



BIOLOGY

BOOKS - TRUEMAN BIOLOGY

NCERT Exemplar Questions +1 (EXCRETORY PRODUCTS AND THEIR ELIMINATION)

Mcqs

1. The following substances are the excretory products in animals. Choose the least toxic from among them

A. Urea

B. Uric acid

C. Ammonia

D. Carbon dioxide

Answer: b



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2. Filtration of the blood takes place at

A. PCT

B. DCT

C. Collecting ducts

D. Malpighian body

Answer: d



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3. Which of the following statements is incorrect

A. ADH- prevents conversion of angiotensinogen in blood to angiotensin

B. Aldosterone -facilitates water reabsorption

C. ANF- enhances sodium reabsorption

D. Renin - causes vasodilation

Answer: a



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4. A large quantity of one of the following is removed from our body by lungs.

A. CO_2 only

B. H_2O only

C. CO_2 only H_2O

D. Ammonia

Answer: c



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5. The pH of human urine is approximately

A. 6.5

B. 7

C. 6

D. 7.5

Answer: d



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6. Different types of excretory structures and animals are given below. Match them appropriately and mark the correct answer from among those given below

	Excretory structure/ organ		Animals
A.	Protonephridia	i.	Prawn
B.	Nephridia	ii.	Cockroach
C.	Malpighian tubules	iii.	Earthworm
D.	Green gland or Antennal gland	iv.	Flatworms

A. (D) i, (C) ii, (B) iii and (A) iv

B. (B) i, (C) ii, (A) iii and (B) iv

C. (D) i, (C) ii, (A) iii and (B) iv

D. (B) i, (C) ii, (B) iii and (D) iv

Answer: a



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7. Which one of the following statements is incorrect

A. Birds and land snails are uricotelic animals

B. Mammals and frogs are ureotelic animals

C. Aquatic amphibians and aquatic insects are ammonotelic animals

D. Birds and reptiles are ureotelic

Answer: d



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8. Which of the following pairs is wrong?

A. Uricotelic -----Birds

B. Ureotelic ----- Insects

C. Ammonotelic ----- Tadpole

D. Ureotelic ----- Elephant

Answer: b



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9. Which one of the following statements is incorrect?

A. The medullary zone of kidney is divided into a few conical masses called medullary pyramids projecting into the calyces.

B. Inside the kidney the cortical region extends in between the medullary pyramids as renal pelvis

C. Glomerulus alongwith Bowman's capsule is called the renal corpuscle

D. Renal corpuscle, proximal convoluted tubule (PCT) and distal convoluted tubule (DCT) of the nephron are situated in the cortical region of kidney.

Answer: b



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10. The condition of accumulation of urea in the blood is termed as

A. Renal Calculi

B. Glomerulonephritis

C. Uremia

D. Ketonuria

Answer: c



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11. Which one of the following is also known as antidiuretic hormone?

A. Oxytocin

B. Vasopressin

C. Adrenaline

D. Calcitonin

Answer: b



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12. Match the terms given in Column I with their physiological processes given in Column

II and choose the correct answer

Column I	Column II
A. Proximal convoluted tubule	i. Formation of concentrated urine
B. Distal convoluted tubule	ii. Filtration of blood
C. Henle's loop	iii. Reabsorption of 70-80% of electrolytes
D. Counter-current mechanism	iv. Ionic balance
E. Renal corpuscle	v. Maintenance of concentration gradient in medulla

A. A-iii, B-v, C-iii, D-ii, E-i

B. A-iii, B-iv, C-i, D-v, E-ii

C. A-i, B-iii, C-ii, D-v, E-iv

D. A-iii, B-i, C-iv, D-v, E-ii

Answer: b



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13. Match the abnormal conditions given in Column A with their explanations, given in column B and Choose the correct option

Column A	Column B
A. Glycosurea	(i) Accumulation of uric acid in joints
B. Renal calculi	(ii) Inflammation in glomeruli
C. Glomerular nephritis	(iii) Mass of crystallised salts within the kidney
D. Gout	(iv) Presence of glucose in urine

A. A-i, B-iii, C-ii, D-iv

B. A-iii, B-ii, C-iv, D-i

C. A-iv, B-iii, C-ii, B-i

D. A-iv, B-ii, C-iii, D-i

Answer: c



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14. We can produce concentrated? Dilute urine. This is facilitated by a special mechanism. Identify the mechanism.

A. Reabsorption from PCT

B. Reabsorption from Collecting Duct

C. Reabsorption/Secretion in OCT

D. Counter current mechanism in Henle's
loop/ vasa recta

Answer: d



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15. Dialysing unit (artificial kidney) contains a fluid which is almost same as plasma except that it has

A. High glucose

B. High urea

C. No urea

D. High uric acid

Answer: b



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