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## BIOLOGY

# BOOKS - DINESH PUBLICATION ENGLISH 

## PHYLUM - ARTHROPODA

Mcq

1. Cyclops is
A. Terrestrial free living chilopod
B. Aquatic free living crustacean
C. Cursorial arachnid
D. Aquatic insect.
2. Cyclops differs from Daphnia in
A. Having green colouration
B. Absence of heart
C. Absence of carapace
D. All of above.

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

3. Walking Worm is
A. Hermit Crab
B. Millipede
C. Peripatus
D. Scylla serrata

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

4. Trilobites are
A. Extinct arthropods
B. Connecting link between annelids and molluscs
C. Living fossils
D. Insects.

## Answer: A

5. An arthropod having unjointed legs is
A. Limulus
B. Peripatus
C. Eupagurus
D. Millipede

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

6. Daphnia resembles aphids in
A. Parasitic mode of living
B. Aquatic habitat
C. Presence of carapace
D. Parthenogenesis for a few generations.

## Answer: D

## Watch Video Solution

7. A pair of stink gland is found in
A. Julus
B. Scolopendra
C. Palamnaeus
D. Paratelphusa.

Answer: A

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8. A characterstic feature of scorpions is
A. 4 pairs of walking legs
B. Vivipary
C. Chelicerae
D. Pedipalpi.

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

9. In hypermetamorphosis, there are
A. Several larval moultings
B. More than one pupal stage
C. Several larval stages showing different structure and habits
D. Several types of larvae.
10. Lepisma is
A. Stick Insect
B. Leaf Insect
C. Praying Mantis
D. Silver Fish.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

11. Praying Mantis is
A. Herbivorous
B. Carnivorous
C. Saprozoic
D. Coprophagous.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

12. Naiads are
A. Nymphs of Locust
B. Nymphs of Grasshopper
C. Nymphs of Dragonfly
D. All the above.

Answer: C
13. Eggs of Pediculus/human louse are
A. Nits
B. Tumblers
C. Naiads
D. Instars.

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
14. True and complete metamorphosis occurs in
A. Moth
B. Grasshopper
C. Bed Bug
D. Silver Fish.

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

15. Ticks and Mites belong to
A. Insecta
B. Crustacea
C. Diplopoda
D. Arachnida.

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

16. Scabies is due to
A. Ticks
B. Itch Mite
C. Maggots
D. Fungal infection.

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

17. Worker termites are
A. Wingless
B. Sterile
C. Blind
D. All the above.
18. Which social insect produces the biggest colony
A. Bees
B. Ant
C. Termites
D. Wasps.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

19. Wings are covered by scales in
A. Dragonflies
B. Houseflies
C. Mosquitoes
D. Butterflies and Moths.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

20. Red dye for colouring cosmetics is obtained from
A. Lac Insect
B. Cochineal Insect
C. Spanish Fly
D. Honey Bee.

## Answer: B

21. An insect commonly available from book shelves is
A. Silver Fish
B. Drosophila
C. Cockroach
D. Mosquito.

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

22. Resemblance of phyllium to a dicot leaf is
A. Variation
B. Adaptive radiation
C. Mimicry
D. Genetic drift.

Answer: C

Watch Video Solution
23. A wingless blood sucking ectoparasitic insect is
A. Mosquito
B. Pediculus
C. Silver Fish
D. Aphids.

Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

24. Glow worn/Fire Fly is
A. Insect
B. Arachnid
C. Diplopod
D. Chilopod.

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

25. An animal related to spider is
A. Palamnaeus
B. Mosquito
C. Crab
D. Housefly.

## Watch Video Solution

26. An insect helping in pollination is
A. Drosophila
B. Musca nebulo
C. Bombyx mori
D. Apis dorsata.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

27. Cantharidine is got from
A. Cochineal Insect
B. Spanish Fly
C. Red Ant
D. Boll Weevil.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

28. An insect that produces shellac is
A. Apis indica
B. Bombyx mori
C. Laccifer lacca
D. Dictyolopius coccus.

Answer: C
29. Centipede has
A. 150 legs
B. 200 legs
C. As many pairs of legs as body segments
D. As many legs as body segments.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

30. Life history of cockroach represents
A. Ametabola
B. Hemimetabola
C. Paurometabola
D. Holometabola.
31. First pair of wings of Cockroch are
A. Tegmina attached to mesothorax
B. Elytra attached to metaorax
C. Tegmina attached to prothorax
D. Tegmina attached to metathorax

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

32. An animal which periodically casts off its exoskeleton is
A. Unio
B. Fish
C. Fasciola
D. Cockroach.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

33. Tracheal respiration takes air to
A. Blood
B. Tissues
C. Lungs
D. Body cavity.
34. Dances of honey bees are performed by
A. Workers while bringing food
B. Drones during nuptial flight
C. Queen during nutial flight
D. Scout bees before collector bees.

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

35. Members of bee colony recoginse one another through
A. Dance
B. Touch
C. Smell
D. Vision.

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

36. The two pairs of wings of an insect develop respectively from
A. Prothorax and mesothorax
B. Mesothorax and metathorax
C. Metathorax and first abdominal segment
D. First two abdominal segments.

## Answer: B

37. A spider spins the web by means of a section of
A. Abdominal glands
B. Salivary glands
C. Thoracic glands
D. Mouth

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

38. Maggot is
A. Larva of Anopheles/Culex
B. Pupa of Housefly
C. Larva of Housefly
D. Larva of Dragonfly.

## Answer: C

Watch Video Solution
39. Wriggler is larva of
A. Beetle
B. Mosquito
C. Housefly
D. Butterfly

Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

40. Pupa of mosquitoes is also named as
A. Grub
B. Tumbler
C. Maggot
D. Naiad

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

41. Housefly spreads diseases
A. Typhoid, diphtheria, Tuberculosis and Pertussis
B. Tuberculosis, Tetanus, Pertussis and Diphtheria
C. Gangrene, Poliomyelities, Diphtheria and Typhoid
D. Dengue, Encephalitis, Filariasis and Poliomyelities.

## Watch Video Solution

42. Housefly cannot take food unless it is in
A. Digested state
B. Liquid state
C. Semisolid state
D. Solid state

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

43. Peripatus belongs to
A. Arachnida
B. Insecta
C. Crustacea
D. Onychophora.

Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

44. Which one is a living fossil ?
A. Limulus
B. Peripatus
C. Lepisma
D. Pediculus.

Answer: A
45. Which character of Peripatus resembles with annelids ?
A. Body is segmented
B. Presence of nephridia
C. Simple eyes
D. None of the above.

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

46. Study of crustaceans is called
A. Limnology
B. Cardiology
C. Chondrology
D. Carcinology.

## Answer: D

## Watch Video Solution

47. In crustacea excretion is by
A. Malpighian tubules
B. Kidneys
C. Nephridia
D. Antennary/green glands.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

48. Palamnaeus (Scorpion) belongs to class arachnida because of
A. 4 pairs of legs
B. Chelate legs
C. Sting
D. None.

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

49. Julus belong to class
A. Insecta
B. Chilopoda
C. Diplopoda
D. Cructancea.

## Watch Video Solution

50. Which is a poisonous arthropod ?
A. Spider
B. Scolopendra
C. Palaeomon
D. Anopheles.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

51. Which respires by book lungs ?
A. Spider
B. Scolopendra
C. Palaeomon
D. Anopheles.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

52. Blood of most arthropods is
A. Colourless
B. Reddish
C. Bluish
D. Yellow

## Answer: A

53. Which on eis the characteristic of class crustacea?
A. Cephalothorax with two pairs of antennae
B. Gills and green glands
C. Both A and B
D. Cephalothorax with one pair of antennae.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

54. Select the crustacean
A. Cockroach
B. Cyclops
C. Dragonfly
D. Butterfly

## Answer: B

## Watch Video Solution

55. Which is not a crustacean ?
A. Waterflea
B. Palaeomon
C. Crab
D. Grasshopper.

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

56. Class arachnida is characterised by
A. A pair each of pedipalpi and chelicerae
B. Four pairs of legs
C. Both A and B
D. Three pairs of legs.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

57. Which of the following is not an arachnid
A. Spider
B. Itch Mite
C. Louse
D. Tick.
58. Myriapoda includes
A. Diploponds only
B. Both diplopods and chilopods
C. Chilopods only
D. Locusts.

## Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

59. Diplopods (e.g., Millipede) differ from a chilopods (e.g., Centipede) in
A. Occurrence of two pairs of legs on each segment
B. Presence of pedipalpi
C. Presence of chelicerae
D. Absence of sting.

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

60. Entomology is the study of
A. Enteron
B. enteric epithelium
C. Insects
D. Arachnids.

## Answer: C

61. Phylum Arthropoda is characterised by the presence of :
A. Jointed appendages
B. Unjointed appendages
C. Undeveloped appendages
D. Absence of appendages.

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

62. In arthropoda, respiration is accomplished by
A. Book lungs and gills
B. Tracheae, book lungs and gills
C. Tracheae only
D. Tracheae in terrestrial habitat and gills in aquatic habitats.

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

63. Excretory organs of arthropods are
A. Green glands
B. Green gland and malpighian tubules
C. Malpigian tubules
D. Nephridia.

Answer: B
64. Scrpion string is located on
A. Head
B. Abdomen tip
C. Dorsal surface of thorax
D. Ventral side of abdomen.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

65. Scorpions are
A. Sanguivorous
B. Carnivorous
C. Herbivorous
D. Omnivorous.

Answer: B

Watch Video Solution
66. Itchmite is connected with scabies as
(a) Pathogen
(b) Vector
(c) Parasite
(d) Intermediate host
A. Pathogen
B. Vector
C. Parasite
D. Intermediate host.

## Answer: C

67. Encephalits is caused by the bite of
A. Anopheles
B. Culex
C. Aedes
D. Culex and Aedes.

Answer: D
(D) Watch Video Solution
68. The vector of Wuchereria is
A. Anopheles
B. Culex
C. Aedes
D. None of the above.

Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

69. Aedes (a type of mosquitoes) transmits
A. Dengue fever
B. Relapsing fever
C. Malaria
D. None of the above.

Answer: A

Watch Video Solution
70. Male anopheles differs from female in having
A. Larger wings
B. Spotted wings
C. Larger antennae
D. Brush like antennae.

## Answer: D

## (D) Watch Video Solution

71. Respiratory organs of scorpions are
A. Lungs
B. Gills
C. Book lungs
D. Ctenidia.

## Answer: C

72. Larva of Housefly is known as
A. Maggot
B. Grub
C. Caterpillar
D. Naiad.

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

73. The period in between the 2 moults of insects is
A. Stadium
B. Instar
C. Incubation
D. None of the above.

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

74. Formicarium is the nest of
A. Termites
B. Ants
C. Wasps
D. Honey bees.
75. Apiculture is
A. Culture of silk worms
B. Culture of honey bees
C. Culture of ants
D. Culture of termites.

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

76. Which is sanguivorous
A. Cimex
B. Apis
C. Musca
D. Blatta

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

77. Which belongs to Holometabola ?
A. May fly
B. pediculus
C. Butter fly
D. Lepisma.

## Answer: C

78. Hemimetabolous metamorphosis is found in
A. Anopheles
B. Musca
C. Dragon flies
D. Butter flies.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

79. Eggs of Anopheles are
A. Singly laid with air floats
B. Singly laid without air floats
C. Laid in groups with float
D. Laid in groups without float.

Answer: A

Watch Video Solution
80. Aquatic larva of mosquitoes is popularly called
A. Maggot
B. Grub
C. Wriggler
D. Naiad

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

81. Vector insects are which
A. Spread disease
B. Destroy crop
C. Spoil soil
D. Act as scavengers.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

82. Anopheles eggs are
A. Rounded without floats
B. Boat-shaped with floats
C. Rounded with floats
D. Boat-shaped without floats.
83. The most economic insect is
A. Silver fish
B. Desert locust
C. Bombyx mori
D. Dragon fly.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

84. The home of white ant is known as
A. Mole hill
B. Hive
C. Termitarium
D. Sanatorium.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

85. Rice bug emits unpleasant odour from its scent glands located in
A. Thorax
B. Head
C. Abdomen
D. Legs.

Answer: C
86. Paddy bug attacks Rice plants
A. In seedling stage
B. Milk grain stage
C. Ripe grain stage
D. All the above.

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

87. During non-paddy season, Rice bug subsists on
A. Grass
B. Sugarcane
C. Maize or Sorghum
D. All the above.

## Answer: D

## Watch Video Solution

88. Leptocorisa varicornis has mouth parts
A. Cutting and chewing
B. Piercing and sucking
C. Sponging
D. Siphoning.

Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

89. Balanus differs from Lepas in being
A. Sessile
B. Stalked
C. Absence of cement glands
D. Absence of mantle.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

90. Cement glands of Lepas and Balanus open over
A. Antennules
B. Antennae
C. Maxillae
D. Maxillules.

## Watch Video Solution

91. Barnacles feed on
A. Other crustaceans
B. Worms
C. Microorganisms
D. All types of animals.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

92. Barnacles are pests of
A. Crop plants
B. Fruit trees
C. Marine plants
D. Ships and hard shelled animals.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

93. Squilla is a
A. Arachnid
B. Crustacean
C. Chilopod
D. Insect

Answer: B
94. Is Squilla, respiration occurs through
A. Book lungs
B. Tracheae
C. Gills
D. Book gills.

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

95. Triops/Apus is
A. Marine Crustaceans
B. Fresh water Crustaceans
C. Fresh water arachnid
D. Terrestial arachnid.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

96. Which one is Tadpole Shrimp (Tadpole Fish) ?
A. Lepus
B. Squilla
C. Balanus
D. Triops.

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

97. Triops commonly multiplies through
A. Sexually
B. Asexually
C. Parthenogenetically
D. All the above.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

98. Peripatus is a connected link between
A. Annelida and Arthropoda
B. Mollusca and Arthropoda
C. Annelida and Mollusca
D. Coelenterata and Platyhelminthes.
99. Mouth parts of a butterfly are of type
A. Sponging
B. Siphoning
C. Piercing and sucking
D. Chewing and sucking.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

100. Which of the following is a matching pair of the vector and the disease?
A. Sandfly- Plague
B. Culex-filariasis/Elephantiasis
C. Body Louse-Typhoid
D. Housefly-Yellow Fever.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

101. Silk industry is related to
A. Apiculture
B. Pisciculture
C. Sericulture
D. Horticulture.

## Answer: C

102. Periplaneta shows
A. Complete metamorphosis
B. Incomplete metamorphosis
C. No metamorphosis
D. Gradual metamorphosis.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

103. In Arthropoda, the body cavity is called
A. Enteron
B. Pseudocoel
C. Haemocoel
D. Coelom.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

104. Ecdysone/moulting hormone is produced by
A. Prothoracic gland
B. Corpora allata
C. Corpora cardiaca
D. Abdominal gland

Answer: A

Watch Video Solution
105. Mouth parts of Housefly are of
A. Sponging
B. Siphoning
C. Piercing and sucking
D. Biting and chewing.

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

106. In insects, respiratory gas exchange occurs through
A. Diffusion through surface
B. Tracheal tubes
C. Respiratory pigment through blood
D. Gills.

## Answer: B

## Watch Video Solution

107. Silk thread is obtained from silk moth during
A. Pupal/cocoon state
B. Larval state
C. Nymph state
D. Adult state.

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

108. Natural parthenogenesis is found in
A. Pheretima
B. Frog
C. Star Fish
D. Honey Bee.

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

109. Johnston's organ occurs in
A. Antenna of Mosquito
B. Head of Cockroach
C. Abdomen of Housefly
D. Abdomen of spider.
110. Fish which can be used in biological control of mosquitoes/larvicidal fish is
A. Eel
B. Carp
C. Cat Fish
D. Gambusia

## Answer: D

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111. Which one of the following diseases is spread by housefly?
A. Dengue fever
B. Encephalitis
C. Filariasis
D. Gangrene.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

112. Mouth parts of cockroach are :
A. Piercing and sucking
B. Sucking and siphoning
C. Cutting and biting type
D. Sucking and resping

## Answer: C

113. Lepisma is
A. Mammal
B. Insect/Arthropod
C. Fish
D. Echinoderm.

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

114. In Cockroach, metamorphosis and moulting are controlled by secretion of
A. Corpus luteum
B. Corpora allata
C. Corpus callosum
D. Corpus spongiosum.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

115. Bee dances are meant for
A. Courtship
B. Communication
C. Recreation
D. Instinct.

## Answer: B

116. In hot summer and cold winter, the number of malaria cases as well as Anopheles declines, reappearance of malaria in humid warm conditions is due to
A. Surviving malarial parasites in human carriers
B. Surviving sporozoites in surviving mosquitoes
C. Monkeys
D. Mosquito larve in permanent waters.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

117. Housefly feeds on sugar by
A. Crushing its crystals and then sucking the powder
B. Crushing and eating
C. Sucking
D. Dissolving in saliva and sucking.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

118. A characteristic feature of insects is
(a) antennae
(b) 3 pairs of legs
(c) 1 pair of compound eyes
(d) 2 pairs of wings
A. Three pairs of legs
B. A pair of compound eyes
C. Chitinous exoskeleton
D. Segmented body.

## D Watch Video Solution

119. Malpighian tubules are
A. Excretory organs of insects
B. Excretory organs of annelids
C. Respiratory organs of insects
D. Respiratory organs of annelids.

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

120. Kala-azar and oriental sore are spread by
A. Housefly
B. Bed Bug
C. Sand Fly
D. Fruit fly

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

121. Mouth parts of Mosquito are of
A. Siphoning type
B. Piercing and sucking type
C. Sponging type
D. Cutting and chewing.
122. Male and female cockroaches can be distinguished externally by
A. Anal styles in male
B. Anal cerci in female
C. Anal style and antennae in females
D. Both B and C.

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

123. Metamorphosis of insects is regulated through hormone
A. Pheromone
B. Thyroxine
C. Ecdysone
D. All the above.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

124. Which of the following insects is regarded as greatest mechanical carrier of diseases?
A. Pediculus
B. Cimex
C. Musca
D. Xenopsylla

## Answer: C

125. which is not a member of class insecta
A. Musca
B. Cockroach
C. Louse
D. Spider

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

126. Male Mosquito feeds on
A. Human blood
B. Flower sap
C. Garbage
D. All the above.

## Answer: B

Watch Video Solution
127. Bed Bug spreads
A. Yellow fever
B. Typhoid
C. Trench fever
D. Typhus.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

128. The major excretory product of arthropods is
A. Ammonia
B. Urea
C. Uric acid
D. Trimethylamine oxide.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

129. Yellow fever is transmitted by
A. Culex
B. Aedes
C. Anopheles
D. Bed Bug.
130. Adult Culex and Anopheles can be distinguished with the help of
A. Mouth parts/colour
B. Sitting posture
C. Antennae/wings
D. Feeding habits.

## Answer: B

## (D) Watch Video Solution

131. A larval stage occurs in the life history of all members of the group
A. Frog, Lizard and Cockroach
B. Ascaris, Housefly and Frog
C. Housefly, Earthworm and Mosquito
D. Butterfly, Frog and Mosquito.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

132. Difference between male and female Anopheles occurs in
A. Proboscis
B. Wings
C. Antennae
D. Size.

## Answer: C

133. Spiders and Scorpions belong to class
A. Arachnida
B. Anthozoa
C. Crustacea
D. Onychophora.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

134. Trachea of cockroach and mammal are similar in having
A. Paried nature
B. Noncollapsible walls
C. Ciliated inner lining
D. Origin from head.

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

135. Out of pneumonia, gangrene, yellow fever, dengue fever, malaria and elephantiasis, mosquitoes transmit diseases
A. 6
B. 4
C. 3
D. 2

## Answer: B

136. Which of feature is common to leech, cockroach and scorpion?
A. Cocoon
B. Ommatidia
C. Dorsal nerve cord
D. Ventral never cord

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

137. Jointed appendages are characteristic of phylum
A. Echinodermate
B. Annelida
C. Mollusca
D. Arthropoda.

## Answer: D

## Watch Video Solution

138. Pupa occurs in the life cycle of
A. Cockroach
B. Housefly
C. Honey Bee
D. Earthworm.

Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

139. Vestigial wings occur in
A. Housefly
B. Mosquito
C. Blatta
D. Periplaneta.

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

140. Insects excrete nitrogen as
A. Uric acid
B. Guanine
C. Urea
D. Ammonia.

## Watch Video Solution

141. An insect without mandibles is
A. Musca
B. Apis
C. Anopheles
D. Blatta.

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

142. Bubonic plague is transmitted by
A. Bed Bug/Cimex
B. Rat Flea/Xenopsylla
C. Louse/Pediculus
D. Mosquito/Aedes.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

143. Basic unit in the eye of cockroach/insect is
A. Retina
B. Rhabdome
C. Corneal facet
D. Ommatidium.

## Answer: D

144. Which part of Cockroach has both exoskeleton and endoskeleton
?
A. Head
B. Thorax
C. Abdomen
D. All the above.

Answer: A

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145. Wings in cockroach do not arise from :
A. Prothorax
B. Mesothorax
C. Metathorax
D. None of the above.

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

146. Young cockroach is called
A. Maggot
B. Nymph
C. Ephyra
D. Pupa.

Answer: B
147. The first animals to fly were
A. Mammals
B. Lizards
C. Birds
D. Insects.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

148. Common House fly (Musca nebulo) layes eggs on
A. Cow/Horse dung
B. Stagnant water
C. Hanging ropes
D. Open meats and sweets.

Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

149. Which is a connecting link
A. Limulus
B. Peripatus
C. Periplanata
D. Pila.

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

150. Which is nonpoisonous
A. Scorpion
B. Centipede
C. Crab
D. Spider.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

151. Pollen basket occurs in Honey Bee on
A. Prothoracic leg
B. Mesothoracic leg
C. Metathoracic leg
D. Union of thorax and abdomen.
152. In Honey Bee, barbless sting occurs in
A. Workers
B. Queen Bee
C. Drone
D. In all the three

## Answer: B

## ( Watch Video Solution

153. Which one is tracheate group?
A. King Carb-Scorpion-Housefly
B. Crab-Centipede-Cockroach
C. spider-Peripatus-Mosquito
D. Bed Bug-Sandfly-Silkworm.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

154. In which bee, the wax glands are present in
A. Workers
B. Drone
C. Queen Bee
D. Both Queen and Worker bees.

## Answer: A

155. Lac is a product of
A. Faecal matter
B. Secretion from body
C. Ecxcretion from body
D. Excess food oozing out of the body.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

156. Filaria is spread by
A. Bed Bug
B. Mosquito
C. Housefly
D. Flea.

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

157. What is the similarity between fly, mosquito and cockroach
A. Open excretory system
B. Two pairs of wings
C. All belong to class insecta
D. 13- chambered heart.

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

158. Arrhenotoky is parthenogenetic development found in
A. All insects
B. Mosquitoes
C. Butterflies
D. Honey Bees, Wasps and Ants.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

159. Sandfly is
A. Acyclostoma
B. Musca
C. Phebotomus
D. Drosophila.
160. Tick the correct matching
A. Arachnida - Ticks, Mites
B. Prototheria - Scaly Anteater
C. Procaryotes - Green Algae
D. Annelida - Ascaris, Taenia

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

161. Which ones posses larval stages ?
A. Cockroach and Housefly
B. Housefly and Butterfly
C. Cockroach and Honey Bee
D. Grasshopper and Dragonfly.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

162. Honey-bees exhibit a dance to communicate location of food. It is
A. Break-dance
B. Woggle dance
C. Top dance
D. Round and waggle dance

## Answer: D

163. In Butterfly, long coiled siphoning tube is formed from
A. Labrum
B. Maxilla
C. Labium
D. Mandibles

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

164. Which one is best silk?
A. Tassar silk
B. Eri silk
C. Mulberry silk
D. Both A and B.

Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

165. In a colony of honey bee family there are
A. One queen and a few drones
B. One queen, 10-100 drones and 20000-80000 workers
C. Two queens, 5-10 drones and 20000-workers
D. No queen, $10-20$ drones and 80000 workers.

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

166. In Honey bee drones (males) are produced from
A. Larvae fed on royal jelly
B. Fasting larvae
C. Fertilized eggs
D. Unfertilised eggs.

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

167. Endrocrine glands of insects which secrete juvenile hormone are
A. Corpora allata
B. Corpora albicans
C. Corpora myecaene
D. All the above.

## Watch Video Solution

168. What is true about earthworm, scorpion, cockroach, and silverfish?
A. Compound eyes
B. Jointed legs
C. Poison glands
D. Metamorphosis.

## Answer: B

169. Honey is
A. Alkaline
B. Acidic
C. Neutral
D. Basic after some days.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

170. Which is presently most inflective ?
A. Aedes
B. Anopheles
C. Culex
D. Trilobite

Answer: B
171. Trilobites evolved in
A. Precambrian
B. Ordovician
C. Silurian
D. Cambrian

Answer: D

D Watch Video Solution
172. Which one is incorrect match ?
A. Xenopsylla-Plague
B. Pediculus-Typhoid
C. Culex-Malaria
D. Stegomyia-Yellow Fever.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

173. Rocky Mountain Fever is spread by
A. Tick
B. Housefly
C. Cockroach
D. Mosquito.

Answer: A

Watch Video Solution
174. Silk is a product of
A. Laccifera indica
B. Nosema bombycis
C. Bombyx mori
D. Apis dorsata.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

175. Mature larve of Housefly is
A. Caterpillar
B. Wriggler
C. Grub
D. Maggot.

## Answer: D

## ( Watch Video Solution

176. Metamorphosis of Butterfly, Housefly and Mosquito is
A. Ametabola
B. Holometabola
C. Hemimetabola
D. Paurometabola.

## Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

177. A useful insect which no longer occurs in wild is
A. Laccifera indica
B. Drosophila melanogaster
C. Musca nebulo
D. Bombyx mori

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

178. Structure common to Housefly and Cockroach is
A. Chitinous exoskeleton
B. Two pairs of wings
C. Filamentous antennae
D. Sponging mouth parts.
179. Dengue (the break-bone fever) is spread by
A. Anopheles
B. Aedes
C. Culex
D. Musca.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

180. If juvenile hormone is absent when silkworm moults, it will
A. Moult into another larval stage
B. Moult into pupa
C. Moult into adult
D. Die.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

181. Silk fibre contains protein
A. Fibroin and sericin
B. Collagen and elastin
C. Fibrin and sericin
D. Chondrin and mucin.

## Answer: A

182. which is absent in arthropoda?
A. Compound eye
B. Chitinous exoskeleton
C. Closed blood vascular system
D. Malpighian tubules.

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

183. Vector of Malaria is
A. Male Culex
B. Female Anopheles
C. Female Aedes
D. Female Culex.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

184. A class with the largest number of animals is
A. Mammalia
B. Insecta
C. Retilia
D. Pisces.

Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

185. Cray fish is
A. Crustancean
B. Edible fish
C. Poisonous fish
D. Mammal.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

186. Swarming is found in
A. Houseflies
B. Mosquitoes
C. Locusts
D. Pyrilla.

## Watch Video Solution

187. Limulus belongs to group
A. Insecta
B. Crustacea
C. Merostomata
D. Onychophora.

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

188. Cray fish belongs to
A. Pisces
B. Mollusca
C. Arthropoda
D. Anthozoa.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

189. Green glands are
A. Excretion
B. Respiration
C. Digestion
D. Both A and B.

Answer: A
190. Most common silkworm of India is
A. Bombyx mori
B. Antheraea assamensis
C. Antheraea roylei
D. Antheraea paphia.

Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

191. Honey bee species reared most widely in india is
A. Apis mellifera
B. Apis dorsata
C. Apis indica
D. Apis florea.

Answer: C
192. Wings are vestigial in
(a) Male Blatta
(b) Female Blatta
(c) Male Periplaneta
(d) Female Periplaneta
A. Male anopheles
B. Female Anopheles
C. Male Blatta
D. Female Blatta.

## Answer: D

193. A respiratory pigment is absent in
A. Earthworm
B. Frog
C. Rabbit
D. Cockroach.

Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

194. Anal style is present in
A. Male Cockroach
B. Female Cockroach
C. Both the sexes
D. None of the two.

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

195. Pseudotrachea of Housefly is formed by
A. Labella
B. Rostrum
C. Haustellum
D. Basiproboscis.

Answer: A

Watch Video Solution
196. Vectors are
A. Physalia, Musca domestica and Anopheles
B. Amoeba, Physalia and Musca
C. Anopheles, Musca and Culex
D. All the above.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

197. Corpora allata are removed from a nymph. It will
A. Remain nymph for life
B. Become adult
C. Change to next nymph immediately but will remain in that state
D. Die after some time.

Answer: B

## Watch Video Solution

198. In insects, ecdysone takes part in
A. Growth and development
B. Maturation into adult
C. Moulting till pupa is formed
D. Secretion of cuticle in adult.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

199. Aedes is vector of
A. Plague
B. Malaria
C. Filaria
D. Encephalitis and Dengue.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

200. Antennae of Cockroach have
A. Gustatory receptors
B. Auditory receptors
C. Tactile receptors
D. Tactile and olfactory receptors.
201. Which is wrong for an insect
A. Cephalization and unjointed appendages
B. Chitinous exoskeleton and wings
C. Ceohalisation and complete metamorphosis
D. Well developed sensory organs and haemocoel.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

202. Milllipede (Julus) and Centipede Centipede (Sclopendra) are both included under
A. Arachnida
B. Myriapoda
C. Scaphopoda
D. Pelecypoda.

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

203. Which one is correct pair?
A. Echinodermate- Cuttle Fish
B. Arthropoda - Silver Fish
C. Mollusca- Star Fish
D. Pisces- Jelly Fish.

Answer: B
204. The order of metamorphisis in housefly is
A. Egg, nymph, pupa and adult
B. Egg, larva, nymph and adult
C. Egg, larva, pupa and adult
D. Egg, pupa, larva and adult

Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
205. Honey is acidic and mainly consists of
A. Monosaccharides
B. Disaccharides
C. Polysaccharides
D. Fats.

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

206. Hind wings of Mosquito/Housefly are represented by
A. Elytra
B. Halteres
C. Tentorium
D. Coxa.

## Answer: B

207. Life span of worker honey bee
A. 10 days
B. 15 days
C. 6 weeks
D. 10 weeks

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

208. Spider prepare the web with the help to
A. Legs
B. Mouth
C. Spinnerets
D. Salivary glands.

## - Watch Video Solution

209. Silk gland pore is situated on
A. Endopodite of first maxilla
B. Endopodite of second maxilla
C. Prostheca of mandible
D. Anterior part of hypropharynx.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

210. Which scientist decoded the language of honey bee and was awarded Nobel prize for his work?
A. C. Darwin
B. K.V. Frisch
C. W. Harvey
D. H.G. Khorana.

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

211. Disease caused by female Culex is
A. Filaria
B. Pneumonia
C. Malaria
D. Typhoid.
212. Open ciruclartory system is not of physiological hindrance in Cockroach because
A. Heart is simple but chambered
B. Blood is colourless
C. Circulatory and respiratory system are not connected
D. Excretion occurs through malpighian tubules.

## Answer: C

213. Larva of 'Culex' floats on surface of water with its head
A. Directed upwards
B. Directed downwards
C. Parallel to surface
D. Attached to surface of water.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

214. Female Silk Moth lays
A. 50-100 eggs
B. 200-250 eggs
C. 350-400 eggs
D. 800-1000 eggs.

## Answer: C

215. Arthropoda is characterised by
A. Triploblastic, bilateral symmetry and abdominal appendages
B. Bilateral symmetry and pair of wings
C. Acoelomate and radial symmetry
D. Exoskeleton, metmeric segmentation and jointed appendages.

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

216. Open circulatory system is found in
A. Man
B. Insects/Cockroach
C. Reptiles
D. Aves.

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

217. Hard exoskeletom cephalothrax and gills for respiration are characteristics of
A. Insecta
B. Myriapoda
C. Polychaeta
D. Crustacea.

## Answer: D

218. Palaemon (Prawn) is a
A. Insect
B. Crustacean
C. Soft shelled molluse
D. Fish.

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

219. Arachnida contains
A. Wasps
B. Insects
C. Spiders
D. Beetles.

Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

220. If the honey bee is performing round dance it is conveying the information of food source from the hive at a distance of
A. 50 m
B. 100 m
C. 1000 m
D. 2000 m .

Answer: A

Watch Video Solution
221. Life cycle of Mulberry Silkworm is completed in
A. 20 days
B. 30 days
C. 35 days
D. 45 day.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

222. India's ranking on Mulberry Silk production is
A. Fourth
B. Third
C. Second
D. First
223. Which is true about bees
A. Apis indica is the largest species is India
B. Bees wax is wasteful product
C. Honey has glucose and arabinose as main constituents
D. Communication in bees was first studied by Frisch.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

224. Ascaris and Cockroach resemble each other in
A. Pseudocoel
B. Sexual dimorphism
C. Nephridia
D. Dorsal tubular nerve cord.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

225. Which among the following is a social insect
A. White Ants
B. Locusts
C. Bed Bugs
D. Mosquitoes.

## Answer: A

226. One pair of wings occurs in
A. Dragonfly
B. Housefly
C. Mayfly
D. Butterfly.

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

227. An arthropod without a true head is
A. Bed Bug
B. Louse
C. Butterfly
D. Tick.

## Answer: D

Watch Video Solution
228. Antennae are absent in
A. Housefly
B. Mosquito
C. Silkworm
D. Tick.

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

229. Body of insect is divisible into
A. Head, thorax and abdomen
B. Head, trunk and abdomen
C. Cephalothorax, head and abdomen
D. Trunk, thorax and abdomen.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

230. Arthropods lack
A. Jointed appendages
B. Cilia
C. Respiratory organs
D. Segmented body.
231. Mouth parts of male anopheles/mosquito are of type
A. Rasping and sucking
B. Piercing and sucking
C. Biting and sucking
D. Biting and chewing.

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

232. In insects, pheromone is secreted by
A. Corpus callosum
B. Corpus luteum
C. Corpus albicans
D. Corpus allata.

Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

233. Cocoon is made of protein
A. Myosin
B. Fibroin
C. Tubulin
D. Sericin.

## Answer: B

234. Hometaboly is found in
A. Lady bird Beetle
B. Bed Bug
C. Cockroach
D. Grass Hopper

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

235. In India maximum silk is produced by
A. Gujarat
B. Kerala
C. Karnataka
D. Assam.

## Answer: C

Watch Video Solution
236. Maggot of Housefly is
A. Pupa
B. Larva
C. Chrysalis
D. Imago.

Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

237. Which is wrong about Bee colony
A. Sex differentiation is based on haplodiploidy
B. Female dominated society
C. Domesticated species are A. indica and A. mellifera
D. Fertilized eggs develop into sterile females only.

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

238. Which is the characteristic of class crustacea?
A. Cephalothorax, biramous appendages and gills
B. Head and thorax, book lungs and chitinous exoskeleton
C. Cephalothorax, book lungs and chitinous exoskeleton
D. Head and thorax, biramous appendages and book lungs.

## Answer: A

239. Arthropoda is differentiated from annelids by
A. Segmented body
B. Absence of nephridia
C. Eyes
D. None of the above.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

240. A vertebrate virus which replicates in an arthropod is
A. Limulus
B. Peripatus
C. Daphnia
D. Lepisma.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

241. The larva of Bombyx mori is known as
A. Caterpillar
B. Trochophore
C. Nymph
D. Cocoon.

Answer: A
242. Paurometaboly is
A. Complete metamorphosis
B. Gradual metamorphosis
C. Incomplete metamorphosis
D. complete metabolism.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

243. Waggle dance in Honey Bee represents
A. Distance of food source
B. Direction of food source
C. Both distance and direction of food source
D. Distance and direction of enemy.

Answer: C

Watch Video Solution
244. Arachnida, Crustacea, Myriapoda and Insecta are classes of
A. Platyhelminthes
B. Annelida
C. Mollusca
D. Arthropoda.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

245. Common feature amongst silver Fish, crab, cockroach and Honey
A. Poison glands
B. Jointed legs
C. Compound eyes
D. Metamorphosis.

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

246. Mandibles are reduced and functionless in
A. Cockroach
B. Mosquito
C. Bed Bug
D. Butterfly.

## Watch Video Solution

247. Which is not ecomically useful
A. Apis dorsata
B. Lac insect
C. Bombyx mori
D. Lepisma.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

248. Spider occurring in Uttarakhand belongs to same class as that of
A. Tick
B. Centipede
C. Peripatus
D. Cockroach.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

249. Number of moults undergone by caterpillar of Bombys mori is
A. 2
B. 4
C. 6
D. 8

## Answer: B

250. Insects are
A. Ammonotelic
B. Ureotelic
C. Uricotelic
D. Aminotelic.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

251. In Cockroach, coelom is
A. Schizocoel
B. Enterocoel
C. Pseudocoel
D. Absent.

Answer: A

## Watch Video Solution

252. Tripedal locomotion occurs in
A. Kangaroo
B. Cockroach
C. Snail
D. Earthworm.

Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

253. Oak Tassar silkworm is
A. Bombyx mori
B. Antheraea ricini
C. Antheraea assama
D. Antheraea roylei, A pernyi.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

254. Tassar silk is obtained from
A. Antheraea roylei/A. mylitta
B. Bombyx mori
C. Apis indica
D. Apis dorsata.

## Watch Video Solution

255. Book lungs occur in
A. Earthworm
B. Insects
C. Arachnids
D. Mammals.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

256. Match the correct relation as Anopheles to malaria
A. Plasmodium- malaria
B. Trypanosoma - kala azar
C. Giardia - diarrhoea
D. Culex- elephantiasis.

Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

257. Number of leg pairs found in Insecta is
A. Two
B. Three
C. Four
D. Five.

## Answer: B

258. Open blood circulation is found in
A. Earthworm
B. Cockroach/Prawn
C. Humans
D. Cows.

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

259. Haemocoel occurs in
A. Coelenterata
B. Porifera
C. Annelida
D. Arthropoda.

## Answer: D

## Watch Video Solution

260. Salivary duct of cockroach opens at
A. Hypopharynx
B. Epipharynx
C. Left mandible
D. Right mandible.

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

261. In insects, respiratory gas exchange occurs through
A. Gills
B. Tracheae
C. Skin
D. Lungs

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

262. Match the columns and choose the exact combination

| (a) Ommatidia | (i) Articulation with thorax |
| :--- | :--- |
| (b) Trochanter | (ii) For vision |
| (c) Coxa | (iii) Forming exoskeleton |
| (d) Sclerites | (iv) Fused with large and |
|  |  |

A. a-(iv) b-(iii) c-(i) d-(ii)
B. $a$-(i) b-(ii) c-(iii) d-(iv)
C. a-(ii) b-(iv) c-(i) d-(iii)
D. a-(iii) b-(i) c-(ii) d-(iv)

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

263. Acarology is study of
A. Coral reefs
B. Mollusca
C. Fossils
D. Ticks and Mites.

## Answer: D

Watch Video Solution
264. Peritrophic membrane is secreted in cockroach by
A. Tracheal tubes
B. Mesenteron
C. Brood pouch
D. Salivary glads.

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

265. In Cockroach, glands present between 5th and 6th abdominal
segments are
A. Blood
B. Pharyngeal
C. Salivary
D. Stink

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

266. Complete metamorphosis occurs in
A. Housefly and Cockroach
B. Mosquito and Cockroach
C. Housefly and Mosquito
D. Cockroach and Locust.

## Answer: C

267. Organ of mastication in cockroach is
A. Mandibles
B. Maxilla
C. Labium
D. Labrum.

Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

268. What is common between earthworm and cockroach?
A. Nephridia
B. Solid ventral nerve cord
C. Cuticle
D. Malpighian tubules.

## Answer: B

Watch Video Solution
269. Which is an insect
A. Mites
B. Prawn
C. Moth
D. Scorpion.

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

270. Choose the correct match
A. Housefly- yellow fever
B. Body Louse - typhoid
C. Aedes - plague
D. Anopheles- malaria.

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

271. Which of the following respires by gills?
A. Prawn
B. Crocodile
C. Whale
D. Frog.
272. Insect is distinguishable from crustacean by
A. Number of eyes
B. Arrangement of nerve cords
C. Number of appendages
D. Presence of wings.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

273. Exoskeleton of insects is formed of
(a) pectin
(b) chitin
(c) lignin
(d) suberin
A. Coelenterate
B. Arthropoda
C. Mollusca
D. Porifera.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

274. Immature statge of housefly is
A. Caterpillar
B. Nymph
C. Grub
D. Maggot.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

275. Silver fish belongs to
A. Insecta
B. Mollusca
C. Chordata
D. Echinodermata.

Answer: A

Watch Video Solution
276. Which one does not occur in Cockroach leg ?
A. Tibia
B. Femur
C. Fibula
D. Coxa.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

277. Comma-shaped stage in the life cycle of Mosquito is
A. Larval stage
B. Pupal stage
C. Imago stage
D. None of the above.

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

278. Wriggler is larva of
A. Butterfly
B. Housefly
C. Mosquito
D. Cockroach.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

279. Blood does not transport oxygen due to absence of respiratory
A. Cochroach
B. Earthworm
C. Frog
D. Rabbit.

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

280. Which one of the following is a matching pair of an animal and a certain phenomenon it exhibits?
A. Pheretima- Sexual dimorphism
B. Musca - complete metamorphosis
C. Chamaeleon - Mimicry
D. Taenia - Polymorphism.

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

281. Insects having piercing and sucking mouth parts are
A. Butterflies
B. Aphids
C. Houseflies
D. Fruitflies.

Answer: B

D Watch Video Solution
A. Lepidoptera
B. Coleoptera
C. Insecta
D. Arachnida.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

283. Scorpion is member of a class to which also belongs
A. Tick
B. Crab
C. Cockroach
D. Barnacle.

## Watch Video Solution

284. In which group of arthropoda, the body is divisible into head thorax and abdomen
A. Myriapoda
B. Crustacea
C. Arachnida
D. Insecta.

## Answer: D

Watch Video Solution
285. Spider web is secreted by
A. Salivary glands
B. Abdominal glands
C. Cephalothoracis glands.
D. None of the above.

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

286. Beetle larva is
A. Maggot
B. Caterpillar
C. Nymph
D. Grub.

## Answer: D

287. Feature common to Leech, Cockroach and Scorpion is
A. Ventral nerve cord
B. Nephridia
C. Antennae
D. Cephalisation.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

288. A: The honey bee queen copulates only once in her life time.

R: the honey bee queen can lay fertilized as well as unfertilized eggs.
A. If both are true with reason being correct explanation
B. Both true but reason is not correct explanation
C. assertion true but reason is wrong
D. and both are wrong

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

289. Sericteries (silk glands) are modified
A. Intestinal glands
B. Gastric glands
C. Salivary glands
D. Endocrine glands.

## Answer: C

290. Silk is obtained from
A. Laccifera lacca
B. Bombyx mori
C. Apis mellifera
D. None of the above.

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

291. Peculiar pungent smell of Cockroach is secretion of
A. Pheromones
B. Periplaneta
C. Dermal gland
D. Cervical glands.

Answer: C

Watch Video Solution
292. The cockroach of genus Blatta is also called
A. German Cockroach
B. Oriental Cockroach
C. American Cockroach
D. Australian Cockroach.

Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

293. Which one secretes lac ?
A. Antheraea assama
B. Bombyx mori
C. Lytta
D. Tachardia lacca.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

294. Which one belongs to same taxonomic group ?
A. Papilio, Xenopsylla, Musca
B. Starfish, Cat Fish, Cray Fish
C. Tapeworm, Hookworm, Silkworm
D. Physalia, solen, Toredo.
295. Excretory organ of Crab is
A. Nephridium
B. Flame cell
C. Coxal gland
D. Malpighian tube.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

296. In Honey Bee, drones are
A. Haploid males
B. Haploid females
C. Diploid males
D. Diploid females.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

297. Which is true ?
A. Silk is extracted from cocoon of moth by boiling
B. Larva of moth secretes silk
C. Salivary glands of moth secrete silk
D. Leaves of Mulberry produce silk.

## Answer: A

298. In cockroach, conglobate glands occur in
A. Females
B. Males
C. Nymph
D. Both A and B.

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

299. Heart of cockroach is
A. Myogenic
B. Neiromyogenic
C. Neurogenic
D. None of the above.

## Watch Video Solution

300. Enzyme found in saliva of Cockroach is
A. Amylase
B. Cellulase
C. Chitinase
D. All the above.

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

301. In Cockroach enzymes cellulase is produced by
A. Saliva
B. Lining cells of midgut
C. Bacteria in midgut
D. Cellulose is not metabolised.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

302. Which one communicates by means of pheromones?
A. Annelids
B. Gastropods
C. Insects
D. Birds.
303. Proboscis is the
A. Hypopharynx
B. Mandibles
C. Labium
D. Glossa

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

304. Giant fresh water prawn is
A. White Shrimp
B. Tiger Shrimp
C. Sarine
D. Scampi.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

305. Which structure of man is similar to spiracle of cockroach?
A. Nostril
B. Alveoli
C. Bronchiole
D. Lung.

Answer: A
306. Diangram represents posterior region of male Cockroach. Choose the correct combination of labelling.

A. a-9th sternum, $b$-anal style, $c-10$ th tergum, $d$-anal circus
B. a-anal style, b-anal circus, c-10th tergum, d-9th sternum
C. a-9th sternum, b-anal circus, c -10th tergum, d -anal style
D. a-9th sternum, $b$ - anal style, $c-10$ th tergum, $d$-anal circus

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

307. Insect is distinguishable from crustacean by
A. Number of appendages
B. Number of eyes
C. Presence of wings
D. Arrangement of nerve cord.

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

308. Select the wrong statement
A. Prawn has two pairs of antennae
B. Millepedes have two pairs of appendages in each segment of the body.
C. Nematocysts are characteristic of phylum cnidaria
D. Porifers are exclusively marine.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

309. Which one of the following features is common in silver fish,scorpion, dragonfly and prawn?
A. Three pairs of legs and segmented body
B. Chitinous cuticle and two pairs of antennae
C. Jointed appendages and chitinous exoskeleton
D. Cephalothroax and tracheae.

## Answer: C

310. Insects have
A. Two pairs of legs
B. Three pairs of legs
C. Four pairs of legs
D. One pair of legs.

Answer: B

## (D) Watch Video Solution

311. Which is Horn Beetle?
(a) Tribolium
(b) Corcyra
(c) Tragoderma
(d) None of the above
A. Tribolium
B. Corcyra
C. Tragoderma
D. None of the above.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

312. What is present in crustaceans but not in insects ?
A. Paired limbs
B. Two pairs of antennae
C. Bilateral symmetry
D. Chitnous exoskeleton.

Answer: B
313. Two common characters found in Centipede, Cockroach and Crab are
A. Jointed legs and chtinous exoskeleton
B. Green glands and tracheae
C. Book lungs and antennae
D. Compound eyes and anal cerci.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

314. Insects such as butterflies and termites belong to class
A. Crustacea
B. Arachnida
C. Insecta
D. Gastropoda.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

315. Which one is related to Cockroach ?
(a) Nephridia
(b) Malpighian tubules
(c) Chloragogen cells
(d) Flame cells
A. Nephridia
B. Malpighian tubules
C. Chloragogen cells
D. Flame cells.

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

316. Caterpillar and maggot are
A. Larvae
B. Nymphs
C. Pupae
D. Adults.

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

317. Larva of the mosquito is called
A. Caterpillar
B. Maggot
C. Grub
D. None of the above.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

318. Changes involving conversion of larva into adult are
A. Metastasis
B. Metamorphosis
C. Metagenesis
D. Alternation of generations.
319. Which one is correctly matched with the insect and name of rearing phenomenon?
A. Apiculture - Honey Bee
B. Pisciculture - silk Moth
C. Sericulture - fish
D. Aquaculture - Mosquito.

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

320. Daphnia is
(a) Water Flea
(b) Tadpole Shirmp
(c) Fairy Shrimp
(d) Clam Shirmp
A. Water Flea
B. Tadpole Shirmp
C. Fairy Shrimp
D. Clam Shirmp.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

321. Mosquito takes in air through
A. Pedicel
B. Flagellum
C. Cilia
D. None of the above.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

322. Lady Bird Beetle is
A. Bird
B. Insect
C. Worm
D. Reptile.

Answer: B

Watch Video Solution
323. Cray fish belongs to
A. Sponges
B. Bird
C. Pisces
D. Arthropoda.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

324. Largest number of species occurs in the phylum
A. Annelida
B. Echinodermate
C. Arthropoda
D. Coelenterata.

## D Watch Video Solution

325. What is true about Nerels, Scorpion, Cockroach and Silver fish?
A. All possess dorsal heart
B. None is aquatic
C. They belong to same phylum
D. They have jointed paired appendages.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

326. Which one shows polymorphism
A. Honey Bee
B. Cockroach
C. Earthworm
D. Frog.

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

327. Swarming of Bees is
A. Nuptial flight
B. Defence against predator
C. Movement to a new place
D. Response to food shortage.
328. Chitnous cuticle forms exoskeleton in
(a) Annelida
(b) Echinodermata
(c) Porifera
(d) Arthropoda
A. Annelida
B. Echinodermata
C. Porifera
D. Arthropoda.

## Answer: D

329. Honey Bee belongs to
(a) Apis
(b) Daphnia
(c) Leptocorisa
(d) Limulus
A. Apis
B. Daphnia
C. Leptocorisa
D. Limulus.

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

330. Common name of paddy pest Leptocorisa is
(a) Silver fish
(b) Water flea
(c) Gandhi Poka
(d) Cray fish
A. Silver fish
B. Water flea
C. Gandhi Poka
D. Cray fish.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

331. Respiratory organs of silkworm are
(a) Lungs
(b) Tracheae
(c) Malpighian tubules
(d) Skin
A. Lungs
B. Tracheae
C. Malpigghian tubules
D. Skin.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

332. Food plant of Antheraea assama / Muga silkworm is
(a) Terminalia arjuna
(b) Ricinus cummunis
(c) Euphorbia pulcherima
(d) Machilus bombycina
A. Terminalia arjuna
B. Ricinus cummunis
C. Euphorbia pulcherima
D. Machilus bombycina.

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

333. Green gland is excretory organ of
(a) Prawn
(b) Snail
(c) Butterfly
(d) Earthworm
A. Prawn
B. Snail
C. Butterfly
D. Earthworm.

## D Watch Video Solution

334. Name the protozoan disease of Mulberry silkworm?
(a) Flacheri
(b) Grasserie
(c) Pebrine
(d) Muscardine
A. Flacheri
B. Grasseri
C. Pebrine
D. Muscardine.

## Answer: C

335. Royal jelly is secreted from
A. Hypopharyngeal gland
B. Milk gland
C. Salivary gland
D. Intergumentary gland.

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

336. Compound eyes occur in
A. Echinodermate
B. Mollusca
C. Arthropoda
D. Annelida

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

337. From which stage of silk moth, the silk is obtained?
A. Third instar
B. Fourth instar
C. Fifth instar
D. Pupa.

## Answer: C

338. Helically coiled X-organ occurs in
(a) Crustacea
(b) Insecta
(c) Amphibia
(d) Porifera
A. Crustacea
B. Insecta
C. Amphibia
D. Porifera.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

339. Statement (S). Arthropoda are the most successful of all known
animal groups

Reason (R). Arthropoda exhibits the greatest adaptive radiations and have adapted to diverse habitats.
A. Both $S$ and $R$ are true and $R$ explains $S$.
B. Both $S$ and $R$ are true but $R$ cannot explain $S$.
C. Only S is correct R is wrong.
D. Both S and R are wrong.

## Answer: A

340. Match the columns :

## Set I

(a) Pollen basket
(b) Pseudotracheae
(c) Shellac
(d) Dutton's membrane
(e) Well developed galen

## Set II

(i) Butterfly
(ii) Laccifer lacca
(iii) Mosquito
(iv) Musca
(v) Worker Bee
(A) $a-i i i, b-i i, c-i v, d-v, e-i$
(B) $a-i, b-v, c-i i i, d-i v, e-i i$
(C) $a-i v, b-v, c-i i i, d-i i, e-i$
(D) $a-v, b-i v, c-i i, d-i i i, e-i$.
A. a-iii, b-ii, c-iv, d-v, e-i
B. a-l, b-v, c-iii, d-iv, e-ii
C. a-iv, b-v, c-iii, d-ii, e-i
D. a-v, b-iv, c-ii, d-iii, e-i.

## Answer: D

341. Which one is correctly matched ?
(a) Scorpion, Spider, Cockroach - Ventral solid central nervous system
(b) Cockroach, Locust, Taenia - Metameric segmentation
(c) Liverfluke, Sea Anemone, sea Cucumber - Bilateral symmetry
(d) Centipede, prawn, Sea Urchin - Jointed appendages
A. Scorpion, Spider, Cockroach - Ventral solid central nervous system
B. Cockroach, Locust, Taenia - Metameric segamentation
C. Liverfluke, Sea Anemone, sea Cucumber - Bilateral symmetry
D. Centipede, prawn, Sea Urchin - Jointed appendages.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

A. Cockroach
B. Mosquito
C. Spider
D. Scorpion.

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

343. Ecdysone is secreted in
A. Nematoda
B. Polychaeta
C. Trematoda
D. Insecta.

## Watch Video Solution

344. The eggs of silk moth are
A. Centrolecithal
B. Telolecithal
C. Mesolecithal
D. Alecithal.

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

345. Which of the following hormones regulates growth and metamorphosis in insects
A. Brain hormone
B. Juvenile hormone
C. Prothoracicotrophic hormone
D. Ecdysone.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

346. The larva of Bombyx mori is known as
A. Trochophore
B. Nymph
C. Cocoon
D. Caterpillar.

## Answer: D

347. Aedes aegypti is a vector for
A. Yellow fever
B. Dengue fever
C. Both A and B
D. Japanese encephalitis.

Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

348. During silk reeling, pupae inside cocoons are killed by
A. Stiffling
B. Asphyxiation
C. Crushing

## D. Pressing.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

349. In royal jelly percentage of maltose and other sugar is
A. $9.2 \%$
B. $10.5 \%$
C. $11.2 \%$
D. $8.81 \%$

## Answer: C

350. The scientific name of Asian tiger mosquio is
A. Aedes taemirhyncus
B. A. aegypti
C. A. albopictus
D. A. albolineatus.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

351. Life span of Honey Bee drone is
A. 3-4 months
B. 1-2 months
C. 6-7 months
D. 10-12 months

## Answer: B

Watch Video Solution
352. Which stage of silkworm secretes silk?
(a) Adult
(b) Pupa
(c) Cocoon
(d) Larva
A. Adult
B. Pupa
C. Cocoon
D. Larva.

## Answer: D

353. Real product of apiculture is
A. Honey
B. Honey and bee wax
C. Bee wax
D. None of the above.

Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

354. Polymorphism is shown by
A. Physalia
B. Termite
C. Trypanosoma
D. All the above.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

355. Bilateral symmetry, segmentation, coelom and open circulatory system characterises which of the following phyla?
A. Arthropoda
B. Molusca
C. Echinodermata
D. Annelida.

## Answer: A

356. Worker bees are
A. Sterile females
B. Fertile females
C. Sterile drones
D. Become fertile females in absence of queen.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

357. Which is economically useful insect?
(a) Mantis religiosa
(b) Termites
(c) Taccardia lacca
(d) Carausius
A. Mantis religiosa
B. Termites
C. Taccardia lacca
D. Carausius.

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

358. Which of the following match is correct?
(a) Cockroach-crustacea
(b) Pila-Pelecypoda
(c) Spider-arachnida
(d) Unio-gastropoda
A. Cockroach-crustacea
B. Pila-Pelecypoda
C. Spider-arachnida
D. Unio-gastropoda.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

359. Which one of the following diseases is caused by Nosema bomycus in Mulberry silkworm.
A. Muscadine
B. Pebrine
C. Flacherie
D. Grasserie

## Answer: B

360. How do you differentiate a butterfly from a moth?
A. Moth has feathery antennae but butterfly has club-shaped antennae
B. Moth has one pair of wings but butterfly has two pairs of wings
C. Moth is diurnal but butterfly is nocturnal
D. Moth has simple eyes but butterfly has compound eyes.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

361. The most commonly maintained species of bee by bee keepers is
A. Apis dorsata
B. Apis mellifera
C. Apis indica
D. Apis florea

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

362. Which of the following are examples of Arthropoda?
A. Silver fish, Star fish, Prawn
B. Clam worm, Apple Snail, Honey bee
C. Sea star, Tongue worm, Scorpion
D. Cockroach, Scorpion, Prawn.

## Answer: D

363. Percentage composition of fibroin and sericin in silk is
A. $30: 90$
B. 50: 40
C. $40: 60$
D. $80: 20$

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

364. Which of the following is used as organic farming as an bioinsecticide
A. Tiger beetle
B. Silkmoth
C. Caterpillar
D. Gundhi poka.

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

365. Which animal of the following belongs to class crustacea
A. Mosquito
B. Cyclops/Prawn
C. Grass hopper
D. Cockroach.

Answer: B
366. pebrine is a disease of
A. Honey bee
B. Silk worm
C. Lac insect
D. Aphids.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

367. Bee-keeping is called
A. Sericulture
B. Pearl culture
C. Pisciculture
D. Apiculture.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

368. Japanese encephalitis is spread by
A. Tsetse fly
B. House fly
C. Sandfly
D. Mosquito

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

369. Culex and Anopheles show similarity in that
A. Females of both transmit diseases
B. Larvae float in water
C. Larvae lie horizontally, floating parallel to surface of water
D. All the above.

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

370. Bombyx mori lays its eggs on the leaves of tree
(a) Ficus religiosa
(b) Morus alba
(c) Dalbergia sisso
(d) Mangifera indica
A. Ficus religiosa
B. Morus alba
C. Dalbergia sisso
D. Mangifera indica.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

371. Round dance of bee indicates
A. Courtship
B. Arrival of queen
C. Location of flowers
D. Location of predator.

## Answer: C

372. A female Anopheles mosquito can be recognized by
(a) Proboscis and palpi are long and more or less of equal length
(b) Proboscis long and palpi short
(c) Proboscis short and palpi long
(d) Both proboscis and palpi short
A. Proboscis and palpi are long and more or less of equal length
B. Proboscis long and palpi short
C. Proboscis short and palpi long
D. Both proboscis and palpi short.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

373. Open circulatory system occurs in
A. Earthworm
B. Snail
C. Cockroach
D. Both $B$ and $C$.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

374. Stiffling is related to
A. Sericulture
B. Lac culture
C. Fishery
D. Apiculture.

Answer: A
375. Silk produced by Antheraea mylitta is also called
A. Muga silk
B. Tasar silk
C. Mysore silk
D. Eri silk.

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

376. The arthropod exoskeleton is formed of
A. Several kinds of polysaccharides
B. Serveral kinds of proteins
C. Layers of proteins and chitin
D. Single complex protein called arthropotin.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

377. Which one belongs to Arthropoda?
(a) Cuttle Fish
(b) Gold Fish
(c) Star Fish
(d) Silver Fish
A. Cuttle Fish
B. Gold Fish
C. Star Fish
D. Silver Fish.
378. Whichis not an insect?
A. Spider
B. Locust
C. Mosquito
D. Ant.

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

379. Which one prefers to breed helps in clean water and its larvae lie parallel to surface of water?
(a) Anopheles
(b) Culex
(c) Aedes
(d) Phlebotomus
A. Anopheles
B. Culex
C. Aedes
D. Phlebotomus.

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

380. Which one of the following is a correct match?
(a) Filariasis-Taenia solium
(b) Encephalitis - Culex
(c) Malaria - Phlebotomus
(d) Kala-azar- Anopheles
A. Filariasis- Taenia solium
B. Encephalitis - Culex
C. Malaria - Phle botomus
D. Kala-azar- Anopheles.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

381. Periplaneta belongs to phylum
A. Annelida
B. Mollusca
C. Echinodermata
D. Arthropoda.
382. An aquatic living fossil, with ancient origin and many primitive characters which respires through book lungs is
A. Limulus
B. Cancer
C. Lucifer
D. Daphnia.

Answer: A

Watch Video Solution
383. The two more distantly related phyla are
A. Cnidarians and Platyhelminthes
B. Annelida and Arthropoda
C. Chordata and Echinodermata
D. Mollusca and Echinodermata.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

384. Pebrine disease of silkworm is caused by a sporozoan/protozoan which is
A. Nosema
B. Plasmodium
C. Dugesia
D. Monocystis.

## Answer: A

385. What is common between earthworm and Periplaneta?
A. Red coloured blood
B. Segmented body
C. Anal styles
D. Malpighian tubules.

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

386. Which is not characteristic feature of arthopods
A. Jointed appendages
B. Moulting
C. Unsegmented body
D. Articulated exoskeleton.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

387. The stages between larval moults in an insect are called
A. Pupae
B. Grubs
C. Caterpillars
D. Instars.

## Answer: D

388. Hemimetabolus insect which is noctural and sanguivorous is
A. Cimex
B. Musca
C. Anopheles
D. Apis.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

389. Identify the correct combinations
(a) Housefly- labellum - Dutton's membrane
(b) Moth - labellum - Dutton's membrane
(c) Butterfly - first maxillae - galea
(d) Tsetse fly - rostrum - haustellum.
A. $a$ and $b$
B. a and c
C. b and c
D. b and d.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

390. Sectect the option with correct exception
A. Organisms
Cacti, Venus Fly Trap - Plants - Cacti
B.

| Organisms | Category |
| :--- | :--- |
| Penicillium, Aspergillus, Mucor | - Fungi |
| Exception |  |
| Mucor |  |

Organisms
Ascaris, Nereis, Wuchereria - Aschelminthes - Nereis
D.

| Organisms | Category |
| :--- | :--- |
| Scorpion, Prawn, Anopheles - Arthropoda - | Prawn |

Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

391. Plague is spread by
A. Pediculus
B. Cimex
C. Aedes
D. Xenopsylla

## Answer: D

392. In mosquitoes, the sex differentiation can be done on the basis of
A. size of wings
B. Antennae
C. Antennae and maxillary palps
D. Ocelli.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

393. Which of the following best illustrates feedback in development ?
A. As tissue ' X ' develops, it secretes enzyme to inhibit development of tissue ' $Y$ '
B. As tissue ' $X$ ' develops, it secreates something that induces tissue ' $Y$ ' to develop
C. As tissue ' X ' develops, it secretes something that slows down grouwth of tissue ' $Y$ '
D. Tissue 'X' secretes RNA which changes the development of tissue 'Y'.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

394. Which are correctly matched to their taxonomic classification
A. Spiny Anteater, Sea Urchin, Sea Cucumber - Echinodermata
B. Flying Fish, cuttle Fish, Silver Fish - Pisces
C. Centipede, Millipede, spider, Scorpion- Insecta
D. Housefly, butterfly, Tsetse fly, Silver Fish- Insecta.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

395. One of the representatives of Phylum Arthropoda is
A. Flying Fish
B. Cuttle Fish
C. Silver fish
D. Puffer Fish.

## Answer: C

396. Which group of animals belong to the same phylum?
A. Sponge, Sea Anemone, Star Fish
B. Malarial parasite, Amoeba, Mosquito
C. Earthworm, Pinworm, Tapeworm
D. Prawn, Scorpion, Locusta.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

397. Which is correctly matched
A. Centipede, Prawn, Sea Urchin - Jointed appendages
B. Cockroach, Locust, Taenia - Metameric segamentation
C. Scorpion, Spider, Cockroach - Ventral solid nerve cord
D. Liver fluke, Sea Anemone, Sea Cucumber - Bilateral symmertry.

## - Watch Video Solution

398. Match the columns and find the correct option
(a) Choanocytes
(i) Arthropoda
(b) Cnidoblasts
(ii) Ctenophora
(c) Green gland
(iii) Porifera
(d) Nephridia
(iv) Coelenterata
(e) Comb plates
(v) Annelida
(A) $(a)-(i i),(b)-(i),(c)-(i v),(d)-(v),(e)-(i i i)$
(B) $(a)-(i i),(b)-(i v),(c)-(i),(d)-(v),(e)-(i i i)$
(C) $(a)-(v),(b)-(i),(c)-(i i i),(d)-(i i),(e)-(i v)$
(D) $(a)-(i i i),(b)-(i v),(c)-(i),(d)-(v),(e)-(i i)$.

## - Watch Video Solution

399. The moulting hormone ecdysone belongs to the category of
A. Amines
B. Long chain peptides
C. Steroids
D. Fatty acids.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

400. Choose the correct set of disease transmitting arthropods
A. Tsetse fly, house fly, rat flea, sand fly
B. Anopheles, louse, house fly, termite
C. Cockroach, louse, termite, housr fly
D. Rat flea, butterfly, house fly, tse-tse fly.

Answer: A
401. The ctinous axoskeleton of arthropoda is formed by polymerisation of
A. Keratin sulphate and chondroitin sulphate
B. D-glucosamine
C. N -acetyl glucosamine
D. Lipoglycans.

## Answer: C

## (D) Watch Video Solution

402. Which one forms a connecting link between annelida and arthropoda
A. Peripatus
B. Chaetopterus
C. Limulus
D. Bonellia.

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

403. In insects, the effect of juvenile hormone is to
A. Potentiate effect of ecdysone
B. Oppose the effect of ecdysone
C. Effect maturation
D. Prevent maturation.

## Answer: D

404. Which is a matching set of taxonomy
A. Leech, Locust, Sea Anemone, Lobster
B. Star Fish, Jelly fish, Cuttle fish, Octopus
C. Millipede, Carb, Centipede, cockroach
D. Nereis, Planaria, Roundworm, Earthworm.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

405. Aedes aegypti is a vector for
A. Yellow fever
B. Dengue fever
C. Japanese encephalitis
D. Both A and B.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

406. Apposition image is fomred in the eye of insect
A. Aedes
B. Culex
C. Musca
D. Periplaneta.

## Answer: C

407. Match the columns and choose the correct option
I
II
III
(1) Cnidocytes
(a) Ctenoplana
(i) Balancing
(2) Statocyst
(b) Fasciola
(ii) Defense
(3) Radula
(c) Pennatula
(iii) Feeding
(4) Flame cells
(d) Locusta
(iv) Locomotion
(5) Comb plates (e) Pila
(v) Osmoregulation
A. 1-a-ii, 2-b-v, 3-e-iii, 4-c-l, $5-\mathrm{d}-\mathrm{iv}$
B. 1-b-iii, 2-a-iv, 3-e-v, 4-c-ii, 4-c-ii, 5-d-i
C. 1-c-ii, 2-d-l, 3-e-iii, 4-b-v, 5-a-iv
D. 1-d-I, 2-c-ii, 3-a-iv, 4-b-iii, 5-e-v

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

408. Which of the following features is not present in the phylum
A. Jointed appendages
B. Chitinous exoskeleton
C. Metameric segmentaton
D. Parapodia

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

409. Harmful insect for leaves and stems of sugarcane is
A. Pyrilla
B. Agrostis
C. Leptocorisa
D. Idiocercus.
410. Similarity between Housefly and Mosquito is that both have
A. Two pairs of fully developed wings
B. Sponging mouth parts
C. Long antennae
D. Larval forms.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

411. Identify the incorrect statements : (i) Members of gastropoda exhibit torsion (ii) Aristotle's lantern is present in heart urchins (iii) Anthozoans are polypoid forms (iv) Diplopoda includes centipedes
A. ii, iii
B. iii, iv
C. ii, iv
D. i, ii

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

Cyg

1. Tail wagging dance of bees is meant for indicating a location situated at a distance of
A. 10 m
B. 50 m
C. Less than 75 m
D. More than 75 m .

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

2. The different categories in Black Ant are
A. Queens, kings, workers and soldiers
B. Queens, kings and workers
C. Queen and workers
D. Queens, kings and soldiers.

## Answer:

3. Termitarium is the nest of
A. Bees
B. Wasps
C. White Ants
D. Black Ants.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

4. Fire Fly is a
A. Nocturnal Fly
B. Nocturnal Beetle
C. Scale Insect
D. Moth.

## Watch Video Solution

5. Organ sensitive to vibrations is called
A. Tangoreceptor
B. Proprioreceptor.
C. Auditory receptor
D. Thigmoreceptor.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

6. Cells producing moulting hormones are
A. Trophocytes
B. Hoemocytes
C. Oenocytes
D. Mycetocytes.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

7. The insect that spreads germs of plague from rats to humans is
A. Pendiculus
B. Xenopsylla
C. Cimex
D. Gnat.

## Watch Video Solution

8. Trilobites are
A. Extinct arthropods
B. Microscopic crustaceans
C. Coloured crutaceans of tidal areas
D. Nocturnal bottom feeders of Central and south India.

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

9. Millipede possesses
A. Stink glands
B. Scent glands
C. Silk glands
D. Poison glands.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

10. A viviparous arthropod is
A. Centipede
B. Scorpion
C. Millipede
D. Hermit Crab.

## Answer:

11. Crustacean with a single eye is
A. Centipede
B. Cyclops
C. Daphnia
D. Both B and C.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

12. The loudest insect is
A. Cricket
B. Grasshopper
C. Cicada
D. Tinea.

## D Watch Video Solution

13. What is true about gonapophyses of Cockroach ?
A. Three in each sex
B. Six in each sex
C. Three in female and six in male
D. Six in female and three in male.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

14. Number of alary muscles in Cockroach is
A. 12
B. 13
C. 9
D. 7

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

15. Tumbler is
A. Naiad of Dragon Fly
B. Pupa of Mosquito
C. Caterpillar of Mosqutio
D. Nymph of Locust.
16. The visual pigment present in insect ommatidium (rhobdomeres) is
A. Retinene
B. Rhodosin
C. lodopsin
D. None of the above.

## Answer:

A. Trichonympha
B. Aphids
C. Silver fish
D. Ticks.

## Answer:

18. Lac Insect feeds on
A. Ants
B. Mosquitoes
C. Leaves
D. Plant juice.

## Answer:

19. Antennae of Moth are
A. Long and plumose
B. Long and feathery
C. Short and feathery
D. Short and plumose.

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

20. Lady Bird Beetle is a useful insect because it feeds on
A. Aphids and scale insects
B. Moths
C. Ticks
D. Termites.

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

