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## BIOLOGY

## BOOKS - TRUEMAN BIOLOGY

## NCERT Exemplar Questions +2 <br> (PRINCIPLE OF INHERITANCE AND VARIATION)

Mcqs

1. All genes located on the same chromosome:
A. form different groups depending upon their relative distance
B. form one linkage group
C. will not form any linkage groups
D. form interactive groups that affect the phenotype

Answer: b
2. Conditions of a karyotype $2 n \pm 1$ and $2 n \pm 2$ are called :
A. aneuploidy
B. polyploidy
C. allopolyploidy
D. monosomy

Answer: a

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3. Distance between the genes and percentage of recombination shows :
A. a direct relationship
B. an inverse relationship
C. a parallel relationship
D. no relationship

Answer: b

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4. If a genetic disease is transferred from a phenotypically normal but carrierfemale to only some of the male progeny, the disease is :
A. autosomal dominant
B. autosomal recessive
C. sex-linked dominant
D. sex-linked recessive

Answer: d

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5. In sickle cell anaemia glutamic acid is replaced by valine. Which one of the following triplets codes for valine?
A. G GG
B. A A G
C. G A A
D. GUG

Answer: d

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6. Person having genotype $I^{A}$ IB would show
the blood group as AB. This is because of:
A. pleiotropy
B. co-dominance
C. segregation
D. incomplete dominance

Answer: b
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## 7. ZZ/ZW type of sex determination is seen in :

A. Platypus
B. Snails
C. Cockroach
D. Peacock

Answer: d
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## 8. A Across between two tall plants resulted in

offspring having few dwarf plants. What would
be the genotypes of both the parents?
A. TT and Tt
B. Tt and Tt
C. TT and TT
D. Tt and tt

Answer: b

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9. In a dihybrid cross, if you get 9:3:3:1 ratio it denotes that:
A. the alleles of two genes are interacting with each other
B. it is a multigenic inheritance
C. it is a case of multiple allelism
D. the alleles of two genes are segregating independently
10. Which of the following will not result in variations among siblings?
A. Independent assortment of genes
B. Crossing over
C. Linkage
D. Mutation

Answer: c
11. Mendel's Law of independent assortment holds good for genes situated on the :
A. non-homologous chromosomes
B. homologus chromosomes
C. ) extra nuclear genetic element
D. same chromosome

Answer: a

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12. Occasionally, a single gene may express more than one effect. The phenomenon is called :
A. multiple allelism
B. mosaicism
C. pleiotropy
D. polygeny

Answer: c
13. In a certain taxon of insects some have 17
chromosomes and the others have 18 chromosomes. The 17 and 18 chromosomebearing organisms are:
A. males and females, respectively
B. females and males, respectively
C. all males
D. all females

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14. The inheritance pattern of a gene over generations among humans is studied by the pedigree analysis. Character studied in the pedigree analysis is equivalent to :
A. qantitative trait
B. Mendelian trait
C. polugenic trait
D. meternal trait

Answer: b

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15. It is said that Mendel proposed that the
factor controlling any character is discrete and independent. This proposition was based on the :
A. results of $F_{3}$ generation of a cross
B. observations that the offspring of a
cross made between the plants having
two contrasting characters shows only one character without any blending
C. self pollination of $F_{1}$ offsprings
D. cross pollination of parental generations

## Answer: b

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16. Two genes ' $A$ ' and ' $B$ ' are linked. In a dihybrid cross involving these two genes, the
$F_{1}$ heterozygote is crossed with homozygous
recessive parental type (aa bb). What would be
the ratio of offspring in the next generation?
A. $1: 1: 1: 1$
B. $9: 3: 3: 1$
C. 0.12569444444444
D. $1: 1$

Answer: a

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17. In the $F_{2}$ generation of a Mendelian dihybrid cross the number of phenotypes and genotypes are :
A. phenotypes -4 , genotypes -16
B. phenotypes-9, genotypes - 4
C. phenotypes -4 , genotypes -8
D. phenotypes - 4, genotypes - 9

Answer: d

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18. Mother and father of a person with ' $O$ '
blood group have 'A' and 'B' blood group
respectively. What would be the genotype of both mother and father?
$A$. Mother is homozygous for ' $A$ ' blood group and father is heterozygous for ' B '
B. Mother is heterozygous for ' $A$ ' blood
group and father is homozygous for ' B '
C. Both mother and father are
heterozygous for ' A ' and ' B ' blood group,
respectively

# D. Both mother and father are homozygous 

for 'A' and 'B' blood group, respectively

## Answer: c

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