

BIOLOGY

BOOKS - TRUEMAN BIOLOGY

Animal Kingdom



- 1. Sponges are not found in
- 1. cold water
- 2. brackish water

- 3. sea water
- 4. sandy water
 - A. cold water
 - B. brackish water
 - C. sea water
 - D. sandy water

Answer: A



- **2.** Characteristic feature of sponge is the occurrence of
- 1. one exit and many mouths
- 2. canal system
- 3. choanocytes
- 4. all of the above
 - A. one exit and many mouths
 - B. canal system
 - C. choanocytes
 - D. all of the above

Answer: D



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- 3. In sponges digestion takes place in
 - A. paragastric cavity
 - B. stomach
 - C. osculum
 - D. food vecuole

Answer: D

4. Water current through the body of spongs is maintained by

A. amoebocytes

B. porocytes

C. choanocytes

D. pinacocytes

Answer: C



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5. Classification of Phylum Porifera is based on

A. canal system

B. spicules

C. shape of choanocytes

D. myocytes

Answer: B



6. Sponges have divison of labour, which cells are found in gemmules for asexual reproduction?

A. Choanocytes

B. mesoderm

C. choanoderm

D. none of these

Answer: B



7. Epidermis of a sponge is called

A. pinacoderm

B. mesoderm

C. choanoderm

D. none of these

Answer: A



8. Endoskeleton of sponge is called

A. pinacoderm

B. mesoderm

C. choanoderm

D. none of these

Answer: C



9. Ostium and osculum are surrounded by

- A. 1.choanocytes
- B. 2.myocytes
- C. 3.pinacocytes
- D. 4.spicules

Answer: B



10. The larva of Sycon is

- A. parenchymula
- B. amphiblastula
- C. redia
- D. planula

Answer: B



11. Rhagon type of larva is found in

A. Leucosolenia

B. Sycon

C. Spongilla

D. all sponges

Answer: C



12. The phenomenon of regeneration in sponges was observed and explained by

- A. john Ellis
- B. Aristotle
- C. H.W. Wilson
- D. Robert E. Grant

Answer: C



13. Assertion(A): In sponges, archaeocytes are totipotent.

Reason(R): They give rise to all types of amoebocytes and are self replicating.

A. Both A) and B) are true and the R) is the correct explanation of A)

B. Both A) and R) are true and the R) is not the correct explnation of A)

C. A) is true statement but R) is false

D. Both A) and R) are false

Answer: A



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14. A distinguishing feature of companion cells is that they arise from the same initial from which arises

- A. flame cells
- B. nephridiopores
- C. statocysts
- D. cnidoblasts

Answer: D



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15. Nutritionally Hydra is

A. saprozoic

B. herbivorous

C. insectivorous

D. carnivorous

Answer: D

16. Hydra can digest all types of food except

A. proteins

B. fats

C. starch

D. sugars

Answer: C



17. Which of the following tissues is absent in Hydra?

- A. Connective tissue
- B. Epithelial tissue
- C. Muscular tissue
- D. Nervous tissue

Answer: A



18. Association of Zoochlorella and Hydra is the example of

- A. parasitism
- B. mutualism
- C. cohabitation
- D. commensalism

Answer: B



19. Interstital cells in hydra renew

A. all the cells of Hydra

B. a few cells of Hydra

C. one type of cells of Hydra

D. they do not renew cells.

Answer: A



20. Who first discovered the regenerative ability of Hydra?

- A. Aristotle
- B. Linnaeus
- C. Darwin
- D. Tremley

Answer: D



21. Nematocyst is

A. non-living capsulated structure within the cnidoblast

- B. living part of cnidoblast
- C. lying outside the cnidoblast
- D. none of the above

Answer:



22. Hypnotoxin is a poisonous fluid produced by

- A. Parasitic protozoa
- **B.** Nematocysts
- C. Sponges
- D. Ascaris

Answer: B



23. Hydra can be

A. monoecious

B. marine

C. viviparous

D. monoecious or dioecious

Answer: D



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24. Portuguese Man of War is

B. Coral C. Physalia D. Obelia **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 25. Metagenesis is found in A. Obelia

A. Pennatula

- B. Hydra
- C. Tubipora
- D. Metridium

Answer: A



- **26.** Pneumatophore is present in
 - A. Hydra
 - B. Obelia

- C. Physalia
- D. Aurelia

Answer: C



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27. Coral island is

- A. Srilanka
- B. Greenland
- C. Lakshadweep

D. Madras

Answer: C



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28. In Hydra

- A. 1.One testis and one ovary present
- B. 2.One testes and many ovary present
- C. 3.many testes and many ovary present
- D. 4. Many testes and one ovary present

Answer: D



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29. Which of the following animals belongs to phylum Coelenterata?

- A. Planula
- B. Cystecierus
- C. rhabdiform
- D. wriggler

Answer: A



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- **30.** Which one is mismatched?
 - A. Hydra vulgaris- sea water
 - B. Hydra gangetica-- fresh water
 - C. Obelia -sea water
 - D. Physalia-sea water

Answer: A

31. Find the odd example

A. 1.Sea lily

B. 2.Sea fan

C. 3.Sea cucumber

D. 4.Sea urchin

Answer: B



32. Digestion in Hydra is

- A. intecellular
- B. intracellular
- C. both 1) and 2)
- D. none of these

Answer: B



33. Primitive nervous system is formed in

- A. 1.sponge
- B. 2.cnidaria
- C. 3.echinodermata
- D. 4.annelida

Answer: D



34. In ctenophores, anal pore/pores is/are

A. complete

B. incomplete

C. both 1) and 2)

D. none

Answer: A



35. In ctenophores, anal pore/pores is/ar	35. In	ctenor	ohores,	anal	pore/	pores	is/	'are
--	---------------	--------	---------	------	-------	-------	-----	------

A. one

B. two

C. three

D. four

Answer: B



36. Nervous system of ctenophores is similar to

- A. Cnidaria
- B. Platyheminthes
- C. Nemathelminthes
- D. annelida

Answer: A



37. Paedogenes	is is	observed	in
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- A. Ctenophores
- B. Liver fluke
- C. Both 1) and 2)
- D. Ascaris



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38. Clevage in ctenophores is

- A. equal
- B. radial
- C. incomplete
- D. determinate

Answer: D



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39. During development of ctenophores there is a ciliated spherical larve which is called

- A. cysticercus
- B. miracidium
- C. cydippid larva
- D. glochidium



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40. Ctenophora have some simialarities (or relation) with the phylum

B. Coelenterata
C. Annelida
D. Arthropoda
Answer: B
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41. Comb plates are found in
A. Adamsia

A. Porifera

- B. Aurelia
- C. Neries
- D. Pleurobrachia

Answer: B



- 42. Bioluminescence is well marked in
 - A. flatworms
 - B. ctenophores

- C. cnidarians
- D. aschelminthes

Answer: B



- **43.** Biradial symmetry is found in
 - A. Beroes
 - B. Hydra
 - C. Sponges

D. Labeo

Answer: A



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44. Which animal would not survive, if there were no ponds of water?

A. Fasciola

B. Ascaris

C. Entamoeba

D. Taenia

Answer: A



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45. Alimentary canal is not found in

A. 1.Arachnida

B. 2.Apoda

C. 3.Gastropoda

D. 4.Cestoda

Answer: D



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46. The intermediate host in the life-cycle of liver fluke is

- A. 1.Pila
- B. 2.Snail
- C. 3.Sheep
- D. 4.pig

Answer: B



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47. Copulation in Taenia occurs between

- A. two Taenia
- B. Male and female taenia
- C. two proglottides
- D. two mature proglottides of different species.



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48. The seat of proliferation with fertilised eggs in the uterus of tapeworm are regularly detached. This is known as

A. scolex

B. strobila

C. neck

D. the whole body.



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49. The matured proglottides with fertilised eggs in the uterus of tapeworm are reguarly detached. This is known as

A. proliferation

B. strobilation

C. apolysis

D. topolysis



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50. T.solium passes on to secondary (intermediate) host at which stage?

- A. 1.Onchosphere
- B. 2.Hexacanth
- C. 3. Cysticercus
- D. 4.Bladderworm

Answer: A



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51. The larva of Sycon is

A. Liver fluke

B. Planaria

C. Tape worm

D. Round worm

Answer: C

52. A rasping organ with transverse teeth and present in the buccal cavity of a mollusc is called

- A. cysticercosis
- B. bladderworm
- C. hydatid cyst
- D. measly pork

Answer: D

53. The following are found in Taenia solium.

Which one is the correct sequence?

A. Onchosphere, hexacanth, cysticercus, matured proglottid, gravid

B. Matured proglottid, cysticercus, gravid, onchosphere, gravid

C. Hexacanth, cysticercus, gravid, onchosphere, matured proglottid D. Gravid, onchosphere, cysticercus,

hexacanth, matured proglottid

Answer: A



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54. Give the correct match in the following

Column II

		ooiaiiii ii	
(A)	Flame cells	P	Sponges
(B)	Collar Cells	q	Hydra
(C)	Stinging Cells	r	Planaria
(D)		S	Ascaris

A. A=r, B=p, C=q

Column I

Answer: A



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55. The intermediate host in the life-cycle of liver fluke is

A. Redia and miracidium

- B. Cercaria and redia
- C. Metacercaria and carcaria
- D. Miracidium and metacercaria

Answer: D



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56. In contrast to Annelids the Platyhelminthes show

A. radial symmetry

- B. presence of pseudocoel
- C. bilateral symmetry
- D. absence of body cavity

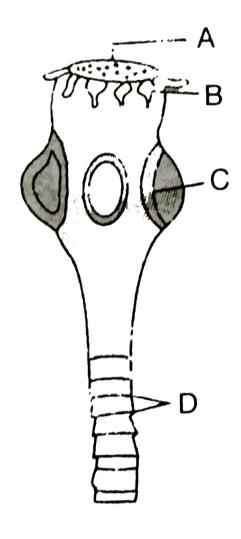
Answer: D



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57. In the given diagram, different parts are indicated by alphabets. Choose the answer, in which these alphabets correctly match with

the parts they indicate.



A. 1)A-Rostellum

B- Hooks

C-Sucker

D-Proglottids

B. 2)A-Suctorial mouth

B-Hooks

C-Sucker

D- Segments

C. 3)A-Mouth

B-Tentacles

C-Sucker

D- Segments

D. 4)A-Sucker

B-Hairs

C-Ring

D-Proglottids

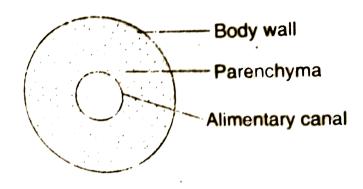
Answer: A



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58. The cross-section of the body of an invertebrate is given below. Identify the

animal, which has this body plan.



- A. Cockroach
- B. Roundworm
- C. Planaria
- D. Earthworm

Answer: C



59. Organs of excretion and osmoregulation in

Platyhelminthes are

A. Contractile vacuoles

B. Flame cells

C. Nephridia

D. Hepatic caecae

Answer: B



60. Which one of the following animals posesses high regeneation capacity?

- A. Planaria
- B. Taenia
- C. Salpa
- D. Periplaneta

Answer: A



61. One example of animals having a single opening to the outside that serves both as mouth as well as anus is

- A. Octopus
- **B.** Asterias
- C. Ascidia
- D. Fasciola

Answer: D



62. Roundworms differ from flatworms in having a

A. circulatory system

B. pseudoceol

C. dorsal nerve cord

D. circular muscle layer

Answer: B



- 63. Phasmids of Ascaris are
 - A. (1) tactile
 - B. (2) chemoreceptor
 - C. (3) photoreceptor
 - D. (4) 1 and 3

Answer: B



64. Male Ascaris can be differentiated from female Ascaris by

- A. Pineal setas
- B. 50 parts of preanal papillae
- C. 5 pairs of postanal papillae
- D. all of them

Answer: D



65. The lips of Ascaris are

A. 1.denticulate

B. 2.cartilaginous

C. 3.smooth

D. 4.bony

Answer: A



66. Cuticle of Ascaris is noncellular and beneath the cuticle in Ascaris lies a thin epidermis having scattered nuclei and no separate cells, this epidermis is

- A. 1.multicellular
- B. 2.syncytial
- C. 3.aseptate
- D. 4.none of these

Answer: B



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67. Excretory structures in adult Ascaris are

A. renette cells

B. excretory canals

C. Nephridia

D. malpighian tubules

Answer: A



68. Moulting of Second instar larva of Ascaris occurs in

A. intestine

B. sand

C. blood vessels

D. lungs

Answer: D



69. Eggs containing the second state juvenile are

A. Eggs containing the second stage juvenile are

B. embryonated eggs

C. fertilized eggs

D. unfertilized eggs

Answer: A



70. The final moult of the rhabditiform larva of

Ascaris occurs in human

A. heart

B. liver

C. intestine

D. lungs

Answer: C



71. Second state larva of liver fluke goes on three week typical wandering tour. The course of travel is as follows,

A. Small intestine, liver, heart, lung

B. small intestine, lung, liver

C. small intestine, liver, lung, heart

D. liver, heart, lung, small intestine

Answer: A



72. Cleavage in the egg of Ascaris is

- A. holoblastic and determinate type
- B. holoblastic and indeterminate type
- C. discoidal
- D. superficial

Answer: A



73. Which larval stage of Ascaris is infective?

- A. first and fourth
- B. second and third
- C. first and second
- D. third and fourth.

Answer: C



74. Life span of Ascaris is

- A. 6-9 months
- B. 9-12 months
- C. 4-10 months
- D. 10-12 weeks

Answer: B



75. Which of the following sense organs is present in Ascaris are chemoreceptors and located in anterior part?

- A. pineal spicules
- B. pineal setate
- C. amphids
- D. copulatory Bursa.

Answer: C



76. Cyclope is intermediate host of

- A. Planaria
- B. Echinococcus
- C. Dracunculus
- D. Ancylostoma

Answer: C



77. Oil of Chenopodium and drug named Alcopar are used in

- A. Malaria
- B. typhoid
- C. tuberculosis
- D. ascariasis

Answer: D



78. Filariasis is caused by

A. Taenia solium

B. Fasciola hepatica

C. Ascaris lumbricoides

D. Wuchereria bancrofti

Answer: D



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79. The technical name of guineaworm is

- A. Ancylostoma
- B. Enterobius Trichinella
- C. Dracunculus
- D.

Answer: D



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80. Ascaris is

A. Ancylostoma and ureotelic

- B. Ureotelic and uricotelic
- C. uricotelic
- D. ammonotelic and ureotelic

Answer: A



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81. Which of the following is an unsegmented and ovoviviparous worm?

A. Ascaris

- B. Filaria
- C. Taenia
- D. Fasciola

Answer: B



- 82. The common name of Ancylostoma is
 - A. Pinworm
 - B. Whipworm

- C. Hookworm
- D. Guineaworm

Answer: C



- 83. Filarial larvae are found in man's (host)
 - A. smears of spleen
 - B. biopsy of liver
 - C. peripheral blood at mid night

D. smear of intestinal contents

Answer: C



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84. Swelling of legs and scrotum occurs due to

A. blockage of lymphatic vessel by a number of worms

B. accumulation of lymph in these organs

C. accumulation of dead and living worms,

lead to swelling

D. 1) and 2) are correct

Answer: D



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85. Which of the following parts of the human body is least affected by filariasis?

A. scrotum

- B. Leg
- C. Mammary gland
- D. Penis

Answer: D



- **86.** Ancylostoma causes
 - A. itching
 - B. inflamation of the skin

- C. pulmonary infection
- D. all of the above

Answer: D



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87. Microfilaries are carried by

- A. Sandfly
- B. Culex mosquito
- C. Anopheles mosquito

D. Housefly

Answer: B



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88. Wuchereria causes a disease in which parts of India

- A. Filariasis-South
- B. Elephantiasis- Bihar
- C. Elephantiasis- Karnatka

D. none of the above

Answer: B



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89. In India, filariasis is transmitted by

- 1. Culex fatigens
- 2. Anopheles culicifacies
- 3. Musca domestica
- 4. Aedes aegypti

A. Culex fatigens

- B. Anopheles culicifacies
- C. Musca domestica
- D. Aedes aegypti

Answer: A



- 90. In Ascaris, 3rd moulting takes place in
- 1. intestine
- 2. lung

- 3. liver
- 4. egg
 - A. intestine
 - B. lung
 - C. liver
 - D. egg

Answer: B



- 91. Differentiating trait of Ascaris is
- 1. sexual dimorphism and rhabditiform larva
- 2. unisexual and digenetic parasite
- 3. pseudocoelom and metameric segmentation
- 4. hermaphrodite and pseudocoelom
 - A. sexual dimorphism and rhabditiform

larva

B. unisexual and digenetic parasite

C. pseudocoelom and metameric

segmentation

D. hermaphrodite and pseudocoelom

Answer: A



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92. Life span of Ascaris is

A. soil, lung, intestine

B. soil, alveoli, lung

- C. soil, intestine, lung
- D. liver, stomach, intestine

Answer: C



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93. Which of the following is not a part of the small intestine of frog ?

- A. Ascaris
- B. Tapeworm

- C. Hookworm
- D. Amoeba

Answer: C



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94. The dioecious animal is

- A. Liverfluke
- B. Aurelia
- C. Tapeworm

D. Earthworm

Answer: B



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95. Ascaris is characterized by the

A. presence of neither true coelom nor metamerism

B. presence of true coelom but absence of metamerism

C. presence of true coelom and

metamerism (metamerisation)

D. absence of true coelom by presence

Answer: A



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96. The parasite which completes its life cycle in a single host is

A. Fasciole hepatica

- B. Plasmodium vivax
- C. Taehia solium
- D. Ascaris lumbricoides

Answer: D



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97. Match the List I with List II and select the correct option.

List I	List II
A Protozoa B Aschelminthes C Porifera D Ctenophora F Cnidaria	Pennatula

Answer: C



98. What is the common between earthworm, leech and centipede?

- A. These are hermaphrodite
- B. These have no legs
- C. These have a ventral nerve cord
- D. These have Malphighian tubules

Answer: C



99. Trochophore larva present in the development of

A. Earthworm

B. Nereis

C. Leech

D. Frog

Answer: B



100. Parapodia are present in

- A. Leech
- B. Earthworm
- C. Nereis
- D. Housefly

Answer: C



101. Heteroneris is a

- A. another name of Nereis
- B. genus of an annelid
- C. asexual phase of Nereis
- D. sexual phase of Nereis

Answer: D



102. Leech secretes which of the following anticoagulant

- A. Hirudin
- B. Heparin
- C. Serotonin
- D. Histamine

Answer: A



103. The unique characteristic of phylum annelida is

- A. coelom
- B. nephridia
- C. hermaphrodite
- D. cingulum

Answer: B



104. Blood pigment of earthworm is

- A. Haemoglobin
- B. cyanin
- C. Haemocyanin
- D. Haematin

Answer: B



105. Blood pigment of annelids is

- A. haemoglobin
- B. cyanin
- C. haematin
- D. haemocyanin

Answer: A



106. A trait common in Leech and Mosquito is

- A. 1.anticoagulant
- B. 2.celluar asexual reproduction
- C. 3.cellular level of organisation
- D. 4.absence of asexual phase

Answer: A



107. Hirudinaria is

- A. omnivorous
- B. carnivorous
- C. herbivorous
- D. sanguivorous

Answer: D



108. Body cavity of annelids/Nereis is

- A. schizocoel
- B. enterocoel
- C. pseudocoel
- D. none of these

Answer: D



109. Number of eyes present on the prostomium of Nereis is

- A. four
- B. three
- C. two
- D. one

Answer: A



110. Which of the following is common in Annelida and Arthropoda?

- A. Basal nerve cord
- B. Dorsal nerve cord
- C. Ventral nerve cord
- D. Anterior nerve cord

Answer: C



111. Which is not correctly matched?

A. Annelida- Enterocoelomate

B. Arthropoda - Schizocoelomate

C. Platyhelminthes - Acoelomate

D. Nemathelminthes - Pseudocoelomate

Answer: A



- **112.** A) It is fresh water matamerically segmented prostostome
- B) the clitellum is absent
- C) Its larval form is Trochophore
- D) It is unisexual
- E) The nervous system is found in the epidermis
- Which one of the above is true of `Paddle worm'?
 - A. A, B and E
 - B. B,C and E

- C. B,C and D
- D. C, D and E

Answer: C



- **113.** A pair of male genital pores in earthworm are present on the ventro-lateral sides of the
- 1. 14th segment
- 2. 18th segment

- 3. 10th segment
- 4. 15th segment
 - A. 14th segment
 - B. 18th segment
 - C. 10th segment
 - D. 15th segment

Answer: B



114. The stages between larval moults in an insects are called

1. pupae

2. instars

3. grubs

4. caterpillars

A. pupae

B. instars

C. grubs

D. caterpillars

Answer: B



- 115. Which set includes pathogenic arthropods
- 1. Tse-tse fly, mosquito, flea-plague
- 2. Crab, Culex, spider
- 3. Anopheles, culex, cray-fish
- 4. Silver-fish, housefly, sand-fly
 - A. Tse-tse fly, mosquito, flea-plague
 - B. Crab, Culex, spider

- C. Anopheles, culex, cray-fish
- D. Silver-fish, housefly, sand-fly

Answer: A



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116. Which one is not a fish

- A. Cat fish
- B. Dog fish
- C. Silver fish

D. Lung Fish

Answer: C



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117. The desert locust would be living in isolation or near locality will depend upon

- A. 1.its spices
- B. 2.its kinds
- C. 3.its genes

D. 4.its food and climatic conditions

Answer: C



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118. Wasp, gilamonster, centipede, scorpoin and honey bee are

A. terrestrial

B. viviparous

C. social

D. poisonous

Answer: D



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119. Glow worm is

- A. mollusc
- B. annelid
- C. insect
- D. helminth

Answer: C



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120. Which of the followig is a viviparous animal?

- A. Prawn
- B. Scorpoin
- C. Silverfish
- D. Leech

Answer: B



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121. Respratory pigment in insects is

A. haemoglobin

B. cytochrome

C. haemocyanin

D. none

Answer: D

122. Which one is not not an insect

- A. Housefly
- B. Butterfly
- C. Spider
- D. Moth

Answer: C



123. How many moles of electrons weigh one

kilogram?

- A. 25000
- B. 100
- C. 1000
- D. 2000

Answer: D



124. At a time a female Anopheles lays eggs singly in water, which are approximately

- A. 40-100 eggs
- B. 150-300 egs
- C. 100-200 egs
- D. more than 1000 eggs

Answer: A



125. Mouth parts of female Anopheles are suitable for

A. chewing

B. piercing and sucking

C. chewing and cutting

D. sucking

Answer: B



126. Which mouth part occurs in female Anopheies but not in males?

- A. Proboscis
- B. Mandibles
- C. Antennae
- D. Maxillae

Answer: D



127. Johnston's organs are present in

A. abdomen of housefly

B. head of cockroach

C. antennae of mosquito

D. none of the above

Answer: C



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128. Complete metamorphosis is found in

- A. 1.Bed bug
- B. 2.Locust
- C. 3.Mosquito
- D. 4.Silver fish

Answer: C



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129. Proboscis is :

A. labium

- B. labrum-epipharynx
- C. hypopharynx
- D. all of these

Answer: A



- **130.** Which of the following are correspondingly the pathogen and vector of malaria?
 - 1. Leishmania and sandfly

- 2. Plasmodium and Anopheles
- 3. Trypanonosoma and ratflea
- 4. Trichomonas and blowfly
 - A. Leishmania and sandfly
 - B. Plasmodium nd Anopheles
 - C. Trypanonosoma and ratflea
 - D. Trichomonas and blowfly

Answer: B



- 131. Aedes is the carrier of
- 1. dengue fever
- 2. malaria
- 3. yellow fever
- 4. both 1) and 3)
 - A. dengue fever
 - B. malaria
 - C. yellow fever
 - D. both 1) and 3)

Answer: D

132. Larva of Mosquito is

- 1. grub
- 2. maggot
- 3. wriggler
- 4. caterpillar
 - A. grub
 - B. maggot
 - C. wriggler
 - D. caterpillar

Answer: C



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133. Which of the following insects is useful to man?

- A. Dragon fly
- B. Grass hopper
- C. Moth
- D. Termite

Answer: A



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134. What is obtained from the body of insects?

- A. 1.Pearl
- B. 2.Sugar
- C. 3.Lac
- D. 4.Shagreen

Answer: C



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135. Adult butterfly can ingest food which is

A. solid and liquid

B. only solid

C. only liquid

D. only gas

Answer: C

136. Muga silk worm feeds on

A. fat bodies

B. malpigan tubules

C. poison

D. salivary glands

Answer: D



137. Rearing of silkworm is called:

- A. apiculture
- B. pisciculture
- C. agriculture
- D. sericulture

Answer: D



138. Who was the first to draw attention to the fact that bees communicate by means of definite movements now called "bee dances"?

- A. T.H. Huxley
- B. Andreas Vesalius
- C. A.I. Oparin
- D. Ernest Spytzner

Answer: D



139. Which scientist decoded the language of honey bee and was awarded Nobel prize for his work?

- A. Carolus Linnaeus
- B. Charles darwin
- C. Karl von Frisch
- D. William Harvey

Answer: C



140. "Royal jelly" is secreted by worker Honeybees. Name the gland which secretes "royal jelly".

- A. Labial gland
- B. Maxillary glands
- C. Mandibular gland
- D. Labral gland

Answer: B



141. In Honey bee drones (males) are produced from

A. unfertilized eggs

B. fertilized eggs

C. royal jelly fed larva from fertilized eggs

D. unfertilized eggs not cared by workers at

all

Answer: A



142. Which of the following are vector hosts?

- A. Rabbit, snake, lizard, frog
- B. Sand fly, tsetse fly, house fly, culex
- C. Tsetse fly, Trypanosoma, sand fly, leishmania
- D. House fly, frog, sand fly

Answer: B



143. The best method to dispose night soil is

A. mechanical control

B. physical control

C. biological control

D. both 1) and 2)

Answer: C



144. Bed bug transmits

- A. typhus fever
- B. leprosy
- C. 1) and 2)
- D. kala azar

Answer: C



145. Locusts are found breeding in India in

- A. Uttar pradesh
- B. Rajasthan
- C. Kerala
- D. Kashmir

Answer: B



146. Rearing of silkworm is done on large scale in

- A. china
- B. India
- C. japan
- D. All of these

Answer: D



147. Yellow fever is transmitted by

- A. female culex
- B. female anophilies
- C. female aedes
- D. housefly

Answer: A



148. True and complete metamorphosis occurs in

- A. Silver
- B. Bed bugs
- C. Grasshoppers
- D. Moths and mosquitoes.

Answer: D



149. From which stage of silk moth, the silk is obtained?

A. Adult

B. Caterpillar

C. Egg

D. Pupa

Answer: D



150. Book lungs are the respiratory organs found in

A. insects

B. crustaceans

C. millipedes

D. scropions

Answer: D



151. In honey bees, the royal jelly is fed to

A. 1.queen

B. 2.drones

C. 3.larva that becomes the queen

D. 4.both 1) and 3)

Answer: D



152. Main function of halteres (reduced wings) on the metathroax of mosquito is to

- A. 1.provide balance in flight
- B. 2.speed up the light
- C. 3.emit sound
- D. 4.frighten enemies.

Answer: A



153. Which of the following insects is regarded

as greatest mechanical carrier of diseases?

- A. 1.Xenopsella
- B. 2.Musca
- C. 3.Cimex
- D. 4.Pediculus

Answer: B



154. Pollen basket occurs in Honey Bee on

A. prothoracic leg

B. mesothoracic leg

C. methathoracic leg

D. union of thorax and abdomen

Answer: C



155. In which bee, the wax glands are present in

A. worker

B. drone

C. queen Bee

D. both queen and worker bees

Answer: A



156. Which one is a tracheate group

A. 1.King Crab-Scorpion-Housefly

B. 2.Crab- Centipede - Cockroach

C. 3. Spider-Peripatus - Mosquito

D. 4.Bed bug-Sandfly - Silkworm

Answer: D



157. Arrhenotoky is parthenogenetic development found in

- A. all insects
- B. mosquitoes
- C. butterflies
- D. honey, bees, wasps and ants

Answer: D



158. Trilobites evolved in

A. precambrian

B. ordovician

C. silurian

D. cambrian

Answer: D



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159. Silk fibre contains protein

- A. fibroin and sericine
- B. collagen and elastin
- C. fibrin and sericine
- D. chondrin and mucin

Answer: A



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160. Mostly wiely reared Honey Bee species of india is

- A. Apis mellifera
- B. Apis dorsata
- C. Apis indica
- D. Apis florea

Answer: C



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161. Cray fish is

A. crustacean

- B. edbile fish
- C. poisonous fish
- D. mammal.

Answer: A



- 162. Honey is acidic and mainly consists of
- 1. polysaccharides
- 2. disaccharides

- 3. monosaccharides
- 4. fats
 - A. polysaccharides
 - B. disaccharides
 - C. monosaccharides
 - D. fats

Answer: C



163. If the honey bee is performing round dance it is conveying the information of food source from the hive at a distance of

- 1.50 metres
- 2. 100 metres
- 3. 1000 metres
- 4. 2000 metres
 - A. 50 metres
 - B. 100 metres
 - C. 1000 metres

D. 2000 metres

Answer: A



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164. Arthropods lack

- 1. jointed appendages
- 2. cilia
- 3. respiratory organs
- 4. segmented body

A. jointed appendages

B. cilia

C. respiratory organs

D. segmented body

Answer: B



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165. Common among Moth, Frog and Mosquito is

- A. body differentiated into head, throax and abdomen
- B. life history is carried out partly in water
- C. larvae feed on a different type of food
- D. skin acts on main respiratory organ

Answer: C



166. What is common amongst Earthworm,

Cockroach and Centipede?

A. metamorphism

B. sexual dimorphism

C. chitinous exoskeleton

D. haemocoel

Answer: C



167. What is true about Nerels, Scorpion,

Cockroach and Silver fish?

A. None of them is aquatic

B. They all belong to the same phylum

C. They all have jointed paired appendages

D. They all possess dorsal heart

Answer: C



168. In which of the following organisms, self fertilization is seen ?

A. Honey bee

B. Frog

C. Ascaris lumbricoides

D. Rabbit

Answer: A



169. Which one of the following pairs of items correctly belongs to the category of organs mentioned against it?

- A. Nictitating membrane and blind spot in human eye Vestigial organs
- B. Nephridia of Earth worm and

 Malphighian tubules of Cockroach
 Excretory organs
- C. Wings of Honey bee and wings of Crow Homologous organs

D. Thorn of Bogainvillea an tendrils of

Cucurbita -Analogous organs

Answer: B



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170. Karl von Frisch was awarded Nobel prize in medicine or physiology in

A. 1970

B. 1972

C. 1973

D. 1974

Answer: C



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171. From which stage of silk moth, the silk is obtained?

A. 3rd instar larva

B. 4th instar larva

C. 5th instar larva

D. pupa

Answer: D



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172. Name one disease of mulberry silk worm caused by Protozoa an(Nosema bombycis)

A. Pebrine

B. Graseri

- C. Flacheir
- D. Mascardine

Answer: A



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173. Centrolecithal eggs are characteristic of

- A. Frog
- B. Mammals
- C. Insecta

D. Star fish

Answer: C



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174. In which of these animals antennal gland functions as excretory organ?

- A. Human being
- B. Cockroach
- C. Planaria

D. Prawn

Answer: D



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175. The scientific name of Asian tiger mosquio is

- A. Aedes aegypti
- B. Aedes albopictus
- C. Aedes taeniarhychus

D. Aedes albolineatus

Answer: B



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176. Life span of Honey Bee drone is

- A. 1)3--4 months
- B. 2)1--2 months
- C. 3)6--7 months
- D. 4)10-12 months

Answer: B



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177. Limnology is related to

A. nympho

B. trochophore

C. cocon

D. caterpillar

Answer: D

178. Name one disease of mulberry silk worm caused by Protozoa an(Nosema bombycis)

A. 5th abdominal segment

B. 2nd thoracic segment

C. head

D. 8th addominal segment

Answer: D



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179. Worker Bees are :

A. 1.sterile females

B. 2.fertile females

C. 3.when queen is absent then act as

fertile females

D. 4.sterile drones

Answer: A



- **180.** Peripatus is a connecting link between:
- 1. Annelida and Arthropoda
- 2. Coelenterata Porifera
- 3. Ctenophora and Platyhelminthis
- 4. Mollusca and Echinodermata
 - A. Annelida and Arthropoda
 - B. Coelenterata Porifera
 - C. Ctenophora and Platyhelminthis
 - D. Mollusca and Echinodermata

Answer: A



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- **181.** which one of the following is used as biological insecticide?
- 1. Tiger beetle
- 2. Caterpillar
- 3. Silkmoth
- 4. Mazra poka

A. Tiger beetle

- B. Caterpillar
- C. Silkmoth
- D. Mazra poka

Answer: A



- **182.** What is the genetic name of Sea hare?
- 1. Pila
- 2. Teredo

- 3. Aplysia
- 4. Sepia
 - A. Pila
 - B. Teredo
 - C. Aplysia
 - D. Sepia

Answer: C



183. Ink-gland is absent in

- A. 1.Loligo
- B. 2.Sepia
- C. 3.Octopus
- D. 4. Nautilus

Answer: D



184. Which set has the same number of s electrons?

- A. Sea cow, seal, whale, bat
- B. King crab, cockroach, silver fish, spider
- C. cuttle fish, cray fish, hag fish,
- D. Sea feather, sea urchin, star fish

Answer: C



185. The method of induction of foreign particles between the mantle and the shell of pearl oyster for the simulation of pearl formation was introduced in Japan by

- A. Mikimoto
- B. Katu
- C. Haeckel
- D. Von Mohl

Answer: A



186. The most primitive mollusc and living fossil is

- A. Neopilina
- B. Chiton
- C. Dentalium
- D. Patella

Answer: A



187. Glochidium larva belongs to

- A. Pila
- B. Fresh water mussel
- C. Cypraea
- D. Loligo

Answer: B



188. The respiratory organs in a fresh water mussel are

A. pulmonary sac

B. book lungs

C. Gills

D. tracheae

Answer: C



189. Life cycle of liver fluke is digenetic. Its intermediate hosts are fresh water snails which are

- A. Lymnaea and Planorbis
- B. Pila and Lymnaea
- C. Limax and Helix
- D. Limax and Onchidium

Answer: A



190. Study of mollusca is called

- A. Malacology
- B. Conchology
- C. Mammolgy
- D. Mastology

Answer: A



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191. The elephant tusk shell is

- A. Dentalium
- B. Limax
- C. Cypraea
- D. Nautilus

Answer: A



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192. Ink glands or sacs produce coloured pigment which is ejected out into the water

and form smoke screen for offence and defence. Such specs are found in

- A. Sepia
- B. Pecten
- C. Mytilus
- D. Teredo

Answer: A



193. The largest invertebrate is

- A. 1. Giant octopus
- B. 2. Giant squid
- C. 3. Giant snail
- D. 4.giant Clam

Answer: B



194. one example of complete metamorphosis



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195. Visceral mass is characteristic of

A. arthropods

B. molluscs

C. echinoderms

D. All of these

Answer: B



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196. Respiratory pigment of molluscs is

- A. 1.haemocyanin
- B. 2.haemoglobin
- C. 3.erythrocruorin
- D. 4.none of these

Answer: A

197. An internal shell is absent in

A. Sepia

B. Loligo

C. Pila

D. Both 1) and 2)

Answer: D



198. Osphradium of Pila globosa is

- A. chemoreceptor
- B. photoreceptor
- C. thermoreceptor
- D. tangoreceptor

Answer: A



199. A mollusc previously used as currency is

- A. Turbinella
- B. Dentalium
- C. Pila
- D. Cypraea

Answer: D



200. Study of (molluscan) shells is called

A. conchology

B. malacology

C. entomology

D. mastology

Answer: A



201. A rasping organ with transverse teeth and present in the buccal cavity of a mollusc is called

- A. 1.Dental plate
- B. 2.Radula
- C. 3.Tongue
- D. 4.Rasper

Answer: B



202. Pila respires by

- A. ctenidium
- B. pulmonary sac
- C. mantle cavity
- D. all of the above

Answer: D



203. Torsion occurs in the visceral mass of

- A. cephalopods
- B. gastropods
- C. scaphopods
- D. pelecypods

Answer: B



204. Excretory organs of Unio are

- A. Organs of Bojanus
- B. Keber's organ
- C. 1) and 2)
- D. Malpighian tubules

Answer: C



205. One of the arms of a male mollusc is used to transfer sperms into the female. Which is this animal?

- A. 1.Pila
- B. 2.Loligo
- C. 3.Octopus
- D. 4.Teredo

Answer: C



206. 2 types of metamorphosis



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207. Pearl producing Indian species is

- A. Pinctada vulgaris
- B. Pinctada indica
- C. Ostrea indica
- D. Ostrea vulgaris

Answer: A



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208. Closed circulatory system occurs in

A. 1.Snail

B. 2.Cockroach

C. 3.Cuttle fish

D. 4.All of these

Answer: C

209. Trochophore larve occurs in

- A. 1. Annelida and Porifera
- B. 2. Coelenterata and Annelida
- C. 3. Mollusca and Coelenterata
- D. 4.Annelida and Mollusca

Answer: D



210. What is true metamorphosis



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211. Eyes of pila/molluscs occur over

- A. 1.Pseudopodia
- B. 2.Ommatophores
- C. 3.Cephalic tentacles
- D. 4.Both 2) and 3)

Answer: B



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212. Which of the following have eye structure nearest to that of vertebrates?

- A. insecta
- B. polychaeta
- C. cephalopoda
- D. crustacea

Answer: C



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213. Ammonites fossil shell remains of

- A. 1.pelecypods
- B. 2.cephalopods
- C. 3.gastropods
- D. 4.scaphopods

Answer: B



214. Name one example of complete and incomplete metamorphosis



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215. Asymmetry develops due to torsion in mollusc

A. Octopus

- B. Pila
- C. Teredo
- D. Dentallium

Answer: B



- 216. The devil fish and sea hare are
 - A. Molluscs
 - **B.** Crustaceans

- C. Coelenterates
- D. Marine fish and mollusks

Answer: D



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217. Gill is monopectinate in

- A. Unio
- B. Chiton
- C. Patella

D. Pila

Answer: A



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218. In Star-fish which organ has dual function of locomotion and respiration?

- A. Axial sinus
- B. Ampullae
- C. Tube feet

D. Tiedmann's body

Answer: C



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219. Autotomy is observed in

A. feather star

B. starfish

C. sea cucumber

D. all of the above

Answer: D



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220. one example of incomplete metamorphosis



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221. Connecting link between chordates and non chordates

- A. deuterostomatic: tube-with-a tube plan
- B. protostomatic, tube-within-a-tube plan
- C. water vascular system
- D. kidneys

Answer: A



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222. The founder of taxonomy is Aristotle. The father of modern Taxonomy who wrote

Species Plantarum and provided a basis for classification of plants, is

A. a fresh water echinoderm

B. a masticatory apparatus connected with digestive system in sea urchin

C. a seive plate connected with ambulacral system in sea water

D. an ancient Greak ship lantern shaped structuer connected with balancing system of sea lily.

Answer: B



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223. Comb plates are found in

A. sea hares

B. sea lemons

C. star fishes

D. sea lions

Answer: C



224. In which of the echinoderm, the arms, spines and pedicellaria are absent?

A. Sea cucumber

B. Sea lily

C. Sea star

D. Sea urchin

Answer: A



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225. Chief excretory matter in echinoderms I

A. ammonia

B. urea

C. uric acid

D. amino acid

Answer: A



226. In echinoderms skeleton is

- A. 1.calcareous
- B. 2.chitinous
- C. 3.siliceous
- D. 4.tunicin made

Answer: A



227. Water vascular system is originated from

- A. 1.ectoderm
- B. 2.mesoderm
- C. 3.endoderm
- D. 4.both 1) and 3)

Answer: C



228. Cuvierian organs are found in

- A. Asterias
- B. Holothuria
- C. Echinus
- D. Antedon

Answer: B



229. Internal endoskeleton of starfish is made up of calcareous plates called ossicles. Ossicles are derived from

- A. 1.ectoderm
- B. 2.mesoderm
- C. 3.endoderm
- D. 4.both 1) and 3)

Answer: B



230. Anus is absent in

- A. Antedon
- B. Ophiothrix
- C. Holothuria
- D. Echinus

Answer: A



231. Pedicellaries are absent in

- A. Ophiothrix, holothuria, Antedon
- B. Echinus, Clypeaster, Echinicardium
- C. Pentaceros, Asterias, Astropecten
- D. Both 2) and 3)

Answer: A



232. Spines are absent in

- A. Star fish
- B. sea urchin
- C. Brittle star
- D. Sea cucumber and feather star

Answer: D



233. Which one is the common ancestral larval from of echinoderms, hemichordates and chordates?

- A. Tornaria
- B. Bipinnaria
- C. Dipleurula
- D. Trochophore

Answer: C



234. Evisceration is found in

- A. 1. Echinodermata
- B. 2.Annelida
- C. 3. Coelenterata
- D. 4.Chordata

Answer: A



235. Deuterostomate and enterocoelomate invertebrate is

- A. 1.Pila
- B. 2.Ascaris
- C. 3.Aphrodite
- D. 4.Asterias

Answer: D



236. What is correct?

A. 1.Blue-green alga is a kind of fungus.

B. 2.Sea Horse is related to Dolphin.

C. 3. Maiden Hair Tree is an angiosperm.

D. 4.Sea Lily is an echinoderm

Answer: D



237. Diagnostic character of the phylum

Echinodermata is the presence of

- A. spiny skin
- B. pedicellariae
- C. water vascular system
- D. All of these

Answer: D



238. In can regenerate	entire alimentary canal
------------------------	-------------------------

- A. 1.Fish
- B. 2.Bird
- C. 3. Amphibians
- D. 4.Sea cucumber

Answer: D



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239. Find the odd example

- A. Sea fan
- B. Sea lily
- C. sea urchin
- D. sea cucumber

Answer: A



- **240.** The radial symmetry is observed in
- I. Platyhelminthes
- II. Coelenterates

III . Aschelminthes

IV. Annelids

v) Echinoderms

The correct statements are

A. ii and v only

B. I,ii,iii and v only

C. ii, iii and I only

D. I, iii and v only

Answer: a



241. In which of the following phyla, the adult shows radial symmetry while the larva has bilateral symmetry?

- A. Annelids
- B. Arthropods
- C. Molluscs
- D. Echinoderms

Answer: D



242. Who had given the hemichordata the status of an independent invertebrate phylum?

- A. Vander horst
- B. Dawydoff, Marcus
- C. Hyman
- D. All of these

Answer: D



243. Body of Balanoglossus is divisible into

- A. head, neck, thorax and abdomen
- B. head, trunk and tail
- C. proboscis, collar and tail
- D. proboscis, collar and trunk.

Answer: D



244. In Balanoglossus, the mouth is present

- A. at the tip of proboscis
- B. in between the proboscis and collar
- C. in the collar
- D. in the trunk

Answer: B



245. Stomochord is a hollow outgrowth which arises from the roof of the buccal cavity. It is present in

- A. Chordata
- B. Cephalochordata
- C. Urochordata
- D. Hemichordata.

Answer: D



- **246.** Hemichordates have pharyngeal gill slits which are
- 1. lateral in position
- 2. dorsal in position
- 3. ventral in position
- 4. none of the above
 - A. lateral in position
 - B. dorsal in position
 - C. ventral in position
 - D. none of the above

Answer: B



- 247. Epidermis of Balanoglossus consists of
- 1. a single layer of cells
- 2. many layers of cells
- 3. two layers of cells
- 4. three layers of cells.
 - A. a single layer of cells
 - B. many layers of cells

- C. two layers of cells
- D. three layers of cells.

Answer: A



- **248.** Balanoglossus has
- 1. red blood
- 2. yellow blood
- 3. blue blood
- 4. colourless blood

- A. red blood
- B. yellow blood
- C. blue blood
- D. colourless blood

Answer: D



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249. Excretory organ of Balanoglossus is

A. kidney

- B. body wall
- C. glomerulus
- D. gill

Answer: C



- 250. Respiratory pigment in Balanoglossus is
 - A. haemocyanin
 - B. haemoglobin

C. chlorocruorin

D. none of these

Answer: D



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251. Tornaria, the larva of Balanoglossus which resembles with bipinnaria larva was first described by

A. J.Muller

- B. Weismann
- C. Hugo de Vries
- D. Singer



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252. Hemichordates resembles annelids in

- A. body form and burrowing habit
- B. circulatory system

C. larval form

D. body form, burrowing habit, circulatory system and occurence of a free swimming larva

Answer: D



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253. Echinoderms, hemichordates and chordates have a

- A. different ancestral stock
- B. common ancestral stock
- C. similar nervour system
- D. common external characters.

Answer: B



- 254. Blood vascular system in hemichordata is
- 1. open
- 2. reduced

- 3. closed
- 4. absent
 - A. open
 - B. reduced
 - C. closed
 - D. absent



- **255.** Balanoglossus possesses
- 1. Dorsal nerve cord
- 2. Ventral nerve cord
- 3. Both 1) and 2)
- 4. Spinal cord
 - A. Dorsal nerve cord
 - B. Ventral nerve cord
 - C. Both 1) and 2)
 - D. Spinal cord

Answer: C

256. Respiration occurs in Balanoglossus by

- 1. gill slits
- 2. general body surface
- 3. book gills
- 4. 1) and 2)
 - A. gill slits
 - B. general body surface
 - C. book gills

D. 1) and 2)

Answer: D



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257. Asexual reproduction occurs in

Hemichordata by

A. 1.Fragmentation

B. 2.budding

C. 3.fission

D. 4.All the above

Answer: D



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258. Proboscis gland in Balanoglossus is accociated with

A. digestion

B. respiration

C. circulation

D. excretion

Answer: D



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259. Connecting link between chordates and non-chordates is

- A. 1.Feripatus
- B. 2.Balanoglossus
- C. 3.Sphenodon

D. 4. Tachyglossus

Answer: B



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260. Which of the following animals belongs to phylum Coelenterata?

- A. Sea horse
- B. Sea hare
- C. Sea pen

D. Sea cucumber

Answer: C



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261. Which of the following is not correctly matched?

- A. Sycon-Canal system
- B. Starfish -Radial Symmetry
- C. Ascaris Flame cell

D. Prawn -Haemocol

Answer: C



- **262.** Which of the following statements are incorrec?
- (i) Parapodia are lateral appendages in arthropods used for swimming.
- (ii) Radula in molluscs are structures involved in excretion.

- (iii) Aschelminthes are dioecious.
- (iv) Echinoderm adults show radial symmetry.
- (v) Ctenophorans are diploblastic
 - A. I and II
 - B. I and III
 - C. I. IV and V
 - D. III and V



263. Which of the following are invertebrates

- 1. Insects
- 2. Birds
- 3. Angiosperms
- 4. Fungi
 - A. Insects
 - B. Brids
 - C. Angiosperms
 - D. Fungi

Answer: A

- **264.** Which of the following are most intelligent invertebrates.
- 1. Crustaceans such as cray fish and hermit crab
- 2. Arachnidians like scorpions and spiders
- 3. Cephalopods such as squids and octopus
- 4. Echinoderms like starfish and sea urchin
 - A. Crustaceans such as cray fish and hermit

crab

- B. Arachnidians like scorpioins and spiders
- C. Cephalopods such as squids and octopus
- D. Echinoderms like starfish and sea urchin

Answer: C



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265. "Royal jelly" is secreted by worker Honeybees. Name the gland which secretes "royal jelly".

- A. Apis dorsata
- B. Apis indica
- C. Apis florea
- D. Apis mellifera

Answer: D



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266. Munga silk worm feeds on

A. Shorea

- B. Terminalia
- C. Machilus
- D. Morus

Answer: C



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267. Which one of the following is a correct match

A. Filariasis-Taenia solium

- B. Encephalitis Culex vishnui
- C. Malaria -Phlebotomus sp.
- D. kala-azar Anopheles stephensi

Answer: B



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268. Which one of the following genus of insects prefer to breed in clean water and their larvae lie parallel to the surface of water

- A. Anopheles
- B. Culex
- C. Aedes
- D. Phlebotomus



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269. Which one of the following animal possesses gaint chromosome?

- A. Drosophila
- B. Mouse
- C. Branchiomyces
- D. Xenopsylia



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270. In Prawn, excretion is carried out by

A. Protonephridia

- B. Malphigian tubules
- C. Mushroom gland
- D. Green gland

Answer: D



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271. An example of animals in which mesoderm occurs as scattered pouches between ectoderm and endoderm is

- A. Filaria worm
- B. Tapeworm
- C. Earthworm
- D. Lancelet



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272. Which is the only phylum in the animal kingdom without any nerve cell?

- A. Porifera
- B. Coelenterata
- C. Annelida
- D. Nematoda



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273. In most simple type of canal system of porifera, water flows through which one of the following ways

A. Ostia ightarrow Spongocoel ightarrow Osculum ightarrow

Exterior

B. Spongocoel ightarrow Ostia ightarrow Osculum ightarrow

Exterior

C. Osculum $\,
ightarrow\,$ Spongocoel $\,
ightarrow\,$ Ostia $\,
ightarrow\,$

Exterior

D. Osculum $\,
ightarrow\,$ Ostia $\,
ightarrow\,$ Spongocoel $\,
ightarrow\,$

Exterior

Answer: C



274. Which of the following is concerned with asexual reproduction?

A. Gemmules

B. Gametes

C. Gonads

D. Genitalia

Answer: A



275. Which group of animals belong to the same phylum?

- A. Prawn, Scorpion, Locusta
- B. Sponge, Sea anemone, Starfish
- C. Malaria parasite, Amoeba, Mosquito
- D. Earthworm, Pinworm, Tapeworm

Answer: D



- **276.** Which of the following is correctly matched with respect to their taxonomic classification?
 - A. House fly, butterfly, tsetsefly, silverfish-Insecta
 - B. Spiny anteater, sea urchin, sea cucumber-Echinodermata
 - C. Flying fish, cuttlefish, silverfish-Pisces

Insecta

D. Centipede, millipede, spider, scorpion-



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277. Which of the following are correctly matched with respect to their taxonomic classification?

A. House fly, butterfly, tsetsefly, silverfish-Insecta

B. Spiny anteater, sea urchin, sea cucumber-Echinodermata

C. Flying fish, cuttlefish, silverfish-Pisces

D. Centipede, millipede, spider, scorpion-Insecta

Answer: A



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278. Which of the following characteristics is mainly responsible for diversification of insects of land

- A. Bialteral symmetry
- B. Exoskeletron
- C. Eyes
- D. Segmentation

Answer: B



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279. Body having meshwork of cell, internal cavities lined with food filtering flagellated

cells and indirect development are the characteristics of phylum

- A. Coelenterata
- B. Porifera
- C. Mollusca
- D. Protozoa

Answer: B



280. Which of the following features is not present in the in the phylum arthropoda

- A. Metmeric -Segmentation
- B. Parapodia
- C. Jointed Appendages
- D. Chitnous exoskeleton

Answer: B



281. In case of poriferans, the spongocoel is lined with flagellated cells called

- A. ostia
- B. oscula
- C. choanocytes
- D. mesencymal cells

Answer: C



282. An important characteristic that hemichordates share with chordates is

- A. absence of notochord
- B. ventral tubular nerve cord
- C. pharynx with gill slits
- D. pharynx without gill slits

Answer: C



283. Which of the following animals does not undergo metamorphosis

- A. Starfish
- B. Moth
- C. Tunicate
- D. Earthworm

Answer: D



Assertion And Reason

1. [A] : The signet ring trophozoite of malarial parasite ingests major part of cytoplasm of erythrocytes and form a food vacuole into which it secretes digestive enzymes .

[R] : The enzymes cause breakdown of Haemoglobin into hematin and protein contents .

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer: D



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2. [A]: Protozoans have no physiological division of labour.

[R]: They have a well developed cell, tissue and tissue organ system.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer: D



3. [A]: Endomixis is Paramecium involves total internal nuclear reorganisation within a single individual.

[R] : It takes place in the absence of conjugation.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer: A



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4. [A] : Sponges are primitive multicellular animals that probably evolved a multicellular structure independently of other animals .

[R] : Sponges are stationary animals and

remain fixed to substratum while water passes over them.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer: B



5. [A] : Annelids , Arthropods and mollusks are protostomial coelomates .

[R]: They all show bilateral symmetry, tube with in tube body plan and three germ layer derivations.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer: B



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6. [A] : The body cavity of earthworm is a true coelem .

[R] : It is lined by peritoneum derived from ectoderm .

A. 1)If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. 2)If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. 3)If A is true and R is false

D. 4)If both A and R are false

Answer:



- **7.** [A]: Pearl is formed when a foreign particle gets in between shell and mantle.
- [R] : The inner nacreous layer called mother of pearl is formed by layers of $CaCO_3$ and concholin.
 - A. 1)If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - B. 2)If both A and R are true but R is not
 - the correct explanation of A
 - C. 3)If A is true and R is false

D. 4)If both A and R are false

Answer:



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8. [A]: Fasciola is hermaphrodite.

[R]: Gonads are well developed and the male and female genital ducts open into a common genital atrium.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



- **9.** [A]: There are 10 tidemanns bodies in ambulacral system of echinoderms.
- [R]: They are enzyme destroying bodies and act as lymphatic glands.
 - A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - B. If both A and R are true but R is not the
 - correct explanation of A
 - C. If A is true and R is false
 - D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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10. [A]: Termites and ants are social insects.

[R]: They make fungus gardnes in their nests.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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11. Assertion(A): In sponges, archaeocytes are totipotent.

Reason(R): They give rise to all types of amoebocytes and are self replicating.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



- **12.** [A]: The honey is a vital food for animals including man.
- [R]: The enzyme in saliva of honey bees converts complex sugar of nector of flowers into simple sugar of honey.
 - A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 - C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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13. [A]: Leeches secrete Hirudin from their salivary glands.

[R]: Hirudin is anticoagulating agent.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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14. [A]: All invertebrates can keep their body temperature constant all the time.

: Amoeba can also keep its body temperature constant as it has well-defined blood vascular system.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



15. [A] : In Taenia solium , bladder worm is also known as cysticercus .

[R]: Bladder worm is characterised by a large vesicle and one scolex.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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16. [A] : Earthworm obtain oxygen for respiration through moist skin . They do not have respiratory organs .

[R]: They are burrowing in habit.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



- **17.** [A] : Presence of alimentary canal would not have suited the mode of life of tapeworm .
- [R] : It would have rendered impossible the process
 - A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 - C. If A is true and R is false
 - D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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18. [A]: Development in cockroach is termed as retrogressive metamorphosis .

[R]: The young ones resemble adults in all essential respects.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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19. [A]: All the gills of Palaemon are phyllobranchs.

[R]: Each gill consists of two rows of leaf like

rhombodial gill-plates arranged like the leaves of a book.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



20. [A]: Renal-sac of Prawn functions in same manner as vertebrate kidney.

[R]: Renal-sac is large, thin-walled sac lying above the cardiac stomach.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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21. [A] : Pila is adopted to lead an amphibious life .

[R]: It is provided with a pulmonary sac for aerial respiration and a gill or ctenidium for aquatic respiration.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



- **22.** [A] : Chordates have poor regeneration power while non-chordates have good regeneration power .
- [R]: Non-chordates have asexual reproduction , so they have good regeneration power .
 - A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 - C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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23. [A]: In lower invertebrates the digestion is intracellular while in higher forms it is extracellular.

[R]: Extracellular digestion is highly evolved process, it takes place in gut.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



24. [A]: Chordates have an oxygen carrying pigment called haemoglobin. It is always present in red blood corpuscles.

[R] : Non-chordates have either no haemoglobin or if it is present, it is present in plasma . Non-chordates require very little oxygen as compared to chordates for their body functions.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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25. [A]: Huxley comments that Birds are glorified reptiles.

[R]: Birds posses higher grades of intelligence and behaviour practically unknown in reptiles.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



26. [A]: Birds excrete uric acid.

[R]: Birds do not have a urinary bladder.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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27. [A] : In elastic lungs of birds are supplemented by remarkable system of air sacs .

[R]: Air sacs function in storage of food.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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28. [A]: Sphenodon is referred to as a living fossil.

: It has retained many primitive

characteristics of fossil or stem reptiles belonging to permain period.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



29. [A]: In reptiles, lizards show autotomy.

[R]: Tail of most lizards is easily borken off when threatened or seized by a predator .

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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30. [A]: Heloderma is called beaded lizard.

[R]: Its scales resemble beads.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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31. Assertion: Krait is poisonous snakes.

Reason: Belly scales are small and continuous with dorsal in poisonous snakes.

A. 1)If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. 2)If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. 3)If A is true and R is false

D. 4)If both A and R are false

Answer:



- **32.** [A] : In the adult bird , only the left ovary is well developed .
- [R]: A single ovary results in loss of weight as well as in decreasing the number of eggs produced.
 - A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 - C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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33. [A]: Rabbit is classified as mammal.

[R]: Rabbit possesses mammary glands, pectan and teeth.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the

correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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34. [A]: Origin of mammals is polyphyletic.

[R]: Mammals are derived from atleast two

triassic reptilian stocks, Cynodonts and lepidosaurs.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



35. [A]: The Ascidian tadpole larva possess all the basic chordate characters.

[R]: Both urochordates and other chordates have originated from a common ancestor.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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36. [A] : Tail wagging dance is performed for short distances . It conveys both the distance and speed of the scout bees .

[R]: Foraging bees keep touching the scout bees through dance to get the information mainly by olfactory stimulation .

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



- **37.** [A]: A pair of coxal glands are found in each side of metasoma of scorpion.
- [R]: The coxal glands of scorpion are analogous with the green glands of crustacea and function as excretory organs.
 - A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 - C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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38. [A]: Honey bees are social insects known for producing honey and bees wax, and for living in very highly organized colonies. These colonies have hexagonal chambers called cells made up of bees wax.

[R]: Cells are used for storing honey and

pollen breeds, as well as for rearing the brood.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



39. Assertion: Cold blooded animals do not have fat layer.

Reason: Cold blooded animals use their fat for metabolic process during hibernation

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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40. [A]: Neoteny is the retention of larval form throughout the life.

[R]: It occurs in Axoltol larva of Ambystoma.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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41. [A]: In Parthenogenesis, fertilized egg is stimulated to divide.

[R]: It is a type of reproduction through which

animals are not able to eliminate non adaptive characters and sterility.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



42. [A]: Protozoans have no physiological division of labour.

[R]: They have a well developed cell, tissue and tissue organ system.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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43. [A] : Visceral leishmaniasis is caused by the sand flies .

[R] : When the sand flies bite , secondary infection occurs .

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



44. [A] : Many desert mammals cool the exhaled air in their noses , before it is expelled out through nostrills .

[R]: The moisture condensation in the nose and is not lost as water vapours along with the exhaled air.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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45. [A]: Amoeba is regarded as the lowest form of animals.

[R]: Body of amoeba consists of a mere mass of protoplasm and resembles a blob of Jelly

A. 1)If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. 2)If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. 3)If A is true and R is false

D. 4)If both A and R are false

Answer:



46. [A] : In Taenia solium , bladder worm is also known as cysticercus .

[R]: Bladder worm is characterised by a large vesicle and one scolex.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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47. Assertion : Bats and whales are classified as mammals

Reason: Bats and whales have fourchambered heart

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the

correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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48. [A]: The coelomic cavity of Leech is mostly filled with botryoidal tissue formed of branching tubular cells.

[R]: Hence the coelomic cavity is reduced to four longitudinal channels and their branches

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:

49. [A]: Pearl is formed when a foreign particle gets in between shell and mantle.

[R] : The inner nacreous layer called mother of pearl is formed by layers of $CaCO_3$ and concholin.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the

correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:



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50. [A]: Tail wagging dance is performed for short distances. It conveys both the distance and speed of the scout bees.

[R]: Foraging bees keep touching the scout bees through dance to get the information mainly by olfactory stimulation .

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

C. If A is true and R is false

D. If both A and R are false

Answer:

51. Assertion: The duck-billed platypus and the spiny anteater, both are egg-laying animals yet they are grouped under mammals.

Reason: Both of them have seven cervical vertebrae and 12 pairs of cranial nerves.

A. 1)If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. 2)If both A and R are true but R is not

the correct explanation of A

C. 3)If A is true and R is false

D. 4)If both A and R are false

Answer:

