



## MATHS

### BOOKS - ARIHANT PUBLICATION

# CHSE ODISHA EXAMINATION PAPER - 2018

**Very Short Answer Type Questions Answer All The Questions**

1. If  $p$  and  $q$  are respectively degree and order of the differential equation  $y = e^{dy/dx}$ , then write

the relation between  $p$  and  $q$ .



[Watch Video Solution](#)

2. If  $(\vec{a} \times \vec{b})^2 + (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b})^2 = 144$ , write the value of  $ab$ .



[Watch Video Solution](#)

3. Write the equations of the line  $2x + z - 4 = 0 = 2y + z$  in the symmetrical form.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

 Watch Video Solution

4. Sets A and B have respectively  $m$  and  $n$  elements. The total number of relations from A to B is 64. If  $m < n$  and  $m \neq 1$ , write the values of  $m$  and  $n$  respectively.



Watch Video Solution

5. Write the principal value of

$$\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) + \cos^{-1}\cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$



Watch Video Solution

6. If every element of a third order determinant of value 8 is multiplied by 2, then write the value of the new determinant.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

7. In a Davis Cup tie between India and South Korea, write the probability that India is ahead 2-1 after 3 matches assuming that both the teams are equally likely to win each match.



[View Text Solution](#)

8. Write the interval in which the function  $f(x) = \sin^{-1}(2 - x)$  is differentiable.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

9. A balloon is pumped at the rate of  $2 \text{ cm}^3 /$  minute. Write the rate of increase of the surface area, when the radius is 0.5 cm.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

10. Write the definite integral which is equal to

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{r}{\sqrt{n^2 + r^2}}$$



Watch Video Solution

## Short Answer Type Questions Answer Any Three Questions

1. Show that

$$\sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{x-q}{p-q}} = \cos^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{p-x}{p-q}} = \cot^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{p-x}{x-q}}$$



Watch Video Solution

2. Solve the following LPP graphically

$$\text{Minimize } Z = 4x + 3y$$

subject to  $2x + 5y \geq 10$  and  $x, y \geq 0$ .



[Watch Video Solution](#)

3. Let  $\sim$  be defined by  $(m,n) \sim (p,q)$  if  $mq=np$  where  $m, n, p, q \in \mathbb{Z} - \{0\}$ . Show that it is an equivalence relation.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

4. Let  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ ,  $g(x) = 1 - x^2$ . Compute  $f \circ g$  and  $g \circ f$  and find their natural domains.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

5. Show that  $\sin^{-1} \frac{4}{5} + 2 \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{3} = \frac{\pi}{2}$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

6. A bag  $A$  contains 2 white and 3 red balls and another bag  $B$  contains 4 white and 5 red balls. One ball is drawn at random from a bag chosen at



random and it is found to be red. Find the probability that it was drawn from bag  $B$ .



[Watch Video Solution](#)

7. If  $P(A) = 0.6$ ,  $P\left(\frac{B}{A}\right) = 0.5$ , find  $P(A \cup B)$

when  $A$  and  $B$  are independent.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

8. If  $A, B, C$  are matrices of order  $2 \times 2$  each and

$$2A + B + C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A + B + C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A + B - C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ find } A, B \text{ and } C.$$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

9. Find the inverse of the following matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

10.

Prove

that

$$\begin{vmatrix} a - b - c & 2a & 2a \\ 2b & b - c - a & 2b \\ 2c & 2c & c - a - b \end{vmatrix} = (a + b + c)^3$$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

11. Show that the sum of the intercepts on the coordinate axes of any tangent to the curve

$$\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = \sqrt{a} \text{ is constant.}$$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

12. Show that  $2\sin x + \tan x \geq 3x$  for all  $x \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ .



Watch Video Solution

13. Differentiate  $y = \tan^{-1} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2} + \sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2} - \sqrt{1-x^2}}$



Watch Video Solution

14. Differentiate  $y = (\sin y)^{\sin 2x}$



Watch Video Solution

**15.** Test the continuity of the following function at

$$x = 0$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1-e^{-x}}{x}, & x \neq 0 \\ 1, & x = 0 \end{cases}$$



**Watch Video Solution**

**16.** From the differential equation whose general

solution is  $y = a \sin t + be^t$ .



**Watch Video Solution**

17. Solve the following differential equations

$$(1 + y^2)dx + (x - e^{-\tan^{-1}y})dy = 0$$



Watch Video Solution

18. Evaluate  $\int \frac{dx}{(x + 1)\sqrt{1 - x^2}}$



Watch Video Solution

19.  $\int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx.$



Watch Video Solution

**20.** Find the area enclosed by the two parabolas

$$y^2 = 4ax \text{ and } x^2 = 4ay.$$



**Watch Video Solution**

**21.** Prove that the measure of the angle between

two main diagonals of a cube is  $\cos^{-1} \frac{1}{3}$ .



**Watch Video Solution**

**22.** The position vectors of two points A and B are  $3\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$  and  $\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} - 4\hat{k}$ , respectively. Find the equation of the plane passing through B and perpendicular to AB.



**Watch Video Solution**

**23.** Find the area of the triangle ABC with vertices A(1,2,4), B(3,1,-2) and C(4,3,1) by vector method.



**Watch Video Solution**



24.

Prove

that

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc} \vec{a} + \vec{b} & \vec{b} + \vec{c} & \vec{c} + \vec{a} \end{array} \right] = 2 \left[ \begin{array}{ccc} \vec{a} & \vec{b} & \vec{c} \end{array} \right]$$

.



Watch Video Solution

25. If the sum of two unit vectors is a unit vector, show that the magnitude of their difference is  $\sqrt{3}$ .



Watch Video Solution

26.

If

$$a = 2\hat{i} + \hat{k}, b = \hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k} \text{ and } c = 4\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 7\hat{k}$$

, then find the vector  $\vec{r}$  which satisfies

$$r \times b = c \times b \text{ and } r \cdot a = 0.$$



Watch Video Solution

27. Find the shortest distance between the lines

$$\frac{x - 3}{3} = \frac{y - 8}{-1} = \frac{z - 3}{1} \quad \text{and}$$

$$\frac{x + 3}{-3} = \frac{y - 7}{2} = \frac{z - 6}{4} \quad \text{Find also the equation}$$

of the line of shortest distance.



Watch Video Solution

**28.** Solve the following LPP graphically :

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 3x_1 + 2x_2$$

subject to

$$-2x_1 + x_2 \leq 1$$

$$x_1 \leq 2$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \leq 3$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$



**Watch Video Solution**

**29.** Let  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  and  $g: Y \rightarrow Z$ . Prove that  $g \circ f$  is bijective if both  $f$  and  $g$  are bijective. Also prove

that  $(gof)^{-1} = f^{-1}og^{-1}$ .



[Watch Video Solution](#)

30. In a  $\Delta ABC$ , if  $m\angle A = 90^\circ$ , prove that

$$\tan^{-1} \frac{b}{a+c} + \tan^{-1} \frac{c}{a+b} = \frac{\pi}{4}, \text{ where } a, b, c$$

are sides of the triangle.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

31. By elementary operations, find  $A^{-1}$  for the

following:  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

**32.** Solve the following system of equations by the matrix inversion method.

$$x + y + z = 4$$

$$2x - y + 3z = 1$$

and  $3x + 2y - z = 1$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

**33.** Two cards are drawn successively with replacement from a well-shuffled deck of 52 cards.

Find the probability distribution of the number of  
aces.



Watch Video Solution

**34.** Find the coordinates of the point on the curve

$$x^2y - x + y = 0$$

where the slope of the tangent is maximum.



Watch Video Solution

**35.** If  $x = \frac{1 - \cos^2 \theta}{\cos \theta}$ ,  $y = \frac{1 - \cos^{2n} \theta}{\cos^n \theta}$  then

show that  $\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 = n^2 \left(\frac{y^2 + 4}{x^2 + 4}\right)$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

**36.** Find the solution of the following differential equations:

$$(4x+6y+5)dx-(2x+3y+4)dy=0$$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

**37.** Evaluate:  $\int \left( \frac{2 \cos x + 7}{4 - \sin x} \right) dx$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

**38.** Find the area enclosed by  $y = 4x - 1$  and  $y^2 = 2x$ .



**Watch Video Solution**