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India's Number 1 Education App

## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

## NTA TPC JEE MAIN TEST 111

Chemistry

1. In which of the following 2 types of bond
lengths are present:
A. $X e F_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$
C. $S F_{6}$
D. $S F_{4}$

Answer: D

D View Text Solution
2. Consider the given metals:
$\mathrm{Na}, \mathrm{Mg}, \mathrm{Al}$ and Si

Predict the correct order of first ionization (I. $E_{1}$ ) among them.
A. $S i<M g<A l<N a$
B. $S i<A l<M g<N a$
C. $N a<A l<M g<S i$
D. $N a<M g<A l<S i$

Answer: C

D View Text Solution
3. The isomer(s) of $\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right]$ that has/have a $\mathrm{Cl}-\mathrm{Co}-\mathrm{Cl}$ angle of $90^{\circ}$. is/are :
A. meridional and trans
B. cis and trans
C. trans only
D. cis only

Answer: D

- View Text Solution

4. A metal oxide is found to be yellow in colour when hot and white in colour when it is cold. Then, the metal oxide will be:
A. CuO
B. ZnO
C. PbO
D. All the above.

Answer: B

## 5. The most powerful reducing agent is:

A. $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}$
C. $H_{4} P_{2} O_{7}$
D. $H_{4} P_{2} O_{6}$

## Answer: A

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6. $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ gas can be differentiated by
A. $\mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{-}$
B. $\mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}^{2-}$
C. lime water
D. Both A \& B

Answer: D

## D View Text Solution

7. Possible isomers of complex
$\left[\mathrm{Pb}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{2}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{2}\right)_{2}\right] ?$
A. 2
B. 6
C. 4
D. 3

Answer: B

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8. $K[B r I C l] \xrightarrow{\Delta}(X)+(Y)$. Identify X and
Y.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { А. }(X)=K B r(Y)=I C l \\
& \text { В. }(X) \equiv K I(Y) \equiv B r C l \\
& \text { С. }(X)=K C l(Y) \equiv I B r \\
& \text { D. } Y \equiv I B r
\end{aligned}
$$

Answer: C

## D View Text Solution

9. Predict the major or stable product in the given sequence of reaction

# $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{NH}_{2} \xrightarrow{\mathrm{HNO}_{2}}[A] \xrightarrow{\mathrm{COCl}_{2}}[B] \xrightarrow{\mathrm{NH}_{3}}$ [C] 

A. Ethyl cyanide
B. Methylamine
C. Ethylamine

D. Acetamide

Answer: C

D View Text Solution


What is the product $B$ in the above reaction sequence?

A.
B. $A=O{ }^{N C}$
C. $\mathrm{A}=0$

$$
B=\langle\bigcirc
$$

11. What is the correct Increasing order of the pKa values of the following compounds?

A


B
C



D
A. $B<C<A<D$
B. $D<A<C<B$
C. $B<C<D<A$

## D. $C<B<A<D$

## Answer: A

## D View Text Solution

12. Calculate the emf of the following three galvanic cells:
$l . Z n / Z n^{2+}(1 m)| | C u^{2+}(1 m) \mid C u$
II. $Z n / Z n^{2+}(0.1)| | C u^{2+}(1 m) \mid C u$
III. $Z n / Z n^{2+}(1 m)| | C u^{2+}(0.1 m) \mid C u$
and their emf are represented by
$E_{1}, E_{2}$ and $E_{3}$ respectively . Which of the following emf order is true?
A. $E_{1}>E_{2}>E_{3}$
B. $E_{3}>E_{2}>E_{1}$
C. $E_{3}>E_{1}>E_{2}$
D. $E_{2}>E_{1}>E_{3}$

Answer: D

- View Text Solution

13. Formaldehyde associates in $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}$ in aqueous solution
$\mathrm{CHCHO} \Leftrightarrow \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}$
If the observed (mean) molar mass of HCHO
and $C_{6} H_{12} O_{6}$ isl50, then determine the degree of association (polymerization) for the reaction in aqueous solution.
A. 0.50
B. 0.833
C. 0.90

D. 0.96

## Answer: D

## D View Text Solution

14. $K_{s p}$ of AgCl at $18^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is $1.8 \times 10^{-10}$. If
$A g^{+}$of solution is $4 \times 10^{-3}$ mollitre, the $C^{-}$
that must exceed before AgCl is precipated would be :
A. $4.5 \times 10^{-8} \mathrm{~mol} /$ litre
B. $7.2 \times 10^{-13} \mathrm{~mol} /$ litre
C. $4.0 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~mol} /$ litre
D. $4.5 \times 10^{-7} \mathrm{~mol} /$ litre

Answer: B

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15. Which of the following is least likely to behave as Lewis base?
A. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
B. $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
C. $B F_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$

## Answer: C

## D View Text Solution

16. Which of the following reactions
represents the correct formation of the compound and gives enthalpy of formation?

# A. $C(s)+2 H_{2}(g) \rightarrow C H_{4}(g)$ <br> B. $C(g)+4 H(g) \rightarrow \mathrm{CH}_{4}(g)$ <br> C. $\mathrm{H}_{2}(g)+\mathrm{CI}_{2}(g) \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{HCl}(g)$ <br> D. $\mathrm{N}_{2}(g)+6 \mathrm{H}(g) \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{NH}_{3}(g)$ 

Answer: A

D View Text Solution
17. The number of sigma bonds in $\mathrm{CH}_{2}(\mathrm{CN})_{2}$
is
18. The number of double bonds in borazine is

- View Text Solution

19. The number of H -atoms in the product
formed is

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20. In the following reaction, what will be the dipole moment of the product 'X'? But-2-yne $\mathrm{Na} / \mathrm{liqNH}_{3}$ $X$

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21. Determine the number geometrical isomers possible for the following compound.

$$
C H_{3}-C H=\underset{\mid c r}{C}-\underset{B r}{C}=C H-C H_{3}
$$

22. The minimum volume of water required to
dissolve 2. 78 g lead (II) chloride to get a saturated solution
$\left(K_{s p}\right.$ of $\mathrm{PbCl}_{2}=3.2 \times 10^{-8}$ mlar mass of
$\left.\mathrm{PbCl}_{2}=278 \mathrm{gmol}^{-1}\right)$ is -----L.

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23. 100 mL of 1 M acetic acid is shaken with 4 g
of charcoal. The concentration of acetic acid
after adsorption is 0.6 M . Calculate the mass
in grams of acetic acid adsorbed per gram of charcoal. [Molar mass of acetic acid is $60 \mathrm{~g} /$ mol.]

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24. In a face centred cubic arrangement of $A$ and $B$ atoms in which ' $A$ ' atoms are the corners of the unit cell and ' B ' atoms are at the face centers. One of the ' A ' atom is missing from one corner in unit cell. The simplest formula of compound is $A_{x} B_{y}$. The value of x is
25. When 4 f subshell is completely filled with electrons, the next electron will enter into a subshell for which, $(\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{I})$ value is equal to

## D View Text Solution

26. The mechanism for the reaction,
$2 A+B \rightarrow C+D$ is given below:
i. $A+B \rightarrow E \rightarrow C$ (slow)
ii. $A+E \rightarrow D$ (fast)

The overall order of the reaction is

- View Text Solution

