

BIOLOGY

BOOKS - ARIHANT PUBLICATION

ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

Part I Question For Practice Very Short Answer
Type Questions

1. The major pollutant from automoblie exhaust is known as

B. CO

 $\mathsf{C}.\,SO_2$

D. Soot

Answer: B



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2. Which air pollutant could cause rains to be acidic?

- A. Dust particles from cement factories
- B. Insecticides from crop sprays
- C. Smoke from wood fires
- D. Sulphur dioxide from coat-fired power stations

Answer: D



3. Which process does not result in the return of carbon dioxide to the atmosphere?

A. Combustion of fossil fuels

Β.

C. Respiration by bacteria

D. Photosynthesis by green plants

Answer: D



4. Which kind of power station produces sulphur dioxide causing air pollution and acid rain?



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5. Eutrophication in lakes is the direct result of

A. a diminished supply of nitrates and phosphates

В.

C. nutrient enrichment such as nitrate and phosphate runoffs from the land

D. an increase in predators

Answer: C



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6. Why does the oxygen concentration in the water decrease when sewage is dicharged into a river?

- A. Decrease in the number of plants
- B. Increase in the number of fish
- C. Less oxygen absorbed from the air
- D. Rapid growth of bacteria

Answer: B



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7. Minamata disease is caused by due to presenec of ---- in water.

B. lead						
C. tin						
D. methylisocyanate						
Answer: A						
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8. Write the causes of Deforestation.						
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A. mercury

9. Acid rain, a secondary effect of sound pollution.



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10. What are the effects of Deforestation?



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11. Increased algal bloom in pond and lake due to excess of nutrients is a phenomenon called

biological magnification.



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12. Bhopal gas tragedy was due to the release of gas from Union Carbide's pesticide plant.



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13. The toxic metal that is used as an antiknocking agent in petrol engines of

automobiles is



14. The Bharat Emission Norms came into force from



15. The expression tha reflects the depleted oxygen content in the extremely polluted water.



16. Expand DDT.



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Part I Question For Practice Short Answer Type Questions

1. State the function of catalytic converter in automobile. Name any two metals used in

these converters. **Watch Video Solution** 2. Which of the following is a man-made source of air pollution? **Watch Video Solution**

3. Write a short note on water pollution.



4. Write short note on algal bloom.



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5. What is BOD?



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6. What are the sources of radioactive pollution?



7. Write notes: Biomagnification



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8. Write a note on treatment of sewage.



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9. Name an industry which can cause both air and thermal pollution as well as

eutrophication.



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10. Discuss briefly about the catalytic converter.



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11. Biological Oxygen Demand or BOD increases with increase in water pollution. In this refernce, answer the questions that

follows

(i) At a particular segment of the river near a sugar factory, the BOD is much higher than the normal level. What is it indicative of?(ii) What will happen to the dissolved oxygen

and living organisms in the part of the river?



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12. Explain the term "Eutrophication ".



13. How does algal bloom cause eutrophication of water body?



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14. Why is there a decline in population of fisheating birds, when the water body is amidst agricultural fields?



Part I Question For Practice Long Answer Type Questions

- 1. Discuss briefly about the following:
- (i) Radioactive waste
- (ii) Defunct ships and e-wastes.



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2. What initiatives were taken for reducing vehicular air pollution in Delhi? Has air quality improved in Delhi?



3. What are the various constituents of domestic sewage? Discuss the effects of sewage discharge on river.



Part I Question For Assessment Very Short Answer Type Question

1.	The	most	harmful	types	of	environment
pc	lluta	nts are	<u> </u>			

A. human organic wastes

B. wastes from faecal

C. non-biodegradable chemicals

D.

Answer: C



2. Taj Mahal is	threatened	by pol	lution	form:
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A. chlorine

 $B. SO_2$

C. oxygen

D. hydrogen

Answer: B



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3. CO is a pollutant because it

- A. inactivates nerves
- B. combines with oxygen
- C. combines with Hb
- D. inhibits growth

Answer: C



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4. Flyash is an environment pollutant produced by

- A. thermal power plant
- B. oil refinery
- C. fertilisation plant
- D. strip mining

Answer: D



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5. Which type of pollution is caused by scooters?

- A. Air pollution
- B. Soil pollution
- C. Both (a) and (b)
- D. Water pollution

Answer: A



- 6. Acid rain occurs in areas where
 - A. large plantation occurs

В.

C. there are big industries and the atmosphere is polluted with SO_2

D. There are no industries

Answer: C



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7. Air pollution effects are usually found on the

A. leaves

- B. flowers
- C. stems
- D. roots

Answer: A



- 8. Eutrophic lakes are highly
 - A. productive
 - B. enriched with phosphates

C. heavy metal

D. None of the above

Answer: B



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9. Photochemical smog contains Nox and SO_2 .



10. Radioactive pollution is caused by α, β, γ particles.



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11. In a scrubber, the effluent containing sulphur dioxide is passed through spray of



12. Most hazardous metal pollutant of automobile exhausts is:



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13. Which gas leaked to bring havoc in Bhopal tragedy?



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14. Which metal causes gangrenes?



Part I Question For Assessment Short Answer **Type Question**

1. List some adverse effects of particulate matter on human health.



2. Write a note on Euro III norms.



3. What are the problems associated with e-waste?



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4. Mention two important problems relating to nuclear energy.



5. Write down the advantages and disadvantages of switching of automobiles from petrol to CNG.



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6. What are the sources of solid waste?



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Part I Question For Assessment Long Answer Type Question

1. What are primary pollutants and secondary pollutants?



2. What are the different sources of water pollution?



Part Ii Question For Practice Very Short Answer
Type Global Warming

1. Global warming can be controlled by

A. reducing reforestation, increasing the use of fossil fuel

B. increasing deforestation, slowing down the growth of human population

C.

D. increasing reforestation, cutting down use of fossil fuel

Answer: D

2. The common refrigerant that is responsible for the depletion of stratospheric ozone is

A. CFC

B. NO

 $\mathsf{C}.\,SO_2$

D. Ozone

Answer: A



3. Slash and burn agriculture is known as

- A. Striping farming
- B. intercrop farming
- C. jhum cultivate
- D. intensive farming

Answer: C



4. Ozone hole is the

A. absence of O_3 in stratosphere

B. presence of O_3 in stratosphere

C. deficiency of O_3 in stratosphere

D.

Answer: C



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5. Ozone depletion is occurring due to

- A. PCB
- B. CO
- C. PAN
- D. None of these

Answer: D



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6. Which one of the following is linked with greenhouse effect?

A. CFC

B. Freon and CH_4

 $\mathsf{C}.\,CO_2$

D. All of the these

Answer: C



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7. Women empowerment in Tehri-Garhwal by Sundarlal Bahuguna for the conservation of forests is popularly known as

- A. agro forestry
- B. shifting cultivation
- C. chipko movement
- D. None of these

Answer: C



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8. Ozone hole is present above Antarctica.



9. Greenhouse effect refers to cooling of earth.



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10. Nitrogen is a greenhouse gas.



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11. Melting of glaciers is an effect of





Watch Video Solution



14. In which year Copenhagen conference was held?



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15. In which year was Montreal Protocol signed?



16. Above which region of earth is ozone hole located?



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17. Write notes on: Greenhouse effect



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18. Write notes on : Ozone depletion



19. What is "Ozone Shield"?



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Part li Question For Practice Short Answer Type Questions

1. What is the common household source of CFC_s ? How these gases affect the ozone layer?



2. Write, what was the percentage of forest cover of India at the beginning and at the end of 20th century. How different it is from the one recommended by National Forest Policy?



3. Name any one greenhouse gas and its possible source of production on a large scale. What are the harmgul effects of it?

- **4.** It has been recorded that the temperature of the earth's atmosphere has increased by $0.6\,^{\circ}\,C.$
- (i) What has caused this increase?
- (ii) Explain its consequences.



5. How does Jhum cultivation promote deforestation?



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6. How can slash and burn agriculture become environment friendly?



7. What is the main idea behing 'Joint Forest Management Concept' introduced by the Government of India?



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8. Write a note on deforestation and enumerates its consequences.



9. Why has the National Forest Commission of India recommended a relatively larger forest cover for hills than for plains?



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10. How have human activites cause desertification? Explain.



11. What do you know about Chipko Movement?



12. Discuss causes and effect of global warming.



13. Write notes on: Greenhouse effect



14. What depletes ozone in the strastosphere? How does this affect human life?



15. Why there is ozone depletion mainly over Antarctica ?



16. Discuss the role of women and communities in protection and conservation of forests.



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Part Ii Question For Assessment Very Short
Answer Type Questions

1. Objective of Kyoto protocol is

A. reducing greenhouse gas

- B. reducing water pollution
- C. reducing sound pollution
- D. reducing solid waste

Answer: A



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2. Who was the former of Van Sanrakshan Samiti?

A. Subrat Kumar

- B. Amrita Devi
- C. KC Mehta
- D. Ahmed Khan

Answer: A



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3. Global warming can be controlled by

A. reducing reforestation increasing the

use of fossil fuel

- B. increasing deforestation slowing down the growth of human population
- C. increasing deforestation, reducing efficiency of energy usage
- D. reducing deforestation, cutting down use of fossil fuel

Answer: D



4. The common refrigerant that is responsible for the depletion of stratospheric ozone is

- A. CFC
- B. NO
- $\mathsf{C}.\,SO_2$
- D. Ozone

Answer: A



5. Women empowerment in Tehri-Garhwal by Sundarlal Bahuguna for the conservation of forests is popularly known as

- A. agro forestry
- B. shifting cultivation
- C. chipko movement
- D. None of the above

Answer: C



6. Chaukas are square dykes, that conserve reainwater.



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7. 22nd March is observed as World Forest Day.



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8. Ozone hole is the thinning of ozone layer in



9. Melting of glaciers is an effect of



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10. In which year 'Joint Forest Management' concept was introduced in India?



11. In which layer of atmosphere ozone layer is found?



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Part Ii Question For Assessment Short Answer
Type Questions

1. State the contribution (in percentage) of the various greenhouse gases mentioned below towards global warming.

- (i) Methane (CH_4)
- (ii) Nitrogen oxide (N_2O)



2. Discuss 'El Nino effect'.



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3. Write an account on Montreal Protocol.



4. Humans are responsible for the increased concentration of greenhouse gases in environment. How can this be minimised?



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5. Jhuming practice causes soil erosion. true or false



6. Discuss causes and effect of global warming.



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7. Write a note on the case study of Lapodiya village of Rajasthan.



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Part Ii Question For Assessment Differetiate Between The Following

1. Differentiate between

Biomagnification and Eutrophication



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2. Deforestation and Reforestation.



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3. Point and Non-pouint sources of water pollution.



4. Differentiate between bio-degradable pollutant and non-biodegradable pollutant.



5. Differentiate between : Herbicides and Pesticides.



6. Write notes on: Acid rain



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Odisha Bureau S Textbook Solutions Very Short Answer Type Questions

1. Which gas leaked from Union Carbide's Pesticide Plant in December 1984 is respsonsible for Bhopal Gas Tragedy?

A. Methyl salicylate

- B. Methyl isocyanate
- C. Ammonia
- D. Hydrogen sulphide

Answer: B



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2. Minamata disease is caused by the consumption of fish contaminate with

A. lead

- B. copper
- C. zinc
- D. mercury

Answer: D



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3. The toxic metal that is used as an antiknocking agent in petrol engines of automobiles is

A. chelated copper
B. tetraethyl lead
C. iron sulphide
D. lead chloride
Answer: B
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4. The Bharat Emission Norms came into force
from

- A. 1998
- B. 2000
- C. 2008
- D. 2010

Answer: B



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5. Bone and tooth decay disease is caused by drinking water contaminated with

- A. fluoride
- B. borate
- C. silicate
- D. aluminium

Answer: A



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6. Removal of toxic substances from water by using living organisms.



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7. Toxic compound formed by the reaction of carbon monoxide with haemoglobin in blood.



8. Enrichment of water bodies with excess amount of nutrients as a result of runoff from surrounding land leading to overgrowth of plants and algae.



9. A kind of air pollutant named for the mixture of smoke and fog in the air.



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10. ____ day is observed as World Diabetes Day.



11. The process of nutrient enrichment in water bodies is called as biomagnification.



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12. Particulate matter formed by the combination of gas and water vapour is called as smog.



13. Chipko Movement was organised for the protection of water bodies



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14. Environment protection act was enacted in



15. The common refrigerant that is responsible for the depletion of stratospheric ozone is



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16. Toxic compound formed by the reaction of carbon monoxide with haemoglobin in blood.



17. Depletion of ozone layer is speeded up by the atom present in CFC.



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Odisha Bureau S Textbook Solutions Short Answer Type Questions

1. Explain the terms with suitable examples:

Aerosol



2. Write notes on : Greenhouse effect



3. Write short note on the following Eutrophication



4. Write notes on : Acid rain



5. Photochemical smog.



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6. Write notes with 2 to 3 important points :Global warming



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Odisha Bureau S Textbook Solutions

Differentiate Between The Following

1. Differentiate between

Aerosol & Smog



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2. Differentiate between :Renewable and non-renewable resources.



3. Differentiate between

Biomagnification and Eutrophication



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4. Distinguish between primary pollutant and secondary pollutant.



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Odisha Bureau S Textbook Solutions Long Answer Type Question **1.** Answer within 200 words : Give an account of secondary air pollutants .



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2. How can the industrial and vehicular emissions be controlled? Describe.



3. Write the causes of ground water pollution and state how this can be contolled.



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4. Write about the different classes of solid wastes.



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5. What are green house gases?



6. Discuss causes and effect of global warming.



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Chapter Practice Very Short Answer Type Questions

1. Most hazardous metal pollutant of automobile exhausts is :

A. arsenic
B. cadmium
C. manganese
D. lead
Answer: D
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2. Photochemical smog pollution does not contain:

A.	PAN

B. O_3

 $\mathsf{C}.\,NO_2$

D. CO_2

Answer: B



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3. The primary cause of acid rain around the world is

A. CO_2

 $\mathsf{B.}\,SO_2$

C. CFC

D. CO

Answer: B



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4. Chipko Movement was lauched in

A. 1973

- B. 1931
- C. 1791
- D. 1789

Answer: A



- 5. Ozone is
 - A. harmful in the upper atmosphere
 - B. beneficial in the upper atmosphere

C. beneficial in the lower atmosphere

D.

Answer: A



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6. The basic component of photochemical smog is

A. O_3

B. PAN

C. Both (a) and (b)

D. None of these

Answer: B



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7. Catalytic converter is used in automobiles

A. to remove lead

B. for converting CO to CO2

C. to remove H_2O

D. All of these

Answer: A



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8. Deforestation is one of major factors of global warming.



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9. Algal blooms occur in nutrient poor water.



10. The enrichment of the bottom soil of water bodies due to excess runoff nitrogen and phosphorous is known as



11. are the major compounds responsible for ozone reduction.



12. Name the unit to measure ozone layer.



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13. Expand BOD:



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14. What are green house gases?



15. Scrubbers are mostly used to remove which gas from industrial effluents?



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Chapter Practice Short Answer Type I Questions

1. Write down the various constituents of domestic wastse.



2. Explain the working of electrostatic precipitator along with diagram.



3. What is biomagnification ? Explain its ill effect



4. How is soil pollution caused?



Chapter Practice Short Answer Type Ii Questions

- 1. Differentiate between the following
- (i) Acid rain and Photochemical smog
- (ii) Agriculture waste and Radioactive waste



2. What do you understand by pollution?

Discuss briefly the different types of pollution.

