



BIOLOGY

BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

RESPIRATION IN PLANTS TEST - 1

Single Choice

1. R.Q. is

A.
$$\frac{C}{N}$$

B. $\frac{N}{C}$
C. $\frac{CO_2}{O_2}$
D. $\frac{O_2}{CO_2}$

Answer: C



B. Pyruvic acid

C. Glucose 1-phosphate

D. Fructose 1-phosphate

Answer: B



3. Site of glycolysis in a prokaryotic cell is

A. mesosome

B. cytosol

C. cell membrane

D. nucleoid

Answer: B

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4. Which metabolic pathway is a common pathway in both anaerobic and aerobic respiration?

A. TCA cycle

B. ETS

C. CEMP pathway

D. Kreb's cycle

Answer: C



- C. Reduction
- D. Oxidation

Answer: D



6. Terminal oxidation of one molecule of NADH gives:

A. 3 ATP molecules

B. 12 ATP molecules

C. 2 ATP molecules

D. 1 ATP molecule

Answer: A



7. Which one of following is complex V of the ETS of inner mitochondrial membrane?

A. NADH Dehydrogenase

B. Cytochrome oxidase

C. Ubiquinone

D. ATP synthase

Answer: D		
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8. During oxidative phosphorylation, the net gain of ATP is		

A. 48 B. 38 C. 34

D. 30

Answer: C



9. Fermentation involves



A. Only (B) and (C)

B. Only (B)

C. (A) and (B) only

D. (A), (B) and (C)

Answer: D

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10. Identify P, Q, R and S in the given diagram of the electron transport system.



Β.

 $egin{array}{cccc} P & Q & R & S \ {
m Inter-membrane space} & {
m Matrix} & NADH+H^+ & NAD \end{array}$



Answer: B

C.



11. In all the following reactions, reduction of NAD^+ to NADH occurs, except

A. isocitric acid ightarrow lpha-ketoglutaric acid

B. malic acid \rightarrow oxaloacetic acid

C. pyruvic acid \rightarrow acetyl coenzyme

D. succinic acid \rightarrow fumaric acid

Answer: D



B. decarboxylated

C. both (A) and (B)

D. reduced and isomerised

Answer: C



13. How many NADPH molecules are formed in a single turn of the

Krebs cycle?

A. 4

B. Zero

C. 3

D. 8

Answer: B



14. Flow of electrons in ETS is

A.
$$Fe^{+++} + Cu^{+} + Fe^{++}$$

B.
$$Fe^{++} + Fe^{+++}$$

C. $Fe^{+3}
ightarrow Fe^{+2}
ightarrow Fe^{+3}$

D. $Fe^{+2}
ightarrow Fe^{+3}
ightarrow Fe^{+2}$

Answer: C

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15. A single turn of the citric acid cycle yields

A. $2FADH_2$, $2NADH_2$, 2GTP

B. $1FADH_2$, $2NADH_2$, 1GTP

 $C. 1FADH_2, 4NADH_2, 1GTP$

D. $1FADH_2$, $4NADH_2$, 1GTP

Answer: C



16. Which of the following is true regarding the given electron transport chain?

$$CoQ+Cytc
ightarrow Cyta-a_3
ightarrow O_2$$

A. CoQ + Cytc is H^+ absorbing site

B. $aa_3
ightarrow O_2, H^+$ yielding site

C. CoQ + Cytc is H^+ yielding site and $aa_3
ightarrow O_2$ is H^+

absorbing site

D. No H^+ is absorbed or released

Answer: C



17. Based on the given process, identify the correct match for A, B,

C and D from the following options.



A.ABCDPGALPEP C_2H_5OH Lactic acidB.ABCDPGALPEPLactic acid C_2H_5OH c.ABCDG-6-P2 - PGA C_2H_5OH Lactic acidD.ABCDPEPF-6-PLactic acid C_2H_5OH

Answer: B

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18. Match I with II and select the correct option from the given

codes.

I		11
(a)	Glycolysis	(i) Inner mitochondrial membrane
(b)	TCA cycle	(ii) Mitochondrial matrix
(c)	ETS	(iii) Cytoplasm

B. a - (iii), b - (ii), c - (i)

Answer: B

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19. During starvation, RQ value will be

A. O

B. less than unity

C. more than unity

D. unity

Answer: B

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20. Complete oxidation of one molecule of glucose yields

A. 30 ATP

B. 38 ATP

C. 24 ATP

D. 34 ATP



21. Oxidation of one NADH and one $FADH_2$ respectively gives rise

to ----- and----- ATP molecules.

A. 3 and 2

B. 2 and 1

C. 2 and 3

D. 1 and 1

Answer: A

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22. A small protein that is attached to the outer surface of the inner membrane of mitochondria and acts as a mobile carrier for electron transfer in oxidative phosphorylation is

A. Ubiquinone that receives electron from complex I only

B. Cytochrome ci between complex III and complex IV

C. Cytochrome c between complex III and complex IV

D. Plastocyanin

Answer: C

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23. The connecting link between glycolysis and Krebs cycle is

A. Pyruvic acid

B. Acetyl Co-A

C. Oxaloacetic acid

D. Phosphoenol Pyruvate

Answer: B

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24. Identify A and B in the given diagram showing ATP synthesis in mitochondria.



- A. A = Mitochondrial matrix
 - B = Outer mitochondrial membrane
- B. A = Mitochondrial matrix
 - B = Inner mitochondrial membrane
- C. A = Cell cytoplasm
 - B = Inner mitochondrial membrane

D. A = Cell cytoplasm

B = Outer mitochondrial membrane

Answer: B

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25. (i) ____A___ is the site of complete oxidation of pyruvate by the stepwise removal of all the hydrogen atoms.

(ii) $__B_CO_2$ molecules are released in the above process.

A. (A - Mitochondrial matrix), (B – 3)

B. (A - Perimitochondrial space), (B - 2)

C. (A - Mitochondrial matrix), (B - 6)

D. (A - Inner mitochondrial membrane), (B - 3)

Answer: A



26. The complex of ETS which has two copper centres associated with it is:

A. Succinate dehydrogenase

B. Cytochrome $a - a_3$ complex

C. Cytochrome bc complex

D. Cytochrome reductase complex

Answer: B



27. RQ of germinating seed containing fatty acid is

A. Unity

B. Less than unity

C. More than unity

D. Infinite

Answer: B



28. In which one of the following processes CO_2 is not released?

A. Lactate fermentation

B. Aerobic respiration in plants

C. Aerobic respiration in animals

D. Alcoholic fermentation

Answer: A		
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29. The last product of the citric acid cycle is		
A. Malic acid		
B. Acetyl-CoA		
C. Oxaloacetic acid		

D. Citric acid

Answer: C



30. The activity of succinic dehydrogenase involves conversion of:

A. NAD

B. FAD

C. GDP

D. ATP

Answer: B

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