



MATHS

BOOKS - ACCURATE PUBLICATION

DEFINITE INTEGRALS

Example

1. Evaluate : $\int_2^4 (x^2 - 1) dx$.



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2. Evaluate $\int_0^1 e^{2x} dx$.



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3. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$



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4. Evaluate $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos x}{(2 + \sin x)(3 + \sin x)} dx$



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5. Evaluate $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos x}{(3 + \sin x)(4 + \sin x)} dx$

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6. Evaluate $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos x}{(4 + \sin x)(5 + \sin x)} dx$

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7. Show that: $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sqrt{\sin x}}{\sqrt{\sin x} + \sqrt{\cos x}} dx = \frac{\pi}{4}$.

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8. Evaluate $\int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/3} \left(\frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{\cot x}} \right) dx$



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9. $\int_0^{\pi/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos x}}{\sqrt{\sin x} + \sqrt{\cos x}} \right) dx$ is equal to



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10. By using the properties of definite, prove that

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin^3 x}{\sin^3 x + \cos^3 x} dx = \frac{\pi}{4}$$



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11. Find the following integrals

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin^4 x}{\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x} dx$$



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12. Evaluate : $\int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{1}{1 + \tan^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx.$



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13. Evaluate $\int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/3} \left(\frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{\tan x}} \right) dx$



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14. Evaluate $\int_{-1}^1 |2x + 1| dx$



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15. Evaluate $\int_{-1}^1 |2x + 1| dx$.



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16. Evaluate $\int_{-1}^1 |2x + 1| dx$.



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17. Show that: $\int_{-5}^5 |x + 2| dx = 29$.



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18. Show that : $\int_{-2}^2 |x + 1| dx = 5.$

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19. Evaluate $\int_{-6}^6 |x + 3| dx.$

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20. Evaluate : $\int_0^{\pi} \frac{x \sin x}{1 + \cos^2 x} dx$

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21. Prove that following:

$$\int_0^{\pi} \frac{x \tan x}{\sec x + \cos x} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{4}$$



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22. Using properties of definite integrals, show that

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{x dx}{\sin x + \cos x} = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}} \log(\sqrt{2} + 1)$$



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23. Evaluate $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin x \, dx$



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24. Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \log|\cos x| \, dx$



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25. Using properties of definite integrals, show that

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \log(\sqrt{2} + 1)$$



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26. Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{2 \sin x + 3 \cos x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx.$



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27. Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin x + 4 \cos x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx$



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28. Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{4 \sin x + \cos x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx$



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Question Carrying 1 Mark Type I

1. $\int_0^2 x^2 + 2 dx$ is equal to :

A. $\frac{20}{3}$

B. $\frac{28}{3}$

C. $\frac{38}{3}$

D. 27

Answer:



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2. $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$ is equal to :

A. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

B. $\frac{\pi}{3}$

C. $\frac{\pi}{2}$

D. $\frac{\pi}{6}$

Answer:



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3. $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$ is equal to :

A. $\frac{\pi}{3}$

B. $\frac{\pi}{2}$

C. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

D. $\frac{\pi}{6}$

Answer:



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4. $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ is equal to :

A. $\frac{\pi}{3}$

B. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

C. $\frac{\pi}{12}$

D. $\frac{7\pi}{12}$

Answer:



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5. $\int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ dx is equal to :

A. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

B. $\frac{2\pi}{3}$

C. $\frac{\pi}{6}$

D. $\frac{\pi}{3}$

Answer:



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6. $\int_1^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ is equal to :

A. $\frac{\pi}{3}$

B. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

C. $\frac{\pi}{12}$

D. $\frac{7\pi}{12}$

Answer:



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7. $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$ is equal to :

A. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

B. $\frac{\pi}{3}$

C. $\frac{\pi}{2}$

D. $\frac{\pi}{6}$

Answer:



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8. $\int_{-1}^1 (x^{91} + x^{93}) dx$ is equal to :

A. 2

B. $\frac{93}{4324}$

C. -1

D. 0

Answer:



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9. $\int_{-1}^1 (x^{71} + x^{73}) dx$ is equal to :

A. $\frac{73}{2664}$

B. 2

C. 0

D. -1

Answer:



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10. $\int_{-1}^1 (x^{19} + x^{21}) dx$ is equal to :

A. 0

B. 1

C. -1

D. $\frac{21}{220}$

Answer:



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11. $\int_{-3}^3 (x + \sin x) dx$ is equal to :

A. $9 + 2 \sin 3$

B. 6

C. 0

D. $2 \sin 3$

Answer:



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12. $\int_{-1}^1 (x + \sin x) dx$ is equal to :

A. $1 + x$

B. 0

C. 2

D. $2 \sin 2$

Answer:



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13. $\int_{-2}^2 (x + \sin x) dx$ is equal to :

A. $4 + \sin 2$

B. 4

C. 0

D. $2 \sin 2$

Answer:



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14. $\int_{-3}^3 x^3 dx$ is equal to :

A. $\frac{81}{94}$

B. 27

C. -1

D. 0

Answer:



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15. $\int_1^5 \frac{\sqrt{6-x}}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{6-x}} dx$ equals :

A. 2

B. 0

C. 1

D. 3

Answer:



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16. $\int_2^6 \frac{\sqrt{8-x}}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{8-x}} dx$ equals :

A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

D. 3

Answer:



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17. $\int_0^{\pi} \sin^2 x \cos^3 x \, dx$ is equal to

A. 0

B. -1

C. 0

D. 2

Answer:



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18. $\int_0^{\pi} \sin^3 x \cos^5 x dx$ is equal to :

A. 1

B. -1

C. 2

D. 0

Answer:



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19. $\int_0^{\pi/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos x}}{\sqrt{\sin x} + \sqrt{\cos x}} \right) dx$ is equal to

A. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

B. $\frac{\pi}{6}$

C. $\frac{\pi}{2}$

D. None of these

Answer:



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20. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin^{\frac{1}{2}} x}{\sin^{\frac{1}{2}} x + \cos^{\frac{1}{2}} x} dx$ is equal to :

A. 0

B. $\frac{\pi}{2}$

C. $\frac{\pi}{3}$

D. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

Answer:



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21. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}} x}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}} x + \cos^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$ is equal to :

A. 0

B. $\frac{\pi}{2}$

C. $\frac{\pi}{3}$

D. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

Answer:



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22. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}} x}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}} x + \cos^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$ is equal to :

A. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

B. $\frac{\pi}{2}$

C. π

D. 2π

Answer:



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23. $\int_0^{\pi/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos x}}{\sqrt{\sin x} + \sqrt{\cos x}} \right) dx$ is equal to

A. $\frac{\pi}{2}$

B. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

C. $\frac{\pi}{6}$

D. None of these

Answer:



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24. $\int_0^{2/3} \frac{dx}{4 + 9x^2}$ equals

A. $\frac{\pi}{6}$

B. $\frac{\pi}{12}$

C. $\frac{\pi}{24}$

D. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

Answer:



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25. The value of the integral $\int_{\frac{1}{3}}^1 \frac{(x - x^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^4} dx$

is :

A. 6

B. 0

C. 3

D. 4

Answer:



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26. If $f(x) = \int_0^x t \sin t dt$, then $f'(x)$ is

A. $\cos x + x \sin x$

B. $x \sin x$

C. $x \cos x$

D. $\sin x + x \cos x$

Answer:



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27. The value of $\int_0^{\pi/2} \log\left(\frac{4 + 3\sin x}{4 + 3\cos x}\right) dx$ is

A. 2

B. $\frac{3}{4}$

C. 0

D. -2

Answer:



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28. The value of $\int_0^1 \frac{x^4(1-x)^4}{1+x^2} dx$ is (are)

A. 1

B. 0

C. -1

D. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

Answer:



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29. $\int_{a+c}^{b+c} f(x) dx$ is equal to

A. $\int_a^b f(x - c) dx$

B. $\int_a^b f(x + c) dx$

C. $\int_a^b f(x) dx$

D. $\int_{a-c}^{b-c} f(x) dx$

Answer:



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30. If f and g are continuous functions in $[0, 1]$ satisfying

$$f(x) = f(a - x) \text{ and } g(x) + g(a - x) = a,$$

then $\int_0^a f(x) \cdot g(x) dx$ is equal to

A. $\frac{a}{2}$

B. $\frac{a}{2} \int_0^a f(x) dx$

C. $\int_0^a f(x) dx$

D. $a \int_0^a f(x) dx$

Answer:



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31. If $x = \int_0^y \frac{dt}{\sqrt{1+9t^2}}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = ay$, then

a is equal to

A. 3

B. 6

C. 9

D. 1

Answer:



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32. $\int_{-1}^1 \frac{x^3 + |x| + 1}{x^2 + 2|x| + 1} dx$ is equal to

A. $\log 2$

B. $2 \log 2$

C. $\frac{1}{2} \log 2$

D. $4 \log 2$

Answer:



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33. If $\int_0^1 \frac{e^t}{1+t} dt = a$, then $\int_0^1 \frac{e^t}{(1+t)^2} dt$ is

equal to

A. a) $a - 1 + \frac{e}{2}$

B. b) $a + 1 - \frac{e}{2}$

C. c) $a - 1 - \frac{e}{2}$

D. d) $a + 1 + \frac{e}{2}$

Answer:



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34. $\int_{-2}^2 |x \cos \pi x| dx$ is equal to

A. a) $\frac{8}{\pi}$

B. b) $\frac{4}{\pi}$

C. c) $\frac{2}{\pi}$

D. d) $\frac{1}{\pi}$

Answer:



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35. $\int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{dx}{1 + \cos 2x}$ is equal to

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 4

Answer:



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36. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{1 - \sin 2x} dx$ is equal to

A. $2\sqrt{2}$

B. $2(\sqrt{2} + 1)$

C. 2

D. $2(\sqrt{2} - 1)$

Answer:



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Question Carrying 1 Mark Type II

1. $\int_1^3 (x^2 + 2) dx$ is equal to :



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2. $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ is equal to :



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3. $\int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ dx is equal to :



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4. $\int_0^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}} \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ is equal to

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5. $\int_{-1}^1 x^{11} \cos^4 x dx$ is equal to :

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6. $\int_{-1}^1 x^5 \cos^6 x dx$ is equal to



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7. Evaluate $\int_{-1}^1 x^{17} \cos^4 x dx$

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8. $\int_3^7 \frac{\sqrt{10-x}}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{10-x}} dx$ equals :

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9. $\int_0^\pi \sin^3 x \cos^7 x dx$ is equal to :



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10. $\int_0^{\pi/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\cos x}}{\sqrt{\sin x} + \sqrt{\cos x}} \right) dx$ is equal to



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11. $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin^{\frac{5}{2}} x}{\sin^{\frac{5}{2}} x + \cos^{\frac{5}{2}} x} dx$ is equal to :



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12. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin^{\frac{5}{2}} x}{\sin^{\frac{5}{2}} x + \cos^{\frac{5}{2}} x} dx$ is equal to :



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13. By using the properties of definite, prove that

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sqrt{\cot x}}{\sqrt{\tan x} + \sqrt{\cot x}} = \frac{\pi}{4}$$



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14. $\int_1^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ equals :



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15. The value of

$\int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} (x^3 + x \cos x + \tan^5 x + 1) dx$ is :



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16. If $f(a + b - x) = f(x)$, then $\int_a^b x f(x) dx$ is equal to:



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17. $\int_{-a}^a f(x) dx = 0$ if f is an function.



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18. $\int_0^{2a} f(x) dx = 2 \int_0^a f(x) dx$, if $f(2a-x) =$

..... .



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19. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin^n x dx}{\sin^n x + \cos^n x} = \dots\dots\dots$



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20. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos x e^{\sin x} dx$ is equal to



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21. If $\int_0^a \frac{1}{1 + 4x^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{8}$, then $a = \dots\dots\dots$



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Question Carrying 1 Mark Type Iii

1. $\int_a^b f(x)dx$ represents the area of the region bounded by the curve $f(x)$, the x -axis and the ordinates $x = a$ and $x = b$. Find

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin x dx$$



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2. Let f be a continuous function on the closed interval $[a, b]$ and let $A(x)$ be the area function.

Then show that $A'(x) = f(x)$, for all $x \in [a, b]$.



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$$3. \int_a^b f(x) dx = F(b) - F(a).$$



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$$4. \int_a^b f(x) dx = \int_a^b f(z) dz.$$



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$$5. \int_a^b f(x) dx = \int_b^a f(x) dx.$$



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$$6. \int_a^b f(x) dx = \int_a^c f(x) dx + \int_c^b f(x) dx.$$



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$$7. \int_0^a f(x) dx = \int_a^0 f(a-x) dx.$$



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8.

$$\int_0^{2a} f(x) dx = \int_0^a f(x) dx + \int_0^a f(2a - x) dx$$

.



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9. If $f(x)$ is an odd function, then

$$\int_{-a}^a f(x) dx = 0.$$



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10. Evaluate $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} (\sin 2x) dx$



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11. $\int_0^1 \frac{2x}{1+x^2} dx = \log 2$



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12. $\int_0^1 \frac{2x}{5x^2+1} dx = \log 6$



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13. If $\int_0^1 (3x^2 + 2x + k) dx = 0$, then $k = -2$.



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14. If $f(x) = \int_0^x t \sin t dt$, then
 $f'(x) = x \sin x$.



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15. If $f(x)$ is an odd function, then

$$\int_{-a}^a f(x) dx = 0.$$



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$$16. \int_a^b f(x) dx = \int_a^b f(a + b - x) dx.$$



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$$17. \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin^3 x dx = 2.$$



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18. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log \tan x dx = 0.$



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19. Evaluate : $\int_e^{e^2} \frac{dx}{x \log x}$



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Question Carrying 2 Marks

1. Evaluate : $\int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos 2x \log \sin x dx.$



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2. Evaluate : $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{x + \sin x}{1 + \cos x} dx.$



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3. Evaluate : $\int_0^1 x e^{x^2} dx$



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4. Evaluate : $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos^2 x}{1 + 3 \sin^2 x} dx$



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5. Evaluate : $\int_e^{e^2} \frac{dx}{x \log x}$



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6. Prove that :

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} (\sqrt{\tan x} + \sqrt{\cot x}) dx = \sqrt{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2}.$$



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7. Evaluate the definite integral:

$$\int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sqrt{\sin 2x}} dx$$



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8. Evaluate $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin 2x \tan^{-1}(\sin x) dx$.



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9. Evaluate : $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{2^{\sin x}}{2^{\sin x} + 2^{\cos x}} dx.$



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10. Evaluate $\int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/3} \left(\frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{\tan x}} \right) dx$



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11. Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/4} \log(1 + \tan x) dx.$



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12. Evaluate $\int_{-1}^1 |2x + 1| dx$.



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Question Carrying 4 Marks

1. Prove that : $\int_0^{\pi} \frac{x \tan x}{\sec x \cos ecx} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{4}$.



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2. Using property of definite integrals, prove that :

$$\int_0^1 \frac{\log(1+x)}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{8} \log 2$$



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3. Show that :

$$\int_0^{\pi} \frac{x}{1+\sin x} dx = \pi$$



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4. Prove that : $\int_0^{\pi} \frac{x \tan x}{\sec x \cos ecx} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{4}$.



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5. By using the properties of definite integrals, evaluate the following :

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{x \sin x \cos x}{\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x} dx$$



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6. Evaluate : $\int_0^{\pi} \frac{xdx}{a^2 \cos^2 x + b^2 \sin^2 x}$.



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7. By using the properties of definite, prove that

$$\int_0^a \frac{\sqrt{x} dx}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a-x}} = \frac{a}{2}$$



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8. Evaluate :

$$\int_2^4 \{|x-2| + |x-3| + |x-4|\} dx.$$



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