochondria only
C. Centrosome
D. Pihosomes

Answer: C





- ,
- (d) Trophoblast, mesoderm and allantois

(c) Trophoblast and mesoderm

- A. Only trophoblast
- B. Only allantois
- C. Trophoblast and mesoderm
- D. Trophoblast, mesoderm and allantois.

Answer: D



531. Match the columns and find the correct combination

	Column I	Manager A	Column II
a.	Oxytocin	p	Stimulates ovulation
b.	Prolactin	q	Implantation and maintenance of pregnancy
c.	Luteinising hormone	r	Lactation after child birth
d.	Progesterone	s	Uterine contraction during labour
		t	Reabsorption of water by nephrons

- A. a-s,b-r,c-p,d-q
- B. a-t,b-r,c-p,d- e
- C. a-sb-q,c-r,d-t
- D. a-t,b-p,c-s,d-r.

Answer: A



532. Notochord, skeletal system and dermis of the skin are the derivatives of

- A. Mesoderm
- B. Endoderm
- C. Ectodermq
- D. All the above.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

533. During embryogenesis archenteron is preceded by

- (a) Blastulation
- (b) Neuralation

(c) Gastrulation (d) Implantation A. Blastulation B. Neuralation C. Gastrulation D. Implanatation **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 534. Eggs produced in a year by an ovary of nonpregnant woman is A. 12 B. 6 C. 24

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

535. Sperms are produced in

- A. vas deferens
- B. Interstitial cells
- C. Prostate gland
- D. Seminiferous tubules.

Answer: D



536. In oogensis, egg is fertilised by sperm at which stage?
A. Primary oocyte
B. Secondary oocyte
C. Oogonium
D. Ovum.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
537. Find the correct options

A. Testeterone influences male secondary sexual characters

B. Gestation period in Rabbit is about 276 days

C. Bulbourethal gland secretes a vaginal lubricant

D. Placenta secretes estrogen.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

538. Which one of the following statements is incorrect about menstruation?

A. At menopause, there is abrupt increase in gonadotropic hormones

B. Beginning of cycle of menstruation is called menarche

C. During normal menstruation about 40mL of blood is lost

D. Me nstrual fluid can easily clot.

Answer: D



539. Acrosomal reaction of the sperm occurs due to

- A. Capacitation
- B. Release of lysin
- C. Release of fertilizin
- D. Influx of Na^+

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

540. Which extraemryonic membrane in humans prevents desiccation fo the embryo inside the uterus?

A. Yolk one

- B. Amnion C. Chorion D. Allantois. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution**
- **541.** Which protects the embryo from external injury
 - A. Amnion
 - B. Allantois
 - C. Chorion
 - D. Yolk sac.

Answer: A



watch video Solution

542. Lutenising hormone is

A. Lactotropic

B. Mammotropic

C. Non-mammotropic

D. Both A and B

Answer: C



543. Level of estrogen and progesterone are minimum at the time

(a) Folicular phase

of

(b) Ovulation

(c) Secretory phase (d) Onset of menstrual phase A. Folicular phase B. Ovulation C. Secretory phase D. Onset of menstrual phase. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 544. Proximal centriole of sperm is found in A. Head B. Neck C. Middle piece

Answer: B Watch Video Solution	
545. Which provides nutrition to maturing sperms?	
A. Leydig cells	
B. Scrotum	
C. Epididymis	
D. Sertoli cells.	
Answer: D	
Watch Video Solution	

D. Tail.

546. Extra structure that provides nutrition to embryo is
(a) Umbilicus
(b) Amnion
(c) Chorion
(d) Placenta
A. Umbilicus
B. Chorion
C. Placenta
D. Amnion.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

547. Pick up the correct information about menstrual cycle control

A. Estrogen and progesterone of ovary B. FSH of pituitary C. FSH and LH pituiatry D. Oxytocin. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 548. Pick up correct statement about organs with dual origin from embronic layers. 1. Hypophysis 2. Adrenal glands 3. Sence organs 4. Pancreas. A. 1) 1,2,3 correct B. 2) 1,2 correct

- C. 3) 2,4 correct
- D. 4) 1,3 correct.

Answer: A



- **549.** Which hormone level reaches peak during luteal phase of menstrual cycle?
- (a) Luteinising hormone
- (b) Progesterone
- (c) Follicle stimulating hormone
- (d) Estrogen
 - A. Luteinising hormone
 - B. Progesterone
 - C. Pollicle stimulating hormone

D. Estrogen.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

550. Some important events in the human female reproductive cycle are given below. Arrange the events in a proper sequence

A- Secretion of FSH,

B- Growth of corpus luteum,

C- Growth of the follicle and oogenesis,

D-ovulation,

E. sudden increase in the levels of LH

A. a
ightarrow c
ightarrow e
ightarrow d
ightarrow b

 $\mathrm{B.}\, c \to a \to d \to b \to e$

C. a o d o c o e o b

D. b o a o c o d o e.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

551. Which one of the following is initiated by secretions of trophoblast?

- (a) Blastulation
- (b) Implantation
- (c) Cleavage
- (d) Gastrulation
 - A. Blastulation
 - B. Implanatation
 - C. Cleavage
 - D. Gastrualtion

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

552. Foetal ejection reflex in human female is induced by

- A. Release of oxygtocin from pituitary
- B. Pressure exerted by amnoitic find
- C. Differentiation of mammary glands
- D. Fully developed foetus and placenta.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

553. Which is correctly matched?

- A. Menstruation. Breakdown of myometrium and ovum and fertilised.
- B. Ovulation LH and FSH attain peak level, sharp fall in secretion of progesterone
- C. Development of Corus luteum Secretory phase and increased secretion of progesterone.
- D. Proliferative phase. Rapid regeneration of myometrium and maturation of Graafian follicle.

Answer: C



554. A regular cycling woman is not menstruating which one of the following is the most likely root cause of this?

- A. Fertilisation of ovum
- B. Maintenance of hypertrophical endometrial lining.
- C. Maintenance of high titre of sec hormones
- D. Retention of well dev eloped corpus luteum.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

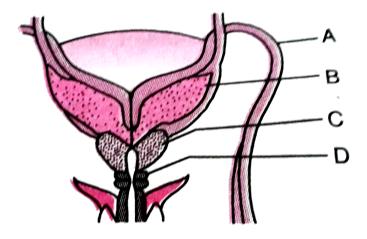
555. Seminal plasma in humans is rich in

- A. Fructose and certain enzymes, poor in $Ca^{2\,+}$
- B. Fructose, $Ca^{2\,+}$ and certain enzymes
- C. Fructose $Ca^{2\,+}$ but no enzymes
- D. Glucose, certain enzymes but on Ca^{2+}

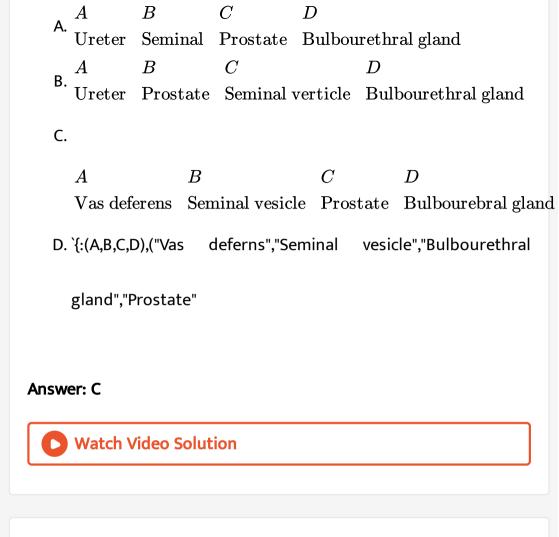
Answer: B



556. Select the correct set of names for the parts A,B,C,D



	A	В	C	D
(A)	Ureter	Seminal vescile	Prostate	Bulbourethral gland
(B)	Ureter	Prostate	Seminal vesicle	Bulbourethral gland
(C)	Vas deferens	Seminal vesicle	Prostate	Bulbourethral gland
(D)	Vas deferens	Seminal vesicle	Bulbour- ethral gland.	Prostate



557. The 32-cells stage of the human embryo is

A. Smaller than fertilized egg

B. Same size as fertilized egg

C. Two times the size of fertilised egg

D. Four times the fertilized egg.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
558. Besides activating the egg, another role of a sperm is to carry
to egg
A. RNA
B. Ribosomes
C. Mitochondria and 9+2 arrangement of microtublues

D. DNA

Answer: D

559. In females, the hormone inhibin is secreted by

- A. Granulosa cells and corpus luteum
- B. Granulosa and theca cells
- C. Granulosa and cumulus oophorus cells
- D. Granulosa cells and zona pellucida.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

560. Match the columns and find the correct combination

PERMIT, T	· I	MURITA TUTUUNANUN Y	П
a.	Hypothalamus	1.	Sperm lysins
b.	Acrosome	2.	Estrogen
c.	Graafian follicle	3.	Relaxin
d.	Leydig cells	4.	Gn RH.
e.	Parturition	5.	Testosterone

- (a) a-2, b-1, c-4, d-3, e-5
- (b) a-4, b-1, c-2, d-5, e-3
 - (c) a-2, b-1, c-5, d-4, e-3
- (d) a-4, b-1, c-2, d-3, e-5
 - A. a-2,b-1c-4,d-3,e-5
 - B. a-4b-c-2,d-5,e-3
 - D. a-4,b-1,c-2,d-3,e-5

C. a-2,b-1,c-5,d-4,e-3

Answer: B



- **561.** Which group represents external genitalia of human female?
- (a) Labium minora, labium majora, oviduct
- (b) Labium minora, labium majora, cervix

(c) Labium minora, labium majora, ciltoris
(d) Labium minora, labium majora, vagina
A. Labium minors, labium majora, oviduct
B. Labium minors, labium majora, cervix
C. Lebium minors, labium majora, ciloris.

D.

Answer: D



- **562.** Accessory glands associated with the genital organs in female rate are
- (i) Vestibular Bartholins (ii) Cowper's glands
- (iii) Ampullary glands (iv) Vesicular gland

A. a,b B. a only C.b.c D. d only **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 563. Connective tissue around seminiferous tubules possess endocrine cells called A. leydig cells B. Sertoli cells C. Primary germ cells D. Both A and B

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

564. Multicelluar, multinucleate, irregular mass of embryo which pass into uterine wall is

- A. Ectoderm
- B. Endoderm
- C. Syncytiotrophoblast
- D. Amnion.

Answer: C



565. Various parts of male urethra are

- A. Prostatic, bulbourebral and ejaculatory
- B. Prostatic, membranous and penile
- C. Corpora cavernosa and corpus spongiosum
- D. Prostatic, bulbourethral and glans.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

566. What is false?

- A. Menarche is beginning of menstruation
- B. Menstruation is shedding of endometrial lining q
- C. Menopause occurs in the beginning of puberty

D. Ovulation occurs under high titre of LH.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
567. The cavity contained in Graafian follicle is
A. Antrum

B. Centrocoel

C. Blastocoel

D. Archenteron.

Watch Video Solution

Answer: A

568. Morphogenetic movements take place during

- A. Formation of morula
- B. Blastulation
- C. Gastrulation
- D. Organogenesis.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

569. Gastrula has a pore known as

- A. Zoospore
- B. Oospore
- C. Gonospore

D. Blastopore.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

570. Which of the following is not the reason for very high load of bilirubin ?

- (a) Excessive red blood cells in the new born burst, relasing bilirubin
- (b) Insoluble bilirubin in the intestine is reabsorbed by the blood
- (c) Liver of the new born is too young to cope with the heavy load of bilirubin
- (d) Mother's milk contains a high amount of blirubin.

A. Insolubl irubin in the intestine is reabsorbed by the blood

B. Liver of the new born is too young to cope with the heavy load of bilirubinC. Mother's milk contains a high amount of blirubin.D.

Answer: D



571. In the absence of acrosome the sperm

- A. Cannot penetrate the egg
- B. Cannot get food
- C. Cannot get energy
- D. Cannot swim.

Answer: A::C **Watch Video Solution 572.** Chorionic gonadotropic hormone is secreted by A. Placenta B. Ovary C. Anterior pituitary gland D. Posterior pituitary gland.



Watch Video Solution

Answer: A

A. Humans
B. Cow
C. Pig
D. Rabbit.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
574. In humans the oocyte is maintained in a state of meiotic
arrest by the secretion of
A. Granulosa cells
B. Zona pellucida
C. Cumulus oophorus
D. Theca.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

575. Identical twins are also known as

- A. Monozygotic twins
- B. Dizygotic twins
- C. Fraternal twins
- D. Both B and C.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

576. Medulla oblongata develops from

A. Ectoderm				
B. Endoderm				
C. Mesoderm				
D. Mesenchyme.				
Answer: A				
Watch Video Solution				
577. In human the unpaired male reproductive structure is				
A. Testis				
B. Seminal vesicle				
C. Bulbourethral gland				
D. Prostate				

Answer: D



578. Mammalian blastula is known as

- A. Trophoderm
- B. Blastocyst
- C. Foetal blastula
- D. Oedema.

Answer: B



579. Acrosome of sperm contains

A. Hydrolytic enzymes
B. DNA
C. Fructose
D. Mitochondria.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
580. Radial cleavage is found in
A. Tunicates
B. Frotozoans
C. Coelenterates
D. Annelids.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

581. Cavity formed during gastrulation is

A. Primitive gut

B. Gastrocoel

C. Archenteron

D. All the above.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

582. Which hormones are produced in women only during pregnancy?

- A. Human chorionic gonadotropin (hCG)
- B. Relaxin
- C. Human placental lactogen (hPL
- D. All the above.

Answer: D



583. Menstrual phase is followed by

- A. Luteal phase
- B. Follicular phase

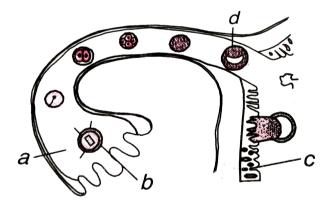
- C. Fertilization
- D. Implanatation

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

584. What do a, b, c and d represents respectively.



- (1) Infundibulum, fertilization myometrium, morula
- (2) Infundibulum. Fertilization, endometrium, blastocyst
- (3) Isthmus, fertilization, myometrium, blastocyst
- (4) Isthmus, fertlisation, endometrium, morula

A. Infundibulum, fertilization myometrium, morula B. Infundibulum. Fertilization, endometrium, blastocyst C. Isthmus, fertilization, myometrium, blastocyst D. Isthmus, fertlisation, endometrium, morula. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 585. Which animal has the longest gestation period? A. Shark B. Elephant C. Walrus D. Dog.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

586. Thei internal cavity commonly formed by ell division prior to gastrulation is the

- A. Enteron
- B. Blastopore
- C. Blastocoel
- D. Coelom.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

587. Signals from fully developed foetus and placenta ultimately lead to parturition which requires the release of

- A. Estrogen from placenta
- B. Oxytocin from foetal pituitary
- C. Oxytocin from maternal pituitary
- D. Relaxin from placenta.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

588. In human female the blastocyst:-

- A. Gets implanted in endometrium by trophoblast cells
- B. Forms placenta even before implanation

- C. Gets implanted into uterus 3 days after ovulation
- D. Gets nutrition from uterine endometrial secretion only after implanation.

Answer: A



fructose,calcium and some enzymes?

589. Secretions from which one of the following are rich in

- A. Male accessory glands
- B. Pancreas
- C. Liver
- D. Salivary glands.

Answer: A



590. Which is correct about morula.

- A. Less cytoplasm and less DNA than zygote
- B. Same amount of cytoplasm and DNA as zygote
- C. More cytoplasm and more DNA than zygote
- D. Same amount of cytoplasm but much more DNA than zygote.

Answer: D



591. Foetal Movements and spperance of hair on head occur in.....month of pregnancy

C. Third D. Fourth Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 592. Second maturation division of mammalian ovum occurs A. Until after sperm has penetrated ovum B. Until nuclear of sperm and ovum fuse C. In Graafian follicle soon after first maturation division. D. Shortly after ovulation before entry into fallopian tube.

A. Fifth

B. Sixth

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

593. Vasa efferentia are the ductules leading from

- A. Rete testis to vas deferens
- B. Vas deferens to epididymis
- C. Epdidymis to urethra
- D. Testicular lobules to rete testis.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

594. The Sertoli cells occur in

- A. Adrenal cortex and secrete adrenaline
- B. Seminiferous tubules and provide nutrition to germ cells
- C. Pancrease and secrete choleystokinus
- D. Ovarises and secrete progesterone.

Answer: B



ovum

Watch Video Solution

- **595.** Which of the following statements about human sperm is correct?
 - A. Sperm lysins in acrosome dissolve egg envelope facilitating fertilization.
 - B. Acrosome serves as sensory structure leading sperm towards

- C. Acrosome has no particulr function
- D. Acrosome has conical tip for piercing and penetrating egg for fertilization.

Answer: A



596. Part of fallopian tube closest to ovary is

- A. Infundibulum, fertilization myometrium, morula
- B. Cervix
- C. Ampulla of oviduct
- D. Isthmus.

Answer: A



Wetel Video Colotion

watch video Solution

597. Which one is not character of haemochorial placenta

A. CO_2 and excretory products pass from foetus to mother's body

- B. O_2 and nutrients from mother's boyd enter the foetus
- C. Chorion villi are covered by blood sinuses of mother
- D. It protects foetus from mechanical shocks.

Answer: D



598. Which gland secretes alkaline mucous in the urethra to neutralize the acidity of urine?

- A. Prostate gland
- B. Cowper's gland
- C. Seminal vesicle
- D. Preputial glands.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

599. Sixty percent of semen is produced by

- A. Bartholin's glands
- B. Cowper's glands
- C. Seminal vesicles
- D. Prostate gland.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

600. Epididymis lies between

- A. Rete testis and vasa efferntia
- B. Vas deferens and vasa efferetia
- C. Vas deferens and ejaculatory duct
- D. Seminal tubules and rete testis.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

601. Due to deficiency of which hormone, bones become weak in females

- A. ACTH
- B. TSH
- C. Progesterone
- D. Estrogen

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

602. Assertion Q.

Due to fragmentation in Planaria, each part develops the remaining body parts and becomes a complete animal

Reason R. Differentiated tissue present in each broken part of

Planaria undergoes de-diferentiation and then differentiation in regeneration.

A. Q and R both are correct and R is not a correct reason for Q

B. Q and R both are correct and R is correct reason for Q

C. Q and R both are wrong

D. Q is correct but R is wrong.

Answer: B



603. Menstruation is caused by

A. Increase in LH

B. Increase in estrogen

C. Increase in progesterone

D. Decrease in progesterone
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
604. The first milk which comes out from the mother's mammary glands just after child birth is known as
A. Colostrum
B. Prolactin
C. Human placental lactogen (hPL

D. Oxytocin.

Watch Video Solution

Answer: A

605. In human beings, menstrual cycle ceases around 50 years of age that is termed as

- A. Menopause
- B. Menarche
- C. Dipause
- D. None of the above

Answer: A



606. Which type of germ cells contains 23 chromosomes?

- A. Spermatogonia
- B. Primary spermatocytes

- C. Secondary spermatocytes D. None of above **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 607. Which layer of uterus undergoes cyclical changes during menstrual cycle? A. Myometrium
 - B. Endometrium
 - C. Perimetrium
 - D. All the above.

Answer: B



A. Adenohypophysis
B. Pars intermedia
C. Neurohypophysis
D. Hypothalamus.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
609. Which is associated with production of and rogens
A. ICSH
B. ACTH

608. Gonadotropin releasing hormone is formed by

C. TSH

D. ADH.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

610. Which differentiates a sperm from egg

A. Cytoplasm is more abundant in sperm than in egg

B. Accessory membranes are absent in sperm but present in

egg

C. Nucleus is clear in sperm and very compact in egg

D. Mitochondria form a sheath in egg and diffused in sperm.

Answer: B



willed a li

watch video Solution

611. Which is incorrect about fertilization

A. It restores diploid condition

B. It activates egg

C. Tehre is no variation

D. It determines sex of offspring.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

612. Animals with cleidoic eggs show

A. External fertilization, internal development

B. Internal fertilization internal development

- C. External fertilization, external development
- D. Internal fertilization external development.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

613. Match the columns and find the correct

	Column I		Column II
a.	Parturition	p.	Attachment of zygote to endometrium
b.	Gestation	q.	Release of egg from Graafian follicle
c.	Ovulation	7.	Delivery of baby from uterus
d.	Implantation	8.	Duration between pregnancy and birth
e.	Conception	t.	Formation of zygote by fusion of egg and sperm
		u	Stoppage of ovulation and menstruation.

A. a-q,b-s,c-p,d-t,e-r

- B. a-s,b-r,c-p,d-t,e-q
- C. a-t,b-p,c-q,d-r,e-s
- D. a-r,b-s,c-q,d-p,e-t.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

- **614.** Fimbriae of fallopian tube
 - A. Relase ovum from Graafian follicle
 - B. Cause endomentrial changes for implantation
 - C. Help develop corpus luteum
 - D. Help collection of ovum after ovulation

Answer: D



Watalayda a Caladian

watch video Solution

615. In human, cleavage divisions are

A. Slow and synchronous

B. Slow and asynchronous

C. Fast and synchronous

D. Fast and asynchronous.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

616. Primary spermatocyte differs from spermatogonium in

A. Size and volume

B. Size of chromosomes

D. Number of chromosomes.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
517. Which is devoid of glands.
A. Uterus
B. Vulva
C. Vagina
D. Oviduct.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

C. DNA content

618. Corpus luteum releases

- A. Androgen
- B. Progesterone
- C. Estrogen
- D. Both B and C.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

619. The number of autosomes in human primary spermatocyte is

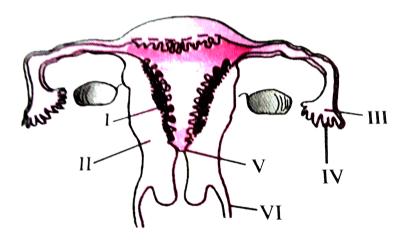
- A. 22
- B. 23
- C. 44

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

620. Identify the correct set of three parts



- A. IV-Oviducal funnel, V-Uterus, VI-Cervix
- B. I-Perimetrium. II-Myometrium, III-Fallopian tube
- C. II-Infundibulum,IV-Fimbriae,V-Cervix.

D. None of these

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

- **621.** What happens during fertilization when many sperms reach close to ovum
 - A. Cells of corona radiata trap all the sperms except one
 - B. Only two sperms nearest to ovum penetrate zona pellucida
 - C. Secretion of acrosome helps one sperm enter cytoplasum of
 - ovum through zona pellucida
 - D. All sperms except the one nearest to ovum lose their tails.

Answer: C



622. Which is correct

- A. Humans show spontaneous ovulation
- B. Several enzymes occur in bile juice
- C. Monkeys, apes and humans have estrus cycle
- D. Urine is pale yellow and slightly alkaline.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

623. Assertion. Corpus luteum is produced by Graafian follicle after

ovulation

Reason. It secretes estrogen which is necessory to maintain pregnancy.

If both As and R are correct and R is correct explanation of As

If both As and R are correct but R is not correct explanation of As

If As is correct, R is wrong

If both As and R are wrong.

A. A

B. B

C. C

D. D

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

624. Which is called milk ejection hormone

A. Prolactin

- B. Oxytocin
- C. Vassopressin
- D. Luteinizing hormone.

Answer: B



- 625. Which is false about visibility of mammalian sperm
 - A. Sperm is visible for only 24 hours.
 - B. Sperm viability is determined by its motility
 - C. Sperms must be concentrated in thick suspension
 - D. It depends upon pH of medium as sperm is more active in alkaline medium.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

626. Signals for parturition originate from

A. Fully develped foetus only

B. Placenta only

C. Oxytocin relased by material pituitary

D. Both A and B

Answer: D



627. In normally pregnant woman, gonadotropin activity shows high level of

A. Circulating FSH and LH to atimulate implanatation of embryo in uterus

B. Circulating hCG to stimulate endometrial thickening

C. Circulating hCG to stimulate estrogen and progesterone synthesis

D. FSH and LH to stimulate endometrial thickening.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

628. In spermatogensis, reduction divison of chromosome occurs during conversion of

A. Primary spermatocytes to secodnary spermatocytes
B. Spermatogonia to primary spermatocytes
C. Spermatids to sperms
D. Secodnary spermatocytes to spermatids.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
629. Which hormone is not produced by corpus luteum
A. Progesterone
B. Estradiol
C. Inhibin
D. Relaxin

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

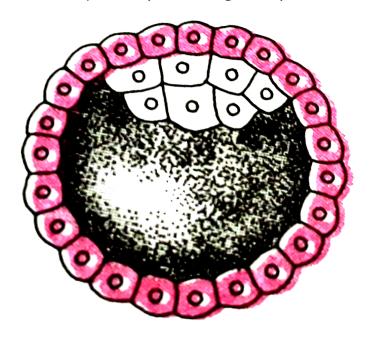
630. Spermatogenesis occurs in

- A. Vasa deferentia
- B. Epididymis
- C. Seminiferous tubules
- D. Penis.

Answer: C



631. Identify development stage and place of occurrence.



- (a) Blastocyst, uterine wall
- (b) 8-celled morula, starting point of fallopian tube
- (c) Late morula, middle part of fallopian tube
- (d) Blastula, end part of fallopian tube.
 - A. Blastocyst, uterine wall
 - B. 8-celled morula, starting point of fallopian tube
 - C. Late morula ,middle part of fallopian tube.

D. Blastula, end part of fallopian tube.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

- 632. Secretory phase of human menstrual cycle is also called
 - A. Luteal phase and lasts for 8 days
 - B. Luteal phase and lasts for 13 days
 - C. Follicular phase and lasts for 13 days
 - D. Foolicular phase and lasts for 6 days.

Answer: B



633. A temporary endocrine gland in humans is

- A. Islets of Langerhane
- B. Pineal body
- C. Corpus luteum
- D. Corpus allate.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

634. Braxton hicks contractions occur during

- A. Passage of food through alimentary canal
- **B.** Peristalsis
- C. Pregnancy

D. Lactation.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

- 635. The correct sequence of human enbryonic development is
 - A. Gastrocoel-Blastocoel-Neural Crest -Notochord
 - B. Gastrocoel-Blastocel-Notochord-Neural Crest
 - C. Blastocoel-Neural crest -Gastrocoel -Notochord
 - D. Blastocoel-Gastrucoel-Neural crest -Notochord.

Answer: D



636. The onset of menstrual cycle in females of anthropoid primates is known as

- A. Puberty
- B. Menarche
- C. Menopause
- D. Menstruation

Answer: B



637. Thick yellow high protein fluid produced by the mammary glands of a woman during first 2-3 days after child birth is known as:-

A. Meconium

- B. Hymen
- C. Cumulus oophorus
- D. Colostrum.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

- 638. hCG, hPL and relaxin are produced in women
 - A. At puberty
 - B. During pregnancy
 - C. Before puberty
 - D. At menopause

Answer: B



Martala Vide a Callatiana

watch video Solution

639. During spermatogenesis, the first meotic division occurs in

A. Sertoli cells

B. Spermatids

C. Spermatozoans

D. Primary spermatocytes

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

640. Which is not functions of Sortoli cells

A. Nurse cells to sperms

B. Secreting hormone inhibin

- C. Forming a manchette
- D. Secreting testiculr fluid for sperm transport.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

- 641. Which is not correct about placenta
 - A. It prevents passage of maternal IgG to foetus
 - B. It acts as foetal lung
 - C. It acts as foetal liver
 - D. It acts as endocrine gland.

Answer: A



642. Fertilization membrane is formed to

- A. Facilitate entry of sperm into egg
- B. Provide stability to egg
- C. Prevent monospermy
- D. Prevent polyspermy.

Answer: D



- 643. What is incorrect during amphimixis
 - A. Swelling of sperm nucleus
 - B. Initial movement of male nucleus along copulation path
 - C. Establishment of achromatic spindle by proximal centriole

D. Completion of second meiotic division

Answer: B



644. Time for conception change in womens starting from day of menstraction.

- A. 4th day
- B. 14th day
- C. 26thday
- D. 1st day.

Answer: B



645. Th	ne 'cel	Is of	Rauber'	are:
---------	---------	-------	---------	------

- A. Inner cell mass of blastocoel
- B. Secretory cells of endometrium
- C. Trophoblast cells in contact with uterine wall.
- D. Terophoblast cells in contact with inner cell mass of blastocyst.

Answer: D



646. What is correct

A. Foetal heart is formed in second month

B. Foetus	shows	movements	for	the	first	time	in	seventh
month								
C.								
D.								
Answer: D								
Watch	Video S	olution						
647. Formation	on of arc	:henteron sta	rts in	l				
A. Morula	ı							
B. Blastul	a							
C. Early g	astrula							
D. Early n	eurula.							

Answer: C



648. In humans, the embryo is protected in

- A. Peritoneal cavity
- B. Amniotic cavity
- C. Pleural cavity
- D. Allantois.

Answer: B



A. Ovary
B. Testis
C. Adrenal
D. Pituitary gland.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
650. Sperms develop in
A. Vas deferens
B. Seminiferous tubules
C. Prostate gland
D. Interstital cells.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

651. Which is not the function of placenta

- A. Secretes oxytocin during parturition
- B. Facilitates supply of O_2 and nutrients to embryo
- C. Secretes estrogen
- D. Facilitates removal of ${\cal C}{\cal O}_3$ and water products from embryo.

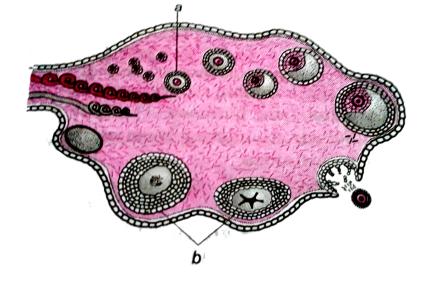
Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

652. Menstrual flow occurs due to lack of

A. Vasopressin
B. Progesterous
C. FSH
D. Oxytocin.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
653. Identify the option a or b correctly along with its
function/characteristic.



A. a-tertiary follicle, forms Graafian follicle

B. b-corpus luteum, secretes estrogen

C. a-primary oocyte, prophase 1 of meiotic division

D. b-corpus luteum, secretes progesterone.

Answer: D



654. Spermiogenesis changes

- A. Spermatogonium into primary spermatocyte
- B. Primary spermatocyte into secondary spermatocyte
- C. Secondary spermatocyte into spermatid
- D. All the above.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

655. Hormone responsible for spermatogenesis is

- A. Androgen
- B. Progesterone
- C. Testosterone

D. None of these.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
656. In mammals, Sertoli cells occur in

A. Germinal epithelium of testis

B. Germinal epithelium of ovary

C. Medulls of kidney

D. Adrenal cortex.

Watch Video Solution

Answer: A

657. Cleavage of Frog's egg is
A. Meroblastic
B. Holoblastic
C. Heteroblastic
D. Diploblastic.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
658. In mammals, spermatogenesis is stimulated by
A. MSH
B. TSH
C. ADH

D. FSH.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

- 659. Formation of activation calyx in the egg takes place
 - A. Before fertilization
 - B. After fertilization
 - C. At the time of cleavage
 - D. At the time of amphimixis.

Answer: B



660. a. The egg of is moderately telolecithal b. Sooner or later the cleavage pattern becomes irregular

- A. Statement a is correct, b is wrong
- B. Statement b is correct, a is wrong
- C. Both the statement a in wrong
- D. Both the statements a and b are correct.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

661. Arrange male reproductive accessory organs based on the amount of secretion poured into urethra

- (i) Prostate gland, (ii) Seminal vesicles
- (iii) Bulbourethral glands.

A.
$$i>ii>iii$$

B.
$$iii > ii > i$$

$$\mathsf{C}.\,ii>iii>i$$

$$\mathsf{D}.\,ii>i>iii.$$

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

662. Given below are assertion and reason, Point out if both are true with reason being correct explanation (A), both are true but reason is not correct explanation (B), assertion is true but reason is wrong (c) and both are wrong (D).

Assertion. In a regular medical examination of a small population, a 35 years old lady was found to have higher levels of oestrogen

and progesterone in her blood. Reason: The lady is 12 weeks pregnant. A. A B.B C. C D. D Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 663. Component of seminal vesicles that provides a forensic test for rape is A. Phosphorycholine B. Prostaglandin

- C. Fructose
- D. Citric acid

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

664. Oophorocytosis is

- A. Disorder of female reproductive system
- B. Stage in the production of ovum
- C. Disorder in male reproductive system
- D. Stage in the production of sperms.

Answer: A



665. Concordant type of twins are
A. Free martins
B. Dizygotic twins
C. Monozygotic twins
D. Both B and C.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

666. How many sphincters are present in the urethra

A. 4

B. 3

C. 2

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

667. Secondary spermatocytes undergo second meiotic division during spermatogenesis to produce.

- A. Spermatozoa
- B. Diploid spermatids.
- C. Primary spermatocytes ightarrow Secondary spermatocytes ightarrow

 $\mathsf{spermatids} \ \to \ \mathsf{Spermatogonia} \ \to \ \mathsf{Sperms}$

D. Spermatogonia

Answer: D



A. Spermiogenesis
B. Spermatosis
C. Meiosis
D. Spermiation.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
669. How many sperms are present in an average 3 ml ejaculation
A. 200 million
B. 300 million

668. Spermatids are transformed into spermatozoa by

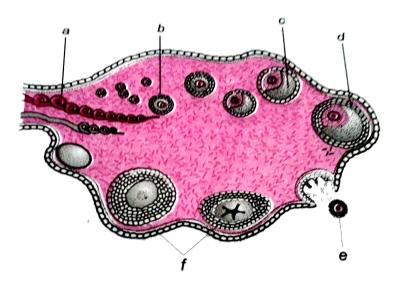
- C. 500 million
- D. 800million.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

670. Identify the correct labellings in the diagram



A. (1) a-blood vessel, b-primary follicle, c-tertiary follicle, d-

Graafian follicle, e-ovum, f-corpus luteum

- B. (2) a-primary follicle,b-blood vessel, c-tertiary follicle, d-
 - Graafian follicle, e-ovum, f-corpus luteum
- C. (3) a-blood vessel, b-primary follicle, c-tertiary follicle, d-ovum, e-Graafian follicles, f-corpus luteum
- D. (4) a-ovum, b-Graafian follicle, c-corpus luteum, d-blood vessel, e-primary follicle, f-tertiary follicle.

Answer: A



671. Statement S. After implantation, the uterine endometrium undergoes changes to become deciduos

Reason R. the placenta in described as deciduous type.

Correct answer is

A. Both S and R are true but R is not correct explanation to S. B. S is correct but R is not correct C. S is not correct but R is not correct D. Both S and R are true and R is a correct explanation to S. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 672. The anterior portion of the sperm head which is covered by a cap-like structure is called: A. Acrosome B. Antrum C. Sertoli cells D. Enzymes.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

673. If spermatogenesis proceeds rapidly, inhibin is released. Inhibin reduces secretion of

- A. Luteinizing hormone
- B. Follicle stimulating hormone
- C. Testerone
- D. Interstitial cell stimulating hormone.

Answer: B



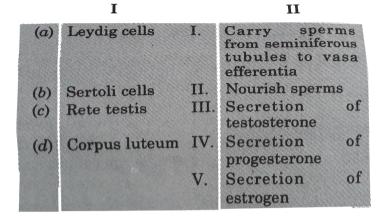
674. The first sign of growing human foetus in uterus may be noticed by

- A. Listening heart sound
- B. Movement of fortus
- C. Development of limbs and digits
- D. None of these

Answer: A



675. Match the lists and find the correct option



A. a-II,b-II,c-V,d-IV

B. a-III,b-II,c-I,d-IV

C. a-III,b-II,c-V,d-IV

D. a-II,b-III,c-1,d-V

Answer: B



676. The biochemical procedure used to detect human chorionic gonadotrophin is

- A. WIDAL
- B. CAT
- C. MRI
- D. ELISA

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

677. Which of the following hormones are secreted in large quantities during pregnancy in women

A. hCG, progeterone, estradiol and FSH

- B. hCG,hPL, progesterone, estrogen and LH
- C. LH, estrogen and estradiol
- D. hCG, and hPL.

Answer: D



- **678.** Cleavage is a succession of rapid cell division that follow fertilisation . During cleavage.
 - A. Number of cells increases and size of cells decreases
 - B. Number of cells increaes and embryo enalrges.
 - C. Number of cells decreases and embryo does not enlarge.
 - D. Number of cells neither increases nor decreases but forms blasmtomeres.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

679. Human primary spermatocyte contains

- A. 22 autosomes and a X-chromoesome
- B. 22 sutosomes and a Y-chromosome
- C. 22 autosomes and a Y-chromosome
- D. 22 pairs of autosomes and XY chromosomes.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

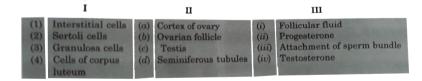
680. Which of the following hormones initiate parturition

- A. ACTH,hCG,oxytocin
- B. ACTH, corticosteroid, oxytocin
- C. Corticosteroid, ACTH protaglandin
- D. ACTH, progesterone hCG.

Answer: B



681. Identify the correct option in column I, II and III



- A. 2-a-iii,1-c-iv,3-b-I,4-d-ii
- B. 1-c-iv,2-d-iii,3-b-I,4-a-ii
- C. 1-d-iii,2-a-iv,3-b-I,4-c-ii

D. 2-d-iii,1-c-iv,3-a-ii,4-b-iv.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

682. Identify the correct match.

Accessory gland Function (i) Seminal vesicle (a) Lubricates vagina (ii) Prostate gland (b) Provides energy, coagulation of sperms

(iii) Cowper's gland (c) Neutralises aci-

dity of vagina

- A. (1) i-b,ii-c,iii-a
- B. (2) i-c,ii-b,iii-a
- C. (3) i-a,ii-c,iii-b
- D. (4) i-c,ii-a,iii-b

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

683. Testes are extra abdominal in position. Which of the following is the must appropriste reason

- A. Narrow pelvis in males
- B. Special protection for testes
- C. Prostate glaned and seminal vesicles occupy maximum space.
- D. 20- $25\,^{\circ}\,C$ lower than the normal body temperature.

Answer: D



684. Which of the following statement is wrong?

- (a) Sertoli cells provide nutrition to the developing male germ cells
- (b) Leydig cells synthesizes and secrete androgens
- (c) Secretions of acrosome help the sperm to enter the cytoplasm of the ovum
- (d) Secondary spermatocytes are diploid
 - A. Sertoli cells provide nutrition to the developing male germ cells
 - B. Leydig cells synthesise and secrete androgens
 - C. Secretions of acrosome help the sperm to enter the cytoplasm of the ovum
 - D. Secondary spermatocytes are diploid

Answer: D



685. The inner glandular layer of the uterus is
A. Endometrium
B. Myometrium
C. Fallopian tubes
D. Perimerium
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
686. Release of sperms from seminiferous tubules is called
A. Spermiogenesis

B. Spermiation

C. Spermatogenesis D. Fertilization. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 687. The shared terminal duct of the reproductive and urinary system in the human male is A. Ureter B. Vas deferens

C. Vasa efferentia

Watch Video Solution

D. Urethra.

Answer: D

688. Select the correct option describing gonadotropin activity in a normal pregnant female

- A. High level of FSH and LH facilitate implantation of the embryo.
- B. High level of hCG stimulates the synthesis of estrogen and progesterone
- C. High level of hCG stimulates the thickening of endometrium
- D. High level of FSH and LH stimulates the thickening of endometrium.

Answer: B



689. During menstrual cycle, levels of LH and estrogen are highest around

A. 14th day

B. 21st day

C. 7th day

D. 28th day.

Answer: A



690. Hormones for the menstrual cycle are produced by

A. Ovaries only

B. Uterus only

C. Ovaries and uterus

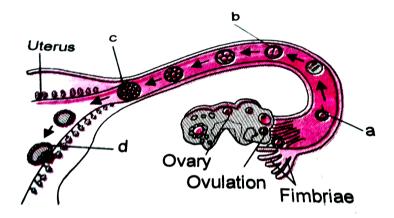
D. Ovaries and anterior pitutary.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

691. Select the correct explanation for the label a,b,c and d



- A. (1) a-represents fertilized zygote
- B. (2) b-represents stage of morula
- C. (3) c-represents blastocyst

D. (4) d-represents blastocyst implantation.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

692. Assertion: Parturition is induced by neural signal in maternal pituitary.

Reason: At the end of gestation period, the maternal pituitary release prolactin which causes uterine contractions.

A. A

B. B

C. C

D. D

Answer: D



693. Which one of the following causes mammary glands to enlarge at puberty

A. Testosterone

B. Progesterone

C. Estrogen

D. Oxytocin.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

694. Which statement(s) is/are correct

A. FSH and LH occur in both males and females.

- B. FSH and LH stimulate the follicitate secrete estrogen.
- C. The ovarian cycle depends upon blood levels of FSH and LH.
- D. All the above.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

- **695.** One of the following cells secrete hormone
 - A. Cells of Leydig
 - B. Cells of Sertoli
 - C. Primary spermatocytes \rightarrow Secondary spermatocytes
 - D. Secondary spermatocytes.

Answer: A



AAVARAL ARALA GALARIAN

watch video Solution
696. The glycoprotein fertilizin is secreted by
A. Ovum
B. Ovary
C. Sperm
D. Testis.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

697. Ectoderm give rise to

A. Cornea, hearth, bronchi, dentine

B. Adrenal cortex, tongue, liver, retina

- C. Lungs, adrenal medulla, dermis, thyroid
- D. Enamel of teeth, nails, adrenal medulla, hair.

Answer: D



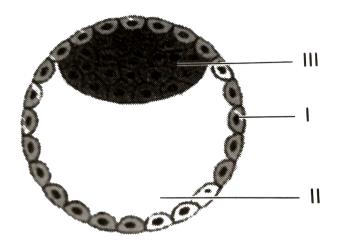
698. Pick up the odd homologous pair out

- A. Barthlin's gland-Cowper's gland
- B. Clitoris-Penis
- C. Mons pubis-Glans penis
- D. Labia major-Scrotum.

Answer: C



699. Choose the correct group of labellings:



- A. 1-Trophoblast, II-Archenteron, III-Micromeres
- B. I-Trophoblast, II-Blastocoel. III-Megameres.
- C. I-Trophoblast. II-Archenteron, III-Inner mass cells.
- D. I-Trophoblast, II-Blastoced, III-Inner mass cells.

Answer: D



700. Morula formed at the end of clearvage is celled
A. 14
B. 16
C. 18
D. 20
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
701. Forceful muscular contractions of uterine wall are involved in
701. Forceful muscular contractions of uterine wall are involved in A. Implantaition
A. Implantaition

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

702. What is "afterbirth" referred to:

- A. Amniotic fluid passing out
- B. Expulsion of baby
- C. Expulsion of placenta, umbilical cord and foetal membrane.
- D. Secretion of hormone relaxin.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

703. During spermatogenesis, the diploid cells are

A. Primary spermatocyte and spermtogonium B. Spermatogonium and spermatid C. Secondary spermatocyte and spermatid. D. Primary spermatocyte and spermatid. Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 704. Amnion and chlorion consist of A. Somatopleure B. Splanchnopleure C. Somatic mesoderm D. Primary spermatocyte and spermatid.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

705. During menstrual phase, uterine endomestrium, epthelial glands and connective tissues are broken. This is due to

- A. Over production of progesterone
- B. Lack of progesterone
- C. Over secretion of FSH
- D. Lack of estrogen.

Answer: B



706.	Which	one	of	the	following	hormones	is	responsible	for
uterine contraction during parturition?									

- A. Relaxin
- B. Vasopressin
- C. Oxytocin
- D. Prolactin.

Answer: C



707. Which of the following implante in the lining of uterus

- A. Zygote
- B. Gastrula

C. Blastocyst
D. Morula.

Answer: C



708. Example of sex hormone secreted by ovary is

- A. FSH and LH.
- B. FSH, LH and progestecrone
- C. Progesterone and estrogen
- D. FSH,LH, progesterone and estrogen.

Answer: C



709. What is height and weight of twelve week old human embryo

- A. 7.5cm,650gm
- B. 42cm,1800gm
- C. 7.5cm,14gm
- D. 32cm,650gm.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

710. Study and identify the correct combination

- A. AmnionSomatopleure-Protection
- B. Allantois-Splanchnopleure-Placenta formation
- C. Yolk sac-Midgut-Nutrition

D. Chorion-Outer will of amniotic folds-Excretion.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

711. Identify the complete and correct sequence in the passage of spermatozoa.

- A. Seminiferous tubules $\;
 ightarrow\;$ Rete testis $\;
 ightarrow\;$ Vasa efferentia
 - ightarrow Vas deferens ightarrow Epididymis ightarrow Ejaculatory duct ightarrow

Urethra \rightarrow Vagina of female

- B. Seminiferous tubules $\;
 ightarrow\;$ Rete testis $\;
 ightarrow\;$ Vasa efferentia
 - ightarrow Epididymis ightarrow Vas Urethra ightarrow Vagina of female
- C. Seminiferous tubules $\;
 ightarrow\;$ Rete testis $\;
 ightarrow\;$ Vasa efferentia
 - ightarrow Epidiymis ightarrow Urethra ightarrow Vagnia of female

D. Seminiferouws tubules $\;
ightarrow\;$ Rete testis $\;
ightarrow\;$ Vasa efferentia

ightarrow Ejaculatory duct ightarrow Vagina of female.

Answer: B



712. Identify the wrong statement with respect to embryonic stem cells

- A. They are pleuripotent
- B. They are isolated from epiblast tissue of blastocyst
- C. They cannot proliferate in culture medium
- D. They can give rise to the three germinal layers.

Answer: C



713. Identify the correct sequence of stages involved in the reproductive cycle of fungi.

- A. Vas deference
- B. Epididymis
- C. Urethra
- D. Vasa efferentia

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

714. The hormone which acts on Sertoli cells and stimulates the process of spermaogenesis is :

A. LH	
B. FSH	
C. Androgen	
D. GnRH.	
Answer: B	
Watch Video Solution	
715. In human foetus, the limbs and digits develop after:	
A. 8 weeks	
B. Fifth month	
C. First trimester	
D. 12 weeks .	

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

716. During menstrual cycle, the cyclic changes take place in

- A. Myometrium
- B. Corpus luteum
- C. Endometrium secretes nutrients for implanation -11 to 18
- D. Pertimetrium.

days

Answer: C



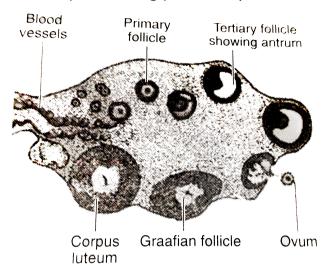
717. Each secondary spermatocyte after second meiotic division produces

- A. Four haploid spermatids
- B. Only one haploid spermatid
- C. Two haploid spermatids
- D. Two diploid spermatids.

Answer: C



718. Identify the wrongly labelled part:



- A. Primary follicle
- B. Ovum
- C. Graafian follicle
- D. Corpus luteum.

Answer: C



719. Ectopic pregnancies are referred to as

A. Pregancies with genetic abnormality

B. Implanation of embryo at site other than uterus

C. Implanatation of defective embryo in the uterus

D. Preganancies terminate due to hormonal inbalance.

Answer: B



720. Which event is not associated with ovulation in human female

A. Decrease in estradiol

B. Full development of Graafian follicle

C. Release of secondary oocyte

Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
721. Which of the following layers is acellular in antral follicle
A. Granulosa
B. Theca interna
C. Stroma
D. Zona pellucida.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution

D. LH surge.

722. In human females, meiosis-II is not com- pleted until
A. Puberty
B. Fertilization
C. Uterine implantation
D. Birth.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
723. During pregnancy degeneration of corpus luteum is prevented by the hormone
A. hCG
R hPI

C. LH, estrogen and estradiol
D. Relaxin.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
724. Connective tissues are derived from embryonic
A. Ectoderm
B. Endo-mesoderm
C. Endoderm
D. Mesoderm.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution

725. Oogenesis takes place in

- A. Squamous epthelium of ovary.
- B. Interstitial cells of ovary
- C. Follicles of ovary
- D. Germinal epithelium of ovary.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

726. Lanugo is

- A. Feather as junction of rachis and quil
- B. A certain feather present on tail region
- C. Coating of hair on epidermin of man

D. A coating of fine hair with which the body of mammals is covered during foetal development.

Answer: D



727. Respiratory system is derived from

- A. Ectoderm
- B. Mesoderm
- C. Endoderm
- D. Chorda mesoderm.

Answer: C



728. Fraternal twins in humans are produced when

A. Two sperms fertilize an ovum and the first two blastomeres seprate from each other.

- B. One sperm fertilize an ovum and the first two blastmeres separate from each other.
- C. Egg develop parthenogenetically and first two blastomeres separte from each other
- D. Two ova are fertilized simultaneously.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

729. In which phase of menstrual cycle, progesterone level rises

- A. Menstrual phase
- B. Proliferative phase
- C. Secretory phase
- D. Maturation phase.

Answer: C



- **730.** Which one of these is not an accessory gland in male reproductive system
 - A. Prostate gland
 - B. Seminal vesicle
 - C. Cowper's gland
 - D. Bartholin's gland.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

731. Choose the correct sequence of events that occur in human reproduction

A. (a) Gametogenesis o Gastrulation o Inseminatin -

Fertilization ightarrow Implantation ightarrow Parturition

B. (b) Gametogenesis ightarrow Insemination ightarrow Gestation ightarrow

Implantation ightarrow Fertilization ightarrow Parturition

C. (c) Gametogenesis ightarrow Insemination ightarrow Fertilization ightarrow

 $\textbf{Implantation} \ \rightarrow \ \textbf{Gestration} \ \rightarrow \ \textbf{Parturition}$

D. (d) Insemination ightarrow Fertilization ightarrow Implantation ightarrow

Gametogenesis o Gestation o Parturition

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

732. Pick up the hormone which is not secreted by human placenta

- A. hCG
- B. hPL
- C. Prolactin
- D. Estrogen

Answer: C



- **733.** Which one of the following statements is correct?
- (a) Fertilization in human takes place in womb
- (b) Zygote contains haploid number of chromosomes
- (c) Fertilization membrane avoids polyspermy
- (d) Primary oocyte inhibits the process of oogenesis
 - A. Fertilization in human takes place in womb
 - B. Zygote contains haploid number of chromosomes
 - C. Fertilization membrane avoids polyspermy
 - D. Primary oocyte inhibits the process of oogenesis

Answer: C



A. Ejaculatory duct B. Urethra C. Vas efferens D. Vas deferens. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 735. The proces by which primary germinal layers are formed is called A. Blastulation B. Cleavage C. Gastrulation D. Implanatation

Answer: c



Watch Video Solution

736. Select the correct pair of endormeral derivatives

- A. Adrenal medulla, dermis of skin
- B. Lungs, thyroid gland
- C. Lymphatic vessel, vagina
- D. Retina, tonsil

Answer: C



737. Which constitutne of seminal fluid helps in coagulation of semen after ejaculation

- A. Fibrin
- B. Fibrinogen
- C. Fructose
- D. Prostaglandins

Answer: B



738. During fertilization, zona pellucida is dissolved by

- A. Hyaluronidase
- B. Hyaluronic acid

- C. Renin
- D. Acrosin

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

739. Arrange in correct sequence the structures formed during spermatogenesis

- a) spermatogonia
- b) Secondary spermatocyte
- c) Spermatogonial stem cells
- c) spermatogonial stem cell
- d) primary spermatocyte
- e) spermatid

A. (1) c-d-b-a-e

- B. (2) c-a-d-b-e
- C. (3) a-b-c-d-e
- D. (4) c-d-a-b-c

Answer: b



Watch Video Solution

produce citric acid and prostaglandins

740. Which of the following male accessory genititla glands

- A. Seminal vesicles
- B. Cowper's gland
- C. Prostate gland
- D. Bulbourethral gland

Answer: A

741. Foetal ejection reflex in human female is induced by:

- A. Release of hormones from placenta
- B. Growth and development of ovarian follicles
- C. release of oxytocin from material pituitary
- D. Release of gonadotrophine

Answer: C



742. Fertilization in humans is practically feasible only if

- A. The sperms are transported into cervix within 48 hours of release of ovum in uterus
- B. The sperms are transported into vagina just after the release of ovum in follopian tube
- C. The ovum and sperms are transported simulateoulsy to ampullary-isthmic junction of fallopian tube
- D. The ovum and sperms are transported simulatenously to ampullary-isthmic junction of fallopian tube

Answer: C



743. Identify the correct statement on 'inhibin'

- A. Is produced by nurse cells in testes and inhibits the secretion of LH
- B. Inhibits the secretion of LH, FSH and prolactin
- C. Is produced by granulosa cells in ovary and inhibits the secretion of FSH
- D. Is produced by granulosa cells in ovary and inhibits the secretion of LH

Answer: C



744. Changes in GnRH pulse frequency in females is controlled by circulating levels of

A. Progesterone and inhibin

- B. Estrogen and progesterone
- C. Estrogen and inhibin
- D. Progesterone only

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

745. Select the incorrect statement

- A. LH triggers secretion of androgens from leydig cells
- B. FSH stimuates Sertoli cells which helps in spermiogenesis
- C. LH triggers ovulation in ovary
- D. LH and FSH decrease gradually during follicular phase

Answer: D



Matala Vida a Calatian

watch video Solution

746. Which of the following depicts the correct pathway of transport of sperms?

A. Efferent ductules ightarrow Rete testis ightarrow Vas deferens ightarrow

Epididmis

B. Rete testis ightarrow Efferent ductules ightarrow Epididymis ightarrow Vas

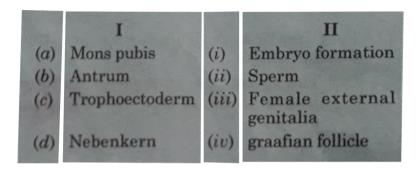
C. Rete testis ightarrow Epididymis ightarrow Efferent ductules ightarrow Vas

D. Rete testis ightarrow Vas deferens ightarrow Efferent ductules ightarrow Epidiymis

Answer: B



747. Match the columns and find the correct option



A. a-I, b-iv, c-iii, d-ii

B. a-iii, b-iv, c-ii, d-i

C. a-iii, b-iv, c-I, d-ii

D. a-iii,b-I, c-iv, d-ii

Answer: C



748. In mammalsova are found
A. Mesolecithal
B. Megalecithal
C. Alecithal or microblecithal
D. none
Answer: C

749. Which of the following statements is correct regarding menstrual cycle?

A. LH induces rupturing of Graafian follicle

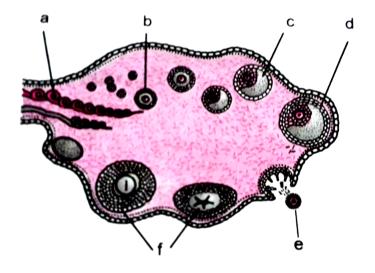
- B. Proliferative phase is characterised by increased production of progesterone
- C. corpus luteum secretes large amount of oestrogen
- D. Both LH and FSH attain a peak level in secretory phase

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

750. Choose the correct option from parts labelled a-f



A. b-Graafian follicle, f-corpus luteum B. c-Graafian follicle, a-ovum C. b-primary follicle, c-tertiary follicle showin antrum D. e-corpus callosum, d-antrum cavity. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 751. Achondroplasia is a disease related to defect in the formation of A. Membrane B. Cartilage C. Mucosa D. None of the above

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

752. Capacitation occurs in

- A. Rete testis
- B. Epididymis
- C. Vas defercns
- D. Female reproductive tract.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

753. Tyson's glands occur in the male reproductive system on

- A. Urethra
- B. scrotal sac
- C. Prepuce
- D. Corona of glans.

Answer:



- **754.** Structural and functional unit of primary male sex organ is
 - A. Testis
 - B. Rete testis $\;
 ightarrow\;$ Efferent ductules $\;
 ightarrow\;$ Epididymis $\;
 ightarrow\;$ Vas
 - deferens
 - C. Seminiferous tubule
 - D. Vas deferens.

Answer:



Watch Video Solution

755. Perineum is the area in the female reproductive system that lies

- A. Above the external genitalia
- B. Below the external genitalia
- C. Sides of external genitalis
- D. Centre of genitalia.

Answer:



756. Which gland of male reproductive system provides sugar/fructose for sperm motility?

- A. Seminal vesicle
- B. Prostate
- C. Cowper's
- D. Tyson's.

Answer:



757. Gynaecomastia is

- A. Surgical removal of testes
- B. Surgical removal of uterus

C. Enlargement of male breasts
D. Shrinkage of female breasts.
Answer:
Watch Video Solution
758. Sperms are produced in adult human males
A. Continously
B. Periodically
C. Just before ejaculation Once.
D.
Answer:
Watch Video Solution

759. Scrotum is absent in male.
A. Bat
B. Otter
C. Monkeys, apes and humans
D. Seal.
Answer:
Watch Video Solution
760. An induced ovulator is
760. An induced ovulator is A. Cat

D. Monkey.
Answer:
Watch Video Solution
761. Ovarian follicles were first observed by
A. Aristotle
B. Van Baer
C. Graaf
D. Pander.
Answer:
Watch Video Solution

762. Capacitation is

- A. Early cleavage for determining different parts
- B. Developing ability in sperm to penetrate egg
- C. Developing ability in egg
- D. Differentiation of gametes.

Answer:



Watch Video Solution

763. Vertebrate eggs are

- A. Indeterminate
- B. Determinate
- C. Holoblastic

Answer:	
Watch Video Solution	
764. The largest eggs belong to	
A. Drosophila bifurca	
B. Drosophila melanogaster	
C. Ascaris lumbricoides	
D. Ostrich.	
Answer:	
Watch Video Solution	

D. Heteroblastic.

765. Mammalian blastula is called

- A. Blastodisc
- B. Discoblastula
- C. Stereoblastula
- D. Blastocyst.

Answer:



Watch Video Solution

766. Balfour's law is connected with

- A. Development of germinal layers
- B. Rate of segmentation
- C. Size of blastomeres

D. Both B and C.
Answer:
Watch Video Solution
767. An animal with gestation period of more than one year is
A. Cow
B. Dog
C. Camel
D. Rat.
Answer:
Watch Video Solution

A. Hertwig
B. Pander
C. Roux
D. Aristotle.
Answer:
Watch Video Solution
769. Union of egg and sperm nuclei were first observed by
A. Hertwig
B. Newport
C. Prevost and Dumas

768. Primary germinal layers wre first studied by

D. Balfour.	
Answer:	
Watch Video Solution	
770. Father of modern embryology :-	
A. Haeckel	
B. Von Baer	
C. Wolff	
D. Aristotle.	
Answer:	
Watch Video Solution	