



## MATHS

### BOOKS - JEE MAINS PREVIOUS YEAR

### ENGLISH

### LIMITS AND DERIVATIVES

Others

1. Let  $f: R \rightarrow R$  be a positive increasing function with  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(3x)}{f(x)} = 1$ . Then

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(2x)}{f(x)} = \begin{array}{l} (1) \frac{2}{3} (2) \frac{3}{2} (3) 3 (4) 1 \end{array}$$



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2. Let  $f: (-1, 1) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a differentiable function with  $f(0) = -1$  and  $f'(0) = 1$ . Let  $g(x) = [f(2f(x) + 2)]^2$ . Then  $g'(0) =$   
 $(1) -4 (2) 0 (3) 2 (4) 4$



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3.  $\frac{d^2x}{dy^2}$  equals:

(1.)  $\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^{-1}$

(2)  $-\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^{-3}$

(3)  $-\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^{-1}\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^{-2}$

(4)  $-\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^{-1}\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^3$



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4. The number of values of  $k$  for which the

linear equations  $4x + ky + 2z = 0$

$kx + 4y + z = 0$     $2x + 2y + z = 0$    posses a non-zero solution is : (1) 3 (2) 2 (3) 1 (4) zero



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5.  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( (1 - \cos 2x) \frac{3 + \cos x}{x \tan 4x} \right)$  is equal to (1)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (2) 1 (3) 2 (4)  $-\frac{1}{4}$



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6. Let  $p = (\lim)_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (1 + \tan^2 \sqrt{x})^{1/2x}$   
then  $\log p$  is equal to: (1) 2 (2) 1 (3)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (4)  $\frac{1}{4}$



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7.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cot x - \cos x}{(\pi - 2x)^3}$  equals: (1)  $\frac{1}{8}$  (2)  $\frac{1}{4}$  (3)  
    (4)  $\frac{1}{24}$  (5)  $\frac{1}{16}$



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