



## MATHS

### BOOKS - MODERN PUBLICATION

#### MOCK TEST-1

#### Exercise

1. For what value of 'x', is the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -2 \\ -1 & 0 & 3 \\ x & -3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  a skew-symmetric matrix.

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2. Evaluate :  $\int \frac{1}{x(\log x)^m} dx, m > 0$

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3. Solve:  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{9 - y^2}$

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4. Find the angle between the vectors

$$\vec{a} = \hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k} \text{ and } \vec{b} = \hat{i} + \hat{j} - \hat{k}.$$

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5. Construct a  $3 \times 4$  matrix, whose elements are given by:

$$a_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} | -3i + j |$$

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6. If  $A_{ij}$  is the co-factor of the element  $a_{ij}$  of the determinant

$$\begin{vmatrix} 2 & -3 & 5 \\ 6 & 0 & 4 \\ 1 & 5 & -7 \end{vmatrix}, \text{ then write the value of } a_{32} \cdot A_{32}$$



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7. If  $x \sin(a+y) + \sin a \cos(a+y) = 0$ , then prove that:  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sin^2(a+y)}{\sin a}$



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8. Prove that the function  $f$  given by  $f(x) = x^2 - x + 1$  is neither strictly increasing nor decreasing on  $(-1, 1)$ .



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9. Find the approximate change in the volume  $V$  of a cube of side  $x$  metres caused by increasing the side by 1%.



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10. Evaluate  $\int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/3} \left( \frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{\tan x}} \right) dx$



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11. Solve the following differential equations

$$x dy + (y - x^3) dx = 0$$



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12. Find the value of ' $\lambda$ ' such that the vectors :

$3\hat{i} + \lambda\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$ ,  $\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$  and  $2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$  are coplanar.



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$$13. \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{5} + \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{7} + \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{3} + \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{8} = \frac{\pi}{4}$$



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$$14. \text{ Prove that : } \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x} \right) = \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{x}{2}, x \in \left( -\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$$

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15. Show that if  $A = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$ , then  $A^n = \begin{bmatrix} \cos n\theta & \sin n\theta \\ -\sin n\theta & \cos n\theta \end{bmatrix}$

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16. Using the properties of determinant, show that :

$$\begin{vmatrix} a^2 + 1 & ab & ac \\ ab & b^2 + 1 & bc \\ ac & bc & c^2 + 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 + a^2 + b^2 + c^2$$

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17. The function  $f(x)$  is defined as follows:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + ax + b & 0 \leq x < 2 \\ 3x + 2 & 2 \leq x \leq 4 \\ 2ax + 5b & 4 < x \leq 8 \end{cases}$$

If  $f(x)$  is continuous on  $[0,8]$ , find the

values of 'a' and 'b'.

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18. Evaluate :  $\int \frac{5x + 3}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 10}} dx$

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19. By using the properties of definite integrals, evaluate the integral:

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (2 \log \sin x - \log \sin 2x) dx$$

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20. Solve:  $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{2x}{x^2 + 1}y = \frac{1}{(x^2 + 1)^2}, y(0) = 0.$

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21. Find the shortest distance between the lines:

$$\vec{r} = 6\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k} + \lambda(\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}) \text{ and } \vec{r} = -4\hat{i} - \hat{k} + \mu(3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j})$$

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22. Find the equation of the plane passing through the intersection of the planes:  $2x - y + z = 10$  and  $x - 2y + 2z = 12$  and parallel to the line with direction ratios  $\langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle$ . Find the perpendicular distance of  $(2, 2, 2)$  from this plane.

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23. A problem in Mathematics is given to three students whose chances of solving it are  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{1}{3}$ ,  $\frac{1}{4}$ . What is the probability in the following cases ?  
: Only one of them solves it correctly.

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24. A problem in Mathematics is given to three students whose chances of solving it are  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{1}{3}$ ,  $\frac{1}{4}$ . What is the probability in the following cases ?  
: At least one of them solves it.

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25. If A and B are subsets of the universal set U, then show that  $A \subset A \cup B$ .

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26. Is  $*$  defined on the set  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$  by  $a \cdot b = L.C.M. \text{ of } a \text{ and } b$  a binary operation? Justify your answer.

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27. If  $X = \{1, 2, 3\}$ , if  $n$  represents any member of  $X$ , write the following sets containing all numbers represented by (i)  $4n$  (ii)  $n + 6$

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28. Find the area of the smaller region bounded by the ellipse

$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$  and the straight line  $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} = 1$  (using integration)





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29. Simplify:  $\left[ \vec{a} - \vec{b}, \vec{b} - \vec{c}, \vec{c} - \vec{a} \right]$ .



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30. If  $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$  are three vectors such that  $\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \vec{c}, \vec{b} \times \vec{c} = \vec{a}$ , prove that  $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$  are mutually at right angles and  $|\vec{b}| = 1, |\vec{c}| = |\vec{a}|$ .



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31. Convert the following measurements into mL. 0.75 liters



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**32.** A class has 15 students whose ages are 14, 17, 15, 14, 21, 17, 19, 20, 16, 18, 20, 17, 16, 19 and 20 years. One student is selected in such a manner that each has the same chance of being chosen and the age  $X$  of the selected student is recorded. What is the probability distribution of the random variable  $X$ ? Find mean, variance and standard deviation of  $X$ .



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**33.** Find the variance of the number obtained on a throw of an unbiased die.



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