



BIOLOGY

BOOKS - TRUEMAN BIOLOGY

NCERT Exemplar Questions +2 (BIOTECHNOLOGY : PRINCIPLES AND PROCESSES)



1. Rising of dough is due to :

A. multiplication of yeast

B. production of CO_2

C. emulsification

D. hydrolysis of wheat flour starch into

sugars

Answer: b

2. An enzyme catalysing the removal of nucleotides from the ends of DNA is

A. endonuclease

B. exonuclease

C. DNA ligase

D. Hind - II

Answer: b

3. The transfer of genetic material from one

bacterium to another through the mediation

of a vector like virus is termed as :

A. 1)transduction

B. 2)conjugation

C. 3) transformation

D. 4)translation

Answer: a

4. Which of the given statements is correct in the context of observing DNA separated by agarose gel electrophoresis ?

- A. 1) DNA can be seen in visible light
- B. 2)DNA can be seen without staining in

vis- ible light

C. 3)Ethidium bromide stained DNA can be

seen in visible light

D. 4)Ethidium bromide stained DNA can be

seen under exposure to UV light





5. Restriction' in restriction enzyme refers to

A. cleaving of phosphodiester bond in DNA

by the enzyme

B. cutting of DNA at specific position only

C. prevention of the multiplication of bac-

teriophage in bacteria

D. all of the above

Answer: c

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6. A recombinant DNA molecule can be produced in the absence of the following :

A. Restriction endonuclease

B. DNA ligase

C. DNA fragments

D. E. coli

Answer: d

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7. In agarose gel electrophoresis, DNA molecules are separated on the basic of their

A. charge only

B. size only

C. charge to size ratio

D. all of the above

Answer: b

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8. The most important feature in a plasmid to be used as a vector is :

A. origin of replication (ori)

B. presence of a selectable marker

C. presence of sites for restriction endo-

nuclease

D. its size

Answer: a

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9. While isolating DNA from bacteria, which of

the following enzymes is not used ?

A. Lysozyme

B. R:bonuclease

C. Deoxyribonuclease

D. Protease

Answer: c

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10. Which of the following has popularised the

PCR (polymerase chain reactions)?

A. Easy availability of DNA template

- B. Availability of synthetic primers
- C. Availability of cheap deoxyribonucleo -

tides

D. Availability of 'Thermostable' DNA poly-

merase

Answer: d

11. An antibiotic resistance gene in a vector usually helps in the selection of :

A. competent cells

B. transformed cells

C. recombinant cells

D. none of the above

Answer: b

12. Significance of 'heat shock' method in bacterial transformation is to facilitate

A. binding of DNA to the cell wall

B. uptake of DNA through membrane trans-

port proteins

C. uptake of DNA through transient pores

in the bacterial cell wall

D. expression of antibiotic resistance gene

Answer: c

13. The role of DNA ligase in the construction of a recmobinant DNA molecule is

A. formation of phosphodiester bond be-

tween two DNA fragments

B. formation of hydrogen bonds between

sticky ends of DNA fragments

C. ligation of all purine and pyrimidine

bases

D. none of the above

Answer: a



14. Which of the following bacteria is not a source of restriction endonuclease?

A. Haemophilus influenzae

B. Escherichia coli

C. Agrobacterium tumefaciens

D. Bacillus amyloli

Answer: c



15. Which of the following steps are catalysed by Taq polymerase in a PCR reaction ?

A. Denaturation of template DNA

B. Annealing of primers to template DNA

C. Extension of primer end on the template

DNA

D. All of the above

Answer: c

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16. A bacterial cell was transformed with a recombinant DNA that was generated using a human gene. However, the transformed cells did not produce the desired protein. Reason could be

A. human gene may have intron which

bacteria cannot process

B. amino acid codons for humans and bac-

teria are different

C. human protein is formed but degraded

by bacteria

D. all of the above

Answer: a

17. Which of the following should be chosen for best yield if one were to produce a recmobinant protein in large amounts ?

A. Laboratory flask of largest capacity

B. A stirred tank bioreactor without inlets

and outlets

C. A continuous culture system

D. Any of the above

Answer: c





18. Who among the following was awarded the Nobal Prize for the development of PCR technique ?

A. Herbert Boyer

B. Hargovind Khurana

C. Kary Mullis

D. Arthur Kornberg

Answer: c





19. Which of the following statements does not hold true for restriction enzyme ?

A. It recognises a palindromic nucleotide sequence

- B. It is an endonuclease
- C. It is isolated from viruses
- D. It produces the same kind of sticky ends

in different DNA molecules

Answer: c

