

BIOLOGY

BOOKS - CENGAGE BIOLOGY (ENGLISH)

MICROBES IN HUMAN WELFARE

Exercises

- 1. Partially degraded concentrate of milk fat and casein is called
 - A. Sour cream
 - B. Yoghurt
 - C. Cheese
 - D. Bread

Answer: C



Marala Veda a Calantan

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2. Indian curd is prepared by inoculating cream and skimmed milk with			
A. Lactobacillus acidophilus			
B. Leuconostoc cremoris			
C. Lactobacillus bulgaricus			
D. Streptoocous lactis			
Answer: A			
Watch Video Solution			
3. The nutrient medium for beer is			
A. Barley malt			
B. Fermented rice			
C. Cashew-apple			

0	Watch Video Solution
. Ma	ork the incorrect option (with respect to distilled alcoholic beverages
A.	. Wine
	. Rum
D.	. gin
nsw	ver: A

D. Potato

5. Which of the following product is not obtained from fermented soya sauce ?
A. Tempeh
B. tofu
C. sufu
D. Dosa
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
6. select the odd one with respect to the source of antibiotics :
6. select the odd one with respect to the source of antibiotics :
6. select the odd one with respect to the source of antibiotics : A. Bacteria

Answer: D



7. which of the following enzymes is employed in the conversion of corn starch into fructose - rich corn syrup ?

- A. Amylases
- B. Glucoamylasses
- C. Glucoisomerases
- D. All are correct

Answer: D



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8. Statins are competitive inhibitors of

A. Streptokinase B. HMG COA reductase C. Pectinase D. Cellulase **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 9. Which of the following organic acid is used as a source of calcium for infants, cows and lactating mothers? A. Gluconic acid B. Lactic acid C. Citric acid D. Acetic acid Answer: A

10. The organic acid used in pharmaceuticals , coloring agents , and plastic industries is

- A. Acetic acid
- B. Citric acid
- C. Lactic acid
- D. Glucose acid

Answer: A



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11. the first mycoherbicide of the world was obtained from

- A. Trichoderma harzianum
- B. Phythora palmivora

- C. Calctblastis cactorm D. Pythium debaiynum Answer: B **Watch Video Solution** 12. the concept of sustainble agriculture lies in A. Minimizing biopesticides B. A greater dependance on new crops
 - C. Least use of biofertillizers
 - D. using spores of bacillus thuringiensis for pest control

Answer: D



13. which of the following had been used for controlling sugarcane leaf hopper? A. predator bug B. Bollworm C. Predator mantis D. lady lug Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 14. Find the odd one out (with respect to bioherbicide): A. Cactoblastis cacatorum B. Heianthus anus C. Phytophtora palmivora D. Cochliomyia

Answer: D **Watch Video Solution** 15. Sustainable agriculture does not include A. Eco-friendly cropping B. green revolution C. IPM D. Biological control **Answer: B Watch Video Solution**

16. Which of the following is included in biopesticide?

A. Viruses and bacteria, and fungi only

- B. Viruses, bacteria, and fungionly
- C. Viruses, bacteria, fungi, protozoa, and mites
- D. Viruses, barcteria, fungi, and protozoa only

Answer: C



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17. Biofertilisers include

- A. Blue green alagae ,Rhizobium , other nitrogen fixing bacteria , and
 - mycorrhiza
- B. blue green alage , trichoderma , rhizobium , and other nitrrogen
 - fixing bacteria
- C. Rhizbium, other nitrogen-fixing bacteria, NPv, and mycorrhiza
- D. Blue green alage Rhizbium ,Bt cotton , and mycorrhiza

Answer: A

18. Devine and collego are two agricultural substances that are used as

A. Biofertilizers

B. Natural insecticdes

C. Insect hormones

D. Bioherbicides

Answer: D



19. Ganga action plan for controlling pollution in ganga started in

A. 1986

B. 1981

C. 1987

Answer: A



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20. Which of the following statements is incorrect with respect to pectinases?

- A. they are used in clearing of fruit juices
- B. they are used in chill-profing beer and whisky
- C. they are obtained from Byssoclamys fulva
- D. they are used in retting of fibers

Answer: B



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21. The presence of E. coli in water indicates A. water is clear B. water is fully polluted C. Inorganic pollution D. Fecal pollution Answer: D **Watch Video Solution** 22. in which stage of sewage treatment is desallination and chlorination of water done? A. Primary tratment B. secondary treatment C. Tertiary treatment

D. Both (1) and (2)

Answer: C



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- 23. Eutrophication in water bodies leads to
 - A. high DO
 - **B. Low BOD**
 - C. Low DO
 - D. Optimum dissolved oxygen

Answer: C



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24. Which of the following is not used in the treatment of polluted water

?

B. Trikling filter method C. cyclone collector D. Activated sludge method **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 25. The greater BOD of waste water A. Increases oxygen content of water B. Decreases oxygen content of water C. Relates the decreases of temperature of water D. all of these Answer: B **Watch Video Solution**

A. Activated carbon

26. Microbes that cannnot be cultured in cell - free extracts are
A. Bacteria
B. fungi
C. Viruses
D. Algae
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
27. Most of the antibiotices are obtained from
A. Actinomycetes
B. Eubacteria
C. Ray fungi

Answer: D	
Watch Video Solution	
28. LAB stands for	
A. Lactic acid bacteria	

D. Both (1) and (2)

B. Lactobacillus acidophilus bacteria

C. Lactose acetaldhyde bacteria

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D. Laboratory

Answer: A

29. Which of the following is responsible for yoghurt formation?		
(a) Streptococcus thermophilus		
(b) Lactobacillus acidophilus		
(c) Lactobacillus bulgaricus		
(D)Streptoocous cremoris		
A. (a),(b) ,(c)		
B. (a),(d),(c)		
C. (a),(C)		
D. (a),(d)		
Answer: C		
Watch Video Solution		
30. The fermented food of soybean is		
A. Tempeh		

C. Sufu
D. All of these
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
31. Which of the following is a symbiotic nitrogen fixer
A. Clostridium
B. Rhizobium leguminsarum
C. Frankia
D. Mycoterium
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution

B. tofu

32. Biogas contains

- A. $30-40\,\%$ methane
- B. $50 70 \% CO_2$
- C. $50-70\,\%$ methane
- D. $20\,\%$ methane

Answer: C



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33. Citric acid is obtained from all, except

- A. Aspergillus niger
- B. Mucor
- C. Yeast
- D. Mortierlla

Answer: D Watch Video Solution 34. Antibiotic obtained from lichens is A. Neomycin B. Usnic acid C. Polymixin D. Viridin **Answer: B** Watch Video Solution 35. which bacteria is used in Bioremidiation process? A. Rhizobium sp.

B. Pseudomonas pudita	
C. Bacillus licheniformis	
D. Streptococci	
Answer: B	
Watch Video Solution	
36. CDRI is located in	
A. Lucknow	
B. Kanpur	
C. Delhi	
D. Karnal	
Answer: A	
Watch Video Solution	

37. Viridin antibiotic is effective against
A. Bacteria
B. fungi
C. Gram positive bacteria
D. Gram negative bacteria
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
38. which fungal extract was extensively used in treating wounded American soldiers in World war II?
A. Streptomycin
B. Penicillin
C. Aflatoxin
D. Gluconic acid

Answer: B



39. Dosa and dilli are the fermented prepatations of rice and black gram fermentation is done with

- A. Leuconostoc
- B. Streptococcus
- C. Saccharomyces
- D. More than one option is correct

Answer: D



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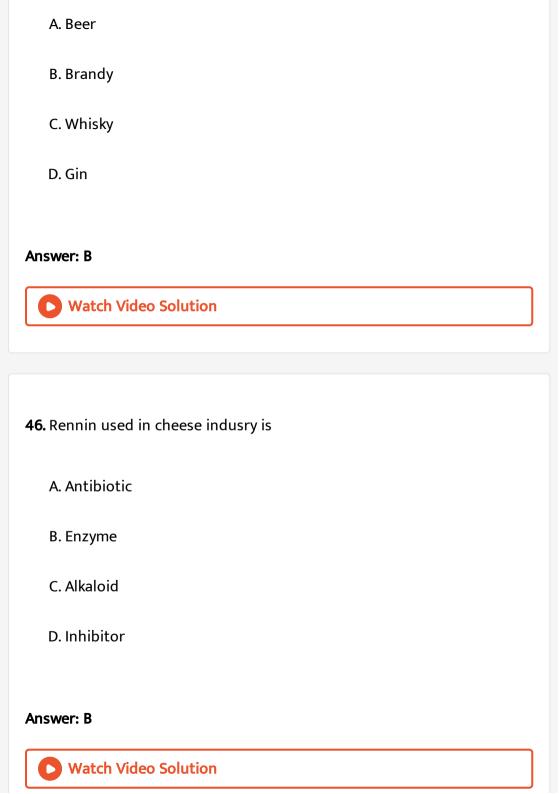
40. Wine Yeast is

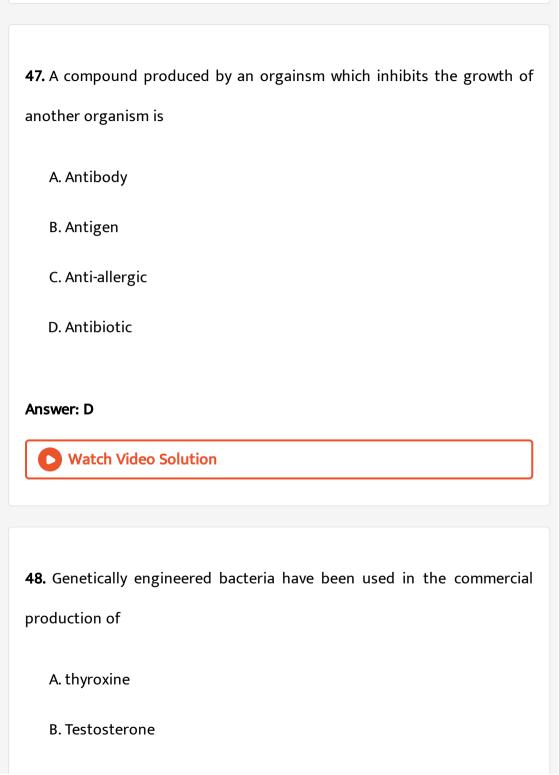
A. saccharomyces effipsoidens B. S. sake C. S. Pireformis D. S. cerevisae Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 41. Amylases are employed for all, except A. Softening of bread B. Clearing of turgidity in juices C. Preparation of cheese D. Desizing of textile fibers Answer: C **Watch Video Solution**

42. the derivatives of gluconic acid are used as a source of
A. Calcium
B. Iron
C. Glucose
D. Fat
Answer: A Watch Video Solution
43. the first step in biogas production is carried out with the help of
A. Obligate aerobes
B. Decomposers
B. Decomposers C. Methanogens

Answer: B
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14. Rotenone ,a natural insecticide ,is obtained from
A. Azadirachta indica
B. Derris sp.
C. Bacillus thuringiensis
D. Phytophthora palmivora
Answer: B
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45. Fermented beverage with maximum alcohol content is

D. Detritivores





C. Human insulin
D. Melatonin
Answer: C
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49. for biogas production , besides dung , which of the following is used
as manure ?
A. Eichhorina
B. Parthenium
C. Glycine
D. Arachis
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution

50. the bioconcentration of DDT in the body fat of Indians is A. 18-36ppm B. 5-10ppm C. 13-31ppm D. 2-5ppm Answer: C **Watch Video Solution 51.** DDT is a /an A. Organochlorine B. Organophoshate C. Carbamate D. pyrethroid

Answer: A



52. Biopesticides include

- A. Only Bioinsecticide
- B. Only bioherbicide
- C. Bioinsecticde and bioherbicide
- D. Bioherbicide ,bioinsecticide ,and biofertilizers

Answer: C



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53. which of the following pairs serve as biofertilizers?

A. Albugo and lichen

C. Pseudomans and F.Coli D. Spiroyra and mucor **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 54. the most famous pesticide of the world is A. Methyl isocyanate B. DDT C. Malathion D. BHC Answer: B **Watch Video Solution**

B. Frankia and Nostoc

A. Crotalaria juncea
B. Vigna sinensis
C. Barseem
D. All the above
D. All the above
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
56. which of the following statement is incorrect about DDT?
A. DDT is a pesticide , which is an organchlorine .
B. It is lipophilic and non-Biodegadable .
B. It is lipophilic and non-Biodegadable . C. Milk is a good carrier of DDT

55. which of the following plant is used as green manure?

D. DDT does not undergo bioconcentration when it enters in food chain .

Answer: D



57. the first inorganic pesticiede to be used commercially was

- A. Bordeaux mixture
- B. Burgandy mixture
- C. DDT
- D. 2-4D

Answer: A



A. Breaking of dormancy
B. Phosphate nutrition
C. Water uptake
D. Retarding flowering
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
59. Besides dung ,the weed that can be used in biogas production is
A. Hydrilla
B. Solanum nigrum
C. Eichhornia crassipes
D. parthenium hysterophorous

58. VAM is important for

Answer: B Watch Video Solution 60. Which one is a neem product used as insect replellent? A. Azardirachtin B. Rotenone C. Parathione D. Endrin Answer: A Watch Video Solution 61. The enzyme that converts glucose into alco-hol is A. Lipase

- B. Zymase
- C. Diastase
- D. Invertase



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62. which one of the following statements is correct?

- A. Cyanobacteria such as Anabaena and Nostoc are inportant mobilzers of phosphates and potassium for plant nutrition in soil
- B. At present, it is not possible to grow maize without chemical fertilizers.
- C. Extensive use of chemical fertilizers may lead to eutrophication of nearby water bodies .

D. both Azotobacter and rhizbium fix atmospheric nitrogen in the nodules of plants .

Answer: C



63. the antibiotic Terramycin is obtained from

- A. Streptomyces griseus
- B. Streptomyces rimosus
- C. Streptomyces venezuelae
- D. clostridium botulinum

Answer: B



- **64.** Penicillin is obtained from
 - A. Aspergillus fumigatus
 - B. Penicillium chrysogenum
 - C. Penicillium griseofulvum
 - D. Streptoomyces grises



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- 65. Antibiotic flavicin is obtain-ed from
 - A. Aspergillus fumigatus
 - B. Aspergillus flavus
 - C. Streptomyces gresus
 - D. Streptomyces fradiae



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66. Cyclosporine-A: an immunosuppressive agent is produced by the fungus

- A. Aspergillus niger
- B. Manascus purpureus
- C. Penicillium notatum
- D. Trichoderma polysporum

Answer: D



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67. A sewage treatement process in which a part of decomposer bacteria present in the wasts is recycled into the starting of the process is called

- A. Cyclic treatment
- B. Activated sludge treatment
- C. Primary treatment
- D. Tertiary treatment



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- **68.** Which one of the following is used as biological insecticide?
 - A. Tiger beetle
 - B. Caterpillar
 - C. Silk moth
 - D. Majra poka

Answer: A



69. Biogas production is carried out by

A. Thermoacidophiles

B. Mathanogens

C. Halophiles

D. Luminants

Answer: B



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70. Biogas produced by the fermentation of manure , sewage , cattle dung , etc., predominantly comprises

A. Methane, nitrogen , and hydrogen

B. Methane and carbon dioxide

- C. Methane and carbon monoxide D. Methane and nitric oxide **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 71. the term" Antibiotic " was coined by
- - A. Alexander fleming
 - B. S. Waksman
 - C. Louis pasteur
 - D. Edward jenner



72. Which one of the following is not true about antibiotics

- A. the first antibiotic was discovered by Alexander Fleming.
- B. the term"antibiotic was coined by Sgt Waksman in 1942.
- C. Some persons can be allergic to a particular antibiotic.
- D. Each antibiotic is effictiive only against one particular kind of germ .

Answer: D



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73. Name the block speses A,B,C and D given in the following table

Types of Microbes	Scientific Name	Commercial Product
Bacterium	A	Clot buster enzyme
В	Aspergillus niger	Citric acid
Fungus	Trichoderma polysporum	C
Bacterium	D	Butyric add

A. A-Streptococcus, B-Fungus, C-Cyelosporin-A,D-Clostridium butylicum.

B. A-Clostridium buytylicum, B-Streptococcus, C-Fungus, D-Cyclosporin-

Α

C. A-Cycolsporin-A,B-Clostridium butylicum, C-Streptococcus, D-Fingus

D. A-Fungus, B-Cyclosporin-A,C-Clostridium Butylicum, D-Streptococous

Answer: A



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74. name the blank spaces A, B C, and D from the a table given below:

	Type of Microbe	Scientific Name	Product	Application
(i)	Fungus	Α	Cyclosporin	В
(ii)	C	Monascus puprpamus	Statin	D

A. A-Trichoderina polyspora, B-Organ transplant patients, C-Yeast

(Fungus), D-Lowering of blood cholesterol

B. A-Lowering of blood cholesterol, B -Terichoderina polyspora, C-

Organ transplant perients, D-Yeast (Fungus)

C. A-Yaast (Fungus), B-Lowering of blood cholesterol, C-Trichoderina polyspora, D-Oral transplant patients

D. A-Organic transplant patients, B-Yeast (Fungus), C-Lowering of blood cholesterol, D-Trichoderina polyspora

Answer: A



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75. which of the following statement is correct?

- A. Single cell protein is rich in high quality proteins bit poor in fat
- B. BOD is the amount of oxygen that would be consumed if all the inroganic matter in one litre of water were oxidised by bacteria .
- C. Trichoderma sp are free living fungi that are effictive biocontrol agents of several pathogens.
- D. Bacillus thuingiensis are pathogens that attack insects and other arthrpods .
- E. Bacillus thuringiensis is first used biopesticide.

F. Lactose enzyme is used in alcoholic fermentation .

G. Mycorrhiza is a symbiotic associtation between fungi e.g. Glomus and

G. Mycorrhiza is a symbiotic associtation between fungi e.g. Glomus and vascular plant .

- A. B,C,F,G
- B. A,D,F
- C. A,C,D,E,G
- D. B,F

Answer: C



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76. which one (s) is / are correct abount cyclosporin A?

- A. It is produced by the fungus trichderma polysporum
- B. It is used as an immuno supressive agent during organ
 - transplatation

C. It is produced by a type of yeast ,monascus purpureus

D. Both (1) and (2)

Answer: D



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77. Match the following list of microbes and their important

(A) Sacharomyces (i) Production of cerevisiae (B) Monascus purpureus (C) Trichoderma polysporum

(D) Propionibacterium sharmanii

immunospuppressive agents (ii) Ripening of Swiss cheese (iii) Commercial production of ethanol (iv) Production of

blood-cholesterol

lowering agents

A. A-(iv),B-(ii) ,C-(i) ,d-(iii)

B. A-(iii) ,B-(i) ,C-(iv),d-(ii)

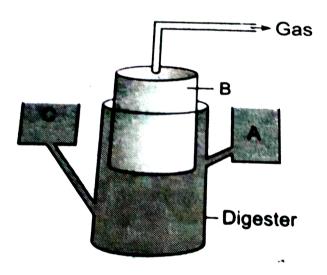
- C. A-(iii),B-(iv),C-(i),D-(ii)
- D. A-(iv),B-(iii),C-(ii),D-(i)

Answer: C



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78. the below digram shows a typical biogas plant . Which of the following four option , products labelled As A,B and C are Correctly identified



A. A- Sludge , B- Methane,Oxygen ,C-Dung ,water

- B. A-Sludage, B-Methane, CarbonDioxide, C-Dung, water
- C. A- Sludge ,B- Ethyline ,Carbon dioxide , C-Dung water
- D. A- Sludge ,B-Methane ,Carbon dioxide , C- Sewage

Answer: A



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79. Assertion: After 24h. Toddy becomes unpalatable.

Reason: Toddy left for a few hours undergoes fermentation.

- A. If both Assertion and Reason are true and the reason is the correct
- explanation of the assertion , then mark (1) .
- B. If both Assertion and Reason are true but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion, then mark (2).
- C. If assertion is true but Reason is false , then false , then $\max(3)$.
- D. If both assertion is true Reason are false, then Mark (4).

Answer: A



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80. Assertion: Newer Antibiotics are required to be prosuced Regularly.

Reason: Pathogens often develop resistance to existing antibiotics.

- A. If both Assertion and Reason are true and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion , then mark (1) .
- B. If both Assertion and Reason are true but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion, then mark (2).
- C. If assertion is true but Reason is false, then false, then mark(3).
- D. If both assertion is true Reason are false, then Mark (4).

Answer: A



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81. Assertion: Cyclosporin A is antifungal and immunosup-pressive

medicine

Reason: It stimulates the activation of T - cells and Prevents rejections.

A. If both Assertion and Reason are true and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion , then mark (1) .

B. If both Assertion and Reason are true but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion, then mark (2).

C. If assertion is true but Reason is false , then false , then mark(3).

D. If both assertion is true Reason are false, then Mark (4).

Answer: C



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82. Assertion: Barley, Sorghum, and millet are smoother crops.

Reason: they factor the growth of some common weeds.

A. If both Assertion and Reason are true and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion, then mark (1).

B. If both Assertion and Reason are true but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion, then mark (2).

C. If assertion is true but Reason is false, then false, then mark(3).

D. If both assertion is true Reason are false, then Mark (4).

Answer: C



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83. Assertion: Agriculture production increased several times after introuduction of DDT.

Reason: DDT was first insecticide used on a wide scale.

A. If both Assertion and Reason are true and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion , then mark (1) .

B. If both Assertion and Reason are true but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion, then mark (2).

C. If assertion is true but Reason is false, then false, then mark(3).

D. If both assertion is true Reason are false, then Mark (4).

Answer: A



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84. Assertion : the disadvantages of chemical pesticides can be overcome by the use of biopesticides.

Reason: Biopesticides are the harmless pesticides of biological orgin which are used to cotrol weeds and pests without causing any significant damage.

A. If both Assertion and Reason are true and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion , then mark (1) .

B. If both Assertion and Reason are true but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion, then mark (2).

C. If assertion is true but Reason is false, then false, then mark(3).

D. If both assertion is true Reason are false, then Mark (4).

Answer: A



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Assertion Reasoning Questions

1. Assertion: Curd is more nutritious than milk.

Reason: LAB present in curd checks the growth of disease- causing microbes.

A. If both Assertion and Reason are true and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion , then mark (1) .

B. If both Assertion and Reason are true but the reason is not the

C. If assertion is true but Reason is false, then false, then mark(3).

D. If both assertion is true Reason are false, then Mark (4).

correct explanation of the assertion, then mark (2).

Answer: B



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Archives

- **1.** Cry 1 endotoxins obtins obtained from Bacillus thuringiensis are efficetive against
 - A. Nematodes
 - B. Boll worms
 - C. Mosquitoes
 - D. Flies



- **2.** Human insulin is being commercially produced from a transgenic species of :
 - A. Rhizobium
 - B. Saccharomyces
 - C. Escherichia
 - D. Mycobarterium

Answer: C



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3. Trichoderma harizianum has proved to be a useful microorganism for

- A. Gene transfer in higher plants

 B. Biologival control of soil-borne plant pathogens

 C. Bioremediation of contaminated soils

 D. Reclamation of wastelands

 Answer: C

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- **4.** DDT residues are rapidly passed through food chain causing biomagnification because DDT is
 - A. Water soluble
 - B. Lipo soluble
 - C. Moderately toxic
 - D. non-Toxic to aquatic animals



- 5. Which one of the following is not used in or-ganic farming?
 - A. Glomus
 - B. Earthworm
 - C. Oscilatoria
 - D. Snail

Answer: D



- **6.** The common nitrogen-fixer in paddy fields is
 - A. Rhizobium
 - B. Azospirillum
 - C. Oscillatoria

answer: B
Watch Video Solution
A common biocontrol agent for the control of plant diseases is
A. Baculovius
B. Bacillus thuringiensis
C. Glomus
D. Trichoderma
Answer: D
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8. When domestic sewage mixes with river water

D. Frankia

- A. small animals such as rats will die after drinking river water
- B. the increased micorobial activity relases micronutrients such as iron
- C. the increased microbial activty uses up dissolved oxygen
- D. the river water is still suitable for drinking as impuphorus are only about 0.1%

Answer: C



- **9.** Which one of the following helps in absorp- tion of phosphorus from soil by plants
 - A. Anebaene
 - B. Gluomus
 - C. Rhizbium, other nitrogen-fixing bacteria, NPv, and mycorrhiza

Answer: B
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0. Which one of the following is not a biofertlizer
A. Mycorrhiza
B. Agrobacterium
C. Rhizobium
D. Nostoc
Answer: B

D. Nostoc

11. Which one of the following is an example .o f carrying out biological control of pests/dis- eases using microbes

A. uclepolyhedrovirus against white rust in Brassica .

B. Bt- cotton to increase cooton yield

C. Lady bird beetle aginst aphids in mustard .

 $\hbox{D. Trichodroma Sp. Against certain plant pathogens} \; .$

Answer: D



12. maximum nutritional diversity is found in the rice fields is

A. Frankia

B. Tolypothrix

C. Fungi

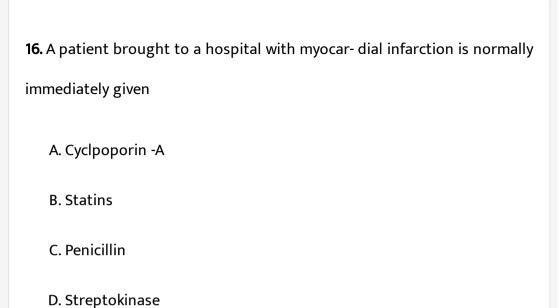
D. Animalia

Watch Video Solution 13. A nitrogen fixing microbe associated with Azolla in rice fields is A. Frankia B. Tolypothrix C. Spiruline D. Anabaene **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 14. Yeast is used in the production of A. Bread and beer

Answer: A

C. Citric acid and lactic acid D. Lpase and pectinase Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 15. Which one of the following microbes forms symbiotic association with plants and helps them in their nutrition A. Glomus B. Trichoderma C. Azotobacter D. Asper gillus Answer: A **Watch Video Solution**

B. Cheese and butter



Answer: D



17. monascus purpureus is a yeast used commercially in the production of

A. Citric acid

B. Blood cholesterol lowering statins

C. Ethamol

D. Streptokinase for removing clots from the blood vessels
Answer: B
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18. Green revolution in India occurred during
A. 1960's

B. 1970's

C. 1980's

D. 1950's

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Answer: A

19. In gobar gas, the maximum amouts is that of
Or
Biogas produced through anaerobic fermentation of organic material is
primarily
A. Butane
B. Methane
C. propane
D. Carbon dioxide
Answer: B
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20. The domestic sewage in large cities
A. Has a high BOD as it contains both aerbic and anaerobic bacteria

B. Is processed treatment and then anaerobic bacteria in the

secondary treatment in sewage treatmentplants (STPs)

- C. when treated in STPs does not really require the aeration step as
 - the sewage contains adequte oxygen .
- D. Has very high amounts of suspended solids and dissolved salts

Answer: D



- 21. During sewage treatment, biogases are pro-duced which include
 - A. Methane , oxygen , and hydrogen sulfide
 - B. Hydrogen sulfide, methane, and suilfur dioxide
 - C. Hydrogen sulfide, nitrogen, and methane
 - D. Methane a,hydrogen sulfide, and carbon dioxide

Answer: C



22. A good producer of citric acid is

A. Pseudomonas

B. Clostridium

C. Saccharmyces

D. Aspergillus

Answer: D



A. Methane and CO_2

B. Methane ,Hydrogen sulphide and ${\cal O}_2$

23. What gases are produced in anaerobic sludge digesters?

C. Methane ,Hydrogen sulphide and CO_2

D. Hydrogen sulphide and CO_2

Answer: C



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24. Match the following list of microbes and their important

(A) Sacharomyces (i) Production of cerevisiae immunospuppressive agents (B) Monascus (ii) Ripening of Swiss cheese purpureus (C) Trichoderma (iii) Commercial production of polysporum ethanol (iv) Production of (D) Propioniblood-cholesterol bacterium lowering agents sharmanii

A. $\begin{pmatrix} a & b & c & d \\ iii & I & iv & ii \end{pmatrix}$ B. $\begin{pmatrix} a & b & c & d \\ iii & iv & I & ii \end{pmatrix}$ C. $\begin{pmatrix} a & b & c & d \\ iv & iii & ii & i \end{pmatrix}$

B.

Answer: D

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- 25. Which of the following is wrongly matched in the given table?
 - A.
 - microbe product Applications (1)Trichoderma polysporum CyclosporinA immunosuppressi
 - microbe product Applications
 - Statins Lowering of blood cholester (2)Monascus purpureus C.
 - microbe product **Applications**
- removal of clot from blood Streptococcus streptokinase (3)microbe product Applications Clostridium butylicum Lipase removal of oil stains

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26. Match Column-I with Column -II and select the correct option using the codes given below

Column-l

- (a) Citric acid
- (b) Cyclosporin A
- (c) Statins
- (d) Butyric acid

Column-II

- (i) Trichoderma
- (ii) Clostridium
- (III) Aspergillus
- (Iv) Monascus

A.
$$egin{array}{ccccc} a & b & c & d \ I & Iv & ii & iii \end{array}$$

- $\mathsf{C.} \begin{array}{cccc} a & b & c & d \\ iii & I & ii & iv \end{array}$

Answer: D



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