



India's Number 1 Education App

MATHS

BOOKS - ARIHANT PUBLICATION JHARKHAND

TRIGONOMETRIC IDENTITIES

Solved Examples

1. Find the value of $\frac{\sin 135^\circ - \cos 120^\circ}{\sin 135^\circ + \cos 120^\circ}$

A. $3 - 2\sqrt{2}$

B. $4 - 2\sqrt{2}$

C. $3 + 2\sqrt{2}$

D. $2\sqrt{2}$

Answer: B::C



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2. If $A - B = \frac{\pi}{3}$, then find $\cos A \cos B + \sin A \sin B$.

A. $\frac{1}{2}$

B. $\frac{1}{3}$

C. 2

D. 1

Answer: A::B::C



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3. Find the value of $\frac{\sqrt{3}\cos 23^\circ - \sin 23^\circ}{2}$

A. $\cos 53^\circ$

B. $\sin 53^\circ$

C. $\tan 53^\circ$

D. 1

Answer: C



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4. If $A + B = 45^\circ$, then $(\cot A - 1)(\cot B - 1)$ is equal to

A. 1

B. 2

C. 4

D. 3

Answer: B



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Exam Booster For Cracking Exam

1. $\cot 85^\circ + \cos 75^\circ$ can be expressed as

A. $\tan 5^\circ + \sin 15^\circ$

B. $\sin 15^\circ + \cos 15^\circ$

C. $\tan 15^\circ + \sin 5^\circ$

D. $\tan 5^\circ + \cos 15^\circ$

Answer: A





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2. $\frac{\sin \theta - \cos \theta + 1}{\sin \theta + \cos \theta - 1} = ?$

A. $\frac{1}{\tan \theta - \sec \theta}$

B. $\frac{1}{\sec \theta - \tan \theta}$

C. $\frac{1}{\cos \theta - \tan \theta}$

D. $\frac{1}{\tan \theta - \cos \theta}$

Answer: B



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3. The value of $\cos 15^\circ - \sin 15^\circ$ is equal to

A. $\frac{1}{3}$

B. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

C. $\frac{1}{2}$

D. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

Answer: B



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4. If $8 \sin x = 4 + \cos x$, then the values of $\sin x$ are

- A. $\frac{3}{5}, \frac{-5}{13}$
- B. $\frac{-3}{5}, \frac{-5}{13}$
- C. $\frac{3}{5}, \frac{5}{13}$
- D. $\frac{5}{3}, \frac{5}{13}$

Answer: C



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5. $\sqrt{\frac{1 + \sin x}{1 - \sin x}}$

A. $\sec x + \tan x$

B. $\sec^2 x + \tan^2 x$

C. $\sec^2 x - \tan^2 x$

D. $\sec x - \tan x$

Answer: A



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6. $\sqrt{\frac{\sec x - \tan x}{\sec x + \tan x}}$ is equal to

A. $\operatorname{cosec} x + \cot x$

B. $\sec x - \tan x$

C. $\sec x + \tan x$

D. $\operatorname{cosec} x - \cot x$

Answer: B



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7. The value of $\frac{\sin 7A + \sin 3A}{\cos 7A + \cos 3A}$ is equal to

A. $\tan 5A$

B. $\cot 5A$

C. $\sec 5A - \tan 5A$

D. $\sec 5A + \cot 5A$

Answer: A



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8. Prove: $\sec A(1 - \sin A)(\sec A + \tan A) = 1$

A. 0

B. 2

C. 1

D. None of these

Answer: C



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9. The value of $\frac{\sin 2A}{1 - \cos 2A}$ is

A. $\cos ec A$

B. $\tan A$

C. $\cot A$

D. $\tan 2A$

Answer: C



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10. $\cos^4 \theta - \sin^4 \theta$ is :

A. $\sin 2\theta$

B. $\cos 2\theta$

C. $\tan 2\theta$

D. $\sec 2\theta$

Answer: B



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11. Show that $\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2 + 2 \cos 4\theta}} = 2 \cos \theta$

A. $2 \cos^2 \theta$

B. $2 \cos 2\theta$

C. $2 \cos \theta$

D. $2 \cos \frac{\theta}{2}$

Answer: C



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12. The value of $\frac{\tan 47^\circ + \tan 43^\circ}{1 - \tan 47^\circ \tan 43^\circ}$ is

A. 1

B. 0

C. ∞

D. -1

Answer: C



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13.

If

$\tan A = \frac{5}{6}$ and $\tan B = \frac{1}{11}$, prove that $A + B = \frac{\pi}{4}$

A. $\frac{\pi}{2}$

B. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

C. $\frac{3\pi}{2}$

D. π

Answer: B



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14. The value of $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\cos A - \sin A)$ is

A. $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + A\right)$

B. $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + A\right)$

C. $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + A\right)$

D. $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + A\right)$

Answer: C



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15. $\sin \frac{\pi}{4} \cos \frac{\pi}{12} - \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \sin \frac{\pi}{12}$ is equal to

A. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

B. $\sqrt{3}$

C. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

D. $\frac{1}{2}$

Answer: D



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16. Prove than \tan

$$56^\circ = \frac{\cos 11^\circ + \sin 11^\circ}{\cos 11^\circ - \sin 11^\circ}$$

A. $\tan 56^\circ$

B. $\tan 32^\circ$

C. $\tan 55^\circ$

D. $\tan 40^\circ$

Answer: A



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17. The value of $\frac{\cos 15^\circ - \sin 15^\circ}{\cos 15^\circ + \sin 15^\circ}$ is

A. 1

B. $\sqrt{3}$

C. 0

D. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

Answer: D



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18. If $\tan \theta = \frac{x \sin \phi}{1 - x \cos \phi}$ and

$\tan \phi = \frac{y \sin \theta}{1 - y \cos \theta}$ then the value of $\frac{x}{y}$ is

A. $\sin \theta$

B. $\sin \phi$

C. $\frac{1}{\sin \phi}$

D. $\frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \phi}$

Answer: D



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19. If $\sin(\theta + \alpha) = \cos(\theta + \alpha)$ then the value of $\tan \theta$ is

A. $1 - \tan \alpha$

B. $\frac{1 - \tan \alpha}{1 + \tan \alpha}$

C. $1 + \tan \alpha$

D. None of these

Answer: B



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20. The value of $\frac{\cos^2(\theta - \phi)}{2} - \frac{\sin^2(\theta + \phi)}{2}$ is

A. $\cos \theta$

B. $\cos \phi$

C. $\cos \theta \cos \phi$

D. None of these

Answer: C



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21. $\cos^2 45^\circ - \sin^2 15^\circ =$

A. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$

B. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

C. $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}}$

D. None of these

Answer: A



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22. If $0 \leq \theta \leq 90^\circ$, then the value of $\frac{5 \cos \theta - 4}{3 - 5 \sin \theta} - \frac{3 + 5 \sin \theta}{4 + 5 \cos \theta}$ is

A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

D. 4

Answer: A



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23. What is the value of $\cos 10^\circ + \cos 110^\circ + \cos 130^\circ$?

A. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

B. 0

C. 1

D. 2

Answer: B



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24. The value of $\cos 52^\circ + \cos 68^\circ + \cos 172^\circ$ is

A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

D. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

Answer: A



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25. The value of $\frac{\sin 38^\circ - \cos 68^\circ}{\cos 68^\circ + \sin 38^\circ}$ is

A. $\sqrt{3}\tan 40^\circ$

B. $\sqrt{3}\tan 8^\circ$

C. $\sqrt{3}\tan 12^\circ$

D. None of these

Answer: B



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26. If $\cos x = k \cos(x - 2y)$, then the value of $\tan(x - y) \cdot \tan y$ is



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27. The value of $2 \cos x - \cos 3x - \cos 5x$ is

A. $16 \cos^2 x \sin^3 x$

B. $16 \cos^3 x \sin^2 x$

C. $16 \cos^3 x$

D. $6 \cos^3 x \cos^2 x$

Answer: B



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28. A horse is tied to a post by a rope. If the horse moves along a circular path always keeping the rope tight, and describes 88 metres when it traces 72° at the centre, find the length of the rope.

A. 40 m

B. 32 m

C. 70 m

D. 88 m

Answer: C



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29. The largest hand of a clock is 42 cm long, then the distance covered by the extremity in 20 min is
- A. 42 cm
 - B. 44 cm
 - C. 22 cm
 - D. 88 cm

Answer: D



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30. The interior angle of a convex polygon are in AP. The smallest angle is $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ and the common difference is 5° . Then, the number of sides of the polygon are

A. 16

B. 9

C. 12

D. 18

Answer: B



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31. The value for

$$2(\sin^6 \theta + \cos^6 \theta) - 3(\sin^4 \theta + \cos^4 \theta) + 1 \text{ is}$$

A. 1

B. 0

C. 5

D. 3

Answer: B



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32. The value of

$2 \sec^2 \theta - \sec^4 \theta - 2 \cos e c^2 \theta + \cos e c^4 \theta$ is

A. $\cot^4 \theta - \tan^4 \theta$

B. $\cot^4 \theta - \tan^2 \theta$

C. $\cot^4 \theta + \tan^4 \theta$

D. $\cos 4\theta - \tan 4\theta$

Answer: A



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33. if $\sin x + \sin^2 x = 1$, then the value of $\cos^2 x + \cos^4 x$ is

A. 1

B. 2

C. 0

D. None of these

Answer: A



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34. If $\cos ec\theta - \sin \theta = a^3$, $\sec \theta - \cos \theta = b^3$,

then prove that $a^2 b^2 (a^2 + b^2) = 1$

A. 2

B. 3

C. 4

D. 1

Answer: D



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35. If $\sin \theta + \cos \theta = m$ and $\sec \theta + \operatorname{cosec} \theta = n$,
prove that

$$n(m^2 - 1) = 2m.$$

- A. m
- B. 2 m
- C. n
- D. 2 n

Answer: B



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