

## **BIOLOGY**

## **BOOKS - ARIHANT PRAKASHAN**

### **VERY SIMILAR TEST 8**

**Section A Botany** 

**1.** Automobile exhaust gas that causes major respiratory problem is :

A. *CO* 

B.  $CH_4$ 

 $\mathsf{C}.\,NO_2$ 

D. Cl

#### **Answer:**



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**2.** After fertilisation the integuments of an ovule develop into

A. seed
B. seed coat
C. fruit
D. fruit wall
Answer:
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3. The term gene was coined by
A. Garrod

- B. Johannsen
- C. Griffith
- D. Meischer

#### **Answer:**



- **4.** Law of independent assortment of Mendel can be proved on the basis of which F2 ratio?
  - A. 9:3:3:1

B. 2:1:1

C. 1: 2: 1

D. 3:1

#### **Answer:**



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**5.** A fungus which is used as a method of biocontrol is

A. Glomus

- B. Trichoderma
- C. Penicillium
- D. Aspergillus

#### **Answer:**



- **6.** Correct the statement of each hit if necessary by changing the underlined word only
- (a) Lichens and mosses are the part of

halosere.

(b) Internal buds in sponges are called gemmis cups.

(c ) The ovule is attached to the placenta by hilum.

(d) Galactose acts as an inducer molecule in lacoperon.

(e) The genetically superior individuals are called clones.



- 7. Write notes on any three of the following each write two to three important points.
- (a) Net primary productivity
- (b) Morphological adaptations in xerophytes
- (c) Layering
- (d) Pollen-pistil interaction
- (e) Tertiary treatment of sewage water ,br> (f)

Transcription unit



- **8.** Differentiate between any one pair of the following with three to four important points
- (a) Monocot seeds and Dicot seeds
- (b) Immigration and Emigration
- (c) Intervarietal cross and Intravarietal cross



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**9.** Describe the mechanism of development of dicot embryo along with labelled diagram.



**10.** Explain the Watson and Crick model of DNA with the help of a labelled diagram.



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**11.** Describe the initiation steps of polypeptide synthesis during prokaryotic translation.



**12.** Explain what is a biofertiliser. Describe its types and also mention the importance of the use of biofertilisers.



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# **Section B Zoology**

**1.** Name the organism which is used as cloning host for insulin production.



**2.** Name the organism from which LSD is extracted.



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**3.** Which of the following hormones is not a product of human placenta?

A. Progesterone

B. Oestrogen

C. hCG

D. LH

#### **Answer:**



- **4.** Periodic absistinence refers to the avoidance of intercourse during
  - A. luteal phase
  - B. ovulatory phase
  - C. menstrual phase

D. None of these

#### **Answer:**



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**5.** In Down.s syndrome, the chromosomal aberration is called as

A. triploidy

B. polyteny

C. polyploidy

D. aneuploidy

#### **Answer:**



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- **6.** Fill in the blanks with correct answer(s)/
  Correct the underlined portion of the sentences:
- (a) Typhoid is diagnosed by Mantous test.
- (b) Causative organisms of malignant malaria

•••••

(c) Out of the five anibodies produced by the B-lymphocytes and plasma cell, ..... is produced in response to the presences of allergens in the body.

(d) Analgous organs are ..... similar but..... different.

(e ) Animal feed as generally rich in micronutrients.



**7.** Write a short note on types and causes of cancer.



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8. What is Amniocentesis?



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**9.** What are the principle elements of Lamareck.s theory of evolution ?



10. State symptoms and treatment of typhoid.



**11.** What is the advantages of cross breeding in cattle?



**12.** What are endonucleases?



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13. IgG and IgM.



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14. Write notes on any two of the following

(a) Types of fossils (b) Haemophilia

(C) Spermatogenesis (d) Gonadotropins

**15.** Mainly which type of hormones control the menstrual cycle in human beings ?



**16.** Describe the different types of sexdetermination in insects.



**17.** Give a brief account of various tools used in recombinant DNA technology?

