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India's Number 1 Education App

## BIOLOGY

## BOOKS - TRUEMAN BIOLOGY

## Animal Kingdom

1. Sponges are not found in
2. cold water
3. brackish water

3. sea water

## 4. sandy water

A. cold water
B. brackish water
C. sea water
D. sandy water

Answer: A
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2. Characteristic feature of sponge is the occurrence of

1. one exit and many mouths
2. canal system
3. choanocytes
4. all of the above
A. one exit and many mouths
B. canal system
C. choanocytes
D. all of the above

## Answer: D

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## 3. In sponges digestion takes place in

A. paragastric cavity
B. stomach
C. osculum
D. food vecuole
4. Water current through the body of spongs
is maintained by
A. amoebocytes
B. porocytes
C. choanocytes
D. pinacocytes

Answer: C

## 5. Classification of Phylum Porifera is based on

A. canal system
B. spicules
C. shape of choanocytes
D. myocytes

Answer: B
6. Sponges have divison of labour, which cells
are found in gemmules for asexual
reproduction?
A. Choanocytes
B. mesoderm
C. choanoderm
D. none of these

Answer: B

## 7. Epidermis of a sponge is called

A. pinacoderm

B. mesoderm

C. choanoderm
D. none of these

Answer: A

# 8. Endoskeleton of sponge is called 

A. pinacoderm
B. mesoderm
C. choanoderm
D. none of these

Answer: C

# 9. Ostium and osculum are surrounded by 

A. 1.choanocytes

B. 2.myocytes
C. 3.pinacocytes

D. 4.spicules

Answer: B

## 10. The larva of Sycon is

A. parenchymula
B. amphiblastula
C. redia

D. planula

Answer: B
11. Rhagon type of larva is found in
A. Leucosolenia
B. Sycon
C. Spongilla
D. all sponges

Answer: C
12. The phenomenon of regeneration in sponges was observed and explained by
A. john Ellis
B. Aristotle
C. H.W. Wilson
D. Robert E. Grant

Answer: C
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13. Assertion(A): In sponges, archaeocytes are totipotent.

Reason( R): They give rise to all types of amoebocytes and are self replicating.
A. Both $A$ ) and $B$ ) are true and the $R$ ) is the correct explanation of A)
B. Both A) and R) are true and the $R$ ) is not
the correct explnation of A)
C. A) is true statement but R) is false
D. Both A) and R) are false

## Answer: A

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14. A distinguishing feature of companion cells
is that they arise from the same initial from
which arises
A. flame cells
B. nephridiopores
C. statocysts
D. cnidoblasts

## Answer: D

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15. Nutritionally Hydra is
A. saprozoic
B. herbivorous
C. insectivorous
D. carnivorous

# 16. Hydra can digest all types of food except 

A. proteins
B. fats
C. starch
D. sugars

## Answer: C

17. Which of the following tissues is absent in

Hydra?
A. Connective tissue
B. Epithelial tissue
C. Muscular tissue
D. Nervous tissue

Answer: A
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18. Association of Zoochlorella and Hydra is
the example of
A. parasitism
B. mutualism
C. cohabitation
D. commensalism

Answer: B

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19. Interstital cells in hydra renew
A. all the cells of Hydra
B. a few cells of Hydra
C. one type of cells of Hydra
D. they do not renew cells.

Answer: A

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20. Who first discovered the regenerative ability of Hydra?
A. Aristotle
B. Linnaeus
C. Darwin

D. Tremley

Answer: D

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21. Nematocyst is
A. non-living capsulated structure within
the cnidoblast
B. living part of cnidoblast
C. lying outside the cnidoblast
D. none of the above

Answer:

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22. Hypnotoxin is a poisonous fluid produced by
A. Parasitic protozoa
B. Nematocysts
C. Sponges
D. Ascaris

Answer: B

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23. Hydra can be
A. monoecious
B. marine
C. viviparous
D. monoecious or dioecious

## Answer: D

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24. Portuguese Man of War is
A. Pennatula

B. Coral

C. Physalia
D. Obelia

Answer: C

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25. Metagenesis is found in
A. Obelia

## B. Hydra

C. Tubipora
D. Metridium

Answer: A

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26. Pneumatophore is present in
A. Hydra
B. Obelia

## C. Physalia

D. Aurelia

## Answer: C

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## 27. Coral island is

A. Srilanka
B. Greenland
C. Lakshadweep

D. Madras

## Answer: C

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28. In Hydra
A. 1.One testis and one ovary present
B. 2.One testes and many ovary present
C. 3.many testes and many ovary present
D. 4.Many testes and one ovary present

## Answer: D

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29. Which of the following animals belongs to
phylum Coelenterata?
A. Planula
B. Cystecierus
C. rhabdiform
D. wriggler

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30. Which one is mismatched ?
A. Hydra vulgaris- sea water
B. Hydra gangetica-- fresh water
C. Obelia -sea water
D. Physalia-sea water
31. Find the odd example
A. 1.Sea lily
B. 2.Sea fan
C. 3.Sea cucumber

D. 4.Sea urchin

Answer: B
32. Digestion in Hydra is
A. intecellular
B. intracellular
C. both 1) and 2)
D. none of these

Answer: B
33. Primitive nervous system is formed in
A. 1.sponge
B. 2.cnidaria
C. 3.echinodermata

D. 4.annelida

Answer: D

## 34. In ctenophores, anal pore/pores is/are

A. complete
B. incomplete
C. both 1 ) and 2)
D. none

Answer: A

## 35. In ctenophores, anal pore/pores is/are

A. one

B. two
C. three
D. four

Answer: B
36. Nervous system of ctenophores is similar to

A. Cnidaria

B. Platyheminthes
C. Nemathelminthes
D. annelida

Answer: A

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37. Paedogenesis is observed in
A. Ctenophores
B. Liver fluke
C. Both 1) and 2)
D. Ascaris

Answer: C

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38. Clevage in ctenophores is
A. equal
B. radial
C. incomplete
D. determinate

## Answer: D

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39. During development of ctenophores there is a ciliated spherical larve which is called
A. cysticercus
B. miracidium
C. cydippid larva
D. glochidium

## Answer: C

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40. Ctenophora have some simialarities (or relation) with the phylum
A. Porifera
B. Coelenterata
C. Annelida
D. Arthropoda

Answer: B

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41. Comb plates are found in
A. Adamsia

## B. Aurelia

C. Neries
D. Pleurobrachia

Answer: B

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42. Bioluminescence is well marked in
A. flatworms
B. ctenophores

## C. cnidarians

D. aschelminthes

Answer: B

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# 43. Biradial symmetry is found in 

A. Beroes
B. Hydra
C. Sponges
D. Labeo

## Answer: A

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44. Which animal would not survive, if there were no ponds of water?
A. Fasciola
B. Ascaris
C. Entamoeba

## D. Taenia

## Answer: A

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## 45. Alimentary canal is not found in

A. 1.Arachnida
B. 2.Apoda
C. 3.Gastropoda
D. 4.Cestoda

## Answer: D

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46. The intermediate host in the life-cycle of
liver fluke is
A. 1.Pila
B. 2.Snail
C. 3.Sheep
D. 4.pig

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47. Copulation in Taenia occurs between
A. two Taenia
B. Male and female taenia
C. two proglottides
D. two mature proglottides of different
species.

## Answer: C

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48. The seat of proliferation with fertilised
eggs in the uterus of tapeworm are regularly detached. This is known as
A. scolex
B. strobila
C. neck
D. the whole body.

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

49. The matured proglottides with fertilised eggs in the uterus of tapeworm are reguarly detached. This is known as
A. proliferation
B. strobilation
C. apolysis
D. topolysis

## Answer: C

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50. T.solium passes on to secondary
(intermediate) host at which stage?
A. 1.Onchosphere
B. 2.Hexacanth
C. 3.Cysticercus
D. 4.Bladderworm

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51. The larva of Sycon is

A. Liver fluke
B. Planaria
C. Tape worm

D. Round worm

52. A rasping organ with transverse teeth and present in the buccal cavity of a mollusc is called
A. cysticercosis
B. bladderworm
C. hydatid cyst
D. measly pork

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53. The following are found in Taenia solium.

Which one is the correct sequence?
A. Onchosphere, hexacanth, cysticercus, matured proglottid, gravid
B. Matured proglottid, cysticercus, gravid, onchosphere, gravid
C. Hexacanth, cysticercus, gravid, onchosphere, matured proglottid

# D. Gravid, <br> onchosphere, <br> cysticercus, 

hexacanth, matured proglottid

## Answer: A

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54. Give the correct match in the following

## Column I Column II

(A) Flame cells $P$ Sponges
(B) Collar Cells $q$ Hydra
(C) Stinging Cells $r$ Planaria
(D) - $s$ Ascaris
A. $A=r, B=p, C=q$
B. $A=r, B=p, C=s$
C. $A=r, B=s, C=s$
D. $A=r, B=s, C=p$

Answer: A

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55. The intermediate host in the life-cycle of
liver fluke is
A. Redia and miracidium
B. Cercaria and redia
C. Metacercaria and carcaria
D. Miracidium and metacercaria

## Answer: D

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56. In contrast to Annelids the Platyhelminthes
show
A. radial symmetry
B. presence of pseudocoel
C. bilateral symmetry
D. absence of body cavity

## Answer: D

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57. In the given diagram, different parts are indicated by alphabets. Choose the answer, in which these alphabets correctly match with
the parts they indicate.

A. 1)A-Rostellum

B-Hooks

## C-Sucker

## D-Proglottids

# B. 2)A-Suctorial mouth 

B-Hooks

C-Sucker

D- Segments
C. 3)A-Mouth

B-Tentacles

C-Sucker

D- Segments
D. 4)A-Sucker

B-Hairs

C-Ring

D-Proglottids

Answer: A

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58. The cross-section of the body of an invertebrate is given below. Identify the
animal, which has this body plan.

A. Cockroach
B. Roundworm
C. Planaria
D. Earthworm

Answer: C
59. Organs of excretion and osmoregulation in Platyhelminthes are
A. Contractile vacuoles
B. Flame cells
C. Nephridia
D. Hepatic caecae

Answer: B
60. Which one of the following animals posesses high regeneation capacity?
A. Planaria
B. Taenia
C. Salpa

D. Periplaneta

Answer: A
61. One example of animals having a single opening to the outside that serves both as mouth as well as anus is
A. Octopus
B. Asterias
C. Ascidia
D. Fasciola

Answer: D

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62. Roundworms differ from flatworms in having a
A. circulatory system
B. pseudoceol
C. dorsal nerve cord

D. circular muscle layer

## Answer: B

63. Phasmids of Ascaris are
A. (1) tactile
B. (2) chemoreceptor
C. (3) photoreceptor
D. (4) 1 and 3

Answer: B
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64. Male Ascaris can be differentiated from female Ascaris by
A. Pineal setas
B. 50 parts of preanal papillae
C. 5 pairs of postanal papillae
D. all of them

Answer: D
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65. The lips of Ascaris are

A. 1.denticulate

B. 2.cartilaginous
C. 3.smooth
D. 4.bony

Answer: A

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66. Cuticle of Ascaris is noncellular and beneath the cuticle in Ascaris lies a thin epidermis having scattered nuclei and no separate cells, this epidermis is
A. 1.multicellular
B. 2.syncytial
C. 3.aseptate
D. 4.none of these

Answer: B

## 67. Excretory structures in adult Ascaris are

A. renette cells
B. excretory canals
C. Nephridia
D. malpighian tubules

## Answer: A

68. Moulting of Second instar larva of Ascaris

## occurs in

A. intestine
B. sand
C. blood vessels
D. lungs

Answer: D

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69. Eggs containing the second state juvenile are
A. Eggs containing the second stage
juvenile are
B. embryonated eggs
C. fertilized eggs

D. unfertilized eggs

## Answer: A

70. The final moult of the rhabditiform larva of

Ascaris occurs in human
A. heart
B. liver
C. intestine
D. lungs

Answer: C

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71. Second state larva of liver fluke goes on three week typical wandering tour. The course of travel is as follows,
A. Small intestine,liver, heart, lung
B. small intestine, lung, liver
C. small intestine, liver, lung, heart
D. liver, heart, lung, small intestine

## Answer: A

## 72. Cleavage in the egg of Ascaris is

A. holoblastic and determinate type
B. holoblastic and indeterminate type
C. discoidal

D. superficial

Answer: A

## 73. Which larval stage of Ascaris is infective?

A. first and fourth
B. second and third
C. first and second

D. third and fourth.

Answer: C

## 74. Life span of Ascaris is

A. 6-9 months

B. 9-12 months
C. 4-10 months
D. 10-12 weeks

Answer: B
75. Which of the following sense organs is present in Ascaris are chemoreceptors and located in anterior part?
A. pineal spicules
B. pineal setate
C. amphids
D. copulatory Bursa.

Answer: C

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## 76. Cyclope is intermediate host of

A. Planaria
B. Echinococcus
C. Dracunculus

D. Ancylostoma

## Answer: C

77. Oil of Chenopodium and drug named

Alcopar are used in
A. Malaria
B. typhoid
C. tuberculosis
D. ascariasis

Answer: D

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78. Filariasis is caused by
A. Taenia solium
B. Fasciola hepatica
C. Ascaris lumbricoides
D. Wuchereria bancrofti

Answer: D
(D) Watch Video Solution
79. The technical name of guineaworm is
A. Ancylostoma
B. Enterobius Trichinella

## C. Dracunculus

D.

## Answer: D

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80. Ascaris is
A. Ancylostoma and ureotelic
B. Ureotelic and uricotelic
C. uricotelic
D. ammonotelic and ureotelic

Answer: A

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81. Which of the following is an unsegmented and ovoviviparous worm?
A. Ascaris

B. Filaria

## C. Taenia

D. Fasciola

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

# 82. The common name of Ancylostoma is 

A. Pinworm
B. Whipworm

## C. Hookworm

## D. Guineaworm

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

83. Filarial larvae are found in man's (host)
A. smears of spleen
B. biopsy of liver
C. peripheral blood at mid night

## D. smear of intestinal contents

## Answer: C

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84. Swelling of legs and scrotum occurs due to
A. blockage of lymphatic vessel by a
number of worms
B. accumulation of lymph in these organs

# C. accumulation of dead and living worms, 

 lead to swellingD. 1) and 2) are correct

## Answer: D

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85. Which of the following parts of the human body is least affected by filariasis?
A. scrotum
B. Leg
C. Mammary gland
D. Penis

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

86. Ancylostoma causes
A. itching
B. inflamation of the skin

## C. pulmonary infection

D. all of the above

## Answer: D

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87. Microfilaries are carried by
A. Sandfly
B. Culex mosquito
C. Anopheles mosquito

## D. Housefly

## Answer: B

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88. Wuchereria causes a disease in which parts
of India
A. Filariasis-South
B. Elephantiasis- Bihar
C. Elephantiasis- Karnatka

## D. none of the above

## Answer: B

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89. In India, filariasis is transmitted by
90. Culex fatigens
91. Anopheles culicifacies
92. Musca domestica
93. Aedes aegypti
A. Culex fatigens

# B. Anopheles culicifacies 

C. Musca domestica
D. Aedes aegypti

Answer: A

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90. In Ascaris, 3rd moulting takes place in

1. intestine
2. lung
3. liver

## 4. egg

A. intestine
B. lung
C. liver
D. egg

Answer: B
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91. Differentiating trait of Ascaris is

1. sexual dimorphism and rhabditiform larva
2. unisexual and digenetic parasite
3. pseudocoelom and metameric
segmentation
4. hermaphrodite and pseudocoelom
A. sexual dimorphism and rhabditiform
larva
B. unisexual and digenetic parasite

# C.pseudocoelom and metameric 

segmentation
D. hermaphrodite and pseudocoelom

Answer: A

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92. Life span of Ascaris is
A. soil, lung, intestine
B. soil, alveoli, lung

## C. soil, intestine, lung

D. liver, stomach, intestine

## Answer: C

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93. Which of the following is not a part of the small intestine of frog ?
A. Ascaris
B. Tapeworm

## C. Hookworm

D. Amoeba

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

## 94. The dioecious animal is

A. Liverfluke
B. Aurelia
C. Tapeworm

## D. Earthworm

## Answer: B

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## 95. Ascaris is characterized by the

A. presence of neither true coelom nor
metamerism
B. presence of true coelom but absence of
metamerism

## C. presence of true coelom and

## metamerism (metamerisation)

## D. absence of true coelom by presence

## Answer: A

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96. The parasite which completes its life cycle in a single host is
A. Fasciole hepatica

## B. Plasmodium vivax

## C. Taehia solium

D. Ascaris lumbricoides

## Answer: D

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## 97. Match the List I with List II and select the

 correct option.| List I | List II |
| :--- | :--- |
| A Protozoa | Pennatula |
| B Aschelminthes | Beroe |
| C Porifera | Monocystis |
| D Ctenophora | Wuchereria |
| E Cnidaria | Cliona |

A. A-3, B-5, C-4, D-1,E-2
B. $A-4, B-3, C-5, D-E-1$
C. $A-3, B-4, C-5, D-2, E-1$
D. $A-2, B-4, C-5, D-3, E-1$

## Answer: C

98. What is the common between earthworm, leech and centipede?
A. These are hermaphrodite
B. These have no legs
C. These have a ventral nerve cord
D. These have Malphighian tubules

Answer: C

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99. Trochophore larva present in the development of
A. Earthworm
B. Nereis
C. Leech
D. Frog

Answer: B

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100. Parapodia are present in
A. Leech

B. Earthworm

C. Nereis
D. Housefly

Answer: C

## 101. Heteroneris is a

A. another name of Nereis
B. genus of an annelid
C. asexual phase of Nereis
D. sexual phase of Nereis

Answer: D
102. Leech secretes which of the following anticoagulant
A. Hirudin
B. Heparin
C. Serotonin
D. Histamine

Answer: A

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103. The unique characteristic of phylum annelida is

A. coelom

B. nephridia
C. hermaphrodite
D. cingulum

Answer: B

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# 104. Blood pigment of earthworm is 

A. Haemoglobin

B. cyanin

C. Haemocyanin

D. Haematin

Answer: B

# 105. Blood pigment of annelids is 

A. haemoglobin
B. cyanin
C. haematin
D. haemocyanin

Answer: A

# 106. A trait common in Leech and Mosquito is 

A. 1.anticoagulant
B. 2.celluar asexual reproduction
C. 3.cellular level of organisation

D. 4.absence of asexual phase

Answer: A

## 107. Hirudinaria is

A. omnivorous

B. carnivorous

C. herbivorous

D. sanguivorous

## Answer: D

# 108. Body cavity of annelids/Nereis is 

A. schizocoel
B. enterocoel
C. pseudocoel

D. none of these

## Answer: D

109. Number of eyes present on the prostomium of Nereis is
A. four
B. three
C. two
D. one

Answer: A

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110. Which of the following is common in

Annelida and Arthropoda?
A. Basal nerve cord
B. Dorsal nerve cord
C. Ventral nerve cord
D. Anterior nerve cord

Answer: C

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111. Which is not correctly matched?
A. Annelida- Enterocoelomate
B. Arthropoda - Schizocoelomate
C. Platyhelminthes - Acoelomate
D. Nemathelminthes - Pseudocoelomate

Answer: A
112. A) It is fresh water matamerically
segmented prostostome
B) the clitellum is absent
C) Its larval form is Trochophore
D) It is unisexual
E) The nervous system is found in the epidermis

Which one of the above is true of 'Paddle worm'?
A. A, B and E
B. B, C and E
C. B,C and D
D. C, D and E

## Answer: C

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113. A pair of male genital pores in earthworm are present on the ventro-lateral sides of the
114. 14th segment
115. 18th segment

## 3. 10th segment

## 4. 15th segment

A. 14 th segment
B. 18th segment
C. 10th segment
D. 15th segment

Answer: B
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114. The stages between larval moults in an
insects are called

1. pupae
2. instars
3. grubs
4. caterpillars
A. pupae
B. instars
C. grubs
D. caterpillars

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

115. Which set includes pathogenic arthropods
116. Tse-tse fly, mosquito, flea-plague
117. Crab, Culex, spider
118. Anopheles, culex, cray-fish
119. Silver-fish, housefly, sand-fly
A. Tse-tse fly, mosquito, flea-plague
B. Crab, Culex, spider

# C. Anopheles, culex, cray-fish 

D. Silver-fish, housefly, sand-fly

## Answer: A

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116. Which one is not a fish
A. Cat fish
B. Dog fish
C. Silver fish

## D. Lung Fish

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

117. The desert locust would be living in
isolation or near locality will depend upon
A. 1.its spices
B. 2.its kinds
C. 3.its genes

## D. 4.its food and climatic conditions

## Answer: C

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118. Wasp, gilamonster, centipede, scorpoin and honey bee are
A. terrestrial
B. viviparous
C. social

## D. poisonous

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

119. Glow worm is

A. mollusc

B. annelid
C. insect
D. helminth

Answer: C

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120. Which of the followig is a viviparous animal?
A. Prawn
B. Scorpoin
C. Silverfish
D. Leech

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121. Respratory pigment in insects is
A. haemoglobin
B. cytochrome
C. haemocyanin
D. none
122. Which one is not not an insect

A. Housefly

B. Butterfly

C. Spider

D. Moth

## Answer: C

123. How many moles of electrons weigh one kilogram ?
A. 25000
B. 100
C. 1000
D. 2000

Answer: D
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124. At a time a female Anopheles lays eggs
singly in water, which are approximately
A. 40-100 eggs
B. 150-300 egs
C. 100-200 egs
D. more than 1000 eggs

Answer: A

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125. Mouth parts of female Anopheles are suitable for
A. chewing
B. piercing and sucking
C. chewing and cutting
D. sucking

Answer: B

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126. Which mouth part occurs in female Anopheies but not in males?
A. Proboscis
B. Mandibles
C. Antennae
D. Maxillae

Answer: D

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# 127. Johnston's organs are present in 

A. abdomen of housefly
B. head of cockroach
C. antennae of mosquito
D. none of the above

Answer: C

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128. Complete metamorphosis is found in

# A. 1.Bed bug 

B. 2.Locust
C. 3.Mosquito
D. 4.Silver fish

Answer: C

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129. Proboscis is:
A. labium
B. labrum-epipharynx
C. hypopharynx
D. all of these

Answer: A

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130. Which of the following are
correspondingly the pathogen and vector of malaria?
131. Leishmania and sandfly
132. Plasmodium and Anopheles
133. Trypanonosoma and ratflea
134. Trichomonas and blowfly
A. Leishmania and sandfly
B. Plasmodium nd Anopheles
C. Trypanonosoma and ratflea
D. Trichomonas and blowfly

Answer: B

D Watch Video Solution

# 131. Aedes is the carrier of 

1. dengue fever
2. malaria
3. yellow fever
4. both 1 ) and 3)
A. dengue fever
B. malaria
C. yellow fever
D. both 1) and 3)
5. Larva of Mosquito is
6. grub
7. maggot
8. wriggler
9. caterpillar
A. grub
B. maggot
C. wriggler
D. caterpillar

Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

133. Which of the following insects is useful to
man?
A. Dragon fly
B. Grass hopper
C. Moth
D. Termite

Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

134. What is obtained from the body of insects?
A. 1.Pearl
B. 2.Sugar
C. 3.Lac
D. 4.Shagreen

## D Watch Video Solution

135. Adult butterfly can ingest food which is
A. solid and liquid
B. only solid
C. only liquid
D. only gas
136. Muga silk worm feeds on
A. fat bodies
B. malpigan tubules
C. poison
D. salivary glands

## Answer: D

# 137. Rearing of silkworm is called: 

A. apiculture

B. pisciculture

C. agriculture
D. sericulture

## Answer: D

138. Who was the first to draw attention to the
fact that bees communicate by means of definite movements now called "bee dances"?
A. T.H. Huxley
B. Andreas Vesalius
C. A.I. Oparin
D. Ernest Spytzner

Answer: D

D Watch Video Solution
139. Which scientist decoded the language of
honey bee and was awarded Nobel prize for his work?
A. Carolus Linnaeus
B. Charles darwin
C. Karl von Frisch
D. William Harvey

Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
140. "Royal jelly" is secreted by worker Honey-
bees. Name the gland which secretes "royal jelly".
A. Labial gland
B. Maxillary glands
C. Mandibular gland
D. Labral gland

Answer: B

D Watch Video Solution
141. In Honey bee drones (males) are produced from
A. unfertilized eggs
B. fertilized eggs
C. royal jelly fed larva from fertilized eggs
D. unfertilized eggs not cared by workers at
all

## Answer: A

142. Which of the following are vector hosts?
A. Rabbit, snake, lizard, frog
B. Sand fly, tsetse fly, house fly, culex
C. Tsetse fly, Trypanosoma, sand fly,
leishmania
D. House fly, frog, sand fly

Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

143. The best method to dispose night soil is
A. mechanical control
B. physical control
C. biological control

## D. both 1 ) and 2)

## Answer: C

## 144. Bed bug transmits

A. typhus fever
B. leprosy
C. 1) and 2)

D. kala azar

Answer: C
145. Locusts are found breeding in India in
A. Uttar pradesh

B. Rajasthan

C. Kerala
D. Kashmir

Answer: B

# 146. Rearing of silkworm is done on large scale 

 inA. china
B. India
C. japan

D. All of these

Answer: D

D Watch Video Solution
147. Yellow fever is transmitted by
A. female culex
B. female anophilies
C. female aedes
D. housefly

Answer: A
( Watch Video Solution

# 148. True and complete metamorphosis occurs 

 inA. Silver
B. Bed bugs
C. Grasshoppers
D. Moths and mosquitoes.

Answer: D

D Watch Video Solution
149. From which stage of silk moth, the silk is obtained?
A. Adult
B. Caterpillar
C. Egg
D. Pupa

Answer: D

D Watch Video Solution
150. Book lungs are the respiratory organs found in
A. insects
B. crustaceans
C. millipedes
D. scropions

Answer: D
( Watch Video Solution

# 151. In honey bees, the royal jelly is fed to 

A. 1.queen

B. 2.drones
C. 3.larva that becomes the queen
D. 4.both 1) and 3)

Answer: D
( Watch Video Solution

## 152. Main function of halteres (reduced wings)

on the metathroax of mosquito is to
A. 1.provide balance in flight
B. 2.speed up the light
C. 3.emit sound
D. 4.frighten enemies.

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

153. Which of the following insects is regarded as greatest mechanical carrier of diseases?
A. 1.Xenopsella
B. 2.Musca
C. 3.Cimex
D. 4.Pediculus

Answer: B

D Watch Video Solution

# 154. Pollen basket occurs in Honey Bee on 

A. prothoracic leg
B. mesothoracic leg
C. methathoracic leg

## D. union of thorax and abdomen

Answer: C
155. In which bee, the wax glands are present in
A. worker
B. drone
C. queen Bee
D. both queen and worker bees

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
156. Which one is a tracheate group
A. 1.King Crab- Scorpion- Housefly
B. 2.Crab-Centipede - Cockroach
C. 3.Spider- Peripatus - Mosquito
D. 4.Bed bug- Sandfly - Silkworm

Answer: D

D Watch Video Solution
157. Arrhenotoky is parthenogenetic development found in
A. all insects
B. mosquitoes
C. butterflies
D. honey, bees, wasps and ants

Answer: D

D Watch Video Solution

# 158. Trilobites evolved in 

A. precambrian

B. ordovician
C. silurian
D. cambrian

Answer: D

D Watch Video Solution
159. Silk fibre contains protein
A. fibroin and sericine
B. collagen and elastin
C. fibrin and sericine
D. chondrin and mucin

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
160. Mostly wiely reared Honey Bee species of india is
A. Apis mellifera

B. Apis dorsata

C. Apis indica
D. Apis florea

Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
161. Cray fish is
A. crustacean

## B. edbile fish

C. poisonous fish
D. mammal.

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

162. Honey is acidic and mainly consists of
163. polysaccharides
164. disaccharides
165. monosaccharides

## 4. fats

A. polysaccharides
B. disaccharides
C. monosaccharides
D. fats

Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
163. If the honey bee is performing round dance it is conveying the information of food source from the hive at a distance of

1. 50 metres
2. 100 metres
3. 1000 metres
4. 2000 metres
A. 50 metres
B. 100 metres
C. 1000 metres
D. 2000 metres

Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

164. Arthropods lack
165. jointed appendages
166. cilia
167. respiratory organs
168. segmented body
A. jointed appendages
B. cilia
C. respiratory organs
D. segmented body

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

165. Common among Moth, Frog and

Mosquito is
A. body differentiated into head, throax and abdomen
B. life history is carried out partly in water
C. larvae feed on a different type of food
D. skin acts on main respiratory organ

Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

166. What is common amongst Earthworm, Cockroach and Centipede?
A. metamorphism
B. sexual dimorphism
C. chitinous exoskeleton
D. haemocoel

Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

167. What is true about Nerels, Scorpion,

Cockroach and Silver fish?
A. None of them is aquatic
B. They all belong to the same phylum
C. They all have jointed paired appendages
D. They all possess dorsal heart

Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
168. In which of the following organisms, self
fertilization is seen ?
A. Honey bee
B. Frog
C. Ascaris lumbricoides
D. Rabbit

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
169. Which one of the following pairs of items correctly belongs to the category of organs mentioned against it?
A. Nictitating membrane and blind spot in
human eye - Vestigial organs
B. Nephridia of Earth worm and

Malphighian tubules of Cockroach -

Excretory organs
C. Wings of Honey bee and wings of Crow Homologous organs
D. Thorn of Bogainvillea an tendrils of

## Cucurbita -Analogous organs

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

170. Karl von Frisch was awarded Nobel prize
in medicine or physiology in
A. 1970
B. 1972
C. 1973
D. 1974

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

171. From which stage of silk moth, the silk is obtained?
A. 3rd instar larva

B. 4th instar larva

## C. 5th instar larva

D. pupa

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

172. Name one disease of mulberry silk worm caused by Protozoa an(Nosema bombycis)
A. Pebrine
B. Graseri

## C. Flacheir

D. Mascardine

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

173. Centrolecithal eggs are characteristic of
A. Frog
B. Mammals
C. Insecta

## D. Star fish

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

174. In which of these animals antennal gland functions as excretory organ?
A. Human being
B. Cockroach
C. Planaria

D. Prawn

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

175. The scientific name of Asian tiger mosquio is
A. Aedes aegypti
B. Aedes albopictus
C. Aedes taeniarhychus
D. Aedes albolineatus

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

176. Life span of Honey Bee drone is
A. 1)3-4 months
B. 2)1-2 months
C. 3)6--7 months
D. 4)10-12 months

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

177. Limnology is related to
A. nympho
B. trochophore
C. cocon

D. caterpillar

178. Name one disease of mulberry silk worm caused by Protozoa an(Nosema bombycis)
A. 5th abdominal segment
B. 2nd thoracic segment
C. head
D. 8th addominal segment

Answer: D
179. Worker Bees are :
A. 1.sterile females
B. 2.fertile females
C. 3.when queen is absent then act as
fertile females
D. 4.sterile drones

Answer: A
180. Peripatus is a connecting link between :

1. Annelida and Arthropoda
2. Coelenterata Porifera
3. Ctenophora and Platyhelminthis
4. Mollusca and Echinodermata
A. Annelida and Arthropoda
B. Coelenterata Porifera
C. Ctenophora and Platyhelminthis
D. Mollusca and Echinodermata

Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

181. which one of the following is used as
biological insecticide?
182. Tiger beetle
183. Caterpillar
184. Silkmoth
185. Mazra poka
A. Tiger beetle

## B. Caterpillar

C. Silkmoth
D. Mazra poka

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
182. What is the genetic name of Sea hare?

1. Pila
2. Teredo
3. Aplysia

4. Sepia

A. Pila
B. Teredo
C. Aplysia
D. Sepia

Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution

## 183. Ink-gland is absent in

A. 1.Loligo

B. 2.Sepia
C. 3.Octopus

D. 4.Nautilus

## Answer: D

184. Which set has the same number of $s$ electrons?
A. Sea cow, seal, whale, bat
B. King crab, cockroach, silver fish, spider
C. cuttle fish, cray fish, hag fish,
D. Sea feather, sea urchin, star fish

Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution

# 185. The method of induction of foreign 

 particles between the mantle and the shell of pearl oyster for the simulation of pearl formation was introduced in Japan byA. Mikimoto
B. Katu
C. Haeckel
D. Von Mohl

## Answer: A

186. The most primitive mollusc and living fossil is
A. Neopilina
B. Chiton
C. Dentalium
D. Patella

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution


# 187. Glochidium larva belongs to 

A. Pila

B. Fresh water mussel

C. Cypraea

D. Loligo

Answer: B
188. The respiratory organs in a fresh water mussel are
A. pulmonary sac
B. book lungs
C. Gills
D. tracheae

Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
189. Life cycle of liver fluke is digenetic. Its intermediate hosts are fresh water snails which are
A. Lymnaea and Planorbis
B. Pila and Lymnaea
C. Limax and Helix

D. Limax and Onchidium

## Answer: A

# 190. Study of mollusca is called 

A. Malacology
B. Conchology
C. Mammolgy
D. Mastology

## Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

191. The elephant tusk shell is
A. Dentalium
B. Limax
C. Cypraea
D. Nautilus

Answer: A

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192. Ink glands or sacs produce coloured
pigment which is ejected out into the water
and form smoke screen for offence and defence. Such specs are found in
A. Sepia
B. Pecten
C. Mytilus
D. Teredo

Answer: A
( Watch Video Solution
193. The largest invertebrate is
A. 1.Giant octopus
B. 2.Giant squid
C. 3.Giant snail

D. 4.giant Clam

Answer: B

## 194. one example of complete metamorphosis

## D Watch Video Solution

195. Visceral mass is characteristic of
A. arthropods
B. molluscs
C. echinoderms
D. All of these

## D Watch Video Solution

## 196. Respiratory pigment of molluscs is

A. 1.haemocyanin
B. 2.haemoglobin
C. 3.erythrocruorin
D. 4.none of these

# 197. An internal shell is absent in 

A. Sepia
B. Loligo
C. Pila
D. Both 1) and 2)

## Answer: D

# 198. Osphradium of Pila globosa is 

A. chemoreceptor
B. photoreceptor
C. thermoreceptor
D. tangoreceptor

## Answer: A

# 199. A mollusc previously used as currency is 

A. Turbinella

B. Dentalium
C. Pila

D. Cypraea

## Answer: D

# 200. Study of (molluscan) shells is called 

A. conchology

B. malacology

C. entomology
D. mastology

Answer: A
201. A rasping organ with transverse teeth and present in the buccal cavity of a mollusc is called
A. 1.Dental plate
B. 2.Radula
C. 3.Tongue
D. 4.Rasper

Answer: B

D Watch Video Solution

## 202. Pila respires by

A. ctenidium

B. pulmonary sac

C. mantle cavity

D. all of the above

## Answer: D

## 203. Torsion occurs in the visceral mass of

A. cephalopods

B. gastropods
C. scaphopods
D. pelecypods

Answer: B

## 204. Excretory organs of Unio are

A. Organs of Bojanus
B. Keber's organ
C. 1) and 2)
D. Malpighian tubules

Answer: C
205. One of the arms of a male mollusc is used
to transfer sperms into the female. Which is
this animal?
A. 1.Pila
B. 2.Loligo
C. 3.Octopus
D. 4.Teredo

Answer: C

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## 206. 2 types of metamorphosis

## - Watch Video Solution

207. Pearl producing Indian species is
A. Pinctada vulgaris
B. Pinctada indica
C. Ostrea indica
D. Ostrea vulgaris

## D Watch Video Solution

## 208. Closed circulatory system occurs in

A. 1.Snail
B. 2.Cockroach
C. 3.Cuttle fish
D. 4.All of these
209. Trochophore larve occurs in
A. 1.Annelida and Porifera
B. 2.Coelenterata and Annelida
C. 3.Mollusca and Coelenterata
D. 4.Annelida and Mollusca

## Answer: D

210. What is true metamorphosis

## D Watch Video Solution

211. Eyes of pila/molluscs occur over
A. 1.Pseudopodia
B. 2.Ommatophores
C. 3.Cephalic tentacles
D. 4.Both 2) and 3)

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

212. Which of the following have eye structure nearest to that of vertebrates?
A. insecta
B. polychaeta
C. cephalopoda
D. crustacea

## - Watch Video Solution

213. Ammonites fossil shell remains of
A. 1.pelecypods
B. 2.cephalopods
C. 3.gastropods

D. 4.scaphopods

214. Name one example of complete and incomplete metamorphosis

## - Watch Video Solution

215. Asymmetry develops due to torsion in mollusc
A. Octopus
B. Pila
C. Teredo
D. Dentallium

Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

216. The devil fish and sea hare are
A. Molluscs
B. Crustaceans

## C. Coelenterates

D. Marine fish and mollusks

## Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

217. Gill is monopectinate in
A. Unio
B. Chiton
C. Patella
D. Pila

Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

218. In Star-fish which organ has dual function
of locomotion and respiration?
A. Axial sinus
B. Ampullae
C. Tube feet

## D. Tiedmann's body

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

219. Autotomy is observed in
A. feather star
B. starfish
C. sea cucumber
D. all of the above

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

# 220. one example of incomplete 

## metamorphosis

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221. Connecting link between chordates and
non chordates
A. deuterostomatic: tube-with-a tube plan
B. protostomatic, tube-within-a-tube plan
C. water vascular system
D. kidneys

## Answer: A

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222. The founder of taxonomy is Aristotle. The
father of modern Taxonomy who wrote

Species Plantarum and provided a basis for classification of plants, is
A. a fresh water echinoderm
B. a masticatory apparatus connected with
digestive system in sea urchin
C. a seive plate connected with ambulacral
system in sea water
D. an ancient Greak ship lantern shaped
structuer connected with balancing
system of sea lily.

## D Watch Video Solution

## 223. Comb plates are found in

A. sea hares
B. sea lemons
C. star fishes
D. sea lions
224. In which of the echinoderm, the arms, spines and pedicellaria are absent?
A. Sea cucumber
B. Sea lily
C. Sea star
D. Sea urchin

Answer: A
225. Chief excretory matter in echinoderms I
A. ammonia
B. urea
C. uric acid
D. amino acid

Answer: A

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## 226. In echinoderms skeleton is

A. 1.calcareous

B. 2.chitinous
C. 3.siliceous

D. 4.tunicin made

Answer: A
( Watch Video Solution
227. Water vascular system is originated from
A. 1.ectoderm
B. 2.mesoderm
C. 3.endoderm

D. 4.both 1) and 3)

## Answer: C

## 228. Cuvierian organs are found in

A. Asterias

B. Holothuria

C. Echinus

D. Antedon

Answer: B
229. Internal endoskeleton of starfish is made up of calcareous plates called ossicles. Ossicles are derived from
A. 1.ectoderm
B. 2.mesoderm
C. 3.endoderm
D. 4.both 1) and 3)

Answer: B

D Watch Video Solution

## 230. Anus is absent in

A. Antedon

B. Ophiothrix

C. Holothuria

D. Echinus

Answer: A

## 231. Pedicellaries are absent in

A. Ophiothrix, holothuria, Antedon
B. Echinus, Clypeaster, Echinicardium
C. Pentaceros, Asterias, Astropecten
D. Both 2) and 3)

Answer: A

## 232. Spines are absent in

A. Star fish
B. sea urchin
C. Brittle star
D. Sea cucumber and feather star

Answer: D
233. Which one is the common ancestral larval
from of echinoderms, hemichordates and chordates?
A. Tornaria
B. Bipinnaria
C. Dipleurula
D. Trochophore

Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution

## 234. Evisceration is found in

A. 1.Echinodermata

B. 2.Annelida
C. 3.Coelenterata

D. 4.Chordata

Answer: A

## 235. Deuterostomate and enterocoelomate

 invertebrate isA. 1.Pila

B. 2.Ascaris
C. 3.Aphrodite
D. 4.Asterias

Answer: D
236. What is correct?
A. 1.Blue-green alga is a kind of fungus.
B. 2.Sea Horse is related to Dolphin.
C. 3.Maiden Hair Tree is an angiosperm.
D. 4.Sea Lily is an echinoderm

Answer: D

D Watch Video Solution
237. Diagnostic character of the phylum

Echinodermata is the presence of
A. spiny skin
B. pedicellariae
C. water vascular system

D. All of these

## Answer: D

D Watch Video Solution

# 238. In can regenerate entire alimentary canal 

A. 1.Fish

B. 2.Bird
C. 3.Amphibians
D. 4.Sea cucumber

Answer: D
( Watch Video Solution
239. Find the odd example
A. Sea fan
B. Sea lily
C. sea urchin
D. sea cucumber

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
240. The radial symmetry is observed in
I. Platyhelminthes
II. Coelenterates
III. Aschelminthes
IV. Annelids
v) Echinoderms

The correct statements are
A. ii and vonly
B. I,ii,iii and vonly
C. ii, iii and I only
D. I, iii and v only

## Answer: a

241. In which of the following phyla, the adult
shows radial symmetry while the larva has
bilateral symmetry?
A. Annelids
B. Arthropods
C. Molluscs
D. Echinoderms

Answer: D

D Watch Video Solution
242. Who had given the hemichordata the status of an independent invertebrate phylum?
A. Vander horst
B. Dawydoff, Marcus
C. Hyman

D. All of these

## Answer: D

# 243. Body of Balanoglossus is divisible into 

A. head, neck, thorax and abdomen
B. head, trunk and tail
C. proboscis, collar and tail
D. proboscis, collar and trunk.

Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

244. In Balanoglossus, the mouth is present
A. at the tip of proboscis
B. in between the proboscis and collar
C. in the collar
D. in the trunk

Answer: B
( Watch Video Solution
245. Stomochord is a hollow outgrowth which
arises from the roof of the buccal cavity. It is present in
A. Chordata
B. Cephalochordata
C. Urochordata
D. Hemichordata.

Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

246. Hemichordates have pharyngeal gill slits which are
247. lateral in position
248. dorsal in position
249. ventral in position
250. none of the above
A. lateral in position
B. dorsal in position
C. ventral in position
D. none of the above

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

247. Epidermis of Balanoglossus consists of
248. a single layer of cells
249. many layers of cells
250. two layers of cells
251. three layers of cells.
A. a single layer of cells
B. many layers of cells
C. two layers of cells
D. three layers of cells.

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

## 248. Balanoglossus has

## 1. red blood

2. yellow blood
3. blue blood
4. colourless blood
A. red blood

B. yellow blood

C. blue blood
D. colourless blood

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

249. Excretory organ of Balanoglossus is
A. kidney
B. body wall
C. glomerulus
D. gill

## Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution


## 250. Respiratory pigment in Balanoglossus is

A. haemocyanin
B. haemoglobin

## C. chlorocruorin

## D. none of these

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

## 251. Tornaria, the larva of Balanoglossus which

resembles with bipinnaria larva was first described by

A. J.Muller

B. Weismann
C. Hugo de Vries
D. Singer

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
252. Hemichordates resembles annelids in
A. body form and burrowing habit
B. circulatory system
C. larval form
D. body form, burrowing habit, circulatory system and occurence of a free swimming larva

## Answer: D

D Watch Video Solution
253. Echinoderms, hemichordates and
chordates have a
A. different ancestral stock
B. common ancestral stock
C. similar nervour system
D. common external characters.

## Answer: B

D Watch Video Solution
254. Blood vascular system in hemichordata is

1. open
2. reduced
3. closed

## 4. absent

A. open
B. reduced
C. closed
D. absent

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution

# 255. Balanoglossus possesses 

1. Dorsal nerve cord
2. Ventral nerve cord
3. Both 1) and 2)
4. Spinal cord
A. Dorsal nerve cord
B. Ventral nerve cord
C. Both 1) and 2)
D. Spinal cord

# 256. Respiration occurs in Balanoglossus by 

1. gill slits
2. general body surface
3. book gills
4. 5) and 2)
A. gill slits
B. general body surface
C. book gills

## D. 1) and 2)

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

257. Asexual reproduction occurs in

Hemichordata by
A. 1.Fragmentation
B. 2.budding
C. 3.fission
D. 4.All the above

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

258. Proboscis gland in Balanoglossus is accociated with
A. digestion
B. respiration
C. circulation

## D. excretion

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

259. Connecting link between chordates and non-chordates is
A. 1.Feripatus
B. 2.Balanoglossus
C. 3.Sphenodon

## D. 4.Tachyglossus

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

260. Which of the following animals belongs to phylum Coelenterata?
A. Sea horse
B. Sea hare
C. Sea pen

## D. Sea cucumber

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

261. Which of the following is not correctly matched?
A. Sycon-Canal system
B. Starfish -Radial Symmetry
C. Ascaris - Flame cell

## D. Prawn -Haemocol

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

262. Which of the following statements are incorrec?
(i) Parapodia are lateral appendages in arthropods used for swimming.
(ii) Radula in molluscs are structures involved in excretion.
(iii) Aschelminthes are dioecious.
(iv) Echinoderm adults show radial symmetry.
(v) Ctenophorans are diploblastic
A. I and II
B. I and III
C. I, IV and V
D. III and V

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution

# 263. Which of the following are invertebrates 

1. Insects
2. Birds
3. Angiosperms
4. Fungi
A. Insects
B. Brids
C. Angiosperms
D. Fungi

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264. Which of the following are most intelligent invertebrates.
265. Crustaceans such as cray fish and hermit crab
266. Arachnidians like scorpions and spiders
267. Cephalopods such as squids and octopus
268. Echinoderms like starfish and sea urchin
A. Crustaceans such as cray fish and hermit
crab
B. Arachnidians like scorpioins and spiders
C. Cephalopods such as squids and octopus

## D. Echinoderms like starfish and sea urchin

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

265. "Royal jelly" is secreted by worker Honeybees. Name the gland which secretes "royal jelly".
A. Apis dorsata
B. Apis indica
C. Apis florea
D. Apis mellifera

Answer: D

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266. Munga silk worm feeds on
A. Shorea

## B. Terminalia

## C. Machilus

D. Morus

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

267. Which one of the following is a correct match
A. Filariasis- Taenia solium
B. Encephalitis - Culex vishnui
C. Malaria -Phlebotomus sp .
D. kala-azar - Anopheles stephensi

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

268. Which one of the following genus of insects prefer to breed in clean water and their larvae lie parallel to the surface of water
A. Anopheles
B. Culex
C. Aedes
D. Phlebotomus

Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

269. Which one of the following animal possesses gaint chromosome?
A. Drosophila
B. Mouse
C. Branchiomyces
D. Xenopsylia

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
270. In Prawn, excretion is carried out by
A. Protonephridia

# B. Malphigian tubules 

C. Mushroom gland
D. Green gland

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

## 271. An example of animals in which mesoderm

 occurs as scattered pouches between ectoderm and endoderm isA. Filaria worm

## B. Tapeworm

C. Earthworm
D. Lancelet

## Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
272. Which is the only phylum in the animal kingdom without any nerve cell ?
A. Porifera
B. Coelenterata
C. Annelida
D. Nematoda

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

273. In most simple type of canal system of porifera, water flows through which one of the following ways
A. Ostia $\rightarrow$ Spongocoel $\rightarrow$ Osculum $\rightarrow$

## Exterior

B. Spongocoel $\rightarrow$ Ostia $\rightarrow$ Osculum $\rightarrow$

Exterior
C. Osculum $\rightarrow$ Spongocoel $\rightarrow$ Ostia $\rightarrow$

Exterior
D. Osculum $\rightarrow$ Ostia $\rightarrow$ Spongocoel $\rightarrow$

Exterior

Answer: C

# 274. Which of the following is concerned with 

 asexual reproduction?A. Gemmules
B. Gametes
C. Gonads
D. Genitalia

Answer: A
275. Which group of animals belong to the same phylum ?
A. Prawn, Scorpion, Locusta
B. Sponge, Sea anemone, Starfish
C. Malaria parasite, Amoeba, Mosquito
D. Earthworm, Pinworm, Tapeworm

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

276. Which of the following is correctly matched with respect to their taxonomic classification?
A. House fly, butterfly, tsetsefly, silverfishInsecta
B. Spiny anteater, sea urchin, sea
cucumber-Echinodermata
C. Flying fish, cuttlefish, silverfish-Pisces
D. Centipede, millipede, spider, scorpion-

Insecta

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

277. Which of the following are correctly matched with respect to their taxonomic classification?
A. House fly, butterfly, tsetsefly, silverfish-

Insecta
B. Spiny anteater, sea urchin, sea
cucumber-Echinodermata

## C. Flying fish, cuttlefish, silverfish-Pisces

D. Centipede, millipede, spider, scorpionInsecta

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

278. Which of the following characteristics is
mainly responsible for diversification of insects of land
A. Bialteral symmetry
B. Exoskeletron
C. Eyes
D. Segmentation

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

279. Body having meshwork of cell, internal cavities lined with food filtering flagellated
cells and indirect development are the characteristics of phylum
A. Coelenterata
B. Porifera
C. Mollusca
D. Protozoa

Answer: B
( Watch Video Solution
280. Which of the following features is not present in the in the phylum arthropoda
A. Metmeric -Segmentation
B. Parapodia
C. Jointed Appendages
D. Chitnous exoskeleton

## Answer: B

281. In case of poriferans, the spongocoel is

## lined with flagellated cells called

A. ostia
B. oscula
C. choanocytes
D. mesencymal cells

Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
282. An important characteristic that hemichordates share with chordates is
A. absence of notochord
B. ventral tubular nerve cord
C. pharynx with gill slits
D. pharynx without gill slits

Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

283. Which of the following animals does not undergo metamorphosis
A. Starfish
B. Moth
C. Tunicate
D. Earthworm

Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

1. [A] : The signet ring trophozoite of malarial parasite ingests major part of cytoplasm of erythrocytes and form a food vacuole into which it secretes digestive enzymes .
[R] : The enzymes cause breakdown of Haemoglobin into hematin and protein contents.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

2. [A] : Protozoans have no physiological division of labour.
[R]: They have a well developed cell, tissue and tissue organ system .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of A
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

Answer: D
3. [A] : Endomixis is Paramecium involves total internal nuclear reorganisation within a single individual.
[R] : It takes place in the absence of conjugation.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of A

## $C$. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false

D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

4. [A] : Sponges are primitive multicellular animals that probably evolved a multicellular structure independently of other animals .
$[\mathrm{R}]$ : Sponges are stationary animals and
remain fixed to substratum while water passes over them.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

Answer: B

D Watch Video Solution
5. [A] : Annelids , Arthropods and mollusks are protostomial coelomates.
[R] : They all show bilateral symmetry, tube with in tube body plan and three germ layer derivations.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A

B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the

## $C$. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false

D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

6. [A] : The body cavity of earthworm is a true coelem .
$[R]$ : It is lined by peritoneum derived from ectoderm .
A. 1)If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. 2)If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not
the correct explanation of A
C. 3)If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. 4)If both $A$ and $R$ are false

Answer:

- Watch Video Solution

7. [A] : Pearl is formed when a foreign particle gets in between shell and mantle .
$[R]$ : The inner nacreous layer called mother of pearl is formed by layers of $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$ and concholin.
A. 1)If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. 2)If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not
the correct explanation of A
C. 3)If $A$ is true and $R$ is false

## D. 4)If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

8. [A] : Fasciola is hermaphrodite .
$[R]$ : Gonads are well developed and the male and female genital ducts open into a common genital atrium .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

9. [A] : There are 10 tidemanns bodies in ambulacral system of echinoderms .
$[R]$ : They are enzyme destroying bodies and act as lymphatic glands .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

10. [A] : Termites and ants are social insects .
$[\mathrm{R}]$ : They make fungus gardnes in their nests .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the
correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$

## C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false

D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

11. Assertion(A): In sponges, archaeocytes are totipotent.

Reason( R): They give rise to all types of amoebocytes and are self replicating.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

12. [A] : The honey is a vital food for animals including man .
[R] : The enzyme in saliva of honey bees converts complex sugar of nector of flowers into simple sugar of honey .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of A
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false

## D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

13. [A] : Leeches secrete Hirudin from their salivary glands .
[R] : Hirudin is anticoagulating agent .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

14. [A] : All invertebrates can keep their body temperature constant all the time .
[R] : Amoeba can also keep its body
temperature constant as it has well-defined blood vascular system .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

15. [A] : In Taenia solium , bladder worm is also known as cysticercus .
[R] : Bladder worm is characterised by a large vesicle and one scolex .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of A
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false

## D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

16. $[A]$ : Earthworm obtain oxygen for respiration through moist skin. They do not
have respiratory organs .
[R] : They are burrowing in habit .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

17. [A] : Presence of alimentary canal would not have suited the mode of life of tapeworm .
[R] : It would have rendered impossible the process
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of A
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

18. [A]: Development in cockroach is termed as retrogressive metamorphosis .
[R]: The young ones resemble adults in all essential respects .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

19. [A] : All the gills of Palaemon are phyllobranchs.
[R]: Each gill consists of two rows of leaf like
rhombodial gill-plates arranged like the leaves of a book.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

20. [A] : Renal-sac of Prawn functions in same manner as vertebrate kidney .
[R]: Renal-sac is large, thin-walled sac lying above the cardiac stomach .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of A
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false

## D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

21. [A] : Pila is adopted to lead an amphibious
life .
$[\mathrm{R}]$ : It is provided with a pulmonary sac for aerial respiration and a gill or ctenidium for aquatic respiration .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

22. [A] : Chordates have poor regeneration power while non-chordates have good regeneration power .
[R]: Non-chordates have asexual reproduction
, so they have good regeneration power .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false

## D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

23. [A]: In lower invertebrates the digestion is intracellular while in higher forms it is extracellular.
$[\mathrm{R}]$ : Extracellular digestion is highly evolved process, it takes place in gut.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

24. [A] : Chordates have an oxygen carrying pigment called haemoglobin . It is always present in red blood corpuscles .
[R] : Non-chordates have either no
haemoglobin or if it is present, it is present in
plasma . Non-chordates require very little oxygen as compared to chordates for their body functions.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

D Watch Video Solution
25. [A] : Huxley comments that Birds are glorified reptiles .
[R] : Birds posses higher grades of intelligence and behaviour practically unknown in reptiles .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

26. [A] : Birds excrete uric acid .
$[R]$ : Birds do not have a urinary bladder .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the
correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## - Watch Video Solution

27. [A] : In elastic lungs of birds are supplemented by remarkable system of air sacs .
[R] : Air sacs function in storage of food .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

28. [A] : Sphenodon is referred to as a living fossil.
$[R]$ : It has retained many primitive
characteristics of fossil or stem reptiles belonging to permain period.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

29. [A] : In reptiles , lizards show autotomy .
[R] : Tail of most lizards is easily borken off when threatened or seized by a predator .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of A
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

30. [A] : Heloderma is called beaded lizard .
[R]: Its scales resemble beads.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the
correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$

## C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false

D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

31. Assertion: Krait is poisonous snakes.

Reason: Belly scales are small and continuous with dorsal in poisonous snakes.
A. 1)If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. 2)If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not
the correct explanation of A
C. 3)If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. 4)If both $A$ and $R$ are false

Answer:

- Watch Video Solution

32. [A] : In the adult bird, only the left ovary is
well developed.
[R] : A single ovary results in loss of weight as
well as in decreasing the number of eggs produced.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of A
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false

## D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

33. [A] : Rabbit is classified as mammal .
[R] : Rabbit possesses mammary glands pectan and teeth .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

D Watch Video Solution
34. [A]: Origin of mammals is polyphyletic.
$[\mathrm{R}]:$ Mammals are derived from atleast two
triassic reptilian stocks , Cynodonts and lepidosaurs.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

35. [A] : The Ascidian tadpole larva possess all
the basic chordate characters.
$[R]$ : Both urochordates and other chordates have originated from a common ancestor .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false

## D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

36. [A] : Tail wagging dance is performed for short distances. It conveys both the distance and speed of the scout bees .
[R]: Foraging bees keep touching the scout bees through dance to get the information mainly by olfactory stimulation.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

37. [A] : A pair of coxal glands are found in each side of metasoma of scorpion.
[R] : The coxal glands of scorpion are analogous with the green glands of crustacea and function as excretory organs.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false

## D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

38. [A] : Honey bees are social insects known
for producing honey and bees wax, and for living in very highly organized colonies. These colonies have hexagonal chambers called cells made up of bees wax .
$[R]$ : Cells are used for storing honey and
pollen breeds, as well as for rearing the brood.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

39. Assertion : Cold blooded animals do not
have fat layer.
Reason : Cold blooded animals use their fat for metabolic process during hibernation
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of A
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false

## D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

40. [A] : Neoteny is the retention of larval form
throughout the life .
[R] : It occurs in Axoltol larva of Ambystoma.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

41. [A] : In Parthenogenesis, fertilized egg is stimulated to divide.
$[\mathrm{R}]$ : It is a type of reproduction through which
animals are not able to eliminate non adaptive characters and sterility.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

42. [A] : Protozoans have no physiological division of labour.
$[R]$ : They have a well developed cell, tissue and tissue organ system.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false

## D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

43. [A] : Visceral leishmaniasis is caused by the sand flies .
[R] : When the sand flies bite, secondary infection occurs.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

44. [A] : Many desert mammals cool the exhaled air in their noses, before it is expelled out through nostrills .
[R]: The moisture condensation in the nose and is not lost as water vapours along with the exhaled air .
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$

## C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false

D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

45. [A] : Amoeba is regarded as the lowest form of animals.
[R]: Body of amoeba consists of a mere mass of protoplasm and resembles a blob of Jelly
A. 1)If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. 2)If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not
the correct explanation of A
C. 3)If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. 4)If both $A$ and $R$ are false

Answer:

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46. [A] : In Taenia solium, bladder worm is also known as cysticercus .
$[\mathrm{R}]$ : Bladder worm is characterised by a large vesicle and one scolex.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

47. Assertion : Bats and whales are classified as

## mammals

Reason : Bats and whales have fourchambered heart
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

48. [A] : The coelomic cavity of Leech is mostly
filled with botryoidal tissue formed of branching tubular cells .
$[\mathrm{R}]$ : Hence the coelomic cavity is reduced to four longitudinal channels and their branches
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

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49. [A] : Pearl is formed when a foreign particle gets in between shell and mantle .
$[R]$ : The inner nacreous layer called mother of pearl is formed by layers of $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$ and concholin.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

50. [A] : Tail wagging dance is performed for short distances. It conveys both the distance and speed of the scout bees .
$[\mathrm{R}]$ : Foraging bees keep touching the scout bees through dance to get the information mainly by olfactory stimulation.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$
C. If $A$ is true and $R$ is false
D. If both $A$ and $R$ are false

## D Watch Video Solution

51. Assertion: The duck-billed platypus and the
spiny anteater, both are egg-laying animals yet
they are grouped under mammals.

Reason: Both of them have seven cervical
vertebrae and 12 pairs of cranial nerves.
A. 1)If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
B. 2)If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not
the correct explanation of $A$

C. 3)If $A$ is true and $R$ is false

D. 4)If both $A$ and $R$ are false

Answer:

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