

CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - USHA CHEMISTRY (ODIA ENGLISH)

PREVIOUS YEAR QUESTION 2016

Previous Year Question

1. What are the Monomers used for preparing Buna-S?



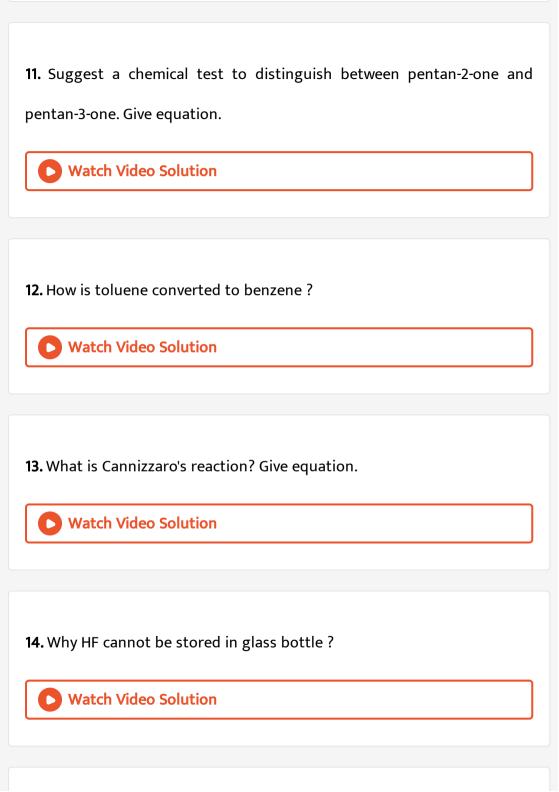
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2. What is Oleum? Write its formula.



3. Write the unit of cell constant.
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4. What is the shape of XeF_2 molecule ?
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5. Name the compound precipitated when excess of bromine water is added to aniline.
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6. Toluene on oxidation with CrO_2Cl_2 gives and the reaction is called
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7. The unit of rate constant for a zero order reaction is
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8. Drug used in bringing down the body temperature in high fever is called
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9. Isotopes having positive packing fraction indicates of the nucleus.
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10. $Ni(CO)_4$ is an example of and bonded organo metallics.
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15. How is ferric chloride prepared? Explain why it is acidic.

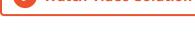
16. Why hydrogen sulphide cannot be dried by conc. H_2SO_4 ?

17. Represent the cell and calculate the Standard e.m.f. of the cell having

cell

 $2Cr(s) + 3Cd^{2+}(aq)
ightarrow 2Cr^{3+}(aq) + 3Cd(s)E^0Cr^{3+} \, / Cr = \, -0.73vo < 0.000$

reaction:



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following

and
$$E^0Cd^{2\,+}\,/\,Cd=\,-\,0.40$$
 volt



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acidic and why? HF, HCI, HBr, HI

18. The aqueous solution of which amongst the following is the most

19. State the Law of mass action and explain any two significance of equilibrium constant.



20. How does common ion effect help in the preparation of pure NaCl from an impure variety?



21. "Direct iodination of benzene is difficult." Explain. Suggest an alternative route for the synthesis of iodo benzene.



22. Write the structural formulae of the three derivatives of monocarboxylic acid. Identify the functional group present in them.



23. Equivalent conductance at infinite dilution of NH_4CI , NaOH and NaCl are 129.8, 217.4 and 108.45 mho cm^2 gm equivalent-' respectively.Calculate the equivalent conductance of HN_4OH at infinite dilution.



24. What is a Buffer solution? Derive Hendersen's equation for calculation of the pH Of a basic buffer.



25. The half-life of a radioactive element is 69.3 days. Find out the time taken for a given sample of the element to be reduced to $\frac{1}{100^{th}}$ of its initial activity.



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26. The half - life of a radioactive element is 69.3 days.Find out the time taken for a given sample to the element to be reduced to $\frac{1}{10^{th}}$ of its initial activity.



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27. What is Diazo reaction? Write the structure of the product of this reaction. Using this reaction how the following compounds are prepared? (i)Benzene (ii) Fluorobenzene



28. How is acetaldehyde prepared from acetylchloride?
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29. How does acetaldehyde react with Tollen's reagent
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30. How does acetaldehyde react with Phenyl hydrazine ?
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31. Arrange the order of reactivity of the following compounds towards
nucleophiles: $CH_3CHO, (CH_3)_2CO, HCH0$
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32. Describe the laboratory method of preparation of sulphur dioxide. How does it react with acidified $KMnO_4$ solution and chlorine water ?



33. Define transition elements. Discuss their followinng characteristic properties (i) Fomation of coloured compounds (ii) Magnetic property



34. Define specific, equivalent and molar conductance. Write their units.

Derive the relation between specific conductance and molar conductance.

What is the effect of dilution on specific and equivalent conductance?



35. Write notes on: Hess's law of constant heat of summation.



36. Which one of the following compound is a protein?

A. Penicillin

B. Orlon

C. Keratin

D. Savlon.

Answer:



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37. Which one is the ore of copper? (a) Bauxite (b) Dolomite (c) haematite

(d) Chalcopyrite

A. Bauxite

B. Dolomite

C. Haematite
D. Chalcopyrite
Answer:
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38. In Hofmann-bromamide reaction an amide is converted to - (a) primary
amine (b) secondary amine (c) tertiary amine (d) aldehyde
A. Primary amine
B. Secondary amine
C. Tertiary amine
D. Aldehyde
Answer:
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39. Which of the following reagents produces pure acid-chloride from monocarboxylic acid?

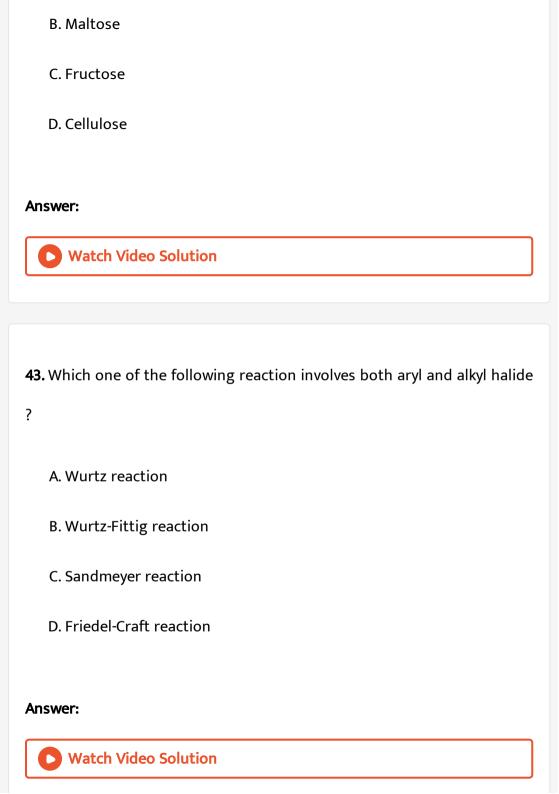
- A. PCI_3
- $\operatorname{B.}\operatorname{PCI}_5$
- $\mathsf{C}.\,SO_2CI_2$
- $\mathsf{D}.\,SOCI_2$

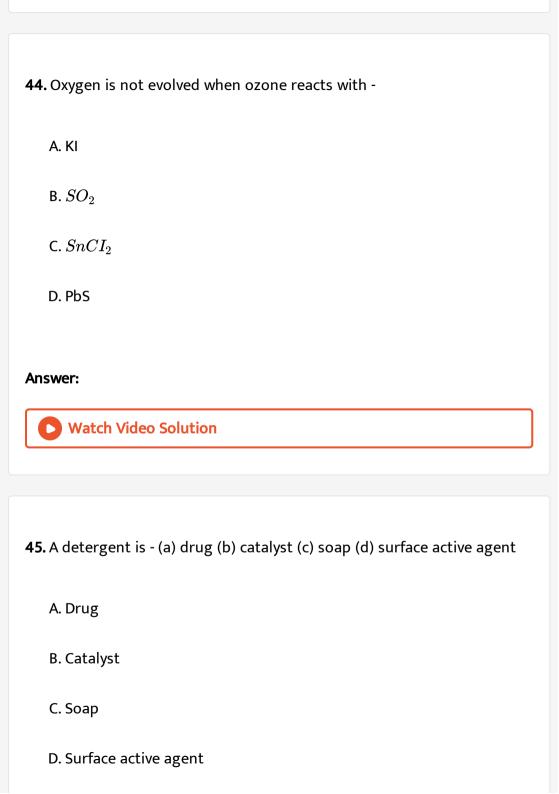
Answer:



- **40.** Nitration of nitrobenzene yields -
 - A. o-dinitrobenzene
 - B. m-dinitrobenzene
 - C. p-dinitrobenzene
 - D. 1,2, 3 trinitrobenzene

Answer: **Watch Video Solution** 41. The disease nightblindness is caused due to the deficiency of -A. Vitamin-A B. Vitamin- B_1 C. Vitamin- B_2 D. Vitamin-C **Answer: Watch Video Solution 42.** Which of the following is a monosaccharide? A. Lactose





Answer:

