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## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

## NTA TPC JEE MAIN TEST 98

## Chemistry Single Choice

1. Which of the following molecule have zero
dipole moment ?
A. $B F_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$
C. $N F_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$

Answer: A

## D View Text Solution

2. Which of the following properties mainly dependent on the shielding effect ?
A. Atomic number
B. Atomic mass
C. Atomic radius
D. Number of stable isotopes

## Answer: C

## D View Text Solution

3. When $1 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{CrCl}_{3} \cdot 6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ is treated with excess of $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3} 3 \mathrm{~mol}$ of AgCl are obtained.

The formula of the complex is
A. $\left[\mathrm{CrCl}_{3}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{3}\right] \cdot 3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { B. }\left[\mathrm{CrCl}_{2}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{4}\right] \cdot \mathrm{Cl} \cdot 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \\
& \text { C. }\left[\mathrm{CrCI}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{5}\right] \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \cdot \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \\
& \text { D. }\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right] \mathrm{Cl}_{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Answer: D

## D View Text Solution

4. Removal of electron results in increse in bond order of the bond in :-
A. CN
B. $O_{2}$
C. $C_{2}$
D. $N_{2}$

## Answer: B

## D View Text Solution

5. The process of extraction of metal from as a major step.
A. Calcination

B. Roasting

## C. Electeo-reduction

D. Cupellation

## Answer: A

## D View Text Solution

6. Which of the following is most basic ?
A. $\mathrm{Lu}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}$

$$
\text { B. } Y b(O H)_{3}
$$

$$
\text { С. } \mathrm{Ce}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}
$$

$$
\text { D. } T b(O H)_{3}
$$

## Answer: C

## D View Text Solution

## 7. $\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right] \mathrm{Cl}$ exhibits

A. Optical isomerism
B. ionisation isomerism
C. linkage isomerism
D. geometrical isomerism

## Answer: D

## D View Text Solution

8. (I) $\mathrm{LiNO}_{3} \xrightarrow{\Delta} X($ Solid $)+g a s+O_{2}$
(II) $\mathrm{NaNO}_{3} \xrightarrow[800^{\circ} \mathrm{C}]{\Delta} Y$ (Solid) $+g a s+O_{2}$

The incorrect statement regarding above reactions is
$A . X$ and $Y$ are respective metal oxides

## B. $N O_{2}$ is formed in (II) reaction

C. Both are redox reactions
D. $N O_{2}$ is formed in (I) reaction

## Answer: B

## D View Text Solution

9. When chlorine is treated with carboxylic acid in the presence of red phosphorus then chloro acid will be formed, this reaction is known as :
A. Hunsdicker reaction

B. Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction

C. Friedel-crafts reaction
D. Rosenmund reduction

## Answer: B

## D View Text Solution

10. In $\alpha-D$ - Glucose, the anomeric carbon is at :

A. 1
B. 2
C. 4

## D View Text Solution

11. The most suitable reagent for the conversion of
$\mathrm{RCH}_{2} \mathrm{OH} \rightarrow \mathrm{RCHO}$ is :-
A. $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$
B. $\mathrm{CrO}_{3}$

## C. $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$

D. PCC

## Answer: D

## - View Text Solution

12. Which one of the following is obtained as a product when t-butyl bromide reacts with sodium methoxide?
A. Isobutane

## B. Isobutylene

## C. Sodium t-butoxide

D. t-butylmethyl ether

## Answer: B

## D View Text Solution

13. Which reaction below is correct?


## C.


D.


## Answer: C

## D View Text Solution

14. A hydrocarbon on ozonolysis gives acetone, propanla and 2- ketopropanal. Total number of geometrical isomers possible for the hydrocarbon is/are
A. 2
B. 4
C. 3
D. 1

Answer: B

D View Text Solution
15. Formaldehyde reacts with ammonia to give
:-

## A. $H_{2} C=N H$


B.



H
C.

D. $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{6} \mathrm{~N}_{4}$

## Answer: D

- View Text Solution

16. The value of $K_{C}$ for the following equilibrium is :
‘CaCO_(3)(s)
A. $1.896 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{~L}^{-1}$
B. $4.38 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{~L}^{-1}$
C. $6.3 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{~L}^{-1}$
D. $6.626 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{~L}^{-1}$

Answer: A

- View Text Solution

17. If in a truncated octahedron $A$ atoms are present at each corner and $B$ atoms are present at each
edge centre, then find the simplest formula of molecule in the unit cell .
A. $A B$
B. $A B_{2}$
C. $A_{2} B_{2}$
D. $A_{3} B_{2}$
18. A compound (molar mass $=120 \mathrm{~g}$ ) contains
$40 \%$ carbon by mass. If the ration of number of
H and O
atoms in the compound is $2: 1$, then number of
H - atoms in one molecule of the compound is :-
A. 2
B. 6
C. 8

## D. 10

## Answer: C

## D View Text Solution

19. Under a given conditions a gas containing

N molecules per unit volume and having
$X$ number of total collisions per unit time will have a collision frequency of :
A. $X / N$
B. NX

## C. friedel-crafts reaction

D. NX/2

## Answer: D

## D View Text Solution

20. Correct option relation between $\Delta H$
(change in enthalpy) and $\Delta E$ (change in
internal energy) for a gaseous reaction :
A. $\Delta H$ is always greater than $\Delta E$

# B. $\Delta H<\Delta E$ only if the number of moles 

 of the products isgreater than the number of moles of the reactants
C. $\Delta H$ is always less than $\Delta E$

## D. $\Delta H<\Delta E$ only if the number of moles

of products is less than the number of moles of the reactants

Answer: D

## Chemistry Subjective Numerical

1. Total number of colourless gases in the given
list are
$\mathrm{CO}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}, \mathrm{Cl}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}, \mathrm{SO}_{2(\mathrm{~g})}, \mathrm{HCl}_{(\mathrm{g})}$,
$B r_{2}$ vapor, $N O_{2(g)}, I_{2}$ vapor, $H_{2} S_{(g)}$

D View Text Solution
2. The total number of atoms present in one molecule of X is

Z+
$\mathrm{LiAH}_{4} \rightarrow X+\mathrm{LiF}+\mathrm{AlF}_{3} X+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow Y+\mathrm{H}_{2}$

- View Text Solution

3. The number of benzene rings in the structure of phenolphthalein are
4. The pH of normal rain water is

## D View Text Solution

5. From the following $E^{\circ}$ values of half- cells :
(i). $A+e \rightarrow A^{-}, E^{\circ}=-0.24 V$
(ii) $B^{-}+e \rightarrow B^{2-}: E^{\circ}=+1.25 V$
(iii) $C^{-}+2 e \rightarrow C^{3}, E^{\circ}=-1.25 V$
(iv). $D+2 e \rightarrow D^{2-}, E^{\circ}=+0.68 V$

If you were to construct a cell using combination of two half- cells from above that gives the
largest cell potential. then value of the largest cell potential would be ____ V.

- View Text Solution

6. Find the value fo 'b' for the following half equation.
$\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}+x \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow \mathrm{MnO}_{2}+a \mathrm{H}^{+}+b e^{-}$

- View Text Solution

7. 2 g of a non - volatile, non-electrolyte solute is dissolved in 100 g of two different solvents X and $Y$ whose
$K_{b}$ values are in the ratio of $1: 4$ The value of $\left(\frac{\Delta T_{b}(X)}{\Delta T_{b}(Y)}\right)$ is

## D View Text Solution

8. The compressibillity factor for 1 mole of a
van der Waals gas at 273 K and 100 atm pressure is 0.5 . Assuming that the volume of
a gas molecule is negligible, calculate the van
der Waals constant a ( in units of atm $\left.L^{2} \mathrm{~mol}^{-2}\right)$.

## D View Text Solution

9. The radius of the second Bohr orbit for $\mathrm{He}^{+}$


- View Text Solution

