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India's Number 1 Education App

## BIOLOGY

## BOOKS - DINESH PUBLICATION ENGLISH

## MAMMALIA [MAMMA - BREAST]

## Multiple Choice

1. Which animal has become extinct from india?
A. Rhinoceros
B. Cheetah
C. Wolf
D. Giraffe

## - Watch Video Solution

2. The respiratory organs is aquatic whale are
A. Gills
B. Lungs
C. Trachea
D. Skin

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

3. The tusk of elephant is formed from
A. Skull
B. Canine
C. Incisors
D. Snout

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

4. The mammals that does not posses 7 cervical vertebrae is
A. Horse
B. Giraffe
C. Elephant
D. Manatee .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

5. Ultrasonic sound is differentiated by
A. Cat
B. Dog
C. Bat
D. Bird

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

6. Mammals are characterised by
A. Hair on the body
B. Mammary glands
C. External glands
D. All the above.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

7. In mammals diaphragm makes a partition between
A. Lungs and stomach
B. Stomach and heart
C. Thoracic and abdominal cavities
D. Lungs and heart .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

## 8. Mammals have evolved from

A. Birds
B. Reptiles
C. Amphibians
D. None of the above

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

9. Dental formula of elephant is
A. $\frac{1.0 .3 .3}{0.0 .3 .3}$
B. $\frac{1.0 .0 .3}{1.0 .0 .3}$
C. $\frac{1.0 .2 .3}{1.0 .1 .3}$
D. $\frac{2.0 .3 .3}{1.0 .3 .3}$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

10. A mammal that never drinks water is
A. Kangaroo
B. Shrew
C. Kangaroo/Desert Rat
D. Hedgehog.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

11. New world Monkey lacks
A. Tail
B. Cheek pouches
C. Ischial callosities
D. Both B and C .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

12. A prehensile tail occurs in
A. Cebus
B. Macaca
C. Nyctecebus
D. Loris .

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

13. Prosimians differ from simians in
A. Having nails instead of claws
B. Having claws in some of the digits
C. Having shorter hind limbs
D. Presence of tail .

## - Watch Video Solution

14. Hind limbs are slightly shorter than fore limbs in
A. Lemur
B. Loris
C. Rhesus Monkey
D. Tarsier.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

15. Broader inter-nasal septum occurs in
A. Rhesus Monkey
B. Baboon
C. Spider Monkey
D. Loris .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

16. Baboon differs from old world monkeys in
A. Presence of tail
B. Absence of ischial callosities
C. Absence of cheek pouches
D. Both B and C .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

17. Apes use while walking
A. Whole sole of feet
B. Edges of feet
C. Digits
D. Ankles .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

18. Which one uses knuckles while walking
A. Apes
B. Old world monkeys
C. New world monkeys
D. Prosimians .

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

19. An ape having ischial callosities is
A. Gibbon
B. Orang Utan
C. Gorilla
D. Chimpanzee.

## - Watch Video Solution

20. The apes are usually
A. Insectivorous
B. Carnivorous
C. Herbivorous
D. Omnivorous .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

21. What is Brachiation ?
A. Presence of longer arms
B. Presence of shorter arms
C. Occurrence of grasping hands
D. Jumping with the help of arms .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

22. The ape found in India is
A. Orangutan
B. Gibbon
C. Chimpanzee
D. Gorilla .

## - Watch Video Solution

23. Gorilla and Chimpanzee occur in
A. Australia
B. South America
C. Africa
D. China .

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

24. Orangutan is found in the forests of
A. Malayasia
B. Indonesia
C. Africa
D. America .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

25. Heavy belly is characteristic of primate
A. Gorilla
B. Orang Utan
C. Baboon
D. Gibbon.

## - Watch Video Solution

26. Hands and feet are of grasping type in
A. New World Monkey
B. Old World Monkeys
C. Apes
D. All the primates .

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

27. Ruminants belong to order
A. Artiodactyla
B. Perissodactyla
C. Proboscidea
D. All the above .

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

28. A non - ruminant member of artiodactyla is .
A. Camel
B. Pig
C. Hippopotamus
D. Both B and C .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

29. The stomach of Camel is
A. Five chambered
B. Four chambered
C. Three chambered
D. Two chambered .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

30. Pouches are found over the first two chambers of stomach in
A. Deer
B. Camel
C. Buffalo
D. Giraffe.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

31. Riverine Horse is
A. Rhino
B. Hippopotamus
C. Tapir
D. Zebra.

## - Watch Video Solution

32. Hollow horns occur in
A. Deer
B. Giraffe
C. Buffalo
D. All the above .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

33. Horns are deciduous in
A. Goat
B. Sheep
C. Cow
D. Deer .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

34. Even-toed unguligrade mammal which has nails instead of hoofs is
A. Giraffe
B. Camel
C. Cow
D. Sheep.

## - Watch Video Solution

35. Sweat is reddish in
A. Hippopotamus
B. Elephant
C. Rhino
D. Musk Deer.

## Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

36. Moschus moschiferus is
A. Hog Deer
B. Swamp Deer
C. Musk Deer
D. Barking Deer.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

37. Upper lip is cleft in
A. Hare
B. Rabbit
C. Camel
D. All the above .

## - Watch Video Solution

38. Fore limbs and neck are elongated in
A. Arabian Camel
B. Turkish Camel
C. Giraffe
D. African Elephant .

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

39. The animal hunted for its horns is
A. Cervus axis
B. Rhinoceros
C. Giraffa
D. Wild Boar .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

40. Horn of Rhino is
A. Keratinised bundle of hair
B. Bony
C. Cartilaginous
D. Partially bony and partially cartilaginous .

## - Watch Video Solution

41. Horse is
A. Digitigrade
B. Unguligrade
C. Plantigrade
D. None of the above

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

42. Zebra has stripes
A. Reddish
B. Whitish
C. Greenish
D. Yellowish .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

43. What is characteristic of Zebra stripes
A. Longitudinal
B. Transverse
C. Specific for every animal
D. Oblique.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

44. Upper lip and nose is prolonged to form proboscis in
A. Giraffe
B. Tapir
C. Horse
D. Donkey

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

45. Perissodactyla consists of
A. Even toed hoofed unguligrade mammals
B. Odd toed hoofed unguligrade mammals .
C. Even toed non-hoofed digitgrade mammals.
D. Odd toed non-hoofed digitigrade mammals .

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

46. Human beings are
A. Plantigrade
B. Digitigrade
C. Unguligrade
D. None of the above

## - Watch Video Solution

47. A digitgrade animal is
A. Bear
B. Elephant
C. Cow
D. Deer .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

48. Horse does not posses
A. Gall bladder
B. Urinary bladder
C. Molars
D. Premolars .

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

49. Animals in which premolars and molars are similar
A. Elephant
B. Otters
C. Jackals
D. Ass and Horse .

## - Watch Video Solution

50. Proboscis of Elephant is formed of
A. Prolongation of nose
B. Enlargement of upper lip
C. Both A and B
D. Prolongation of lower lip.

## Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
51. Tusks of female Elephant are
A. Long
B. Small
C. Rudimentary
D. Absent .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

52. In male Elephant, the testes are
A. Abdominal
B. Scrotal
C. Change position with season
D. Change position with breeding .

## - Watch Video Solution

53. Elephant drinks water through
A. Proboscis
B. Mouth
C. First sucks water in proboscis and then pours the same in mouth
D. Elephant does not drink water .

## Answer: C

54. Gait of Elephant is different from others
A. The statement is wrong
B. There is no bending of limbs
C. There is bending of limbs in the region of ankles
D. Limbs bend both at knees and ankles .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

55. Tusks of Elephant are made of
A. Ivory
B. Hard bone
C. Fortified cartilage
D. Mixture of calcium and silica .

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

56. In Elephant , external nares occur.
A. Adjacent to mouth
B. Sides of trunk
C. Tip of proboscis
D. Base of trunk .

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution


# 57. Number of cervical vertebrae in Manatee is 

A. 7
B. 8
C. 9
D. 6

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

58. Cervical vertebrae in Bradypus are
A. 5
B. 6
C. 8
D. 9

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

59. In Sea Cow / Manatee
A. Hind limbs are absent
B. Fore limbs are modified into paddles
C. Tail has fin
D. All the above .

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution


## 60. Seal (Phoca) is

A. Marine mammal
B. Carnivore
C. Both A and B
D. Swimmer as well as fast runner .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

61. A marine mammal of order Carnivora is
A. Otter
B. Walrus
C. Porpoise
D. Both B and C .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

62. Walrus has tusks which develop from
A. Upper incisors
B. Lower incisors
C. Upper canines
D. Lower canines .

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

63. Big Cat which can climb a tree is
A. Panthera leo
B. Panthera pardus
C. Panthera tigris
D. Both B and C .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

64. Claws are retractile in
A. Cats
B. Dogs
C. Fox
D. Hyaena.

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

65. National mammal of India is
A. Panther
B. Tiger
C. Lion
D. Bear.

## Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

66. Sea Lion is
A. Otter
B. Walrus
C. Seal
D. None of the above

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

67. Fastest land animal is
A. Cheetah
B. Lion
C. Tiger
D. Panther .

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

68. Carnivorous teeth adapted for cutting are
A. Molars
B. Carnassial
C. Premolars
D. Canines .

## Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution


## 69. Carnassial teeth are

A. Last premolar and first molar of each jaw
B. Last premolar of lower jaw and first molar of upper jaw
C. Last premolar of upper jaw and first molar of lower jaw
D. Canines and first premolars .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

70. A mammal which can imitate human laughter is
A. Dolphin
B. Seal
C. Walrus
D. Whale.

Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

71. A mammal with a voice similar to crackling human laughter is
A. Jackal
B. Hyaena
C. Fox
D. Panda.

## Answer: B

( Watch Video Solution
72. Whale bone is is related to
A. Sternum
B. Pectoral girdle
C. Upper jaw
D. Lower jaw .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

73. In Whale and Dolphin the tail bears
A. Dorsal fin
B. Caudal fin
C. Two vertical fluke
D. Two horizontal flukes .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

74. Gnawing teeth occur in
A. Rodentia
B. Lagomorpha
C. Both A and B
D. Pholidota .

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

75. Diastema is
A. Toothless part of jaw
B. Teeth bearing part of jaw
C. Hard palate
D. Soft palate .

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

76. Diastema occurs in place of
A. Incisors
B. Canines
C. Premolars
D. Molars .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

77. Canines are reduced or absent in
A. Lagomorpha
B. Rodentia
C. Perissodactyla
D. All the above.

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

78. A nocturnal rodent producing pig like grunts is
A. Porcopine
B. Guinea Pig
C. Rat
D. Beaver.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

79. In Porcupine, hair of the back are modified into
A. Scales
B. Horns
C. Spines
D. Plates .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

80. Beaver is hunted for
A. Fur
B. Meat
C. Castoreum
D. All the above .

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution


# 81. Beaver is harmful to vegetation as it feeds over 

A. Leaves
B. Tender shoots
C. Fruits
D. Bark.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

82. An arboreal rodent with longitudinal stripes is
A. Beaver
B. Squirrel
C. Guinea Pig
D. Shrew.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

83. Digits present on fore and hing limbs of Guinea Pig are
A. 5 and 5
B. 4 and 5
C. 5 and 4
D. 4 and 3

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

84. Which one leads a solitary life
A. Rabbit
B. Guinea Pig
C. Hare
D. Hystrix.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

85. Rabbit has a peculiar mode of nutrition
A. Herbivory
B. Carnivory
C. Coprophagy
D. All the above.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

86. In Rabbit and Hare, the incisors of upper and lower jaw halves are
A. $1 / 1$
B. $2 / 1$
C. $2 / 2$
D. $2 / 0$

## Answer: B

87. Indian Pangolin is
A. Scaly Ant Eater
B. Manis crassicaudata
C. Dasypus novemcinctus
D. Both A and B.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

88. Indian Pangolin is characterised by
A. Absence of teeth
B. Long protrusible tongue
C. Stones in its stomach
D. All the above .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

89. The animal which hangs upside down from tree branches is
A. Sloth
B. Baboon
C. Rhesus Monkey
D. Gibbon.

## Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution


## 90. 9-banded Armadillo has

A. Elongated snout and only molar teeth
B. Bony plates
C. Cleavage polyembryony
D. All the above .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

91. Vampire bats are found in
A. India
B. America
C. Africa
D. Australia .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

92. Vampire bats are
A. Large sized
B. Small sized
C. Sanguivorous
D. Both B and C .

## Answer: D

( Watch Video Solution
93. Name the common ancestor of apes and man.
A. Water shrew
B. Musk shrew
C. Tree shrew
D. Mole.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

94. Hedge Hog resembles Porcupine in being
A. Rodentia
B. Dermoptera
C. Insectivora
D. Pholidota .

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

95. Hedge Hog resembles Porcupine in being
A. Herbivorous
B. Covered on back by spines
C. Insectivorous
D. Both B and C .

## Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution


## 96. Scaly Ant Eater is

A. Prototheria
B. Metatheria
C. Eutheria - Pholidota
D. Eutheria- Insectivora .

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

## 97. Scaly Ant Eater is

A. Eutherian
B. Metatherian
C. Prototherian
D. None of the above

Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

## 98. Opossum belongs to

A. Prototheria
B. Metatherian
C. Edentata
D. Pholidota .

## Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

99. Scrotum developed in metatheria occurs
A. On sides of penis
B. Behind penis
C. In front of penis
D. The statement is incorrect as scrotum is absent .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

100. A mammal in which both the sexes produce milk is
A. Ornithorhyncus
B. Tachyglossus ( = Echidna )
C. Macropus
D. Didelphis .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

## Revision Questions From Competitive Exams

1. Which one of the following is an egg-laying mammal ?
A. Kangaroo
B. Platypus
C. Koala
D. Whale .

Answer: B
2. Mammary glands are modified
A. Salivary glands
B. Lacrimal glands
C. Sweat glands
D. Sebaceous glands.

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

3. An exclusive mammalian trait is
A. Diaphragm
B. 4-chambered heart
C. Thecodont dentition
D. Vivipary.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

4. The smallest eggs belong to
A. Mammals
B. Fishes
C. Amphibians
D. Reptilies .

## Answer: A

## 5. Ornithorhyncus is a

A. Duck
B. Dinosaur
C. Monotreme mammal
D. A fossil bird .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

6. Kangaroo is inhabitant of
A. Austria
B. Australia
C. Mexico
D. Africa.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

7. Whale Fish is a member of
A. Reptilia
B. Arthopoda
C. Coelenterata
D. Mammalia .

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

8. Locomotion in kangaroo is
A. Volant
B. Saltatorial
C. Cursorial
D. Graviportal .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

9. Kidney of adult rabbit is
A. Pronephros
B. Metanephros
C. Mesonephros
D. Opisthonephros

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

10. Homoiothermal animals are
A. Frog, Lion and Fish
B. Bat , Pigeon and Rabbit
C. Pigeon , Lizard and Tortoise
D. Rat , Snake and Crocodile .

## Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

11. The cervical vertebrae in humans is
A. Same as in Whale
B. More than that is Rabbit
C. Double that that of Horse
D. Less than that in Giraffe.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

12. What is common in whale, bat and rat ?
A. Absence of neck
B. Muscular diaphargm between thorax and abdomen
C. Extra-abdominal testes to avoid high temperature of body
D. Presence of external ears .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

13. Gorilla, chimpanzee, monkeys and human belongs to the same
A. Species
B. Genus
C. Family
D. Order.

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

14. Pinna/external ear is found in
A. Insects
B. Aves
C. Reptiles
D. Mammals .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

15. A mammal in which milk is squeezed down to throat of baby by muscular contraction of mother is
A. Bear
B. Camel
C. Whale
D. Rhinoceros .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

16. Kangaroo belongs to
A. Monotremata
B. Marsupilia
C. Prototheria
D. Insectivora .

## Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution


# 17. Which of the following has become extinct in India 

A. Lion
B. Dodo
C. Two-horned Rhino
D. Tiger .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

18. Which one has a poisonous gland .
A. Frog
B. Female Wall Lizard
C. Trygon
D. Male Platypus .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

19. In most mammals, the testes are located in scrotal sac for
A. More space to visceral organs
B. Sex differentiation
C. Independent functioning of kidney
D. Sperm development .

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution


## 20. Heart of mammal is

A. Two chambered
B. Three chambered
C. Four chambered
D. One chambered .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

21. Marsupial Kangaroo is
A. Viviparous
B. Oviparous
C. Ovoviviparous
D. A distinct category.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

22. A monkey with prehensile tail is
A. Bonnet Monkey
B. Rhesus Monkey
C. Spider Monkey
D. Semnopithecous.

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution


# 23. A group of animals having marsupium 

A. Prototheria
B. Metatheria
C. Eutheria
D. Theria.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

24. Mammary glands are without teats in
A. Prototheria
B. Metatheri
C. Eutheria
D. Theria.

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

25. Which one is not exclusively marine
A. Seal
B. Walrus
C. Whale
D. Dolphin .

## Answer: D

( Watch Video Solution
26. Mammals giving rise to immature young ones and nursing them in a pouch are
A. Monotremes
B. Marsupials
C. Primates
D. Carnivores.

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

27. Arboreal mammals have
A. Jumping
B. Flying
C. Burrowing
D. Climbing .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

28. Membranous partition between pericardial cavity and pleuropericardial cavity is
A. Septum transversum
B. Mediastinal septum
C. Diaphragm
D. None of the above .

## Answer: B

29. Which is common trait of mammals
A. Carnivores
B. Ventral nerve cord
C. Seven cranial nerves .
D. Seven cervical vertebrae.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

30. Blubber is
A. Subcutaneous fat of whale
B. Irregular heart beats
C. Artifical rubber
D. None of the above.

Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

31. Testes in whale are
A. Extra-abdominal
B. Half external , half internal
C. Internal
D. None of the above.

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution


## 32. State Animal of Rajastan is

A. Horse
B. Camel
C. Cow
D. Ox.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

33. Which is not a trait of prototherians
A. Egg laying
B. Absence of teats over mammary glands
C. Absence of corpus callosum
D. Presence of testes outside the abdominal cavity .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

34. Cavity lodging lungs is
A. Thorax
B. Abdomen
C. Chest
D. Stomach .

## Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution


## 35. Largest and heaviest mammal of the world is

A. Elephant
B. Tiger
C. Lion
D. Blue whale

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

36. Ruminants belong to
A. Proboscidea
B. Artiodactyla
C. Sirenia
D. Cetacea.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

37. Bat can travel with
A. Ears plugged and eyes covered
B. Eyes covered and ears open
C. Ears plugged and eyes open
D. All the above.

## Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

38. Closest relative of modern day man is
A. Prosimians
B. Orang-Utan
C. Monkey
D. Chimpanzee.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

39. Long snout and backwardly directed claws occur in
A. Arboreal animals
B. Fossorial animals
C. Cursorial animals
D. Aquatic animals.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

40. Which is a mammal ?
A. Psittacula
B. Manis
C. Planorbis
D. Hydrophis .

## Answer: B

( Watch Video Solution
41. Which is not an odd digitate pentadactylous?
A. Rhinoceros
B. Zebra
C. Camel
D. Donkey.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

42. Marsupials occur in
A. Africa
B. North America
C. Asia
D. Australia .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

43. Prototheria or subclass of egg laying mammals is connected with
A. Kangaroo
B. Echidna
C. Ornithorhyncus
D. Both B and C .

## Answer: D

44. Mammalian brain differs from amphibian brain in having
A. Olfactory lobes
B. Corpus callosum
C. Cerebellum
D. Hypothalamus .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

45. Harversian system is characteristic of
A. All bones
B. Reptilian bones
C. Mammalian bones
D. Avian bones .

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

46. Which one is a burrowing marsupial ?
A. Notoryctus
B. Thylacinus
C. Myrmecobius
D. Phascolarcitus.

## Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

47. Which of the following exist in maximum number of terms of genera and species
A. Aquatic mammals
B. Herbivore mammals
C. Terrestrial mammals
D. Carnivore mammals .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

48. Which one has the smallest cranial capacity?
A. Orang Utan
B. Gorilla
C. Chimpanzee
D. Rhesus Monkey.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

49. Neck of camel is long due to
A. Increase in number of cervical vertebrae
B. Increase in length of cervical vertebrae
C. Development of muscular pads between successive vertebrae
D. Developing of extra bony plates between successive cervical vertebrae.

## Answer: B

50. In Horse, the single large hoof represents
A. Third digit
B. First digit
C. Fourth digit
D. All the above.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

51. Where is corpus callosum present in the brain?
A. Pigeon
B. Frog
C. Crocodile
D. Elephant.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

52. Zoological name of lion is
A. Panthera tigris
B. Panthera leo- persica
C. Panthera pardus
D. Felis leo.

## Answer: B

53. An example of marsupialia is
A. Elephant
B. Horse
C. Macropus
D. Rabbit .

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

54. Sonar system is found only in

A. Otter

B. Bat
C. Whale
D. Both B and C .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

55. Which of the following mammals lacks corpus callosum
A. Ornithorhyncus
B. Balaenoptera
C. Macropus
D. Macaca.

## Answer: A

56. Which is correct?
A. Platypus lays eggs
B. Camel has biconcave RBCs
C. Rat has cloaca
D. Bat has feathers.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

57. Closest primate relative of human being is
A. Rhesus Monkey
B. Gorilla
C. Gibbon
D. Orang Utan.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

58. Dissection of Rat is done from the side
A. Dorsal
B. Ventral
C. Anterior
D. Lateral .

## Answer: B

59. Prototherians have evolved from
A. Reptiles
B. Birds
C. Amphibians
D. Eutherians.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

60. Vestigeal pelvic girdle and bones of hind limbs are the characteristic of
A. Whale
B. Dolphin
C. Shark
D. Seal.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

61. Number of cervical vertebrae in Camel/Whale/Giraffe is
A. 9
B. 7
C. 6
D. 8

## Answer: B

62. Orangutan belongs to family
A. Hominidae
B. Pongidae
C. Hylobatidae
D. Bradipodidae

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

63. In which animal , there is post-anal tail as well as heterodont teeth
B. Krait
C. Elephant
D. Cobra.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

64. Whale is mammal because it has
A. Diaphragm
B. Protruded scrotum
C. Vivipary
D. all of the above

## Answer: D

65. Eggs of egg laying mammals are
A. Macrolecithal
B. Alecithal
C. Mesolecithal
D. Telolecithal .

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

66. Which one of the following is not a member of eutheria
A. Gorilla
B. Pangolin
C. Mole
D. Platypus

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

67. The order insectivora comes under
A. Class mammalia
B. Class insecta
C. Phylum arthropoda
D. Phylum echinodermata.

## Answer: A

68. Testes descent into scrotum in mammals for
A. Spermatogenesis
B. Fertilization
C. Development of sex organs
D. Development of visceral organs .

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

69. A reptilean character of protherian is presence of
A. Left aortic arch
B. T-shaped clavicle
C. Diaphragm
D. Seven cervical vertebrae.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

70. Sea Mouse belongs to phylum
A. Sirenia
B. Cetacea
C. Lagomorpha
D. Proboscidia.

## Answer: A

71. Which one of the following is an egg-laying mammal ?
A. Porcupine
B. Bat
C. Pangolin
D. Tachyglossus.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

72. Besides mammals, placenta like structure also occurs in
A. Platyhelminthes
B. Amphibians
C. Bony fishes
D. Cartilaginous fishes

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

73. Bat, Whale and Human share the following trait
A. Hair
B. Placenta
C. Nocturnal
D. Position of mammary glands .

## Answer: B

74. Match the column is
$a$ Cow (i) Perissodactyla
$b$ Horse (ii) Proboscidea
c Whale (iii) Artiodactyla
d Elephant (iv) Cetacea
A. a-(iii), b-(i), c-(iv), d-(ii)
B. a-(iii) , b-(i) , c-(ii) , d-(iv)
C. a-(iii) , b-(ii) , c-(iv), d-(i)
D. a-(i), b-(ii) , c-(iv), d-(iii)

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

75. Which is incorrect ?
A. Insects have three pairs of legs
B. Flame cells occur in platyhelminthes
C. Whale is the largest fish
D. All mammals have mammary glands, Hairs may be present.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

76. Which is not true ?
A. Molluscans are shelled animals
B. Mammals have 4 chambered heart due no hair
C. Intestinal parasite , Common Roundworm, has three lips
D. External ears are absent in snakes but fangs may occur.

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

77. Select the correct set of animals of class-mammalia
A. Lion, Bat , Whale , Ostrich
B. Lion , Penguin , Bat and Hippopotamus
C. Kangaroo, Hippopotamus, Penguin and Whale
D. Kangaroo, Bat , Whale and Hippopotamus .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

78. Which of the following prosimians is found in Madagascar?
A. Loris
B. Lemur
C. Galago
D. Bush baby.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

79. All mammals
A. Possess uterus
B. Give birth to live young
C. Nourish their young ones with milk.
D. Contain thick coat over their young.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

80. In which mammals do the testes remain in the abdomen
A. Humans
B. Rabbit
C. Ox
D. Elephant .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

81. The character which differentiates mammals from birds is
A. Seven cervical vertebrae
B. Parental care
C. One aortic arch
D. Metanephric kidney.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

82. Which one of the following is not a mammalian character ?
A. Enucleated RBCs
B. Three chambered heart
C. Muscular diaphargm
D. Hairy skin .

## - Watch Video Solution

83. Ecolocation through high frequency sound is trait of
A. Bats
B. Birds
C. Insects
D. Monkeys.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

84. Animals giving birth to young ones are
A. Viviparous
B. Oviparous
C. Triploblastic
D. Coelomate .

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

85. Most animals domesticated by man belong to the order
A. Carnivora
B. Rodentia
C. Logomorpha
D. Ungulata

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

86. [A] : Bats and whales are mammals
$[\mathrm{R}]$ : They have 4 chambered heart .
A. if both are true with reason being correct explanation
B. both true but reason not correct explanation
C. assertion true but reason wrong
D. and both are wrong

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

87. Which among the following is an Indian monkey?
A. Macaca
B. Gorilla
C. Ramapithecus
D. Simia.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

88. In Rhinoceros, horn is formed from
A. Adipose tissue
B. Stratum germinativum
C. Stratum lucidum
D. Stratum corneum

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

89. A specific system found in Bat is
A. Echoflight
B. Echobalance
C. Echolocation
D. Echoposition

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

90. One of the following is a very unique feature of the mammalian body -
A. Four chambered heart
B. Presence of diaphragm
C. Homothermy
D. Rib cage.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

91. Very larger animal with a single nostril is
A. Shark
B. Whale
C. Python
D. Tortoise.

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

92. The recent ancestors of modern man were
A. Therapsida
B. Ornithischia
C. Silusoidea
D. Chelonia.

## Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

93. Animals which have well developed echolocation system like that of bats
A. Primates
B. Wild cat
C. Whales and Dolphins
D. Beavers.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

94. Two toed hoofed feet occur in
A. Horse
B. Elephant
C. Zebra
D. Sheep.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

95. Bat is a member of order
A. Chiroptera
B. Urodela
C. Hymenoptera
D. Lagomorpha.

## Answer: A

( Watch Video Solution
96. Zoological name of North Indian Hare is
A. Lepus nigricollis
B. Sorex araneus
C. Lepus ruficaudatus
D. Orynctologus cuniculus.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

97. Which one is egg laying mammal ?
A. Macropus
B. Didephis
C. Echidnal/Ornithorhynchus
D. Sorex.

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

98. Sweat glands and external ears are characters of group
A. Birds
B. Amphibians
C. Reptiles
D. Mammals.

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution


# 99. Which of the following is not viviparous 

A. Mole
B. Platypus
C. Kangaroo
D. Shrew.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

100. Which one of the following has nuclei in its mature red blood corpuscles?
A. Cow
B. Horse
C. Camel
D. None of the above .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

101. Match the columns

|  | Column I |  | Column II |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (a) | Echidna | $(i)$ | Ophidia |
| $(b)$ | Echinus | $(i i)$ | Teleostei |
| $(c)$ | Echeneis | $(i i i)$ | Platyhelminthes |
| $(d)$ | Echis | $(i v)$ | Echinoidea |
| $(e)$ | Echinococcus | $(i v)$ | Prototheria. |

A. (a) - (v) , (b) - (i) , (c)-(ii) , (d) - (iv), (e) - (iii)
B. (a) - (v) ,(b) - (i) , (c) - (iii) , (d) - (iv) , (e)- (ii)
C. (a) - (v) , (b)-(iv), (c)-(ii), (d) - (iii) , (e) - (i)
D. (a) - (v), (b) - (iv) , (c) - (ii) , (d)- (i) , (e) - (iii).

## - Watch Video Solution

102. Match the following column I with column II and choose the correct combination.

## ColumnI ColumnII

(a)Earthworm (i)Gizzard
(b) Cockroach (ii)Caecum
(c)Frog (iii)Clitellum
(d)Rat (iv)Cloaca
A. (a) - (i), (b) - (ii) , (c) - (iv) ,(d) - (iii)
B. (a) -(iii). (b) - (i) , (c) - (iv) , (d) - (ii)
C. (a) - (ii) , (b) - (i) , (c) - (iii) , (d) - (iv)
D. (a) - (i) , (b) - (iii) , (c) - (iv) , (d) - (ii)

## Answer: B

103. Hoolock Gibbon (India's only ape ) is found in
A. Simplipal National Park
B. Desert National Park
C. Kaziranga National Park
D. Rajaji National Park

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

104. A muscular transverse partition in mammals that separates thorax from abdomen is
A. Diaphragm
B. Pharynx
C. Stomach
D. Duodenum .

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

105. [A] : The duck-billed platypus and the spiny ant-eater, both are egg-lying animals yet they are grouped under mammals .
$[\mathrm{R}]$ : Both of them have seven cervical vertebrae and 12 pairs of cranial nerves .
A. if both are true with reason being correct explanation
B. both true but reason not correct explanation
C. assertion true but reason wrong
D. and both are wrong

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

106. Which one of the following characters is not typical of the class-Mammalia?
A. Thecodont dentition
B. Alveolar lungs
C. Ten pairs of cranial nerves
D. Seven cervical vertebrae.

## Answer: C

107. They give birth to young ones.
A. Kangaroo, Hedgehog, Dolphin , Loris
B. Lion, Bat , Whale , Ostrich
C. Platypus, Penguin, Bat , Hippopotamus
D. Shrew, Bat , Cat , Kiwi.

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

108. Which is vivipary
A. Frog, Kangaroo
B. Whale, Rabbit
C. Snake , Lizard
D. Cockroach , Aves.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

109. Which one is correctly matched ?

|  | Animal | Characteristic | Taxon |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $(A)$ | Millipede | Ventral nerve cord | Arachnida |
| $(B)$ | Silver fish | Pectoral and pelvic fins | Chordata |
| $(C)$ | Duck - billed Platypus | Oviparous | Mammalia |
| $(D)$ | Sea Anemous | Triploblastic | Cnidaria |

- Watch Video Solution

110. All mammals, without any exception, are characterised by
A. Viviparity and biconcave red blood cells
B. Extra - abdominal testes and a four chambered heart
C. Heterodont teeth and 12 pairs of cranial nerves
D. A muscular diaphragm and milk producing glands .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

111. Which of the following statements are true// false
A. In Torpedo the electric organs are capable of generating strong strong electric shock to paralyze the prey
B. Bony fishes use pectoral, pelvic, dorsal, anal and caudal fins in swimming
C. Amphibians skin is moist and has thick scales
D. Birds are poikilothermous animals

E . The most unique mammalian characteristic is the presence of milk producing mammary glands by which the young ones are nourished
A. $a, b$ and $c$ are true , $d$ and $e$ are false
B. $a, b$ and $e$ are true , $c$ and $d$ are false
C. a ,d and e are true , b and c are false
D. a , b and d are false , c and e are true

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

112. Order primata contains
A. Shrew and Hedge Hog
B. Bats and Vampires
C. Monkey and Man
D. Horse and Zebra.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

113. Tusk of an elephant is an enormously enlarged
A. Upper canines
B. Upper incisors
C. Lower incisors
D. Lower canines.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

114. Duck billed platypus is a connecting link between
A. Retiles and mammals
B. Reptiles and birds
C. Echinoderms and chordates
D. Living and non-living .

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

115. The tailless primate is
A. Lemur
B. Spider Monkey
C. Loris
D. African Babbon.

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

116. What is common between Parrot, Platy-pus and Kangaroo?
A. Toothless jaw
B. Functional post anal tail
C. Oviparity
D. Homoiothermy.

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

117. Number of teeth in New World Monkey is
A. 12
B. 16
C. 32
D. 36

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

118. Arboreal adaptation occurs in:
A. Duck
B. Squirrel
C. Horse
D. Parrot.

## - Watch Video Solution

119. Animals with cursorial adaptation is:
A. Tree Frog
B. Monkey
C. Chamaeleon
D. Horse.

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

120. Members of hominidae are
A. Man, Lemur , Ape
B. Man , Chimpanzes, Gorilla
C. Monkey, Ape , Lemur
D. Chimpanzee , Lemur , Ape.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

121. Which one has a copulatory organ ?
A. Squirrel
B. goldfish
C. Toad
D. frog

## - Watch Video Solution

122. Which is correct set belonging to single group ?
A. Bat, Pigeon , Crow
B. Man , Monkey, Chimpanzee
C. Oyster, Octopus, Otter
D. Cattle Fish , Jelly Fish , Silver Fish .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

123. Right systemic arch is absent in
A. Mammals
B. Reptiles
C. Amphibians
D. Birds.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

124. Which is not a cat ?
A. Lion
B. Tiger
C. Cheetah
D. Jackal.

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

125. Instead of tooth, baleen (hanging horny plates in mouth) are found in
A. Dolphin
B. Archaeopteryx
C. Blue whale
D. Shark.

## Answer: C

126. Which is not characteristic of all chordates
A. Presence of coelom
B. Pharyngeal gill clefts in early embryonic stages
C. Diaphragm separating thorax from abdomen
D. Dorsal nerve cord .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

127. A common scent-producing gland among mammals is
A. Prostate gland
B. Adrenal gland
C. Bartholin's gland
D. Anal gland .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

128. In prototherians what are true
(a) Pectoral girdle associated with T-shaped interclavicle
(b) Mammary glands are modified sebaceous glands
(c) Pelvic girdle possesses epipubic bones
(d) Vertebrae are with epiphyses.
A. a and c
B. $a$ and b
C. cand b
D. b and c.

## - Watch Video Solution

129. All mammals
A. Posses seven cervical vertebrae
B. Are viviparous
C. Are homodont
D. Nourish young ones with milk

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

130. The dolphin found in Chilka lake is
A. Ganges Dolphin
B. Irrawaddy Dolphin
C. Narwhal Dolphin
D. Porpoise

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

131. Which one of the following is not a mammalian character ?
A. Homodont of dentition
B. Presence of milk producing glands They have two pairs of limbs
C. They have two pairs of limbs
D. Skin is unique in possessing hair

## - Watch Video Solution

132. Identify the aquatic mammal(s) from the following I . Balenoptera II. Equus III. Delphinus IV. Pteropus V. Felis
A. (i) and (iii) only
B. (v) only
C. (ii) and (iii) only
D. (iv) and (v) only

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

133. Humans belong to family
A. Hominidae
B. Pongidae
C. Hylobatidae
D. Ramapithecus.

## Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

134. Pouch is seen in
A. Platypus
B. Bat
C. Lemur
D. Marsupial

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

135. Pick the mammal with true placenta
A. Platypus
B. Echidna
C. Kangaroo
D. Mongoose.

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

136. Which one of these doesn't fall in the same group as the other three?
A. Rat
B. Squirrel
C. Porcupine
D. Rabbit .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

137. Identify, typical dental formula of a metatherian
A. i5/4, c $1 / 1, \mathrm{pm} 3 / 3, \mathrm{~m} 4 / 4$
B. $\mathrm{i} 3 / 3,1 / 1, \mathrm{pm} 4 / 4, \mathrm{~m} 3 / 3$
C. $\mathrm{i} 4 / 3, \mathrm{c} 1 / 1, \mathrm{pm} 3 / 3, \mathrm{~m} 4 / 4$
D. $\mathrm{i} 4 / 5, \mathrm{c} 1 / 1, \mathrm{pm} 3 / 3, \mathrm{~m} 4 / 4$.

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

138. Both hepatic and renal portal systems are found in
A. Fishes , amphibians, reptiles
B. Amphibians, reptiles, mammals
C. Reptiles , aves , mammals
D. Cyclostomes, fishes, amphibians .

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

139. Left systemic arch is absent in
A. Aves
B. Mammals
C. Both aves and mammals
D. Reptiles.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

140. Which is correctly matched .
A. Sea Anemone- Triploblastic - Cnidaria
B. Silver Fish - Pectoral and pelvic fins - Chordata
C. Duck-billed Platypus - Oviparous - Mammalia
D. Milipede- Ventral nerve cord - Arachinida.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

141. Read the following statements and choose the correct options I. Pelvic fins of female sharks bear claspers. II . In Obelia polyps produce medusae sexually and medusae form the polyps asexually . III . Flame cells in platyheliminthes help in osmoregulation and excretion . IV. In nonchordates, central nervous system is ventral , solid and double . V. Pinnae are present in mammals.
A. II , IV and V only are correct
B. I , III and V only correct
C. III, IV and V only are correct .
D. I , II and III only are correct .

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

142. Intra-abdominal testes are found in
A. Panthera and Equus
B. Macaca and Macropus
C. Balaenoptera and Delphinus
D. Canis and Felis .

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

143. The success of mammals on earth is largely because
A. They can conform to the changes in the environment .
B. They can reduce metabolic activity and go into state of dormancy during unfavourable conditions in the environment
C. They have the ability to maintain consant body temperature
D. They can take care of their young ones as they have mammary glands to suckle them.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

144. Identify and select the correct match of columns I, II and III
A. ${ }_{(A)}$ Earthworm $-\quad$ Annelida $-\quad$ Superclass
$\begin{array}{lllll} & I & I I & I I I \\ & \text { B } & \\ \text { Frog } & - & \text { Rana }-\quad \text { Species }\end{array}$
I II III
C. (C) Lancelet - Vertebrata - Division
$\begin{array}{llllll} & I & I I & I I I \\ & \text { D. } \\ \text { D } & \text { Walrus } & - & \text { Mammalia } & - & \text { Class. }\end{array}$

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

145. Which is not a characteristic feature of mammals
A. Diphyodont teeth
B. Ten pairs of cranical nerves
C. Seven cervical vertebrae
D. Left acortic arch in the circulatory system .

## - Watch Video Solution

146. Study the statements about chordates and identify correct ones
(a) Columella auris present in middle ear of amphians is modified hyomandibula of fishes
(b) Reptiles lay cleidoic eggs
(c) Sphenodon is connecting link between amphibians and reptiles
(d) Panthera tigris is an extinct animal of India .
A. (a) ,(b), (c)
B. (b), (c), (d)
C. (a), (c), (d)
D. (a) , (b) , (d)

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

147. Who has opposable thumb
A. Platypus
B. Kangaroo
C. Mole
D. Lemur.

## Answer: D

( Watch Video Solution
148. Pick up the odd one out
A. Chelone, Calotes, Naja
B. Pavo , Psittacula , Ornithorhyncus
C. Canis , Felis , Rattus
D. Bufo , Rana, Hyla .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

149. The marsupial mammal amongst the following animals is
A. Gibbon
B. Kangaroo
C. Lemur
D. Spiny Ant Eater .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

150. Read the following statements and choose the correct option
(i) Aves are homothermous
(ii) Pinnae are present in mammals
(iii) Operculum is present in chondrichthyes
(iv) Skin of amphibians is dry and horny .
(v) Open type of circulation is found in cyclostomes
A. $i$ and ii are wrong
B. ii , iii and iv are wrong
C. $i$, ii and iv are wrong
D. iii, iv and vare wrong .

## - Watch Video Solution

151. Which is not a trait of prototherians
A. Ovipary
B. Lack of teeth
C. Absence of corpus callosum
D. Extra-abdominal testes .

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

152. Sudorific glands are characteristic feature of
A. Birds
B. Mammals
C. Poisonous snakes
D. Toads.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

153. Which one of the following characteristics is not shared by birds and mammals?
A. Warm blooded nature
B. Ossified endoskeleton
C. Breathing using lungs
D. Viviparity.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

154. Which one of the following is not a mammalian character ?
A. Presence of milk porducing glands
B. Skin is unique in possessing hair
C. Presence of external ears called pinnae
D. Homodont type of dentition.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

155. Which of the following represents order of 'Horse'?
A. Equidae
B. Perissodactyla
C. Caballus
D. Ferus.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

156. Which among these is the correct combination of aquatic mammals ?
A. Seals, Dolphins, Sharks
B. Dolphins, Seals, Trygon
C. Whales, Dolphin, Seals
D. Trygon, Whales, Seals .

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

## Check Your Grasp

1. Dicondylic skull occurs in
A. Pisces and Amphibia
B. Amphibia and Aves
C. Reptilia and Mammalia
D. Amphibia and Mammalia.

## Answer:

2. Shortest gestation period of a mammal is in
A. Kangaroo
B. Echidna
C. Otter
D. human

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

3. Tallest land animal is
A. Elephant
B. Ostrich
C. Giraffe
D. Cheetah.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

4. Sea Cow is a
A. Fish
B. Reptile
C. Bird
D. Mammal.

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

5. What is the peculiarity in Zebra stripes .
A. Absent on legs
B. Oblique spirals
C. Vertical
D. Dissimilar in all animals.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

6. Antlers are
A. Solid and shed every year
B. Hollow and shed every year
C. Hollow and permanent .
D. Solid and permanent.

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

7. Platypus has
A. Webbed feet
B. Flattened tail
C. Toothless beak
D. All the above.

## Answer: D

( Watch Video Solution
8. An incubatorium is found in the female of
A. Echidna
B. Platypus
C. Water Shrew
D. Tree Shrew.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

9. In Flying Fox, claws are present on the digits of free limbs
A. First
B. Second
C. Both first and second
D. The first three .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

10. Mangoose is
A. Insectivore
B. Carnivore
C. Herbivore
D. Scanvenger.

## Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

1. Wheel Animalcules are
A. Coelenterates
B. Echinoderms
C. Rotifers
D. Protozoans.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

2. Rotifers are
A. Unicellular animals
B. Multicellular animals
C. Smallest metazoans
D. Both B and C .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

3. Characteristic of rotifers is
A. Small size
B. Ring of cilia
C. Multicellular nature
D. All the above.

## Answer: B

4. Naked Ape is
A. Homo sapiens
B. Simia pygmaeous
C. Gorilla
D. Pan satyrus.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

5. Largest fish is
A. Whale
B. Whale Shark
C. Basking Shark
D. White Shark .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

6. Smell is most acute in
A. Shark
B. Whale
C. Vulture
D. Cat.
7. Part of the brain connected with sense of small in Shark is
A. 5/6
B. $1 / 2$
C. $3 / 10$
D. $1 / 4$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

8. A shark can detect blood in sea from a distance of
A. 100 m
B. 1000 m
C. 2.5 km
D. 5 km

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

9. Size of Rhincodon typus or Whale Shark is
A. 5 m
B. 10 m
C. 18 m
D. 30 m

## Answer: C

10. Remigration is
A. Migration outside the home range
B. One time migration with no return
C. Return migration
D. Return by next generation.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

11. Remigration is shown by
A. Stork
B. Swallow
C. Golden Plover
D. Locust.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

12. Rearing of shell fishes was first carried out by
A. Japanese
B. Romans
C. Britishers
D. Swedes

## Answer: B

13. Cultivation of pearls was undertaken first by
A. Japanese in 17th century
B. Japanese towards the end of 19th century
C. Britishers in 18th century
D. Americans in the beginning of twentieth century.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

14. Cultivation of pearls was pioneered by
A. Mikimoto
B. Hoshimoto
C. Yabuta
D. Kurosawa.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

15. Number of verebrate species is
A. 210,000
B. 41,000
C. 141,000
D. 181,000 .
16. Number of viruses per ml of sea/lake water is
A. Nil
B. $10,000-100,000$
C. 5-10 million
D. $500,000-5,000,000$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

17. Largest eye is that of
A. Ostrich
B. Whale
C. Whale Shark
D. Cycas

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

18. Zoidiogamy is found in
A. Algae
B. Bryophytes and Pteridophytes
C. A few gymnosperms
D. All the above .

## Answer: D

19. Egg of Rhinodon typus is
A. 17 cm
B. 30 cm
C. 23 cm
D. 21 cm .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

20. Hydrostatic skeleton is found in
A. Earthworm
B. Pigeon
C. Shark
D. Whale.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

21. A species brought from outside which does not require human support is
A. Exotic species
B. Introduced species
C. Naturalised species
D. Native species .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

22. In birds and fish, an order ends in
A. - agles
B. -a
C. - formes
D. -idae

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

23. Agar is used as culture medium because it
A. Provides nourishment
B. Remains as solid jelly
C. Resistant to microorganic breakdown
D. Both B and C .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

24. The least dense solid material is
A. Foam
B. Sea Gel
C. Agar- agar
D. Bacterial plastic

## - Watch Video Solution

25. Sea gel is
A. Lighter than water
B. Lighter than air
C. Heavier than air but lighter than water
D. Lighter than air but made heavier by entrapping air in it .

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

26. Great Barrier Reef is
A. Fossil remains of ancient coral
B. Coral reef that is under erosion and reduction
C. Growing coral reef
D. Coral reef without any living content .

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

27. Coelacanth (Latimeria chalumnae) is hunted for
A. Meat
B. habitat destruction
C. Liver oil
D. Scales .

## - Watch Video Solution

28. Spinal fluid of Latimeria is believed to be
A. Antibiotic
B. Antiseptic
C. Aphrodisiac
D. Life extending .

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

29. A bird which can fly backwards is
A. Humming bird
B. Swift
C. Albatross
D. Weaver Bird.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

30. Chemosynthetic bacteria are important producers of
A. Areas around hydrothermal vents
B. Ocean bed
C. Lake bed
D. Deltas.

## D Watch Video Solution

31. A bacterium which can check growth of Listeria and botulism bacteria is
A. Hay bacterium
B. Methane bacterium
C. Nitrifying bacterium
D. Lactic acid bacterium.

## Answer: D

32. Largest organism is a
A. Tree
B. Fungus
C. Vine
D. Animal .

## Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

33. The fungus which occupies the maximum area is
A. Bracket fungus Ganoderma
B. Giant puffball Clavatia
C. Sacred Mushroom
D. Honey Fungus.

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

34. Honey Fungus (Armillaria ostoyae) has been found to occupy an area of
A. 600 hectares
B. 200 hectares
C. 20 hectares
D. 2 hectares.

## Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

35. DNA polymerase required for synthesising copies of DNA at high temperature is obtained from
A. Thermus aquaticus
B. Cephalosporium gramineum
C. Bacillius megatherium
D. Thermoproteus species.

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

36. Clubroot is a
A. Moss
B. Disease
C. Medicinal plant
D. Coral.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

37. Finger and Toe disease is a disease of
A. Humans
B. Birds
C. Roots of crucifers
D. Cattle .

## Answer: C

38. A mammal with social life having different castes is
A. Naked Mole Rat
B. Deer
C. Elephant
D. Monkey.

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

39. A fish with transparent blood is
A. Pleuronectes
B. Sardinella
C. Neoceratodus
D. Chaenocephalus.

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

40. Hydra reproduces sexually during
A. Spring
B. Summer
C. Autumn
D. Winter.

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

41. Asexual reproduction occurs in Hydra during
A. Summer
B. Winter - spring period
C. Autumn - winter
D. Throughout the year.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

42. Insect population is estimated to be
A. $10^{12}$
B. $10^{15}$
C. $10^{18}$
D. $10^{21}$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

43. The smallest mammal in the world is a
A. Pigmy Mole
B. Etruscan Shrew
C. Hog Nose Bat
D. Both B and C .

## Answer: D

( Watch Video Solution
44. Double uterus and double vagina are charateristic of
A. Prototheria
B. Metatheria
C. Chiroptera
D. Cetacea.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

45. Red sweat is characteristic of
A. Kangaroo
B. Camel
C. Hippopotamus
D. Bat.

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

46. Ruminants produce methane due to presence of
A. Rumenococus
B. Methanomonas
C. Methanobacterium
D. All the above.

## Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

47. Water of Ganges remains pure due to presence of
A. Bacteriophages
B. Zooplankton
C. Bdellovibrios
D. Dinoflagellates.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

48. Bdellovibrios is
A. Virus
B. Viroid
C. Prion
D. Bacterium.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

49. Dinoflagellates are
A. heterotrophs
B. chemotrophs
C. autotrophs
D. All the above.

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

50. Excessive growth of dinoflagellates produces
A. Hydrothermal vents
B. Red tides
C. Coloured snow
D. Small hills.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

51. Dinoflagellates undergo binary fission
A. Longitudinal
B. Transverse
C. Oblique
D. Irregular

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

52. Chlamydomonas nivalis is a
A. Cryophyte
B. Thermophile
C. Halophile
D. Oxyphile.

## Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

53. Chlamydomonas nivalis colours the snow
A. Red
B. Yellow
C. Green
D. Purple brown.

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

54. A metatherian without a marsupium is
A. Didelphis
B. Myrmecobius
C. Bandicoot
D. Koala .

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

55. Stridulation is
A. Gate of crickets
B. Respiratory movement of grasshoppers
C. Harsh shrill sound of crickets and grasshoppers
D. Copulatory dance .

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

56. Stridulation is produced by crickets to
A. Mark territory
B. Attract mate
C. Invite prey
D. Both $A$ and $B$.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

57. Stridulatory organs of grasshopper are
A. Wings
B. Legs
C. Hing-legs and wings
D. Fore-legs and fore-wings.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

58. Prions were studied by
A. Raymer
B. Diener
C. Prusiner
D. Jacob.

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

59. The smallest pathogens are
A. Bdellovibrios
B. Virus
C. Viroids
D. Prions .

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

60. Prion is made of
A. DNA only
B. RNA only
C. Protein only
D. All the above.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

61. Scrapie of sheep and Cruetzfeldt - Jacob nervous disease of humans are caused by
A. Prions
B. Viroids
C. RNA-viruses
D. DNA-viruses.

## Answer: A

62. Largest eye is that of
A. Deer
B. Whale
C. Giant Squid
D. Struthio.

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

63. Diameter of eye in Architeuthis is
A. 37.5 cm
B. 27.5 cm
C. 20 cm
D. 15 cm

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

64. Homonomous metamerism is found in
A. Arthropods
B. Annelids
C. Molluscs and vertebrates
D. All the above.

## Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution


## 65. In vertebrates, metamerism is

A. Both external and internal
B. External only
C. Internal only
D. External in certain regions and internal in others.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

66. Radiata includes
A. Nematodes
B. Nemerteans
C. Cnidaria
D. All the above.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

67. Animals included under radiata are
A. Triploblastic
B. Diploblastic
C. Unicellular and colonial
D. All the above.

## Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

68. Trophoblasts of Plasmodium feed on
A. Haemoglobin molecules
B. Cytoplasm of erythrocytes
C. Globin part of haemoglobin.
D. Haematin part of haemoglobin.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

69. Toxic haemozoin that causes malarial fever is formed from host
A. DNA
B. RNA
C. Protein
D. carbohydrates.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

70. Small white stone -like Charcot- Leydon crystals are found in the faeces of a person suffering from
A. Amoebiasis
B. Malaria
C. Giardiasis
D. Chagas' fever.

## Answer: A

71. Aestivo-autumnal fever is malaria caused by
A. Plasmodium ovale
B. P. malariae
C. P.vivax
D. P. falciparum.

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

72. Moonga is obtained from
A. Corallium
B. Heliopora
C. Euplectella
D. Chalina.

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

73. Solenocytes differ from flame cells in
A. Absence of cilia
B. Absence of connection with excretory canals
C. Presence of blood vessels
D. All the above .

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

74. Which one is an incidental parasite
A. Taenia solium
B. Echinococcus granulosus
C. Schistosoma haematobium
D. Ancylostoma duodenale .

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

75. Coelom is reduced to haemocoelic channels in
A. Polychaeta
B. Oligochaeta
C. Hirudinea
D. Arachiannelida.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

76. The viviparous arthropod is
A. Lac Insect
B. Spanish Fly
C. Cockroach
D. Scorpion.

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

77. Ecdysone is secreted by
A. Corpora allata
B. Prothoracic glands
C. Corpora cardiaca
D. Both $A$ and $B$.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

78. Fastest insect, Cephenemyia grandis, can fly at a speed of
A. $1360 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $1060 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $860 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $360 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr} /$

Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

79. Torsion is observed in the visceral mass of
A. Hirudinea
B. Gastropoda
C. Pelecypoda
D. Scaphopoda.

## Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

80. In Cockroach , the organs sensitive to ground vibrations are
A. Elytra
B. Anal styles
C. Anal cerci
D. Tarsus.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

81. Johnston's organs are meant for perceiving
A. Mechanical and sound vibrations
B. Smell
C. Taste
D. Temperature.

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

82. Johnston's organ occurs in
A. Spiders
B. Centipedes
C. Crabs
D. Insects.

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

83. Devil's Fish expels an ink for
A. Paralysing prey
B. Camouflage
C. Insensitising smelling power of predator
D. Both $B$ and $C$.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

84. Ambergris, a source of perfume, is intestinal excretion of
A. Sperm Whale
B. Blue Whale
C. Musk Deer
D. Seal.

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

## 85. Antlers are

A. Hollow
B. Solid
C. Permanent
D. Both $B$ and $C$.

## Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

86. Amphioxus is devoid of
A. Head
B. Blood vessels
C. Kidney
D. All the above

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

87. In Cycas, fertilisation occurs through
A. Isogamy
B. Siphonogamy
C. Zoidiogamy
D. Both B and C.

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

88. Gymnosperms with vessels are
A. Cycadales
B. Coniferales
C. Gnetales
D. Ginkgoales.

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

89. Besides normal roots, Cycas possesses another type of roots near the soil surface and called
A. Surface feeders
B. Coralloid
C. Mycorrhiza
D. Adventitious

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

90. Maiden Hair Tree is
A. Bottle Brush
B. Araucaria
C. Ginkgo
D. Juniperus.

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

91. Which one of the following is called maiden hair fern?
A. Adiantum
B. Dryopteris
C. Cyathaea
D. Pteris.

Answer: A
(b) Watch Video Solution

# 92. Which one is a Water Fern 

A. Azolla
B. Salvinia
C. Marsilea
D. All the above.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

93. Telome theory (Zimmermann , 1930) is related to origin of
A. Pollen tube
B. Vascular plants
C. Seed
D. Fruit.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

## 94. Transfusion tissue occurs in

A. All embryophytes
B. Angiosperms
C. Gymnosperms
D. Ferns.

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution


## 95. Sago Palm is

A. Borassus
B. Cocos
C. Elaeis
D. Cycas.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

96. Hydrostereom or transfusion tissue is found in
A. Gymnosperm roofs
B. Gymnosperm leaves
C. Gymnosperm stems
D. All the above.

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

## 97. Vascular cryptogames are

A. Algae and Fungi
B. Bryophytes
C. Pteridophytes
D. All the above.

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

98. Phenomenon of helotism or controlled parasitism is shown by
A. Leguminous roots
B. Lichens
C. Mycorrhiza
D. All the above.

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

99. Lichens growing on rocks are called
A. Saxicolous
B. Corticolous
C. Lignocolous
D. Terricolous.

Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

100. Roots of Trifolium alexandrinum contains nitrogen fixing
A. Rhizobium
B. Nostoc
C. Aerorhizobium
D. Anabaena.

## Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

