



India's Number 1 Education App

## MATHS

### BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

### NTA TPC JEE MAIN TEST 103

Mathematics

1. If last three digits of the expression  $17^{256}$  are  $A_1, A_2$  &  $A_3$  respectively then the value of expression  $2A_2 + A_3 - 44A_1$  equals

A. 0

B. -4

C. 5

D. -7

**Answer: D**



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2. The line passing through the extremity A of the major axis and extremity B of the minor axis of the ellipse  $x^2 + 9y^2 = 9$ , meets the auxillary circle at the point M, then the area of the triangle with vertices at A,M and the origin O is N

A.  $\frac{31}{10}$

B.  $\frac{29}{10}$

C.  $\frac{21}{10}$

D.  $\frac{27}{10}$

**Answer: D**



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3. If the expression  $(p \oplus q) \wedge (\neg p \odot q)$  is equivalent of  $p \wedge q$  (where  $\odot, \oplus, \in \{\vee, \wedge\}$ , )then the ordered pair  $(\oplus, \odot)$  is equivalent to

A.  $(\vee, \wedge)$

B.  $(\wedge, \wedge)$

C.  $(\vee, \vee)$

D.  $(\wedge, \vee)$

**Answer: D**



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4. The value of  $x$  obtained from the equation

$$\begin{vmatrix} x + \alpha & \beta & \gamma \\ gama & x + \beta & \alpha \\ \alpha & \beta & x + \gamma \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

A. 0 and  $-(\alpha + \beta + \gamma)$

B. 0 and  $(\alpha + \beta + \gamma)$

C. 1 and  $(\alpha - \beta - \gamma)$

D. 0 and  $(\alpha^2 + \beta^2 + \gamma^2)$

**Answer: A**



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5. If A,B and C are any three sets, then  $A \times (B \cup C)$  is equal to

A.  $(A \times B) \cup (A \times C)$

B.  $(A \cup B) \times (A \cup C)$

C.  $(A \times B) \cap (A \times C)$

D. None of these

**Answer: A**



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6. A hyperbola, having the transverse axis of length  $2 \sin \theta$ , is confocal with the ellipse  $3x^2 + 4y^2 = 12$ . Then its equation

is

A.  $x^2 \cos ec^2 \theta - y^2 \sec^2 \theta = 1$

B.  $x^2 \sec^2 \theta - y^2 \cos ec^2 \theta = 1$

C.  $x^2 \sin^2 \theta - y^2 \cos^2 \theta = 1$

D.  $x^2 \cos^2 \theta - y^2 \sin^2 \theta = 1$

**Answer: A**



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7. For any three positive real numbers, a,b and c if

$$4(a^2 + 9b^2) + 3(3c^2 - 2ac), \text{ then } = 6b(2a + 3c)$$

A. a,b,c are in A.P

B. a,c,b are in G.P

C. b,c,a are in A.P.

D. a,c,b are in G.P.

**Answer: D**



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8. Nine digit numbers are formed using 1,2,3,.....9 without repetition. The probability that number is divisible by 4 is

A.  $\frac{2}{7}$

B.  $\frac{3}{8}$

C.  $\frac{1}{9}$

D.  $\frac{2}{9}$

**Answer: D**



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9. Consider three planes

$2x + py + 6z = 8$ ,  $x + 2y + qz = 5$  and  $x + y + 3z = 4$ ,

then these planes intersect at a point if

A.  $p = 2, q \neq 3$

B.  $p \neq 2, q \neq 3$

C.  $p \neq 2, q = 3$

D. None of these

**Answer: B**



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10. If  $e^{-\frac{\pi}{2}} < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$  then

A.  $\cos \log \theta > \log \cos \theta$

B.  $\cos \log \theta < \log \cos \theta$

C.  $\cos \log \theta = \log \cos \theta$

D.  $\cos \log \theta = \frac{2}{3} \log \cos \theta$

**Answer: A**



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11. The minimum value of  $|z|$  if  $|z - 2 - 2i| = 1$ , is

A.  $2\sqrt{2} - 1$

B.  $2\sqrt{2}$

C.  $2\sqrt{2} + 1$

D.  $2\sqrt{2} - 2$

**Answer: A**



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12. The value of  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 4x - \sin 4x \cdot \cos x}{x^3}$  is

A. 1

B. 2

C. 4

D. 8

**Answer: B**



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13. How many points of the function  $f(x) = (e^{|x|} - 1)(x(x - 1)(x - 2))$  is not  $|x^2 - 1|$  differentiable?

A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

D. 3

**Answer: B**



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14.  $\int 4 \sin x \cos \frac{\pi}{2} \cos \frac{3x}{2} dx$  is equal to

- A.  $\cos x + \frac{1}{2} \cos 2x - \frac{1}{3} \cos 3x + C$
- B.  $\cos x - \frac{1}{2} \cos 2x - \frac{1}{3} \cos 3x + C$
- C.  $\cos x + \frac{1}{2} \cos 2x + \frac{1}{3} \cos 3x + C$
- D.  $\cos x - \frac{1}{2} \cos 2x + \frac{1}{3} \cos 3x + C$

**Answer: B**



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15. If the tangents are drawn from any point on the line  $x + y = 3$  to the circle  $x^2 + y^2 + 9$ , then the chord of contact always passes through fixed point. Find that point

A. (3,5)

B. (3,3)

C. (5,3)

D. None of these

**Answer: B**



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**16.** The area (in sq. Units) of the region  $\{(x, y) : y^2 \geq 2x$  and  $x^2 + y^2 \leq 4x, x \geq 0, y \geq 0\}$  is

A.  $\pi - \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{3}$

B.  $\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$

C.  $\pi - \frac{4}{3}$

D.  $\pi - \frac{8}{3}$

**Answer: D**



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17.  $\cos\left(\sin^{-1}\frac{3}{5} + \cot^{-1}\frac{3}{2}\right)$  would be equal to

A.  $\frac{6}{6\sqrt{13}}$

B.  $\frac{5}{6\sqrt{13}}$

C.  $\frac{6}{\sqrt{13}}$

D.  $\frac{5}{\sqrt{13}}$

**Answer: A**



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18. Equation of image of the line

$$x + y = \sin^{-1}(\lambda^6 + 1) + 5\cos^{-1}(\lambda^4 + 1) - \tan^{-1}(\lambda^2 + 1)$$

, where  $\lambda \in R$  about x-axis is given by

A.  $x - y = 0$

B.  $x - y = \frac{\pi}{2}$

C.  $x - y = \pi$

D.  $x - y = \frac{\pi}{4}$

**Answer: D**



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## 19. Differential equation

$\left\{ \frac{1}{x} - \frac{y^2}{(x-y)^2} \right\} dx + \left\{ \frac{x^2}{(x-y)^2} - \frac{1}{y} \right\} dy = 0$  has the solution .....{c is an arbitrary constant }

A.  $\ln \left| \frac{x}{y} \right| + \frac{xy}{(x-y)} = c$

B.  $\frac{xy}{(x-y)} = ce^{xy}$

C.  $\frac{xy}{(x-y)} = ce^{-xy}$

(where c is an arbitrary constant)

D.  $\ln \left| \frac{x}{y} \right| - \frac{xy}{(x-y)} = c$

**Answer: A**



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20. If  $n$  is a natural number than  $\left(\frac{n+1}{2}\right)^n \geq n!$  is true when

A.  $n > 1$

B.  $n \geq 1$

C.  $n > 2$

D.  $n \geq 2$

**Answer: B**



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21. If

$$y = (\cos \xi \sin x)(\cos 3x + i \sin 3x) \times (\cos 5x + i \sin 5x)$$

and . . .  $(\cos 15x + i \sin 15x) \frac{dy}{dx} - iay = 0$  then find the value of a



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22. If  ${}^{n+2}C_8 : {}^{n-2}P_4 = 57 : 16$  then find the digital sum of n



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23.

$f(x) = |(x, x - 1, x - 2), (x + 1, x + 2), (x + 1, x - 1, x)|$

then evaluate  $\sum_{x=1}^{10} f(x)$ .



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**24.**  $f$  is a function from  $A \rightarrow A$  where  $A=\{1,2,3,\dots,10\}$ . If all the discrete points on the graph of  $f(x)$  are joined ten the probability that  $f$  is onto and the resulting graphs has only one local minima and no local maxima is  $\frac{\lambda}{10^9}$  then the number of factors of  $\lambda$  is



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**25.** The volume of the tetrahedron included between the plane

$3x + 4y - 5z - 60 = 0$  and the coordinate plane is equal to



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26. If  $\int_0^1 \frac{\log(1+x)}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{a^b} \log a$ , where G.C.D.  $(a, b) = 1$

then find the value of  $a+b$ .



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27. If  $\Delta ABC, \angle A = 45^\circ, \angle B = 75^\circ$  and  $a + c\sqrt{2} = kb$ ,

then find  $k$ .



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28. If  $\cot\left(7\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 = \sqrt{ab} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b} + a$ , then find  $\frac{b}{a}$



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**29.** The number of real solutions of

$$(7 + 4\sqrt{3})^{|x| - 8} + (7 - 4\sqrt{3})^{|x| - 8} = 14 \text{ is}$$



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