

CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - ARIHANT PUBLICATION JHARKHAND

INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY

Exam Booster For Cracking Exam

1. Which of the following is not an example of addition polymer?

- A. Polystyrene
- B. Polyethylene
- C. Polypropylene
- D. Dacron

Answer: D



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2. Which of the following is thermo setting polymer?

- A. Teflon
- B. Bakelite
- C. Polystyrene
- D. Nylon-6

Answer: B



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3. Bakelite is obtained from phenol by reacting with

A. formaldehyde
B. acetaldehyde
C. ethylalcohol
D. acetone
Answer: A
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4. Which is not a polymer?

- B. Teflon
- C. Sucrose
- D. Starch

Answer: C



- **5.** Terylene is a polymer of:
 - A. adipic acid and hexamethylenedlammine
 - B. terephthalic acid and ethylene glycol

- C. phenol and formaldehyde
- D. vinyl cyanide

Answer: B



- **6.** The monomer unit of PVC is:
 - A. vinyl chloride
 - B. ethylene
 - C. chloroprene

D. acrylonitrile

Answer: A



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7. Natural rubber is a polymer of

A. ethyne

B. isoprene

C. butadiene

D. styrene

Answer: B



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- 8. Nylon-66 is obtained from:
 - A. hexamethylene dlamine and adiplc acid
 - B. phenol and formaldehyde
 - C. propylene and adipic acid
 - D. adipic acid and phthalic acid

Answer: A

9. Which of the following is a natural polymer?

A. Bakelite

B. Cellulose

C. PVC

D. Nylon

Answer: B



10. Which one is a synthetic polymer?

- A. Starch
- B. Silk
- C. Protein
- D. Neoprene

Answer: D



11. Natural rubber is

- A. polyisoprene
- B. polyvinyl chloride
- C. polychloroprene
- D. polyfluoroethylene

Answer: A



12. The monomer unit of polythene is

A.
$$CF_2=CF_2$$

$$\mathsf{B.}\, CH_2 = CH_2$$

$$\mathsf{C}.\,CH_2=CHCl$$

$$\mathsf{D.}\,CH_2=CHCN$$

Answer: B



13. Baby feeding bottles are made up of

A. polyamide

B. polystyrene

C. polyester

D. polyurea

Answer: C



14. Aspirin is

- A. chloroxyleneol
- B. acetyl salicylic acid
- C. seconal
- D. luminal

Answer: B



15. Which of the following can be remelted again and again without producing any change?

A. Urea formaldehyde resin

B. PVC

C. Bakelite

D. Melamine formaldehyde resin

Answer: B



16. Which of the following is common example of fibres?

A. Bakelite

B. Buna.S

C. Nylon-66

D. PVC

Answer: C



17. The weakest interparticle forces are present
in:
A thermo-setting nolymers

B. thermo-plastic polymers

C. fibres

D. elastomers

Answer: D



18. Tranquilizers are the substances used for the treatment of

- A. AIDS
- B. cancer
- C. mental diseases
- D. blood injection

Answer: C



19. $n(CF_2=CF_2) \xrightarrow{(NH_4)_2SO_4} X$, Here , X is

A. PVC

B. PMMA

C. PAN

D. PTFE (Teflon)

Answer: D



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20. Artificial silk is:

- A. nylon-6
- B. rayon
- C. nylon-66
- D. None of these

Answer: B



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21. In the preparation of soap, which is used?

A. NaOH

B. Na

C. Sodium silicate

D. CH_3COONa

Answer: A



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22. Soaps belong to which of the following organic compounds?

A. Aldehydes

- B. Amines
- C. Esters
- D. Salts of organic acid

Answer: D



- 23. Detergent has a common group
 - A. $RC_6H_4SO_3Na$
 - B. ROna

 $\mathsf{C}.\,RCOONa$

D. RCO_2ONa

Answer: A



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24. Sodium lauryl sulphonate

A. antiseptic

B. disinfectant

C. detergent

D. soap

Answer: C



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25. Structurally a biodegradable detergent should contain a

A. normal alkyl chain

B. branched alkyl chain

C. phenyl side chain

D. cyclohexyl side chain

Answer: A



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26. The antiseptic present in Dettol is

A. qodine

B. chloroxylenol

C. bithional

D. None of these

Answer: B



- **27.** The substance which affects the central nervous system and induce sleep are called
 - A. antipyretics
 - B. tranquillizers
 - C. analgesics
 - D. None of these

Answer: B



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28. Which of the following represents an analgesic?

- A. Equanil
- B. Quinine
- C. Novalgin
- D. All of these

Answer: C



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29. Which of the following is an antipyretics?

A. Quinine

B. Paracetamol

C. Luminal

D. Piperazine

Answer: B



30. Which of the following is a common antacid?

A. NaOH

B. $Ca(OH)_2$

C. $Mg(OH)_2$

D. KOH

Answer: C



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31. The drug not used as an anti-depressant is

A. luminal

B. tofranil

C. mescaline

D. sulphadiazine

Answer: D



32. Substances used for bringing down temperature in high fever are called

- A. pyretics
- B. antipyretics
- C. antibiotics
- D. antiseptics

Answer: B



33. The insecticide gammexane is a formulation for

A. DDT

B. benzenehexachloride

C. hexachlorobenzene

D. chloral

Answer: B



34. Which of the following is an insecticide?

A. Bakelite

B. Aspirin

C. DDT

D. TNT

Answer: C



35. 2,4-dichlorophenoxy acetic acid is used as a

A. fungicide

B. insecticide

C. herbicide

D. moth repellant

Answer: C



36. Penicillin was discovered by

- A. Alexander Fleming
- B. Tence and Salke
- C. SA Waksman
- D. Louis Pasteur

Answer: A



37. Which of the following represents a synthetic detergent?

A.
$$C_{15}H_{31}COOK$$

B.
$$CH_3[CH_2]_{16}COONa$$

C.
$$CH_{12}H_{25}$$
— SO_3Na

D. None of the above

Answer: C



38. A substance which can act both as an antiseptic and disinfectant is

A. aspirin

B. chloroxylenol

C. bithional

D. phenol

Answer: D



39. The drug which is effective in curing malaria is

- A. quinine
- B. aspirin
- C. analgin
- D. equanil

Answer: A



40. A medicine which promotes the secretion of urine is called

A. uretic

B. monouretic

C. diuretic

D. triuretic

Answer: C



41. Which of the following drugs is an analgesic?

A. Sulphaguanidine

B. Paludrin

C. Analgin

D. lodex

Answer: C



42. Which one is an antibiotic?
A. Aspirin
B. Chloromycetin
C. Chloroquin
D. Madribon
Answer: B



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43. Phenacetin is used as a/an

A. antiseptic
B. antipyretic
C. antimalarial
D. disinfectant
Answer: B
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44. Which is an explosive?

A. Toluene

B. RDX

C. p-nitrophenol

D. All of these

Answer: B



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45. Which of the following term means pain killing?

A. Antibiotic

- B. Analgesic
- C. Antipyretic
- D. Penicillin

Answer: B

