

## **BIOLOGY**

## **BOOKS - ARIHANT PRAKASHAN**

# **ECOSYSTEMS**

### **Topic 1 Practice Questions 1 Mark Questions**

**1.** Correct the statement of each bit, if necessary, by changing the underlined word only:

Carnivores are always primary consumers.



**2.** Decomposers are generally ...... (green plants, microorganisms, phytoplanktons, insects)

A. green plants

B. phytoplanktons

C. insects

D. microorganisms

#### **Answer: D**



# **3.** Primary consumers are always

- A. producers
- B. herbivoures
- C. herbivores
- D. omnivores

### **Answer: C**



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4. Man is

A. herbivorous
B. carnivorous
C. omnivorous
D. producer
Answer: C
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<b>5.</b> The flow of energy in the ecosystem is :
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<b>6.</b> Forests represent ecosystem.
A. aquatic
B. terrestrial
C. estuarian
D. grassland
Answer: b
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7. The efficiency for energy transfer from one trophic level to another is nearly per cent.

- **A.** 1
- B. 10
- C. 5
- D. 20

### **Answer: B**



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**8.** In any given ecosystem, number of individuals in a species remains more or less constant over a period of time. This constancy of numbers is maintained by

A. parasites

- B. predators
- C. available food
- D. all of the above

#### **Answer: D**

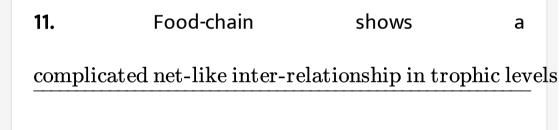


**9.** What is the name of decomposers who live on dead and decaying substratum?



**10.** Through which process is energy lost from living organisms?







**12.**  $\underline{\operatorname{Pond}}$  represents a forest ecosystem.



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**13.** All heterotrophs are capable of photosynthesis.



14. Animals are responsible for utilising dead, decaying substances, thereby cycling of materials becomes feasible.



1. Write note on :
Food chain
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2. Write a note on ecosystem.
Watch Video Solution
3. Decomposers
Watch Video Solution

4. Write short notes on Food web. **Watch Video Solution Topic 1 Practice Questions 3 Mark Questions** 1. Differentiate between Food Chain and Food Web **Watch Video Solution** 2. Differentiate between producers and consumers. Watch Video Solution

## **Topic 1 Practice Questions Important Questions**

Differentiate between Detritivores and Decomposers .



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# **Topic 1 Practice Questions 7 Mark Questions**

1. Give an account of energy flow in an ecosystem.



**2.** What is ecosystem? Describe the different components of ecosystem.



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# **Topic Test 1**

1. The organisms at the base of food chain are

A. herbivores

B. photosynthetic plants

C. saprophytic plants

D. carnivores

### **Answer: b**



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- 2. The importance of ecosystem lies in
  - A. flow of energy
  - B. cycling of materials
  - C. Both (a) and (b)
  - D. None of these

#### Answer: c



**3.** The process of mineralisation by decomposers helps in the release of

A. inorganic nutrients from humus

B. both organic and inorganic nutrients from detritus

C. organic nutrients from humus

D. inorganic nutrients from detritus and formation of humus

#### Answer: d



**4.** Approximately how much of the solar energy that falls on the leaves of a plant is converted to chemical energy by photosynthesis?

A. Less than  $1\,\%$ 

B.  $2-10\,\%$ 

 $\mathsf{C}.\,30\,\%$ 

D. 50%

### Answer: b





**6.** Net primary productivity is...... Minus respiratory losses.



7. Write a short note on trophic level.



**8.** Write a short note on gross primary productivity.



**9.** Write a short note on ten per cent law given by Lindemann.



**10.** Differentiate between abiotic and biotic components.



### **Topic 2 Practice Questions 1 Mark Questions**

**1.** When propagating unit like seeds and spores enter a barren area to initiate the process of succession , it is called :

A. nudation

B. reaction

C. ecesis

D. migration

Answer: c



<b>2.</b> The first species	that establishes	itself	in	a	barren
habitat due to succ	cession is called				

- A. colony
- B. pioneer
- C. climax
- D. migrant

### Answer: b



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**3.** Pyramid of energy is always inverted.

- 4. Pyramid of numbers deals with the number of
  - A. species in area
  - B. subspecies in a community
  - C. individuals in a community
  - D. individuals in a trophic level

Answer: d



5. Pyramid of cannot be inverted.
A. energy
B. biomass
C. number
D. ecosystems
Answer: A
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<b>6.</b> Succession that starts at habitat is called hydrosere.

A. sandy
B. rocky
C. aquatic
D. xeric
Answer: C
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7. Succession that starts at sandy habitat is called
•••••
A. halosere

- B. lithosere
- C. psammosere
- D. hydrosere

#### Answer: c



- **8.** Which of the following comes under supporting ecosystem services?
  - A. Primary productivity
  - B. Waste decomposition

- C. Climate control
- D. All of these

**Answer: A** 



**9.** Biogeochemical cycle may be otherwise called energy cycle.



10. Pyramid of biomass takes into consideration the number of organisms in each trophic level.



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11. A stable community shows high species dominance.



**12.** Primary succession starts where there was living matter previously.



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# **Topic 2 Practice Questions 2 Mark Questions**

1. Write a short note on ecological pyramids.



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2. WRITE SHORT NOTES ON : Ecosystem services



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**3.** Species diversity.



4. Write short notes on Nudation .



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# **Topic 2 Practice Questions 3 Mark Questions**

1. Differentiate between

Hydrosere and Xeresere



2. Differentiate between Pyramid of biomass and Pyramid of numbers



**3.** Differentiate between primary and secondary succession.



**4.** Differentiate between species diversity and species richness.



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**5.** Write a brief note about ecological services.



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# **Topic Test 2**

**1.** The concept of ecological pyramids was developed by:

A. Reiter

B. Odum

C. Darwin
D. Elton
Answer: D
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2. An inverted pyramid of biomass can be found in
which ecosystem?
A. Forest
B. marine
C. Grassland

D. Tundra

### **Answer: B**



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3. What is the form of climax forest called?



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**4.** On the basis of cause, ecological succession is Autogenic and Automatic.



**8.** Write short note on climax forest.



**9.** Differentiate between autotrophic succession and heterotrophic succession.



**10.** Explain in detail, the process of succession occurring in water bodies.



# **Chapter Test 1 Marks Questions**

1	The	second	tron	hic	level	is a	lake	is	•
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- A. phytoplanktons
- B. zooplanktons
- C. benthos
- D. fishes

#### **Answer: B**



2. Food level in an ecosystem is called

A. producer level

B. trophic level

C. consumer level

D. pyramid

#### **Answer: B**



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**3.** When the organisms of a community modify the environment in a way that community itself is

A. primary
B. autogenic
C. Secondary succession
D. halosere
Answer: B
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Watch Video Solution

- A. they are widely distributed
- B. they are firmly fixed to the soil
- C. they alone have a capacity to fix atmospheric

  Co2 in the presence of sunlight
- D. there are more herbivorous animals than carnivores

### **Answer: C**



5. Choose the correct sequence of food chain.

- A. Fallen leaves Bacteria Insect larvae Birds
- B. Phytoplankton Zooplankton Fish
- C. Grasses Fox Rabbit
- D. Grasses Chameleon Insects Birds

#### **Answer: B**



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## 6. Ecosystem is a

A. both open and closed unit depending upon biomass present

C. open unit				
D. both open and closed unit depending upon				
community				
Answer: C				
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7. Among the organisms given below which pair				
belongs to the same trophic lovel?				
A. Cheetah and lion				

B. closed unit

- B. Deer and honeybee
- C. Snake and earthworm
- D. Crow and cow

### **Answer: A**



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**8.** Aquarium are the examples of a man-made terrestrial ecosystem.



**9.** Peammosere and hydrosere are the two main types of biological successions.



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**10.** Dermatocarpon may be found in a seral stage of hydrarch succession.



11. ..... gave the 'Ten per cent law'.



**12.** In an aquatic ecosystem, the limiting factor for the productivity is.............



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**13.** ..... represents sedimentary type of nutrient cycle.



**14.** In a hydrarch succession ...... are grown in form of a climax community.



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**15.** The ecosystem service of regulatory includes. ...... of air, control of ...... and diseases.



# **Chapter Test 2 Marks Questions**

1. Xerarch succession.



2. Write note on

Pyramid of biomass



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**3.** Biotic community.



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**Chapter Test 3 Marks Questions** 

**1.** Differentiate between Grazing and Detritus food chains



# **Chapter Test 7 Marks Questions**

**1.** Which pioneer species are found on bare rock? How do they help in establishing the next vegetation type?

