



# **CHEMISTRY**

## **BOOKS - OMEGA PUBLICATION**

# GENERAL PRINCIPLES AND PROCESSES OF ISOLATION OF ELEMENTS

Questions

**1.** The most abundant element in the earth's crust is:



2. Why do some metals occur in native state?



**3.** What is difference between minerals and ores?



**4.** All the ores are minerals but all the minerals are not ores. Justify the statement.



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5. Write one ore of aluminium with formula.



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**6.** Name two ores of magnesium.



7. Write the name of one ore of iron.



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**8.** Write the name of one ore of: copper.



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9. Write the name of one ore of: Mercury.



10. Define metallurgy.



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11. What is weathering of ore?



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**12.** Write one difference between gangue and flux.



13. What is meant by gravity separation?



**14.** Write short note on magnetic separation. Name one ore which can be concentrated by magnetic separation.



**15.** What is the role of depressant in froth flotation process ?



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**16.** Explain the method of froth floatation process of concentrating sulphide ore.



**17.** What is leaching? Explain with the help of an example.



**18.** Define the term levigation used in extraction of metals.



**19.** Define calcination and roasting.



20. What is meant by smelting?



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21. Distinguish between flux and slag.



**22.** Write the IUPAC Name of CH3CH2CH=CHCOOH



23. State and explain the terms flux and slag.



24. What is gangue?



**25.** what is pyrometallurgy?



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**26.** Write chemical reactions taking place in the extraction of zinc from zinc blende.



**27.** Write down the reactions taking place in different zones in the blast furnace during the extraction of iron.



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**28.** State the role of silica in the metallurgy of copper.



**29.** What is the role of cryolite in the metallurgy of aluminium?



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**30.** What is the role of graphite in the electrometallurgy of aluminium?



**31.** How aluminium is extracted from its ore by

Hall - Heroult's process?



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**32.** What is refining?



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**33.** How metals having low melting points are separated from their impurities ?



**34.** Write a short note on electrolytic refining of copper.



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**35.** Write a short note on electrolytic refining of copper.



**36.** How is copper purified by electro - refining ?



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37. What is Blister copper?



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**38.** Draw a neat and labelled diagram for zone refining of metals.





39. Write short note on 'Liquation'.



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**40.** Name the method used for refining metals which are used as semiconductor In electronic devices.



<b>41.</b> What is the principle of zone refining?
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42. Which methods are usually employed for
purifying germanium.
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<b>43.</b> Describe Mond process.
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**44.** Which methods are usually employed for purifying Nickel.



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**45.** Explain Van Arkel method.



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**46.** What is Aluminothermy?



**47.** Preparation of pure alumina  $(Al_2O_3)$  from bauxide ore.



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48. What is meant by hydrometallurgy?



**49.** Draw a neat and labelled diagram for the refining of aluminium by Hoop's electrolytic method.



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**50.** Why can't aluminium be reduced by carbon ?



## 1. An ore of aluminium is

A.  $Na_3AlF_6$ 

B.  $Al_2O_3$ .  $2H_2O$ 

 $\mathsf{C}.\,Al_2O_3$ 

D.

### **Answer: B**



**2.** Which of the following is used as a depressant in froth floatation process?

A. Amyl xanthate

B. Pine oil

C. Copper sulphate

D. sodium cyanide

### **Answer: D**



**3.** The reducing agent used in thermite process is

A. magnesium

B. chromium

C. aluminium

D. iron

**Answer: C** 



**4.** Cupellation process is used in the metallurgy of

- A. Cu
- B. Ag
- C. Al
- D. Fe

**Answer: B** 



5. Which	of the	following	s is not	an ore ?
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- A. Bauxite
- B. Malachite
- C. Zinc blende
- D. Pig iron.

## **Answer: D**



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**6.** Electrolytic reduction method is used in the ex-traction of

A. higher electronegative elements

B. highly electropositive elements

C. transition metals

D. noble metals.

**Answer: B** 



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**7.** The main fuction of roasting is

A. to remove the volatile matter

B. oxidation

C. reduction

D. to make slag.

## Answer: B



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8. In blast furnace, iron oxide is reduced by

A. silica
B. CO
C. C
D. lime stone.
Answer: B  Watch Video Solution
<b>9.</b> Cassiterite is an ore of
A. Mn

- B. Ni
- C. Sb
- D. Sn.

### **Answer: D**



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**10.** The process of converting hydrated alumina into anhydrous alumina is called

A. roasting

- B. smelting
- C. dressing
- D. calcination

#### **Answer: D**



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11. The chemical formula of copper pyrite is:

CuFeS2, Cu2S, Cu2O, CuCO3.Cu(OH)2

A.  $CuFeS_2$ 

B.  $Cu_2S$ 

 $\mathsf{C}.\,Cu_2O$ 

D.  $CuCO_3$ .  $Cu(OH)_2$ 

## **Answer: A**



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12. Malachite is an ore of,

A. iron

B. zinc

C. copper

D. mercury

**Answer: C** 

