

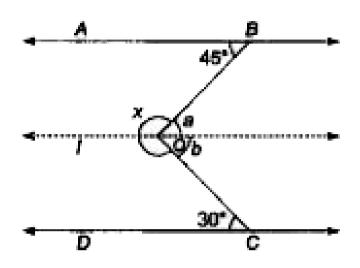
MATHS

BOOKS - ARIHANT PUBLICATION JHARKHAND

GEOMETRY

Solved Examples

1. In figure, AB \parallel CD, the value of x is



A. 110°

B. 120°

C. 285°

D. 190°

Answer: C



- **2.** ABCD is a parallelogram. P is a point on AD such that $AP=\frac{1}{3}AD$ and Q is a point on BC such that $CQ=\frac{1}{3}BP$. Prove that AQCP is a parallelogram.
 - A. rectangle
 - B. square
 - C. parallelogram

D. rhombus

Answer: C

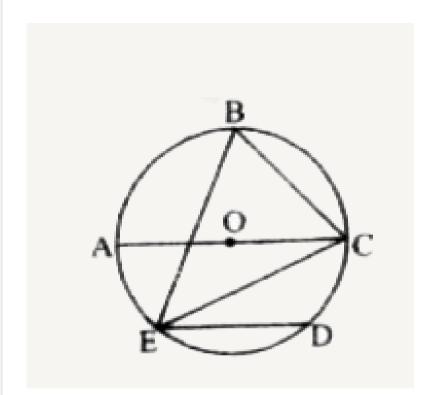


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3. In figure chord ED is parallel to the diameter.

AC of the circle. If $\angle CBE = 65^{\circ}$ then $\angle DEC$

= ?



A. $25^{\,\circ}$

B. 30°

C. 35°

D. 75°

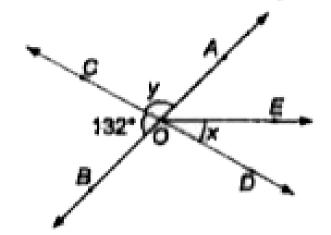
Answer: A



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Exam Booster For Cracking Exam

1. If OE is the bisector of $\angle AOD$ in figure, then the values of x and y are respectively



A. 30° , 45°

B. 66° , 48°

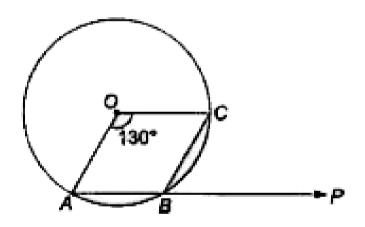
C. 45° , 60°

D. 25° , 60°

Answer: B



2. In the given figure, O is the centre of a circle and arc ABC subtends an angle of 130° at O. AB is extended to P, Then, $\angle PBC$ is equal to



A. 25°

B. 40°

C. 65°

D. 75°

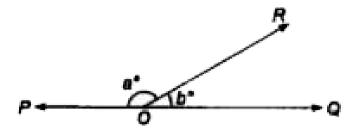
Answer: C



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3. $\angle POR$ and $\angle QOR$ form a linear pair. If $a-b=80^{\circ}$, then the value of a and b

respectively.



- A. 95° , 85°
- B. 108° , 72°
- C. 130° , 50°
- D. 105° , 75°

Answer: C



4. An angle which measures more than 180° but less than 360° , is called

A. a reflex angle

B. a right angle

C. an adjacent angle

D. None of these

Answer: A



5. The measure of an angle, if seven times its complement is 10° less than three times is supplement, is

- A. 30°
- B. 35°
- C. 25°
- D. 20°

Answer: C



6. The point of intersection of the angle bisectors of a triangle is :

A. orthocentre

B. centroid

C. incentre

D. excentre

Answer: C



7. In an equilateral triangle, the incentre, circumcentre, orthocentre and centroid are :

A. collinear

B. concyclic

C. coincide

D. None of these

Answer: C



8. In an equilateral triangle ABC, the side BC is

trisected at D. Then the correct relation is

A.
$$9AD^2=7AB^2$$

$$\mathsf{B.}\,8AD^2=9AB^2$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,7AD^2=9AB^2$$

D. None of these

Answer: A



9. The bisector of the angles of a parallelogram enclose a

A. rectangle

B. rhombus

C. square

D. trapezium

Answer: A



10. One of the angles of a parallelogram is 55°

. The remaining angles are respectively

- A. 105° , 125° , 55°
- B. 125° , 55° , 125°
- C. 125° , 125° , 55°
- D. 25° , 135° , 135°

Answer: B



11. Two parallel lines AB and CD are intersected by a transversal line EF at M and N, respectively. If the lines MP and NP are the bisectors of the interior angles BMN and DNM on the same side of the transversal, then $\angle MPN$ is equal to

A. 180°

B. 60°

 $\mathsf{C.\,90}^\circ$

D. None of these

Answer: C



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12. The earth makes a complete rotation about its axis in 24h. What angles will it turn in 3h 20 min ?

A. 50°

B. 120°

C. 130°

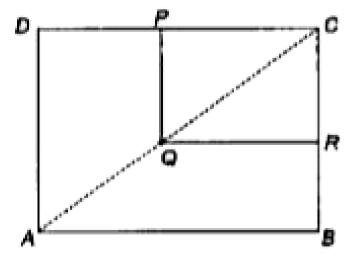
D. None of these

Answer: A



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13. In the given figure, ABCD and PQRC are rectangle, where Q is the mid-point of AC, then DP is equal to



- A. PC
- B. QA
- C. AR
- D. QC

Answer: A



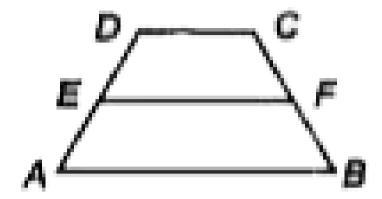
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and E be the mid-point of AD. If F be a point on

14. Let ABCD be a trapezium in which AB||DC

BC such that EF||AB. Then EF, where F is the

mid-point of BC, is equal to



$$A. AB + DC$$

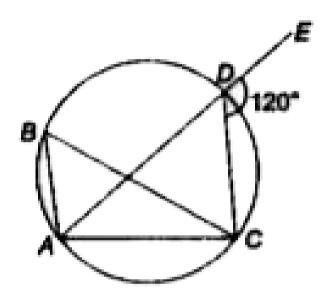
$$\mathsf{B.}\ \frac{1}{2}(AB+DC)$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\ \frac{1}{3}(AB+DC)$$

D. None of these

Answer: B

15. In the given figure, the value of $\angle ABC$ is



A. 70°

B. $45^{\,\circ}$

C. 60°

D. 30°

Answer: C



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16. AB and CD are two chords of a circle such that AB = 10 cm, CD - 24 cm and AB||CD. If the distance between AB and CD is 17 cm. Then, the radius of the circle is equal to

A. 13

B. 169

C. 26

D. None of these

Answer: A



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17. ABCD is a cyclic quadrilateral. AB and DC are the chords, when produced meet in E. Then, what kind of ΔEBC and ΔEDA are ?

- A. Equilateral
- B. Equiangular
- C. Congurent
- D. None of the above

Answer: B



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18. Two non-intersecting circles, one lying inside the other arc of radius x and y(x>y).

If the minimum distance between

circumference is z. Then, the distance between

their centres is

A.
$$x + z - y$$

$$\mathsf{B.}\,x-z-y$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,x-z+y$$

D. None of these

Answer: B

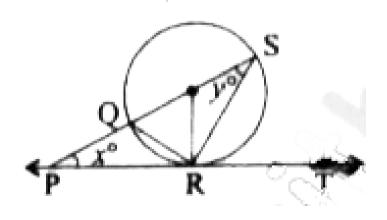


19. With the vertices of a ΔABC as centre three circles are described each touching the other two circles externally. If the sides of the triangles are 9 cm, 7 cm and 6 cm. Then, the radius of the circles (in cm) are

- A. 4 cm, 5 cm, 2 cm
- B. 6 cm, 3 cm, 2cm
- C. 4 cm, 3 cm, 2 cm
- D. None of these

Answer: A

20. In the given figure, PT is the tangent of a circle with centre O at point R. If diameter SQ is increased, it meets with PT at point P. If $\angle SPR = x^\circ \text{ and } \angle QSR = y^\circ.$ What is the value of $x^\circ + 2y^\circ$?



- A. 180°
- B. 90°
- C. 270°
- D. None of these

Answer: B

