



MATHS

BOOKS - ACCURATE PUBLICATION

LINEAR PROGRAMMING

Example

1. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Maximise $Z = 4x + y$ subject to the constraints :

$$x + y \leq 50$$

$$3x + y \leq 90$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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2. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Maximise $z = 17x + 7y$ subject to the constraints

$$: x + 3y \leq 12, 3x + y \leq 12, x, y \geq 0$$



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3. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Maximise $z = 7x + 10y$ subject to the constraints :

$$2x + 3y \leq 120, 2x + y \leq 80, x \geq 10, x, y \geq 0$$



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4. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically : Minimize

$Z = -3x + 4y$ subject to constraints

$$x + 2y \leq 8, 3x + 2y \leq 12, x \geq 0, y \geq 0.$$



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5. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically : Minimize $Z = -3x + 4y$ subject to constraints $x + 2y \leq 8, 3x + 2y \leq 12, x \geq 0, y \geq 0$.



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6. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Maximise $Z = 5x + 3y$ subject to the constraints :

$$3x + 5y \leq 15$$

$$5x + 2y \leq 10$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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7. Solve the following linear programming problems graphically

Maximize $Z = 6x + 5y$ subject to constraints

$$3x + 5y \leq 15, 5x + 2y \leq 10, x, y \geq 0$$



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8. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Minimise $Z = 3x + 2y$ subject to the constraints :

$$x + 2y \leq 10$$

$$3x + y \leq 15$$

$$x, y \geq 0$$



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9. Maximize $z = 15x + 5y$, subject to the constraints

$$2x + 3y \leq 12$$

$$3x + 2y \leq 12$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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10. Solve the following linear programming problems graphically

Maximize $Z = 4x + 7y$ subject to constraints

$$x + 2y \leq 20, x + y \leq 15, x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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11. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Miximise $Z = 10x + 12y$ subject to the constraints :

$$2x + 2y \leq 30$$

$$3x + y \leq 17$$

$$x, y \geq 0$$



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12. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Miximise $Z = 4x + 5y$ subject to the constraints :

$$3x + y \leq 9$$

$$x + 2y \leq 8$$

$$x, y \geq 0$$



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13. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Maximise $Z = 2x + 3y$ subject to the constraints :

$$x + 2y \leq 10$$

$$2x + y \leq 14$$

$$x, y \geq 0$$



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14. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Miximise $Z = 13x + 3y$ subject to the constraints :

$$x + y \leq 6$$

$$3x + 2y \leq 15$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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15. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Miximise $Z = 10x + 7y$ subject to the constraints :

$$3x + y \leq 9$$

$$3x + 2y \leq 12$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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16. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically : Maximize : $z = 5x + 7y$

Subject to the constraints :

$$x + 3y \leq 60, x + y \leq 30, x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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17. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically : Maximize : $z = 3x + 5y$

subject to the constraints :

$$x + 4y \leq 80, x + y \leq 50, x \geq 0, y \geq 0.$$





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18. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Minimise $Z = 5x + 3y$ subject to the constraints :

$$x + 2y \leq 8$$

$$x + 2y \leq 12$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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19. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically : Maximize : $z = 3x + 2y$

subject to the constraints :

$$x + 2y \leq 10, 3x + y \leq 15, x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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20. Maximise and Minimise :

$Z = 4x + 3y - 7$ subject to the constraints:

$$x + y \leq 10, x + y \geq 3, , x \leq 8, y \leq 9, x, y \geq 0$$



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21. Maximise and Minimise

$z = 3x + 2y - 3$ subject to the constraints:

$$x + y \geq 4, x + y \leq 12, , x \leq 9, y \leq 9, x, y \geq 0$$



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22. Maximize $Z = 12x + 24y$ subject to the constraints

$$x + y \geq 5, 5x + 7y \leq 35, x - y \geq 0, x, y \geq 0$$

graphically.



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23. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Minimise $Z = 2x + 3y$ subject to the constraints :

$$x + y \leq 100$$

$$x + y \leq 60$$

$$x \leq 60$$

$$y \leq 50$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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24. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Minimise $Z = 2x + 3y$ subject to the constraints :

$$x + y \leq 200$$

$$x + y \leq 80$$

$$x \leq 80$$

$$y \geq 60$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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25. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Minimise $Z = 2x + 3y$ subject to the constraints :

$$x + y \leq 80$$

$$x + y \leq 40$$

$$x \leq 40$$

$$y \geq 60$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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26. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically: Minimise

$Z = 200x + 500y$ subject to the constraints:

$$x + 2y \geq 10, 3x + 4y \leq 24, x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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27. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Maximise $Z = 9x + 10y$ subject to the constraints :

$$x + 2y \leq 6$$

$$x + y \leq 5$$

$$x \geq 3$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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28. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Minimise $Z = 8x + 9y$ subject to the constraints :

$$x + y \leq 6$$

$$x + 2y \leq 8$$

$$x \geq 2$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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29. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Miximise $Z = 2x + 6y$ subject to the constraints :

$$x + y \leq 10$$

$$x + 2y \leq 7$$

$$x \geq 2$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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30. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Miximise $Z = x + 2y$ subject to the constraints :

$$x + 2y \geq 100$$

$$2x - y \leq 0$$

$$2x + y \leq 200$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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31. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Miximise $Z = x + 2y$ subject to the constraints :

$$7x + 10y \leq 70$$

$$x - 2y \geq 0$$

$$2x + y \geq 10$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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32. Graphically maximize $Z = 3x + 9y$ subject to the constraints

$$x + 3y \leq 60, x + y \geq 10, x \leq y, x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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33. Maximise $z = 22x + 44y$ subject to the constraints

$$x + y \geq 3, 3x + 8y \leq 24, x - y \geq 0, x, y \geq 0$$



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34. Maximise and minimize $Z = 12x + 18y$ subject to the constraints

$$x + y \leq 10, x - y \leq 0, x + 2y \geq 10, x, y \geq 0$$



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35. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Maximise $Z = 12x + 24y$ subject to the constraints :

$$x + y \geq 5$$

$$5x + 7y \leq 35$$

$$x - y \geq 0$$

$$x, y \geq 0$$



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36. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Minimise $Z = 52x + 26y$ subject to the constraints :

$$x + y \geq 5$$

$$5x + 8y \leq 40$$

$$x - y \geq 0$$

$$x, y \geq 0$$



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37. Maximise and minimize $Z = 15x + 30y$

subject to the constraints

$$x + y \leq 8$$

$$2x - y \geq 8$$

$$x - 2y \geq 0$$

$$x, y \geq 0$$



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38. Solve the following linear programming

problem graphically:

Minimise $Z = 5x + 10y$ subject to the constraints :

$$x + 2y \leq 120$$

$$x + y \geq 60$$

$$x - 2y \geq 0$$

$$x, y \geq 0$$



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39. Graphically minimise and maximise

$z = 7x + 8y$ subject to the constraints

$$x + y \geq 50$$

$$x + 2y \leq 100$$

$$x - y \geq 10$$

$$x, y \geq 0$$



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40. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Miximise $Z = 9x + 10y$ subject to the constraints :

$$9x + 2y \geq 20$$

$$x - 2y \leq 0$$

$$x - y \leq 9$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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41. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Miximise $Z = 12x + 48y$ subject to the constraints :

$$7x + 10y \leq 70$$

$$x - 2y \geq 0$$

$$2x + y \geq 10$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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42. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Miximise $Z = 6x + 9y$ subject to the constraints :

$$2x - y \geq 0$$

$$2x - y \geq 8$$

$$10x + 11y \leq 80$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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43. Graphically minimize and maximize

$z = 3x + 4y$ subject to the constraints:

$$x + y \leq 40, x + 2y \leq 80, x - 2y \geq -20, x, y \geq 0$$

.



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44. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Minimise $Z = 7x + 4y$ subject to the constraints :

$$5x + 2y \geq 100$$

$$3x + 5y \leq 150$$

$$9x + 8y \leq -360$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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45. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Minimise $Z = 4x + 3y$ subject to the constraints :

$$3x - y \geq 90$$

$$x + 5y \leq 100$$

$$8x + 5y \leq 400$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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46. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically :

$$\text{Minimise } Z = 6x + 3y$$

subject to the constraints

$$4x + y \geq 80$$

$$x + 5y \geq 115$$

$$3x + 2y \leq 150$$

$$x \geq 0, \quad y \geq 0$$

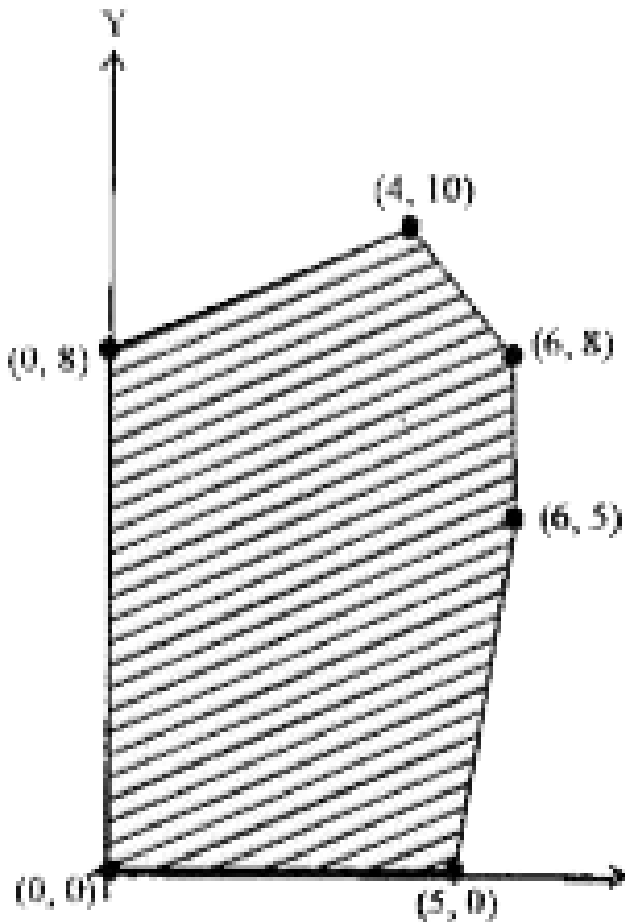


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Questions Carrying 1 Mark Type I Multiple Choice Questions

1. The feasible solution for a LPP is shown in Fig. Let. $Z = 3x - 4y$ be the objective function.

Minimum of Z occurs at



A. (0,0)

B. (0,8)

C. (5,0)

D. (4,0)

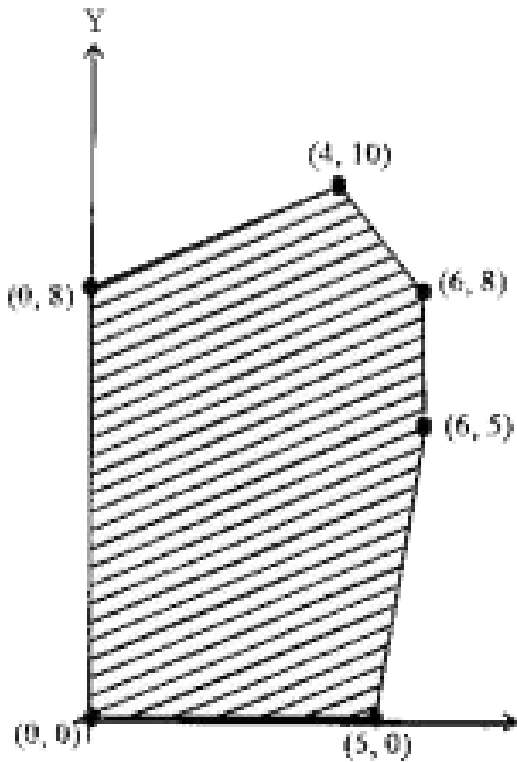
Answer: B



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2. The feasible solution for a LPP is shown in Fig. Let. $Z = 3x - 4y$ be the objective function.

Maximum of Z occurs at:



A. $(5, 0)$

B. $(6, 5)$

C. (6,8)

D. (4,10)

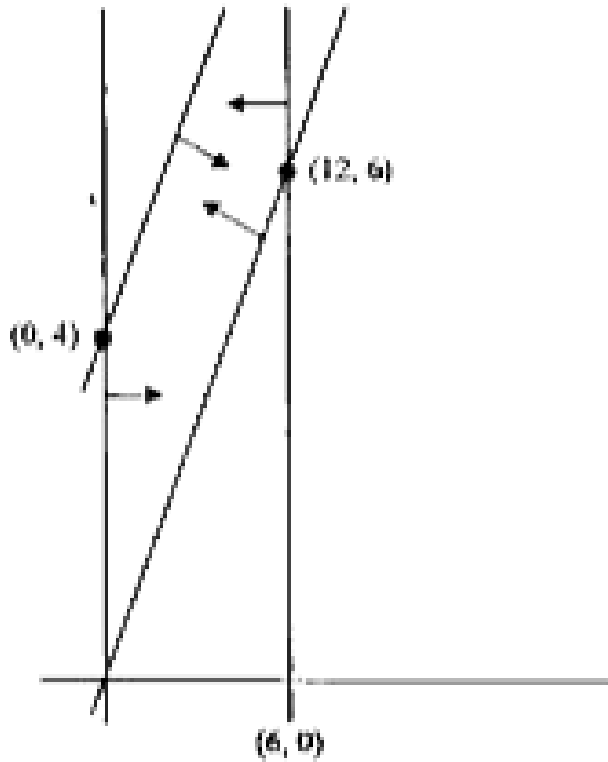
Answer: A



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3. The feasible region for an LPP is shown in the figure. Let $F = 3x - 4y$ be the objective

function. Maximum value of F is:



A. 0

B. 8

C. 12

D. – 18

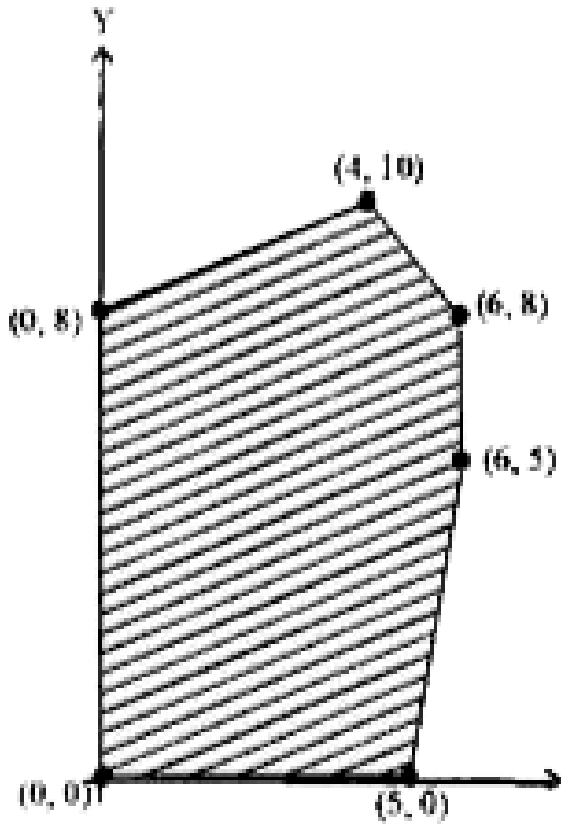
Answer: C



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4. The feasible solution for a LPP is shown in Fig. Let. $Z = 3x - 4y$ be the objective function.

Minimum value of F is



A. 0

B. -16

C. 12

D. does not exist

Answer: D



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5. Corner points of the feasible region for an LPP are $(0,2)$, $(3,0)$, $(6,0)$, $(6, 8)$ and $(0,5)$.

Let $F = 4x + 6y$ be the objective function.

The Minimum value of F occurs at

A. $(0, 2)$ only

B. $(0, 3)$ only

C. the mid point of the line segment
joining the points $(0, 2)$ and $(3, 0)$ only

D. any point on the line segment joining
the points $(0, 2)$ and $(3, 0)$

Answer: D



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6. Corner points of the feasible region determined by the system of linear constraints are $(0, 3)$, $(1, 1)$ and $(3, 0)$. Let $Z = px + qy$, where $p, q > 0$. Condition on p and q so that the minimum of Z occurs at $(3, 0)$ and $(1, 1)$ is :

A. $p = 2q$

B. $p = \frac{q}{2}$

C. $p = 3q$

D. $p = q$

Answer: B



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7. The corner points of the feasible region determined by the system of linear constraints are $(0, 10)$, $(5, 15)$, $(15, 15)$, $(0, 20)$. Let $Z = px + qy$, where $p, q > 0$. Condition on p and q so that the maximum of Z occurs at both the points $(15, 15)$ and $(0, 20)$ is

A. $p = q$

B. $p = 2q$

C. $q = 2p$

$$D. q = 3p$$

Answer: D



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8. The point which does not lie in the half-plane $3x + 7y - 32 \leq 0$ is

A. (3,4)

B. (-3,4)

C. (3,-4)

D. (2,3)

Answer: A



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9. Quadrant represented by the region

$x \geq 0, y \leq 0$ is

A. First

B. Second

C. Third

D. Fourth

Answer: D



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10. The corner points of the feasible region determined by the system of linear constraints are $(0, 0)$, $(0,40)$, $(20,40)$, $(60, 20)$, $(60, 20)$, $(60,0)$. The objective function is $Z=4x+3y$
Compare the quantity in Column A and

Column B

Column A Column B

Maximum of Z 325

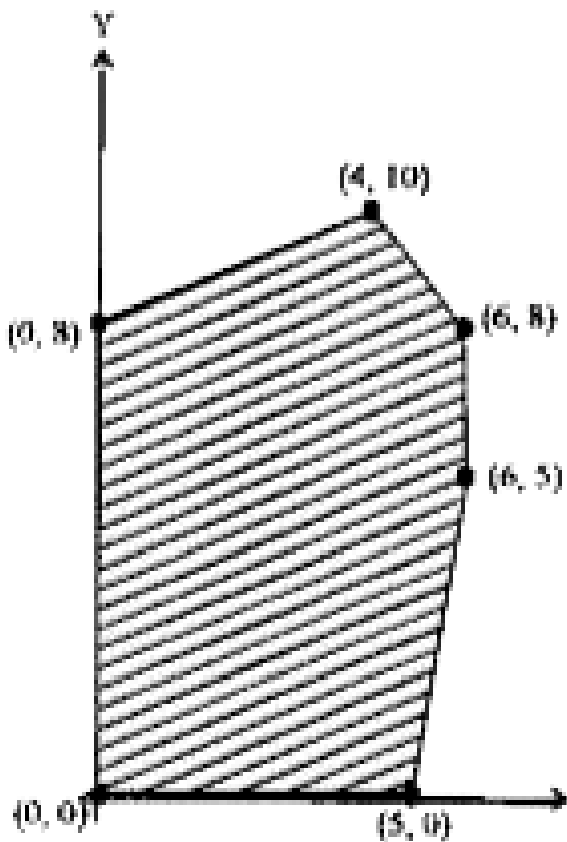
- A. The quantity in column A is greater
- B. The quantity in column B is greater
- C. The two quantities are equal
- D. The relationship can not be determined
on the basis of the information supplied

Answer: B



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11. The feasible solution for a LPP is shown in Fig. Let, $Z=3x-4y$ be the objective function. (Maximum value of Z + Minimum value of Z) is equal to :



A. 13

B. 1

C. -13

D. -17

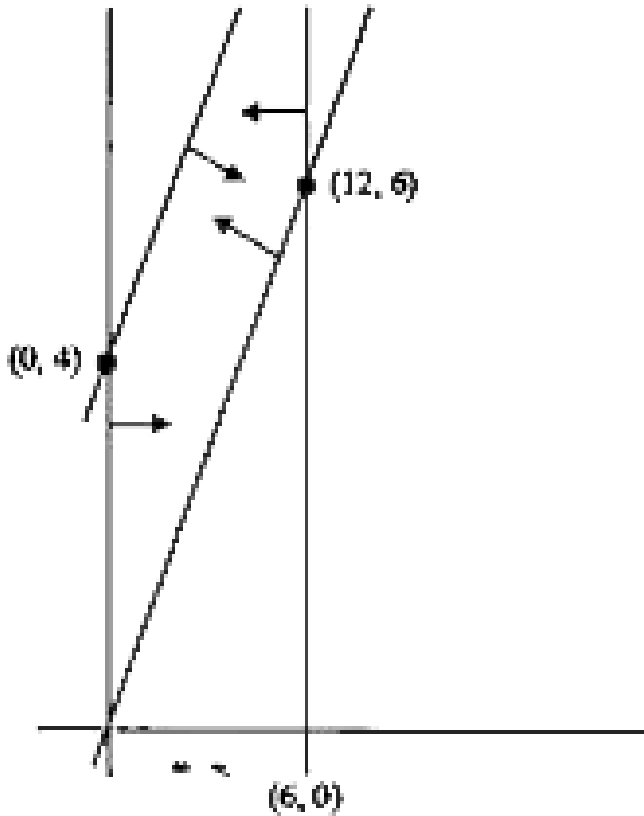
Answer: D



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12. The feasible region for an LPP is shown in the figure . Let $F = 3x - 4y$ be the objective

function. Minimum value of F is:



A. 0

B. -16

C. 12

D. does not exist

Answer: D



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13. Corner points of the feasible region for an LPP are $(0, 2)$, $(3, 0)$, $(6,0)$, $(6, 8)$ and $(0,5)$.

Let $F = 4x + 6y$ be the objective function.

The Maximum of F - Minimum of $F =$

A. 60

B. 48

C. 42

D. 18

Answer: A



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14. The point which does not lie in the half-plane $4x + 5y - 36 \leq 0$ is

A. (3,4)

B. (-3,4)

C. (3,-4)

D. (4,5)

Answer: D



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15. Quadrant represented by the region

$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$ is first.

A. First

B. Second

C. Third

D. Fourth

Answer: A



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Questions Carrying 1 Mark Type Ii Fill In The Blanks Questions

1. In a LPP, the linear inequalities or restrictions on the variables are called



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2. In a LPP, the linear function which has to be maximised or minimised is called a linear function.



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3. The common region determined by all the linear constraints of a LPP is called the region.



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4. A corner point of a feasible region is a point in the region which is the Of two boundary lines.



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5. Maximise $Z = 3x + 4y$, subject to the constraints $x + y \leq 4$, $x \geq 0$, $y \geq 0$



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6. The point in the half-plane $x + 2y - 7 \geq 0$ is equal to



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7. In a LPP, the objective function is always

.....



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8. In a LPP if the objective function $Z = ax + by$ has the same maximum value on two corner points of the feasible region, then every point on the line segment joining these two points give the same value.



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9. A feasible region of a system of linear inequalities is said to be If it can be enclosed within a circle.



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10. The feasible region for no. LPP is always a polygon.



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11. The maximum value of $Z = 3x + 5y$ subject to the constraints :
 $x + y \leq 4, x \geq 0, y \geq 0$ is :



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Questions Carrying 1 Mark Type Iii True Or False Questions

1. If the feasible region for a linear programming problem is bounded, then the

objective function $Z = ax+by$ has both a maximum and a minimum value on R .



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2. The minimum value of the objective function $Z = a x + b y$ in a linear programming problem always occurs at only one corner point of the feasible region.



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3. Maximum value of the objective function $Z = ax + by$ in a LPP always occurs at only one corner point of the feasible region.



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4. In a LPP the minimum value of the objective function $Z = ax + by$ is always 0 if origin is one of the corner point of the feasible region.



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5. In a LPP, the maximum value of the objective function $Z= ax+by$ is always finite.



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6. Linear function $Z= ax + by$, where a, b are constants, which has to be maximised or minimized, is called a linear objective function.



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7. The linear inequalities or equations or restrictions on the variables of a linear programming problem are called constraints.



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8. A problem which seeks to maximise or minimise a linear function (say of two variables x and y) subject to certain constraints as determined by a set of linear inequalities is called an optimisation problem.





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9. Any point in the feasible region that gives the optimal value (maximum or minimum) of the objective function is called an optimal solution.



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10. Any point which satisfies $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$ lies in second quadrant.



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Questions Carrying 6 Marks

1. Find the maximum value of $f = x + 2y$ subject to the constraints

$$2x + 3y \leq 6$$

$$x + 4y \leq 4$$

$$x, y \geq 0$$



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2. Maximize $z = 9x + 3y$ subject to the constraints

$$2x + 3y \leq 13$$

$$2x + y \leq 5$$

$$x, y \geq 0$$



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3. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically.

$$\text{Maximize } z = 11x + 5y$$

subject to the constraints

$$3x + 2y \leq 25, x + y \leq 10, x, y \geq 0$$



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4. Maximize $z = 30x + 19y$ such that

$$x + y \leq 24, x + \frac{1}{2}y \leq 16, x \geq 0, y \geq 0.$$



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5. Minimize $Z = 2x + 3y$ subject to

$$1 \leq x + 2y \leq 10, x, y \geq 0$$



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6. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically.

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 3x + 9y$$

subject to the constraints $x + 3y \leq 60$

$$x + y \geq 10$$

$$x \leq y$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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7. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically:

Maximise $Z = x + 2y$ subject to the constraints :

$$x + 2y \geq 100$$

$$2x - y \leq 0$$

$$2x + y \leq 200$$

$$x \geq 0, y \geq 0$$



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